# **GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA** SESSION 2011

S

#### **SENATE BILL 271**

Short Title:	Commercial and Other M/V Law ChangesAB	(Public)			
Sponsors:	Senators Brunstetter and Jenkins.				
Referred to:	Transportation.				
March 9, 2011					
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED					
AN ACT TO CLARIFY LICENSE PLATE COVER REQUIREMENTS, TO MODIFY					
WINDOW TINTING RESTRICTIONS FOR MOTOR CARRIERS SUBJECT TO THE					
PROVISIONS OF TITLE 49 OF THE FEDERAL CODE, TO CLARIFY TEXTING FOR					

5	MOTOR CARRIERS SUBJECT TO TITLE 49 OF THE FEDERAL CODE, TO CREATE				
6	A VEHICLE SEIZURE PROCESS FOR VEHICLES USED IN FELONY SPEEDING TO				
7	ELUDE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER CASES, TO REQUIRE REDACTION OF				
8	CERTAIN VEHICLES CRASH REPORT INFORMATION, AND TO PROVIDE FOR				
9	CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES TO MANAGE OR OPERATE PERMANENT WEIGH				
10	STATIONS FOR THE STATE HIGHWAY PATROL.				
11	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:				
12	<b>SECTION 1.</b> G.S. 20-28.3 reads as rewritten:				
13	"§ 20-28.3. Seizure, impoundment, forfeiture of motor vehicles for offenses involving				
14	impaired driving while license revoked or without license and				
14 15	impaired driving while license revoked or without license and insurance.insurance, and for felony speeding to elude arrest.				
	i o				
15	insurance.insurance, and for felony speeding to elude arrest.				
15 16	<ul> <li>(a) Motor Vehicles Subject to Seizure.Seizure for Impaired Driving Offenses. – A</li> </ul>				
15 16 17	<ul> <li>(a) Motor Vehicles Subject to Seizure. Seizure for Impaired Driving Offenses. – A motor vehicle that is driven by a person who is charged with an offense involving impaired</li> </ul>				
15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>insurance.insurance, and for felony speeding to elude arrest.</li> <li>(a) Motor Vehicles Subject to Seizure.Seizure for Impaired Driving Offenses. – A motor vehicle that is driven by a person who is charged with an offense involving impaired driving is subject to seizure if:</li> </ul>				
15 16 17 18 19	<ul> <li>insurance.insurance, and for felony speeding to elude arrest.</li> <li>(a) Motor Vehicles Subject to Seizure.Seizure for Impaired Driving Offenses. – A motor vehicle that is driven by a person who is charged with an offense involving impaired driving is subject to seizure if:         <ul> <li>(1) At the time of the violation, the drivers license of the person driving the</li> </ul> </li> </ul>				

At the time of the violation: (2)

23 24

The person was driving without a valid drivers license, and a.

The driver was not covered by an automobile liability policy. b.

25 For the purposes of this subsection, a person who has a complete defense, pursuant to 26 G.S. 20-35, to a charge of driving without a drivers license, shall be considered to have had a valid drivers license at the time of the violation. 27

28 Motor Vehicles Subject to Seizure for Felony Speeding to Elude Arrest. - A motor (a1) 29 vehicle that is driven by a person who is charged with the offense of felony speeding to elude arrest pursuant to G.S. 20-141.5(b). 30

Duty of Officer. – If the charging officer has probable cause to believe that a motor 31 (b)32 vehicle driven by the defendant may be subject to forfeiture under this section, the officer shall 33 seize the motor vehicle and have it impounded. If the officer determines prior to seizure that the motor vehicle had been reported stolen, the officer shall not seize the motor vehicle pursuant to 34 this section. If the officer determines prior to seizure that the motor vehicle was a rental vehicle 35 36 driven by a person not listed as an authorized driver on the rental contract, the officer shall not seize the motor vehicle pursuant to this section, but shall make a reasonable effort to notify the 37



## **General Assembly of North Carolina**

### Session 2011

owner of the rental vehicle that the vehicle was stopped and that the driver of the vehicle was not listed as an authorized driver on the rental contract. Probable cause may be based on the officer's personal knowledge, reliable information conveyed by another officer, records of the Division, or other reliable source.sources. The seizing officer shall notify the executive agency designated under subsection (b1) of this section Division as soon as practical but no later than 4 hours after seizure of the motor vehicle of the seizure in accordance with procedures 9 established by the executive agency designated under subsection (b1) of this section.

