GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

SENATE BILL 793 RATIFIED BILL

AN ACT TO MAKE VARIOUS CHANGES TO THE CHARTER SCHOOL LAWS AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION TO HOUSE BILL 712.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 115C-238.29B(b) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) The application shall contain at least the following information:
 - (3) The governance structure of the school including the names of the initial members of the board of directors of the nonprofit, tax-exempt corporation and the process to be followed by the school to ensure parental involvement.

 A teacher employed by the board of directors to teach in the charter school may serve as a nonvoting member of the board of directors for the charter school.

SECTION 1.5. G.S. 115C-238.29D(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) The State Board may grant final approval of an application if it finds the following:
 - (i)(1) that the The application meets the requirements set out in this Part and such other requirements as may be adopted by the State Board of Education, Education.
 - (ii)(2) that the <u>The</u> applicant has the ability to operate the school and would be likely to operate the school in an educationally and economically sound manner, andmanner.
 - (iii)(3) that granting Granting the application would achieve one or more of the purposes set out in G.S. 115C-238.29A.

The State Board shall act by January 15 of a calendar year on all applications and appeals it receives prior to a date established by the Office of Charter Schools for receipt of applications in the prior calendar year. In reviewing applications for the establishment of charter schools within a local school administrative unit, the State Board is encouraged to give preference to applications that demonstrate the capability to provide comprehensive learning experiences to students identified by the applicants as at risk of academic failure.

(a1) The State Board shall make final decisions on the approval or denial of applications by August 15 of a calendar year on all applications it receives prior to a date established by the Office of Charter Schools for receipt of applications in that application cycle. The State Board may make the final decision for approval contingent upon the successful completion of a planning period prior to enrollment of students."

SECTION 2. G.S. 115C-238.29D(d) reads as rewritten:

- "(d) The State Board of Education may grant the initial charter for a period not to exceed 10 years and years. The State Board of Education may renew the charter upon the request of the chartering entity for subsequent periods not to exceed of 10 years each. The renewal may be for less than 10 years if any one of the following applies:
 - (1) The charter school has not provided financially sound audits for the prior three years.
 - (2) The charter school's student academic outcomes for the past three years have not been comparable to the academic outcomes of students in the local school administrative unit in which the charter school is located.



(3) The charter school is not in compliance with State law, federal law, the school's own bylaws, or the provisions set forth in its charter granted by the State Board of Education.

The State Board of Education shall review the operations of each charter school at least once every five years to ensure that the school is meeting the expected academic, financial, and governance standards."

SECTION 2.5.(a) G.S. 115C-238.29D(f) reads as rewritten:

- "(f) It shall not be considered a material revision of a charter application and shall not require prior approval of the State Board for a charter school to do any of the following:
 - (1) Increase its enrollment during the charter school's second year of operation and annually thereafter by up to twenty percent (20%) of the school's previous year's enrollment.
 - (2) Increase its enrollment during the charter school's second year of operation and annually thereafter in accordance with planned growth as authorized in its charter.
 - (3) Expand to offer one grade higher than the charter school currently offers if the charter school has operated for at least three years and has not been identified as having inadequate performance as provided in G.S. 115C-238.29G(a1).
 - (4) Expand to offer one grade higher or lower than the charter school currently offers if the charter school meets all of the following criteria:
 - The charter school's student academic outcomes for the year prior to the expansion must have been at least comparable to the academic outcomes of students in the local school administrative unit in which the charter school is located.
 - b. The charter school has provided financially sound audits for the year prior to the expansion.
 - c. The charter school is in compliance with State law, federal law, the school's own bylaws, or the provisions set forth in its charter granted by the State Board of Education.
 - d. The charter school has been in operation for less than three years. The charter school shall provide documentation of the requirements of this subdivision to the State Board of Education. The charter school shall be permitted to expand to offer the higher or lower grade unless the State Board of Education finds that the charter school has failed to meet the requirements of this subdivision or other exceptional circumstances exist which justify not permitting the grade expansion."

SECTION 2.5.(b) G.S. 115C-238.29D(f)(4), as enacted by this section, expires September 1, 2015.

SECTION 3. G.S. 115C-238.29F is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(b1) A charter school shall not discriminate against any student on the basis of ethnicity, national origin, gender, or disability."

SECTION 4. G.S. 115C-238.29F(g)(5) reads as rewritten:

"(5) A charter school shall not discriminate against any student on the basis of ethnicity, national origin, gender, or disability. Except as otherwise provided by law or the mission of the school as set out in the charter, the school shall not limit admission to students on the basis of intellectual ability, measures of achievement or aptitude, athletic ability, disability, race, creed, gender, national origin, religion, or ancestry. A charter school whose mission is single-sex education may limit admission on the basis of sex. Within one year after the charter school begins operation, the charter school shall make efforts for the population of the school to reasonably reflect the racial and ethnic composition of the general population residing within the local school administrative unit in which the school is located or the racial and ethnic composition of the special population that the school seeks to serve residing within the local school administrative unit in which the school is located. The school shall be subject to any court-ordered desegregation plan in effect for the local school administrative unit."

