GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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HOUSE BILL DRH40222-LH-70 (02/17)

Short Title:	Increase Penalties/Organized Retail Theft.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Fraley, Jordan, Warren, and Wray (Primary Sponsors).	
Referred to:		

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED				
2	AN ACT TO STRENGTHEN THE ORGANIZED RETAIL THEFT LAWS.					
3	The General Ass	embly of North Carolina enacts:				
4	SECTION 1. G.S. 14-72.11 reads as rewritten:					
5	"§ 14-72.11. La	rceny from a merchant.				
6	A person is	guilty of a Class H felony if the person commits larceny against a merchant				
7	under any of the	following circumstances:				
8	(1)	If the property taken has a value of more than two hundred dollars				
9		(\$200.00), by using an exit door erected and maintained to comply with the				
10		requirements of 29 C.F.R. § 1910.36 and 29 C.F.R. § 1910.37 upon which				
11		door has been placed a notice, sign, or poster providing information about				
12		the felony offense and punishment provided under this subsection, to exit the				
13		premises of a store.				
14	(2)	By removing, destroying, or deactivating a component of an antishoplifting				
15		or inventory control device to prevent the activation of any antishoplifting or				
16		inventory control device.				
17	(3)	By affixing a product code created for the purpose of fraudulently obtaining				
18		goods or merchandise from a merchant at less than its actual sale price.				
19	(4)	When the property is infant formula valued in excess of one hundred dollars				
20		(\$100.00). As used in this subsection, the term "infant formula," has the				
21		same meaning as found in 21 U.S.C. § 321(z).				
22	<u>(5)</u>	By exchanging stolen property for something of value, cash, a gift card, or a				
23		merchandise card.				
24	<u>(6)</u>	By returning stolen property and utilizing fictitious identification to prevent				
25		the merchant from properly identifying the person seeking to return the				
26		property."				
27	SECI	FION 2. Article 16A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:				
28		"Article 16A.				
29		"Organized Retail Theft.				
30	"§ 14-86.5. Defi					
31		g definitions apply in this Article:				
32	<u>(1)</u>	"Organized retail theft enterprise." – Two or more persons who associate for				
33	/ 4 \ / 4	the purpose of engaging in the conduct of organized retail theft.				
34	(1)<u>(1</u>2	n) "Retail property." – Any article, product, commodity, item, or component				
35		intended to be sold in retail commerce.				



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	(2	,	l property fence." $- A$ person or b ng or believing that retail property is	
	(3) "Theft	" – To take possession of, carry awa he retail property of another with the	ay, transfer, or cause to be carried
	(4	•	e." – The retail value of an item as	
			shment, to include all applicable taxe	28."
'	"§ 14-86.6. (0		
1	(a) A following:	person is	guilty of a Class H felony if the f	person:person does either of the
-	(1	establi (\$1,50	ires with another person to commit t shments, with a value exceeding or 0) aggregated over a 90-day period, ty for monetary or other gain, and	ne thousand five hundred dollars with the intent to sell that retail
		proper	ty to be placed in the control of a ret nange for consideration.	
	(2	2) Receiv	ves or possesses any retail property on of subdivision (1) of this subse	
			able grounds to believe the property i	6 6
	<u>(a1)</u> <u>A</u>		uilty of a Class G felony if the person	
	(1		ires with another person to commit t	
		<u>establi</u>	shments, with a value exceeding tw	venty thousand dollars (\$20,000)
		<u>aggreg</u>	ated over a 90-day period, with the	intent to sell that retail property
			netary or other gain, and who takes o	
		-	in the control of a retail property fe	ence or other person in exchange
			nsideration.	
	<u>(2</u>		s leader of an organized retail theft	
			thers as an organizer, supervisor, fin	• • • •
		-	in a scheme or course of conduct to	effectuate the transfer or sale of
	(b) A		ty stolen from a merchant. person has acquired or maintained in	n violation of this spation shall be
	. ,	•	ant to the procedures for forfeiture s	
			this section occurring in different co	
			secuted in any county in which one of	
4	•	• •	G.S. 66-387 reads as rewritten:	in the violations occurred.
,	"§ 66-387. D			
	U U		ions apply in this Part:	
	(1	0	- Lawful currency of the United State	es.
	(2	,	cy converter. – A person engaged in	
			including a gift card or merchandise	
		the pe	rson, from the public for cash at a	permanently located retail store
		store,	an itinerant merchant as defined in	n G.S. 66-250(1), or a Web site
		located	<u>l in North Carolina</u> who holds himse	elf or herself out to the public by
		-	advertising, or other methods as eng	gaging in that business. The term
		does n	ot include any of the following:	
		a.	Pawnbrokers.Pawnbrokers, except	with regard to the purchase of a
			gift card or merchandise card.	
		b.	Persons whose goods purchas	
			manufacturers or wholesalers for the	
		с.	Precious metals dealers, to the e	
			regulated under Part 2 of this Article	.

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	 d. Purchases by persons primarily in the business of public, either by purchase or exchange, used furniture, and children's products, provided provided for the individual item purchased is less (\$50.00).(\$50.00) and (ii) the individual item purchased is less (\$50.00).(\$50.00) and (ii) the individual item purchases by persons primarily in the business of public, either by purchase or exchange, sporting equipment, provided provided (i) the amount paitem purchased is less than fifty dollars (\$50.00). individual item purchased is not a gift card or provided is not provided is not a gift card or provided is not provided	clothing, children's <u>vided (i)</u> the amount s than fifty dollars <u>irchased is not a gift</u> of obtaining from the g goods and sporting id for the individual <u>c(\$50.00) and (ii) the</u>			
	any value.				
(3)	Pawn or pawn transaction. – A written bailment of p security for a debt, redeemable on certain terms with renewed, and with an implied power of sale on default.				
(4)	Pawnbroker. – A person engaged in the business of less security of pledged goods and who may also purchar resale from dealers and traders.				
(5)	Pawnshop. – The location at which, or premises in w regularly conducts business.	hich, a pawnbroker			
(6)	Person. – Any individual, corporation, joint venture, other legal entity, however organized.	association, or any			
(7)	Pledged goods. – Tangible personal property which is otherwise actually delivered into, the possession of a	pawnbroker in the			
	course of his business in connection with a pawn transac				
(8)	Purchase. – An item purchased from an individual for t whereby the seller no longer has a vested interest in the i				
SECT	TION 4. This act becomes effective December 1, 20	017, and applies to			
	offenses committed on or after that date.				