8 Written Notification of Impoundment. - Within 48 hours of receipt within regular (b1) 9 business hours of the notice of seizure, an executive agency designated by the Governor shall 10 issue written notification of impoundment to the Division, the Division shall issue written notification of impoundment to any lienholder of record and to any motor vehicle owner who 11 was not operating the motor vehicle at the time of the offense. A notice of seizure received 12 13 outside regular business hours shall be considered to have been received at the start of the next 14 business day. The notification of impoundment shall be sent by first-class mail to the most recent address contained in the Division's records. If the motor vehicle is registered in another 15 state, notice shall be sent to the address shown on the records of the state where the motor 16 17 vehicle is registered. This written notification shall provide notice that the motor vehicle has 18 been seized, state the reason for the seizure and the procedure for requesting release of the 19 motor vehicle. Additionally, if the motor vehicle was damaged while the defendant operator 20 was committing an offense involving impaired driving while the operator was committing an 21 offense resulting in seizure or incident to the seizure, the agency-Division shall issue written notification of the seizure to the owner's insurance company of record and to any other 22 23 insurance companies that may be insuring other motor vehicles involved in the accident. The 24 Division shall prohibit title to a seized motor vehicle from being transferred by a motor vehicle 25 owner unless authorized by court order.

26

. . .

27 (k) County Board of Education Right to Appear and Participate in Proceedings. – The 28 attorney for the county board of education shall be given notice of all proceedings regarding 29 offenses involving impaired driving related to a motor vehicle subject to forfeiture.forfeiture 30 under this section. However, the notice requirement under this subsection does not apply to 31 proceedings conducted under G.S. 20-28.3(e1). The attorney for the county board of education 32 shall also have the right to appear and to be heard on all issues relating to the seizure, 33 possession, release, forfeiture, sale, and other matters related to the seized vehicle under this 34 section. With the prior consent of the county board of education, the district attorney may 35 delegate to the attorney for the county board of education any or all of the duties of the district 36 attorney under this section. Clerks of superior court, law enforcement agencies, and all other 37 agencies with information relevant to the seizure, impoundment, release, or forfeiture of motor 38 vehicles are authorized and directed to provide county boards of education with access to that 39 information and to do so by electronic means when existing technology makes this type of 40 transmission possible.

Payment of Fees Upon Conviction. - If the driver of a motor vehicle seized pursuant 41 (1)42 to this section is convicted of an offense involving impaired driving, of the underlying offense 43 leading to the seizure of a motor vehicle pursuant to this section, the defendant shall be ordered to pay as restitution to the county board of education, the motor vehicle owner, or the 44 45 lienholder the cost paid or owing for the towing, storage, and sale of the motor vehicle to the 46 extent the costs were not covered by the proceeds from the forfeiture and sale of the motor vehicle. If the underlying offense is for felony speeding to elude arrest pursuant to 47 48 G.S. 20-141.5(b), and the conviction is based on a plea agreement or a reduced charge to misdemeanor speeding to elude arrest pursuant to G.S. 20-141.5(a), the defendant shall be 49 ordered to pay as restitution to the county board of education, the motor vehicle owner, or the 50 lienholder the cost paid or owing for the towing and storage of the motor vehicle. In addition, a 51

## **General Assembly of North Carolina**

civil judgment for the costs under this section in favor of the party to whom the restitution is owed shall be docketed by the clerk of superior court. If the defendant is sentenced to an active term of imprisonment, the civil judgment shall become effective and be docketed when the defendant's conviction becomes final. If the defendant is placed on probation, the civil judgment in the amount found by a judge during the probation revocation or termination hearing to be due shall become effective and be docketed by the clerk when the defendant's probation is revoked or terminated.

