GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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HOUSE BILL 45* Committee Substitute Favorable 3/3/11 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 3/10/11

 Short Title:
 Accelerate Cleanup of Industrial Properties.
 (Public)

 Sponsors:
 (Public)

Referred to:

February 8, 2011

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO ALLOW THE USE OF RISK-BASED REMEDIATION TO ACCELERATE
THE CLEANUP OF CONTAMINATED INDUSTRIAL SITES FOR THE PURPOSE OF
LIMITING HUMAN AND ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE TO SAFE LEVELS, TO
PROTECT CURRENT AND LIKELY FUTURE USES OF GROUNDWATER, AND TO
ENSURE THE COST-EFFECTIVE APPLICATION OF LIMITED PUBLIC AND
PRIVATE RESOURCES.

8 Whereas, the General Assembly finds that public health, safety, and welfare and the 9 environment can be protected by implementing a remediation process that requires that 10 contaminated industrial sites be cleaned up to a level that is sufficient to ensure protection of 11 public health, safety, and welfare and the environment without excessive expenditure of public 12 or private resources; and

Whereas, the General Assembly finds that there are contaminated industrial sites in North Carolina, including land and other property, surface water, and groundwater, that are adversely affected by environmental contamination due to the presence of drilling waste; hazardous and toxic materials, substances, and wastes; solid waste; oil; and other wastes, contaminants, and regulated substances; and

18 Whereas, the General Assembly finds that the presence of environmental 19 contamination on industrial sites creates both potential and actual harm to public health, safety, 20 and welfare and to the environment; and

Whereas, the General Assembly finds that this potential and actual harm results in substantial economic losses, including reduced property values and tax revenues, decreased ability to develop and expand the beneficial use of these sites, and other opportunity costs because of the uncertainties and concerns that result from the environmental contamination of these sites; and

Whereas, the General Assembly finds that it is in the public interest that contaminated industrial sites are cleaned up or managed in a manner that protects public health, safety, and welfare and the environment and protects groundwater that is a current or probable future water supply; and

Whereas, the General Assembly finds that North Carolina has numerous and varied State-managed remediation programs to address environmental contamination, including the Inactive Hazardous Sites Response Act of 1987; the hazardous waste management program administered by the State pursuant to the federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976; the Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Act of 1988; the Brownfields Property Reuse Act of 1997; the Dry-Cleaning Solvent Cleanup Act of 1997; the federal Superfund program administered in part by the State pursuant to the Comprehensive



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Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 and the Superfund 1 2 Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986; and the groundwater protection rules adopted 3 by the Environmental Management Commission; and 4 Whereas, the General Assembly finds that the expenditure of public and private 5 resources on unnecessary remediation could better be channeled to other purposes, including 6 new development, renovation and repair, research and development, training and education, 7 and other activities that maintain and enhance North Carolina's competitive position in the 8 world and the excellent quality of life enjoyed by the citizens of North Carolina; and 9 Whereas, the General Assembly finds that North Carolina's groundwater is a 10 valuable public and private resource, serving as the drinking water source for one-half of the 11 State's population and also as a water supply for industrial and commercial uses; and 12 Whereas, the General Assembly finds that maintenance of North Carolina's surface 13 water and groundwater resources will become increasingly important to the continued 14 economic vitality of the State in the future; and Whereas, the General Assembly finds that use of site-specific remediation standards 15 based on an objective, scientific, and uniform approach to the evaluation of the risk posed by 16 17 each contaminated site can be protective of public health, safety, and welfare and the 18 environment; and 19 Whereas, the General Assembly finds that use of site-specific remediation standards 20 in appropriate circumstances may encourage accelerated cleanup of contaminated industrial 21 sites; and 22 Whereas, the General Assembly intends that the levels of remediation that are 23 established for each contaminated site are to be applicable or relevant under federal remediation 24 programs; and 25 Whereas, the General Assembly intends that the protections afforded to public 26 health, safety, and welfare and to the environment by existing environmental, health, and safety 27 standards that apply to ongoing activities not be diminished in any way, in order that those 28 standards will continue to protect against the discharge or release of contaminants to the 29 environment that would result in additional contaminated sites; Now, therefore, 30 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 31 SECTION 1. G.S. 130A-310.62 through G.S. 130A-310.64 are reserved for future 32 codification purposes. 33 **SECTION 2.** Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes is amended by 34 adding a new Part to read: 35 "Part 8. Risk-Based Environmental Remediation of Industrial Sites. 36 "§ 130A-310.65. Definitions. As used in this Part: 37 38 "Background standard" means the naturally occurring concentration of a (1)39 substance in the absence of the release of a contaminant. 40 "Commission" means the Environmental Management Commission created (2)41 pursuant to G.S. 143B-282. 42 "Contaminant" means any substance regulated under any program listed in (3) 43 G.S. 130A-310.67(a). 44 "Contaminated industrial site" or "site" means any real property that meets <u>(4)</u> all of the following criteria: 45 46 The property is contaminated and may be subject to remediation a. 47 under any of the programs or requirements set out in 48 G.S. 130A-310.67(a). 49 The property is or has been used primarily for manufacturing or other <u>b.</u> 50 industrial activities for the production of a commercial product. This includes a property used primarily for the generation of electricity. 51

