## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

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## **SENATE BILL 562**

|          | Short Title:  | Energy Investment Act.                   | (Public)                                |  |  |  |
|----------|---|--|---|--|--|--|
|          | Sponsors:   | Senator Tarte (Primary Sponsor).         |   |  |  |  |
|          | Referred to:  | Rules and Operations of the Senate.      |   |  |  |  |
|          | March 30, 2015  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 1        | A BILL TO BE ENTITLED   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 2        | AN ACT TO ENACT THE ENERGY INVESTMENT ACT.  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 3        | Whereas, the General Assembly finds that a balanced and diverse energy portfolio is   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 4        | in the best interest of North Carolina citizens and ratepayers; and   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 5        | Whereas, renewable energy development has generated over two billion six hundred  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 6        | million dollars (\$2,600,000,000) in private investment across North Carolina, the majority of  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 7        | which was in development tier one and two areas; and  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 8        | Whereas, North Carolina has a strong and growing renewable energy workforce;  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 9        | Now, therefore,   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 10       | The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 11       | SECTION 1. G.S. 105-129.16A reads as rewritten:   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 12       | "§ 105-129.16A. Credit for investing in renewable energy property.  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 13       | (a) Credit. – If a taxpayer that has constructed, purchased, or leased renewable energy   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 14       | property places it in service in this State during the taxable year, the taxpayer is allowed a  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 15       | credit equal to thirty-five percent (35%) of the cost of the property. In the case of renewable   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 16       | energy property that serves a nonbusiness purpose, the credit must be taken for the taxable year  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 17       | in which the property is placed in service. For all other renewable energy property, the entire   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 18<br>19 | credit may not be taken for the taxable year in which the property is placed in service but must  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 20       | be taken in five equal installments beginning with the taxable year in which the property is  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 20       | placed in service. Upon request of a taxpayer that leases renewable energy property, the lessor of the property must give the taxpayer a statement that describes the renewable energy property |  |   |  |  |  |
| 21       | and states the cost of the property. No credit is allowed under this section to the extent the cost   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 23       | of the renewable energy property was provided by public funds. For the purposes of this   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 24       | section, "public funds" does not include grants made under section 1603 of the American   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 25       | Recovery and Reinvestment Tax Act of 2009.  |  |   |  |  |  |
| 26       |   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 27       | (e) Su  | nset. – This section is repealed effecti | ve for renewable energy property placed |  |  |  |
| 28       | into service on or after January 1, <del>2016.</del> 2021."   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 29       | <b>SECTION 2.</b> G.S. 105-129.15 reads as rewritten:   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 30       | "§ 105-129.15. Definitions.   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 31       | The follow  | ving definitions apply in this Article:  |   |  |  |  |
| 32       |   |  |   |  |  |  |
| 33       | (7)   | Renewable energy property. –             | Any of the following machinery and      |  |  |  |
| 34       |   | equipment or real property:              |   |  |  |  |
| 35       |   |  |   |  |  |  |
|          |   |  |   |  |  |  |



|        | General Assembly of N  | orth Carolina Session 2015  | ;            |
|--------|--|---|--------------|
| 1<br>2 | e.   | Solar energy equipment that uses solar radiation as a substitute for traditional energy (i) for water heating, active space heating and |              |
| 3      |  | cooling, passive heating, daylighting, generating electricity,  | <del>,</del> |
| 4      |  | distillation, desalination, detoxification, or the production of  |              |
| 5      |  | industrial or commercial process heat.heat or (ii) for generating   | 5            |
| 6      |  | electricity if all the equipment in the system has an aggregate   | 2            |
| 7      |  | generation capacity of less than one megawatt. The term also  | )            |
| 8      |  | includes related devices necessary for collecting, storing,   | ,            |
| 9      |  | exchanging, conditioning, or converting solar energy to other useful  | l            |
| 10     |  | forms of energy.  |              |
| 11     | f.   | Wind equipment required to capture and convert wind energy into   | ,            |
| 12     |  | electricity or mechanical power, and related devices for converting,  | ,            |
| 13     |  | conditioning, and storing the electricity produced or relaying the  | ;            |
| 14     |  | electricity by cable from the turbine motor to the power grid.  |              |
| 15     | (8) Renev  | vable fuel. – Either of the following:  |              |
| 16     | a.   | Biodiesel, as defined in G.S. 105-449.60.   |              |
| 17     | b.   | Ethanol either unmixed or in mixtures with gasoline that are seventy  | /            |
| 18     |  | percent (70%) or more ethanol by volume."   |              |
| 19     | SECTION 3  | Section 2 of this act is effective for property placed in service for   | -            |
| 20     | taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The remainder of this act is effective when |   |              |
| 21     | it becomes law.  |   |              |