8

9

. . . . "

**SECTION 2.** G.S. 20-63(g) reads as rewritten:

10 Alteration, Disguise, or Concealment of Numbers. - Any operator of a motor "(g) 11 vehicle who shall willfully mutilate, bend, twist, cover or cause to be covered or partially 12 covered by any bumper, light, spare tire, tire rack, strap, or other device, or who shall paint, 13 enamel, emboss, stamp, print, perforate, or alter or add to or cut off any part or portion of a 14 registration plate or the figures or letters thereon, or who shall place or deposit or cause to be 15 placed or deposited any oil, grease, or other substance upon such registration plates for the 16 purpose of making dust adhere thereto, or who shall deface, disfigure, change, or attempt to 17 change any letter or figure thereon, or who shall display a number plate in other than a 18 horizontal upright position, shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. Any operator of a motor 19 vehicle who shall willfully cover or cause to be covered any part or portion of a registration 20 plate or the figures or letters thereon by any device designed or intended to prevent or interfere 21 with the taking of a clear photograph of a registration plate by a traffic control or toll collection 22 system using cameras commits an infraction and shall be penalized under G.S. 14-3.1. Any 23 operator of a motor vehicle who shall otherwise intentionally cover any number or registration 24 renewal sticker on a registration plate with any material that makes the number or registration 25 renewal sticker illegible commits an infraction and shall be penalized under G.S. 14-3.1. Any 26 operator of a motor vehicle who covers any registration plate with any frame or transparent, 27 clear, or color-tinted cover that covers any portion of the registration letters or numbers makes 28 a number or letter included in the vehicle's registration, the State name on the plate, or a 29 number or month on the registration renewal sticker on the plate illegible commits an infraction 30 and shall be penalized under G.S. 14-3.1."

31

**SECTION 3.** G.S. 20-127 reads as rewritten:

# 32 § 20-127. Windows and windshield wipers.

33

34 Window Tinting Restrictions. - A window of a vehicle that is operated on a (b) 35 highway or a public vehicular area shall comply with this subsection. The windshield of the 36 vehicle may be tinted only along the top of the windshield and the tinting may not extend more 37 than five inches below the top of the windshield or below the AS1 line of the windshield, 38 whichever measurement is longer. Provided, however, an untinted clear film which does not 39 obstruct vision but which reduces or eliminates ultraviolet radiation from entering a vehicle 40 may be applied to the windshield. Any other window of the vehicle may be tinted in 41 accordance with the following restrictions:

42 43

44

45

- (1) The total light transmission of the tinted window shall be at least thirty-five percent (35%). A vehicle window that, by use of a light meter approved by the Commissioner, measures a total light transmission of more than
- the Commissioner, measures a total light transmission of more than thirty-two percent (32%) is conclusively presumed to meet this restriction.
  (2) The light reflectance of the tinted window shall be twenty percent (20%) or
- 46 (2) The light reflectance of the tinted window shall be twenty percent (20%)
  47 less.
  48 (3) Tinted film or another material used to tint the window shall be nonreflective
  - 48 (3) Tinted film or another material used to tint the window shall be nonreflective
    49 and shall not be red, yellow, or amber.

