GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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SENATE BILL 70*

Short Title:	Kilah's Law/Increase Child Abuse Penalties.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Tarte, Tucker, Curtis (Primary Sponsors); Hise, and Rabin.	Apodaca, Brock, Harrington,
Referred to:	Judiciary II.	

February 11, 2013

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

- AN ACT TO INCREASE THE PENALTY FOR VARIOUS CRIMINAL OFFENSES OF
 FELONY CHILD ABUSE AND TO REQUIRE THAT THE OFFICIAL RECORD OF A
 DEFENDANT CONVICTED OF CHILD ABUSE OR OTHER ASSAULTS AGAINST A
 MINOR INDICATES THAT THE OFFENSE INVOLVED CHILD ABUSE.
- 6 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
 - SECTION 1. G.S. 14-318.4 reads as rewritten:

8 "§ 14-318.4. Child abuse a felony.

9 (a) A parent or any other person providing care to or supervision of a child less than 16 10 years of age who intentionally inflicts any serious physical injury upon or to the child or who 11 intentionally commits an assault upon the child which results in any serious physical injury to 12 the child is guilty of a <u>Class E-Class D</u> felony, except as otherwise provided in subsection (a3) 13 of this section.

(a1) Any parent of a child less than 16 years of age, or any other person providing care to
 or supervision of the child, who commits, permits, or encourages any act of prostitution with or
 by the child is guilty of child abuse and shall be punished as a <u>Class E-Class D</u> felon.

17 (a2) Any parent or legal guardian of a child less than 16 years of age who commits or
 18 allows the commission of any sexual act upon the child is guilty of a Class E Class D felony.

19 (a3) A parent or any other person providing care to or supervision of a child less than 16 20 years of age who intentionally inflicts any serious bodily injury to the child or who 21 intentionally commits an assault upon the child which results in any serious bodily injury to the 22 child, or which results in permanent or protracted loss or impairment of any mental or 23 emotional function of the child, is guilty of a <u>Class CClass B2</u> felony.

(a4) A parent or any other person providing care to or supervision of a child less than 16
years of age whose willful act or grossly negligent omission in the care of the child shows a
reckless disregard for human life is guilty of a Class E felony if the act or omission results in
serious bodily injury to the child.

(a5) A parent or any other person providing care to or supervision of a child less than 16
 years of age whose willful act or grossly negligent omission in the care of the child shows a
 reckless disregard for human life is guilty of a Class H-Class G felony if the act or omission
 results in serious physical injury to the child.

32 (b) The felony of child abuse is an offense additional to other civil and criminal 33 provisions and is not intended to repeal or preclude any other sanctions or remedies.



	General Assembly of No	orth Carolina	Session 2013		
	(c) Abandonment	of an infant less than seven days of age	e pursuant to G.S. 14-322.3		
	may be treated as a mitig	ating factor in sentencing for a conviction	under this section involving		
	that infant.				
	(d) The following	definitions apply in this section:			
	(1) Seriou	s bodily injury. – Bodily injury that create	s a substantial risk of death		
	or tha	t causes serious permanent disfigurement	nt, coma, a permanent or		
	protrac	cted condition that causes extreme pain, of	or permanent or protracted		
	loss or	r impairment of the function of any bodily	y member or organ, or that		
	results	in prolonged hospitalization.	-		
	(2) Seriou	s physical injury. – Physical injury th	at causes great pain and		
	sufferi	ng. The term includes serious mental injury	7."		
	SECTION 2.	G.S. 15A-1382.1 reads as rewritten:			
	"§ 15A-1382.1. Reports	of disposition; domestic violence; child a	abuse; sentencing.		
	(a) When a defen	dant is found guilty of an offense involvin	g assault, communicating a		
		ts as defined in G.S. 50B-1(a), the president			
	whether the defendant an	d victim had a personal relationship. If the	judge determines that there		
	was a personal relationship between the defendant and the victim, then the judge shall indicate				
	on the form reflecting the judgment that the case involved domestic violence. The clerk of court				
	shall insure that the official record of the defendant's conviction includes the court's				
	determination, so that an	ny inquiry into the defendant's criminal	record will reflect that the		
	offense involved domestic violence.				
(a1) When a defendant is found guilty of an offense involving child abuse or is found					
guilty of an offense involving assault or any of the acts as defined in G.S. 50B-1(a) and the					
offense was committed against a minor, then the judge shall indicate on the form reflecting the					
judgment that the case involved child abuse. The clerk of court shall ensure that the official					
record of the defendant's conviction includes the court's determination, so that any inquiry into					
the defendant's criminal record will reflect that the offense involved child abuse.					
	(b) Repealed by	Session Laws 2012-39, s. 2, effective	December 1, 2012, and		
		applicable to defendants placed on probation on or after that date.			
		definitions apply to this section:			
	(1) "An c	offense involving assault" includes any	offense where an assault		
		ed, whether or not the conviction is for an	offense under Article 8 of		
	1	er 14 of the General Statutes.			
	· · · · ·	ry" shall include any lawful review of the	*		
	convic	ted of an offense in this State, whether by	law enforcement personnel		
	• 1	private individuals.			
		nal relationship" is as defined in G.S. 50B-			
		This act becomes effective December 1,			
	applies to offenses comm	nitted on or after that date. Section 2 of the	is act applies to judgments		

40 entered on or after that date.