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bes not include a property used primarily for service industry
<u>es.</u>
ntaminant associated with activities at the property has
d or will migrate to any adjacent properties above
cted use standards for the contaminant.
n" means a contaminant released into an environmental
as resulted in or has the potential to result in an increase in the
of the contaminant in the environmental medium in excess of
e standards.
the Inactive Hazardous Sites Cleanup Fund established
S. 130A-310.11.
controls" means nonengineered measures used to prevent
e to contamination, such as land-use restrictions.
vironmental consultant" means an environmental consulting
firm approved to implement and oversee voluntary remedial
nt to Part 3 of Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General
les adopted to implement the Part.
tion plan" means a plan for eliminating or reducing
or exposure to contamination.
means all actions that are necessary or appropriate to clean
correct, abate, minimize, eliminate, control, or prevent the
ration, leaking, leaching, volatilization, spilling, transport, or
of a contaminant into the environment in order to protect
safety, or welfare or the environment.
cant" means any substance that may enter the body and have a
other than causing cancer.
use standards" means contaminant concentrations for each
medium that are acceptable for all uses; that are protective of
safety, and welfare and the environment; and that comply with
cable standards, guidance, or methods established by statute
blished, or implemented by the Commission, the Commission
th, or the Department.
to authorize the Department to approve the remediation of
sed on site-specific remediation standards in circumstances
standards are adequate to protect public health, safety, and
are consistent with protection of current and anticipated future ater affected or potentially affected by the contamination.
ater affected or potentially affected by the contamination.
ater affected or potentially affected by the contamination.
ater affected or potentially affected by the contamination. ontaminated industrial sites subject to remediation pursuant to requirements:
ater affected or potentially affected by the contamination. ontaminated industrial sites subject to remediation pursuant to requirements: azardous Sites Response Act of 1987 under Part 3 of Article 9
ater affected or potentially affected by the contamination. ontaminated industrial sites subject to remediation pursuant to requirements: azardous Sites Response Act of 1987 under Part 3 of Article 9 OA of the General Statutes, including voluntary actions under
ater affected or potentially affected by the contamination. ontaminated industrial sites subject to remediation pursuant to requirements: azardous Sites Response Act of 1987 under Part 3 of Article 9 OA of the General Statutes, including voluntary actions under
ater affected or potentially affected by the contamination. ontaminated industrial sites subject to remediation pursuant to requirements: azardous Sites Response Act of 1987 under Part 3 of Article 9 OA of the General Statutes, including voluntary actions under 0.9 of that act, and rules promulgated pursuant to those
ater affected or potentially affected by the contamination. ontaminated industrial sites subject to remediation pursuant to requirements: azardous Sites Response Act of 1987 under Part 3 of Article 9 OA of the General Statutes, including voluntary actions under 0.9 of that act, and rules promulgated pursuant to those s waste management program administered by the State
ater affected or potentially affected by the contamination. ontaminated industrial sites subject to remediation pursuant to requirements: azardous Sites Response Act of 1987 under Part 3 of Article 9 OA of the General Statutes, including voluntary actions under 0.9 of that act, and rules promulgated pursuant to those s waste management program administered by the State e federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976,
ater affected or potentially affected by the contamination. ontaminated industrial sites subject to remediation pursuant to requirements: azardous Sites Response Act of 1987 under Part 3 of Article 9 OA of the General Statutes, including voluntary actions under 0.9 of that act, and rules promulgated pursuant to those s waste management program administered by the State e federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, -580, 90 Stat. 2795, 42 U.S.C. § 6901, et seq., as amended,

