GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2013

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SENATE BILL 614

Short Title:	WC/Omnibus Changes.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Brown (Primary Sponsor); and Jackson.	
Referred to:	Insurance.	

April 4, 2013

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO AMEND THE INSURANCE LAWS RELATING TO THE NOTICE 3 REOUIRED FOR CANCELLATION OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE 4 POLICIES AND AMEND WORKERS' COMPENSATION TO THE ACT 5 CONCERNING THE STATUS OF TRUCK DRIVERS AS EMPLOYEES OR 6 **INDEPENDENT CONTRACTORS** AND TO **OUT-OF-STATE** RELATING 7 ACCIDENTS AND STATE RECIPROCITY OF CLAIMS.

8 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1.(a) G.S. 58-36-105(b) reads as rewritten:

10 Any cancellation permitted by subsection (a) of this section is not effective unless "(b) 11 written notice of cancellation has been given by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the insured not less than 15 days before the proposed effective date of 12 13 cancellation. The notice shall be given by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, 14 to the insured and any other person designated in the policy to receive notice of cancellation at 15 their addresses shown in the policy or, if not indicated in the policy, at their last known addresses. The notice shall state the precise reason for cancellation. Whenever notice of 16 17 intention to cancel is required to be given by registered or certified mail, no cancellation by the 18 insurer shall be effective unless and until such method is employed and completed. employed. 19 Failure to send this notice, as provided in this section, to any other person designated in the 20 policy to receive notice of cancellation invalidates the cancellation only as to that other person's 21 interest."

22 **SECTION 1.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to 23 insurance policies in effect on or after that date.

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SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 97-19.1 reads as rewritten:

25 "§ 97-19.1. Truck, tractor, or truck tractor trailer driver's status as employee or
26 independent contractor.

(a) An individual in the interstate or intrastate carrier industry who operates a truck,
tractor, or truck tractor trailer licensed by a governmental motor vehicle regulatory agency for a
motor carrier as defined by G.S. 20-4.01(21b) may be an employee or an independent
contractor under this Article dependent upon the application of the common law test for
determining employment status.

Any principal contractor, intermediate contractor, or subcontractor, irrespective of whether such contractor regularly employs three or more employees, who contracts with an individual in the interstate or intrastate carrier industry who operates a truck, tractor, or truck tractor trailer licensed by the United States Department of Transportation for a motor carrier as defined in <u>G.S. 20-4.01(21b)</u> and who has not secured the payment of compensation in the manner



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provided for employers set forth in G.S. 97-93 for himself personally and for his employees 1 2 and subcontractors, if any, shall be liable as an employer under this Article for the payment of 3 compensation and other benefits on account of the injury or death of the independent contractor 4 and his employees or subcontractors due to an accident arising out of and in the course of the 5 performance of the work covered by such contract. 6 Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a principal contractor, intermediate (b) 7 contractor, or subcontractor shall not be liable as an employer under this Article for the 8 payment of compensation on account of the injury or death of the independent contractor if the 9 principal contractor, intermediate contractor, or subcontractor (i) contracts with an independent 10 contractor who is an individual licensed by the United States Department of Transportation and 11 owns or leases the vehicle providing service, (ii) the independent contractor personally operates or is responsible for hiring or engaging and paying personnel who operate the vehicle, and is 12 13 operating the vehicle solely pursuant to that license. (iii) the independent contractor is covered 14 under an occupational accident policy either issued to the independent contractor or motor 15 carrier. 16 A motor carrier and an independent contractor meeting the criteria contained in (c) 17 subsection (b) of this section may, if mutually agreed to by the independent contractor and motor carrier in writing, provide that the independent contractor and any of the independent 18 contractor's employees be covered by the motor carriers' workers' compensation insurance 19 20 policy or self-insurance and that the independent contractor and any of the independent contractor's employees would be deemed employees of the motor carrier for purposes of 21 workers' compensation only. The motor carrier may charge the independent contractor for any 22 23 agreed upon premiums or, if self-insured, for any equitable assessment for such coverage. The 24 agreement shall not affect the independent contractor status of the independent contractor for 25 any purpose other than for workers' compensation. For purposes of this section, the term "occupational accident insurance" means the 26 (d) type of insurance policy obtained by independent contractor owners-operators in the trucking 27 industry that includes the following benefit categories: (i) temporary total disability-type wage 28 29 replacement benefit, (ii) permanent disability or impairment benefit, (iii) a medical expense 30 payment benefit, and (iv) a death benefit. The occupational accident insurance policy may be 31 issued directly to the independent contractor owner-operator or issued as a master policy for 32 which the motor carrier may charge the independent contractor owner-operator an equitable 33 sum for the coverage. The principal contractor, intermediate contractor, or subcontractor may 34 insure any and all of his independent contractors and their employees or subcontractors in a 35 blanket policy, and when insured, the independent contractors, subcontractors, and employees 36 will be entitled to compensation benefits under the blanket policy. 37 A principal contractor, intermediate contractor, or subcontractor may include in the 38 governing contract with an independent contractor in the interstate or intrastate carrier industry 39 who operates a truck, tractor, or truck tractor trailer licensed by a governmental motor vehicle 40 regulatory agency an agreement for the independent contractor to reimburse the cost of 41 covering that independent contractor under the principal contractor's, intermediate contractor's, 42 or subcontractor's coverage of his business." 43 **SECTION 2.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law. 44 SECTION 3.(a) G.S. 97-36 reads as rewritten: 45 "§ 97-36. Accidents taking place outside State; employees receiving compensation from 46 another state.state; reciprocity. 47 Where an accident happens while the employee is employed elsewhere than in this (a) State and the accident is one which would entitle him or his the employee or the employee's 48 49 dependents or next of kin to compensation if it had happened in this State, then the employee or 50 his the employee's dependents or next of kin shall be entitled to compensation (i) if the contract

