GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

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HOUSE BILL 593

Short Title:	Amend Environmental Laws - 2.	(Public)		
Sponsors:	Representative McElraft (Primary Sponsor). For a complete list of Sponsors, refer to the North Carolina General Assembly We	b Site.		
Referred to:	Environment, if favorable, Judiciary I.			
April 6, 2015				
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED				
AN ACT TO AMEND CERTAIN ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCES				
LAWS.	LAWS.			

4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1.(a) G.S. 143-215.94V(e) reads as rewritten:

6 "(e) If the Commission concludes under subsection (d) of this section that no cleanup, no 7 further cleanup, or no further action will be required, the Department shall not pay or reimburse 8 any costs otherwise payable or reimbursable under this Article from either the Commercial or 9 Noncommercial Fund, other than reasonable and necessary to conduct the risk assessment 10 required by this section, unless:

Cleanup is ordered or damages are awarded in a finally adjudicated 11 (1)12 judgment in an action against the owner or landowner. To be eligible for 13 reimbursement of damages arising from a third-party claim for bodily injury or property awarded in a finally adjudicated judgment, however, an owner or 14 operator shall (i) notify the Department of any such claim; (ii) provide the 15 Department with all pleadings and other related documents if a lawsuit has 16 been filed; and (iii) provide the Department copies of any medical reports, 17 statements, investigative reports, or certifications from licensed 18 19 professionals necessary to determine that a claim for bodily injury or 20 property damage is reasonable and necessary. Reimbursement of claims for 21 damages arising from a third-party claim for bodily injury or property awarded in a finally adjudicated judgment shall be subject to the limitations 22 set forth in G.S. 143-215.94B(b)(5) and G.S. 143-215.94D(b1)(2), as 23 applicable, and any other provision governing third-party claims set forth in 24 25 this Article. 26

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28 to read:29 "§ 143-2

"§ 143-215.94A. Definitions.

30 Unless a different meaning is required by the context, the following definitions shall apply 31 throughout this Part and Part 2B of this Article:

SECTION 1.(b) G.S. 143-215.94A is amended by adding three new subdivisions

33(12)"Third party" means a person other than the owner or operator of an
underground storage tank from which a release has occurred, or employees
or agents of an owner or operator. A property owner shall not be considered



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1		a third party if the property was transfer	red by the owner or operator of an		
2		underground storage tank in anticipation	• •		
3	(13)	"Third-party bodily injury" or "bodily in	-		
4	<u>x</u>	"third-party" means specific physical b			
5		from exposure, explosion, or fire cause			
6		release and that is incurred by a person			
7		an underground storage tank from w	-		
8		employees or agents of an owner or opera			
9	(14)	"Third-party property damage" or "p			
10	<u>(1-1)</u>	connection with "third-party" means actu			
11		to specific loss of normal use that pro-			
12		explosion, or fire caused by the presence	•		
13		incurred to property owned by a person	•		
14		an underground storage tank from w	•		
15		employees or agents of an owner or opera			
16	SEC	TION 1.(c) G.S. 143-215.94B reads as rew			
17		. Commercial Leaking Petroleum Und			
18	Fund	8	erground Storage runk cleanup		
19		e is established under the control and	direction of the Department the		
20			1		
21	Commercial Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Fund. This Commercial Fund shall be a nonreverting revolving fund consisting of any monies appropriated for such				
22	purpose by the General Assembly or available to it from grants, other monies paid to it or				
23					
23		recovered on behalf of the Commercial Fund, and fees paid pursuant to this Part.			
25		(b) The Commercial Fund shall be used for the payment of the following costs up to an aggregate maximum of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) per occurrence resulting from a			
26	discharge or release of a petroleum product from a commercial underground storage tank:				
27	discharge of fele	ase of a performing product from a commerce	har underground storage tank.		
28	(5)	Compensation to third parties for bodi	ly injury and property damage in		
29	(5)	excess of one hundred thousand dollars			
30		for third-party property damage shall	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
31		comparable property during the period			
32		amount equal to the fair market value. In	_		
33		destroyed as a result of a petroleum rel			
34		amount necessary to replace or repair the			
35	"	amount necessary to replace or repair the	destroyed property.		
36	SEC	TION 1.(d) G.S. 143-215.94D reads as rew	vritten:		
37	"§ 143-215.94I				
38	-	nup Fund.	in chargeouna Storage Tank		
39		e is established under the control and	direction of the Department the		
40		Leaking Petroleum Underground Stor	-		
41		Fund shall be a nonreverting revolving			
42		such purpose by the General Assembly or			
43		t or recovered on behalf of the Noncommerce	-		
44	1	of recovered on behalf of the Noncommerc	nai Fund.		
45	(b1) The l	Noncommercial Fund shall be used for the p	aument of the costs of		
45 46	$(01) \text{The } 1 \\ (1)$	For releases discovered or reported to the	•		
40 47	(1)	-	ntal damage as required by		
47 48		G.S. 143-215.94E(a).	inan damage as required by		
48 49	(1c)		a Dapartment on or ofter August 1		
49 50	(1a)	For releases discovered or reported to th			
50		2013, the cleanup of environment	ntal damage as required by		

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1		G.S.143-215.94E(a) in excess of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or the sum of	
2		the following amounts, whichever is less:	
3		a. A deductible of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per occurrence.	
4		b. A co-payment equal to ten percent (10%) of the costs of the cleanup	
5		of environmental damage, per occurrence.	
6	(2)	Compensation to third parties for bodily injury and property damage in	
7		excess of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per occurrence. Claims	
8		for third-party property damage shall be based on the rental costs of	
9		comparable property during the period of loss of use up to a maximum	
10		amount equal to the fair market value. In the case of property that is actually	
11		destroyed as a result of a petroleum release, reimbursement shall be at an	
12		amount necessary to replace or repair the destroyed property.	
13	"		
14		TON 1.(e) This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to claims for	
15	reimbursement submitted on or after that date.		