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<u>(4)</u>	The federal Superfund program administered in part	t by the State pursuant to
	the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Com	• •
	Act of 1980, Public Law 96-510, 94 Stat. 2767, 42 J	
	amended, the Superfund Amendments and Reauth	horization Act of 1986,
	Public Law 99-499, 100 Stat. 1613, as amended, an	d under Part 4 of Article
	9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes.	
<u>(5)</u>	The groundwater protection corrective action requi	irements adopted by the
	Commission pursuant to Article 21 of Chapter 143 of	of the General Statutes.
<u>(6)</u>	Oil Pollution and Hazardous Substances Control Ac	<u>ct of 1978, Parts 1 and 2</u>
	of Article 21A of Chapter 143 of the General Statute	<u>es.</u>
<u>(b)</u> <u>This</u>	Part shall not apply to contaminated industrial sites	s subject to remediation
pursuant to any	of the following programs or requirements:	
<u>(1)</u>	The Leaking Petroleum Underground Storage Tank	Cleanup program under
	Part 2A of Article 21A of Chapter 143 of the Ge	eneral Statutes and rules
	promulgated pursuant to that statute.	
<u>(2)</u>	The Dry-Cleaning Solvent Cleanup program under	Part 6 of Article 21A of
	Chapter 143 of the General Statutes and rules prom	nulgated pursuant to that
	statute.	
<u>(3)</u>	The pre-1983 landfill assessment and remediation pr	rogram established under
	<u>G.S. 130A-310.6(c) through (g).</u>	
	Part shall apply only to sites where a discharge	
	as been reported to the Department prior to March 1, 20	<u>011.</u>
	. Remediation standards.	
	n conducting remediation activities pursuant to this Par	
-	d to respond to the release of a contaminant at a con	taminated industrial site
	th one of the following standards:	
(1)	The unrestricted use standards applicable to each aff	
<u>(2)</u>	The background standard, if the background	standard exceeds the
	unrestricted use standards.	1 • 1 • 1
<u>(3)</u>	<u>A site-specific remediation standard developed</u>	
	subsection (b) of this section that is approved by the	▲
<u>(4)</u>	Any combination of remediation standards describe	ed in this subsection that
$(\mathbf{I}_{\mathbf{i}})$ $\mathbf{C}^{\mathbf{i}}_{\mathbf{i}}$	is approved by the Department.	1
	specific remediation standards shall be developed for e	
	on to achieve remediation that eliminates or reduces	± •
·	ent or probable future risk to human health, including	• •
	t based upon the present or currently planned futurity site specific remediation standards shall be devel	
	site. Site-specific remediation standards shall be devel	oped in accordance with
all of the follow	-	alt in amissions of air
<u>(1)</u>	Remediation methods and technologies that resu	
	pollutants shall comply with applicable air quality s	standards adopted by the
(2)	<u>Commission.</u>	victors shall be the victor
<u>(2)</u>	The site-specific remediation standard for surface y	waters shall be the water
(2)	quality standards adopted by the Commission.	a shall be identified and
<u>(3)</u>	The current and probable future use of groundwate	
	protected. Site-specific sources of contaminants and	
	be identified. Potential receptors must be protected,	
	whether the receptors are located on or off the s	
	<u>contamination is located. Natural environmental con</u> and transport of contaminants, such as natura	
	and transport of containing s. such as natura	i allenuation, shall be
	determined by appropriate scientific methods.	

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1	<u>(4)</u>	Permits for facilities located at sites covered by any of	the programs or
		requirements set out in G.S. 130A-310.67(a) shall cont	
		avoid exceedances of applicable groundwater standards	
		Commission pursuant to Article 21 of Chapter 143 of the	
		due to operation of the facility.	
	<u>(5)</u>	Soil shall be remediated to levels that no longer consti	tute a continuing
	<u>(0)</u>	source of groundwater contamination in excess of	-
		groundwater remediation standards approved under this Pa	
	<u>(6)</u>	Soil shall be remediated to unrestricted use standards on re	
	<u>(0)</u>	with the following exceptions:	<u>isidentiai property</u>
		<u>a.</u> For mixed-use developments where the ground	d level uses are
		nonresidential and where all potential exposure to	
		has been eliminated, the Department may allow soi	
		site in excess of unrestricted use standards.	
			the presence of
		b. <u>If soil remediation is impracticable because of</u> preexisting structures or impracticability of remova	
		real property at which a person may come into com	
		be remediated to unrestricted use standards, and, or	
		the real property, engineering and institutional	
		sufficient to protect public health, safety, and	wenare and the
	(7)	environment shall be implemented and maintained.	a autoan air and
	<u>(7)</u>	The potential for human inhalation of contaminants from the other site anguific in door site anguities and the set of the	
		other site-specific indoor air exposure pathways shall	be considered, ii
	$\langle 0 \rangle$	applicable.	4 1
	<u>(8)</u>	The site-specific remediation standard shall protect agains	
		to contamination through the consumption of contaminate	
		and through the ingestion of contaminants in surface water	er or groundwater
	$\langle 0 \rangle$	supplies.	d'attan atau dan da
	<u>(9)</u>	For known or suspected carcinogens, site-specific reme	
		shall be established at exposures that represent an excess li	
		of one in 1,000,000. The site-specific remediation standard	
		the one-in-1,000,000 risk level based on the criteria set $\frac{1}{2}$	
		Federal Regulations § 300.430(e)(9) (July 1, 2003 Edition	
		excess lifetime cancer risk to an exposed individual shall r	
		one in 10,000 based on the sum of carcinogenic risl	<u>k posed by each</u>
	(10)	<u>contaminant present.</u>	da ahall usuussaut
	<u>(10)</u>	For systemic toxicants, site-specific remediation standar	
		levels to which the human population, including sensitive s	
		exposed without any adverse health effect during a life	*
		lifetime. Site-specific remediation standards for system	
		incorporate an adequate margin of safety and shall take i	
		where two or more systemic toxicants affect the same	e organ or organ
	(1.1)	system.	11.1 1
	<u>(11)</u>	The site-specific remediation standards for each medium sh	-
		avoid foreseeable adverse effects to other media or the en	vironment that are
		inconsistent with the risk-based approach under this Part.	
		Remedial investigation report; remedial action plans.	
	(a) A pers	son who proposes to conduct remediation pursuant to this H	
			1 . 1
	-	ation report to the Department prior to submitting a remedia	-
	remedial investig	ation report to the Department prior to submitting a remedia gation report shall include, but is not limited to, a legal te; a map showing the location of the site; a description of	description of the