51 of employment was made in this State, (ii) if the employer's principal place of business is in

General Assembly of North Carolina Session 2013 1 this State, or (iii) if the employee's principal place of employment is within this State; provided, 2 however, that if an employee or his dependents or next of kin shall receive compensation or 3 damages under the laws of any other state nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to 4 permit a total compensation for the same injury greater than is provided for in this Article. 5 If an employee in this State temporarily leaves the State incidental to the employee's (b) 6 employment and receives an accidental injury arising out of and in the course of the 7 employment, then the employee, or beneficiaries of the employee if the injury results in death, 8 must file their claim for compensation in this State subject to the terms of any choice of forum 9 clause contained in the employee's employment contract. If there is no choice of forum clause 10 in the employment contract, then the other provisions in this section shall apply. 11 An employee from another state and the employer of the employee in the other state (c) 12 are exempt from the provisions of this Chapter while the employee is working temporarily in 13 this State only if all of the following conditions are met: 14 The employer has furnished workers' compensation insurance coverage (1) 15 under the workers' compensation insurance or similar laws of the other state 16 to cover the employee's employment while in this State. 17 The extraterritorial provisions of this Chapter are recognized in the other (2)18 state. 19 Employees and employers who are covered in this State are likewise (3) 20 exempted from the application of the workers' compensation insurance or 21 similar laws of the other state. 22 The benefits under the workers' compensation insurance or similar laws of the other (d) 23 state, or other remedies under similar law, are the exclusive remedies against the employer for 24 any injury, whether resulting in death or not, received by the employee while working 25 temporarily for that employer in this State. 26 (e) A certificate from the governmental entity or duly authorized officer or person of 27 another state certifying that the employer from the other state is insured in that state and has provided extraterritorial coverage insuring employees while working in this State is prima facie 28 29 evidence that the employer carries that workers' compensation insurance. 30 (f) Whenever in any appeal or other litigation the construction of the laws of another 31 jurisdiction is required, the court shall take judicial notice of such construction of the laws of 32 the other jurisdiction. 33 The Industrial Commission may enter into an agreement with the workers' (g) 34 compensation agency of any other state relating to conflicts of jurisdiction where the contract 35 of employment is in one state and the injuries occur in the other state or where there is a dispute as to the boundaries or jurisdiction of the states. When such an agreement has been duly 36 37 executed and made public by the respective state agencies, then (i) the rights of employees who 38 are hired in the other state and injured while working temporarily in this State or hired in this 39 State and injured while working temporarily in the other states and (ii) when claims arise where 40 jurisdiction is otherwise uncertain, the rights of employees shall be determined pursuant to the agreement and confined to the jurisdiction provided in the agreement. 41 42 When an employee has a claim under the workers' compensation law of another (h) jurisdiction for the same injury or occupational disease as the claim filed in this State, the total 43 amount of compensation paid or awarded under the other workers' compensation law shall be 44 45 credited against the compensation due under the North Carolina Workers' Compensation Act. The following definitions apply in this section: 46 (i) 47 Jurisdiction or state. – Includes a territory, province, or foreign nation. (1) 48 Working temporarily. - When an employee is working for his or her (2)49 employer for no more than 10 consecutive days or for no more than 25 total 50 days during a calendar year in a state other than the state where the 51 employee is primarily employed."

General Assembly of North Carolina

1 **SECTION 3.(b)** This section is effective when it becomes law and applies to 2 claims for workers' compensation insurance benefits made on or after that date regardless of the 3 date of the accident.

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SECTION 4. This act is effective when it becomes law.