SECTION 4.5. G.S. 115C-238.29F(g)(5a) reads as rewritten:

- "(5a) The charter school may give enrollment priority to any of the following:
 - a. Siblings of currently enrolled students who were admitted to the charter school in a previous year. For the purposes of this subsection, the term "siblings" includes any of the following who reside in the same household: half siblings, stepsiblings, and children residing in a family foster home.
 - b. Siblings of students who have completed the highest grade level offered by that school and who were enrolled in at least four grade levels offered by the charter school or, if less than four grades are offered, in the maximum number of grades offered by the charter school.
 - c. Limited to no more than fifteen percent (15%) of the school's total enrollment, unless granted a waiver by the State Board of Education, the following:
 - 1. Children of the school's full-time employees.
 - 2. For its first year of operation, children of the initial members Children of the charter school's board of directors.
 - d. A student who was enrolled in the charter school within the two previous school years but left the school (i) to participate in an academic study abroad program or a competitive admission residential program or (ii) because of the vocational opportunities of the student's parent."

SECTION 5. G.S. 115C-238.29F is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(m) Open Meetings and Public Records. – The charter school and board of directors of the private nonprofit corporation that operates the charter school are subject to the Public Records Act, Chapter 132 of the General Statutes, and the Open Meetings Law, Article 33C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes. Notwithstanding the requirements of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes, inspection of charter school personnel records for those employees directly employed by the board of directors of the charter school shall be subject to the requirements of Article 21A of this Chapter.

The charter school and board of directors of the private nonprofit corporation that operates the charter school shall use the same schedule established by the Department of Cultural Resources for retention and disposition of records of local school administrative units."

SECTION 5.2. G.S. 115C-238.29H(c) reads as rewritten:

- "(c) The local school administrative unit shall also provide each charter school to which it transfers a per pupil share of its local current expense fund with all of the following information within the 30-day time period provided in subsection (b) of this section:
 - (1) The total amount of monies the local school administrative unit has in each of the funds listed in G.S. 115C-426(c).
 - (2) The student membership numbers used to calculate the per pupil share of the local current expense fund.
 - (3) How the per pupil share of the local current expense fund was calculated.
 - (4) Any additional records requested by a charter school from the local school administrative unit in order for the charter school to audit and verify the calculation and transfer of the per pupil share of the local current expense fund "

SECTION 5.6. G.S. 115C-238.29H(d) reads as rewritten:

"(d) Prior to commencing an action under subsection (b) of this section, the complaining party shall give the other party 15 days' written notice of the alleged violation. The court shall award the prevailing party reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in an action under subsection (b) of this section. The court shall order any delinquent funds, costs, fees, and interest to be paid in equal monthly installments and shall establish a time for payment in full that shall be no later than three years one year from the entry of any judgment."

SECTION 6. Upon recommendations by the Office of Charter Schools and the Charter Schools Advisory Board and pursuant to G.S. 115C-239.29G(a1)(2), the State Board of Education shall adopt a process and rules for the competitive bid process for the assumption of a charter school that has inadequate performance and could have its charter terminated or not renewed by the State Board of Education. At a minimum, the State Board shall require interested entities to meet the following criteria:

- (1) Have operated another charter school in the State for three years.
- (2) Can provide three years of financially sound audits for the charter school they are currently operating in the State.
- (3) Have student academic outcomes that are comparable to the academic outcomes of students in the local school administrative unit in which the currently operating charter school is located.

The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and procedures required by this section by January 15, 2015, and report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee by February 1, 2015.

SECTION 6.5. Upon recommendations by the Office of Charter Schools and the Charter Schools Advisory Board, the State Board of Education shall adopt a process and rules for fast-track replication of high-quality charter schools currently operating in the State. The State Board of Education shall not require a planning year for applicants selected through the fast-track replication process. In addition to the requirements for charter applicants set forth in Part 6A of Article 16 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, the fast-track replication process adopted by the State Board of Education shall, at a minimum, require a board of directors of a charter school to demonstrate one of the following in order to qualify for fast-track replication:

- (1) A charter school in this State governed by the board of directors has student academic outcomes that are comparable to the academic outcomes of students in the local school administrative unit in which the charter school is located and can provide three years of financially sound audits.
- (2) The board of directors agrees to contract with an education management organization or charter management organization that can demonstrate that it can replicate high-quality charter schools in the State that have proven student academic success and financial soundness.

The State Board of Education shall ensure that the rules for a fast-track replication process provide that decisions by the State Board of Education on whether to grant a charter through the replication process are completed in less than 150 days. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules and procedures required by this section by December 15, 2014, and report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee by February 15, 2015.

SECTION 6.6.(a) G.S. 20-84(b) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

- "(b) Permanent Registration Plates. The Division may issue permanent plates for the following motor vehicles:
 - (3a) A motor vehicle that is owned and exclusively operated by a nonprofit corporation authorized under G.S. 115C-238.29D to operate a charter school and identified by a permanent decal or painted marking disclosing the name of the nonprofit corporation. The motor vehicle shall only be used for student transportation and official charter school related activities.

SECTION 6.6.(b) This section is repealed July 1, 2015.

SECTION 7. The Revisor of Statutes is authorized to renumber and recodify Part 6A of Article 16 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes to a more suitable location.

SECTION 7.3. If House Bill 712, 2013 Regular Session, becomes law, the lead-in language for Section 7 of that bill is amended by deleting the citation "Article 9 of Chapter 115 of the General Statutes" and replacing it with the citation "Article 9 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes".

SECTION 8. Except as otherwise provided, this act is effective when it becomes law and applies beginning with the 2014-2015 school year. Section 5.6 of this act applies to actions filed on or after the effective date of this act.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 28th day of July, 2014.

		Tom Apodaca Presiding Officer of the Senate	
		Tim Moore Presiding Officer of the	House of Representatives
		Pat McCrory Governor	
Approved	m. this	day of	, 2014