	General Assembly of North Carolina						
1	(b1) Notwithstanding subsection (b) of this section, a window of a vehicle that is						
2		operated on a public street or highway and which is subject to the provisions of Part 393 of					
3		Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations shall comply with the provisions of that Part.					
4	(c) Tinting Exceptions. – The window tinting restrictions in subsection (b) of this						
5	section apply without exception to the windshield of a vehicle. The window tinting restrictions						
6		b)(1) and (b)(2) of this section do not apply to any of the fo					
7	windows:		6				
8	(1)	A window of an excursion passenger vehicle, a	s defined in				
9		G.S. 20-4.01(27)a.					
10	(2)	A window of a for-hire passenger vehicle, as defined in G.S.	<del>20-4.01(27)b.</del>				
11	(3)	A window of a common carrier of passengers,					
12		G.S. 20-4.01(27)c.					
13	(4)	A window of a motor home, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01(27)d2	2.				
14	(5)	A window of an ambulance, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01(27)f.					
15	(6)	The rear window of a property-hauling vehicle, a	as defined in				
16		G.S. 20-4.01(31).					
17	(7)	A window of a limousine.					
18	(8)	A window of a law enforcement vehicle.					
19	(9)	A window of a multipurpose vehicle that is behind the drive	r of the vehicle.				
20		A multipurpose vehicle is a passenger vehicle that is designed	ed to carry 10 or				
21		fewer passengers and either is constructed on a truck chassi	s or has special				
22		features designed for occasional off-road operation. A miniv	an and a pickup				
23		truck are multipurpose vehicles.					
24	(10)	A window of a vehicle that is registered in another state	and meets the				
25		requirements of the state in which it is registered.					
26	(11)	A window of a vehicle for which the Division has iss	sued a medical				
27		exception permit under subsection (f) of this section.					
28	"						
29		<b>TION 4.</b> G.S. 20-137.4A is amended by adding a new subsection					
30		r Carrier Offense. – It shall be unlawful for any person	-				
31	commercial motor vehicle subject to Parts 390 or 392 of Title 49 of the Code of Federal						
32		a public street or highway or public vehicular area while	using a mobile				
33		er electronic device in violation of those Parts."					
34		<b>TION 5.</b> G.S. 20-141.5 reads as rewritten:					
35	"§ 20-141.5. Spo	eeding to elude arrest.					
36	 (f) E1	1	(1				
37		law enforcement agency shall adopt a policy applicable to	-				
38	-	g motorists. Each policy adopted pursuant to this subsection s					
39 40		be considered by an officer in determining when it is advisable approximate a purposit. The					
40 41	-	l apprehend a suspect. to initiate or terminate a pursuit. The A nodel policy or policies to be considered for use by law enforce.	•				
41	-		U				
42 43		erson is convicted of a violation of subsection (b) of this sec driven by the defendant at the time the defendant committee					
43 44	vehicle that was driven by the defendant at the time the defendant committed the offense of follow speeding to alude arrest becomes property subject to forfaiture in accordance with the						
44	felony speeding to elude arrest becomes property subject to forfeiture in accordance with the procedure set out in G.S. 20-28.2. In applying the procedure set out in that statute, an owner or						
46	<u>a holder of a security interest is considered an innocent party with respect to a motor vehicle</u>						
40 47	subject to forfeiture under this subsection if the defendant drove the motor vehicle without the						
48	consent of the owner or the holder of the security interest."						
49	SECTION 6. G.S. 20-166.1(i) reads as rewritten:						
50	"(i) Effect of Report. – A report of an accident made under this section by a person who						
51		preement officer is without prejudice, is for the use of the Div	• 1				
<i></i>		recentent officer is without prejudice, is for the use of the Div	ision, und shull				

## **General Assembly of North Carolina**

#### Session 2011

not be used in any manner as evidence, or for any other purpose in any trial, civil or criminal, arising out of the accident. Any other report of an accident made under this section may be used in any manner as evidence, or for any other purpose, in any trial, civil or criminal, as permitted under the rules of evidence. At the demand of a court, the Division must give the court a properly executed certificate stating that a particular accident report has or has not been filed with the Division solely to prove a compliance with this section.

7 The reports made by persons who are not law enforcement officers or medical examiners 8 are not public records. The reports made by law enforcement officers and medical examiners 9 are public records and are open to inspection by the general public at all reasonable times. 10 pursuant to this section are public records within the meaning of G.S. 132-1. Reports made 11 pursuant to this section may not be released to any person making a request unless and until personal identifying information has been redacted from the report in compliance with the 12 13 provisions of the federal Drivers Privacy Protection Act, 18 U.S.C. § 2721(b)(11) and (12), and 14 G.S. 20-43.1. The Division must give a certified copy of one of these reports to a member of 15 the general public who requests a copy any person entitled to a copy of such report and who pays the fee set in G.S. 20-42." 16

17

### **SECTION 7.** G.S. 20-383 reads as rewritten:

### 18 "§ 20-383. Inspectors and officers given enforcement authority.

19 Only designated inspectors and officers of the Department of Crime Control and Public 20 Safety-The State Highway patrol and other agents or employees of the Department of Crime 21 Control and Public Safety designated by the Secretary of Crime Control and Public Safety shall 22 have the authority to enforce the provisions of this Article and provisions of Chapter 62 23 applicable to motor transportation, and they are empowered to make complaint for the issue of 24 appropriate warrants, informations, presentments or other lawful process for the enforcement 25 and prosecution of violations of the transportation laws against all offenders, whether they be 26 regulated motor carriers or not, and to appear in court or before the North Carolina Utilities 27 Commission and offer evidence at the trial pursuant to such processes."

SECTION 8. Sections 6 and 7 of this act are effective when this act becomes law.
 Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 of this act become effective December 1, 2011, and apply to offenses
 committed on or after that date.