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1	involved and the	eir concentration in the media of the site; a narrative description of the		
2		d in the investigation; a description of all on-site releases of contamination; a		
3	site map, drawn to scale, showing benchmarks, directional arrow, location of property			
4	boundaries, buildings, structures, all perennial and nonperennial surface water features,			
5		dense vegetation, contaminant spill or disposal areas, underground utilities,		
6	-	and existing on-site wells; identification of adjacent property owners and		
7	-	s; description of local geologic and hydrologic conditions; an evaluation of the		
8		properties for the existence of environmentally sensitive areas; a description		
9		nonitoring well design and installation procedures; a map, drawn to scale, that		
10		water sample locations; a description of field and laboratory quality control		
11		ance procedures followed during the remedial investigation; a description of		
12	· · ·	manage investigation-derived wastes; tabulation of analytical results for all		
13		of all laboratory reports; a description of procedures and the results of any		
14		nts; and any other information required by the Department or considered		
15	·	nvestigator. The remedial investigation shall assess all contaminated areas of		
16		g types and levels of contamination, and the risk that the contamination poses		
17		safety, and welfare and to the environment.		
18		son who proposes to conduct remediation pursuant to this Part shall develop		
19		posed remedial action plan to the Department. A remedial action plan shall		
20	-	otection of public health, safety, and welfare and the environment. A remedial		
21	*	do all of the following:		
22	(1)	Identify actions required to remove, treat, or otherwise appropriately		
23		mitigate or isolate the source of contamination to ensure that the source will		
24		not cause unrestricted use standards to be exceeded in any medium.		
25	<u>(2)</u>	Address contamination that moves from one medium to another in order to		
26		prevent a violation of the remediation standards established under		
27		G.S. 130A-310.68. A more stringent remediation standard may be required		
28		for a particular medium to control impact on other media.		
29	<u>(3)</u>	Identify the current and anticipated future uses of property comprising the		
30		contaminated site and address any concerns raised in public comment on the		
31		proposed remedial action plan as to the proposed future uses of the property.		
32	<u>(4)</u>	Identify the current and anticipated future uses of groundwater in the		
33		contaminated site and address any concerns raised in public comment on the		
34		proposed remedial action plan as to the future uses of groundwater.		
35	<u>(5)</u>	Determine the appropriate method of remediation to achieve the site-specific		
36		remediation standards.		
37	<u>(6)</u>	Specify any measures that may be necessary to prevent adverse effects to the		
38		environment that may occur at levels of contamination that are lower than		
39		the standard necessary to protect human health.		
40	<u>(7)</u>	Specify any measures that may be necessary to prevent any discharge into		
41		surface waters during implementation of the remedial action plan that		
42		violates applicable surface water quality standards adopted by the		
43		Commission.		
44	<u>(8)</u>	Specify any measures that may be necessary to prevent any air emission		
45		during implementation of the remedial action plan that violates applicable air		
46		quality standards adopted by the Commission.		
47	<u>(9)</u>	Provide for attainment and maintenance of the remediation standards		
48		established under G.S. 130A-310.68.		
49	<u>(10)</u>	Provide for methods and procedures to verify that the quantity,		
50		concentration, range, or other measure of each contaminant remaining at the		
51		contaminated site at the conclusion of the contaminant-reduction phase of		

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		remediation meets the remediation standards established	ed for the site, that an
		acceptable level of risk has been achieved, and that no	further remediation is
		required.	
	<u>(11)</u>	Provide for the imposition and recordation of lan	d-use restrictions as
		provided in G.S. 143B-279.9, 143B-279.10, 130A-3	
		130A-310.35, 143-215.84(f), and 143-215.85A if the	remedial action plan
		allows contamination in excess of the greater of unrestr	ricted use standards or
		background standards to remain on any real property of	or in groundwater that
		underlies any real property.	
	<u>(12)</u>	Provide for submission of an annual certification to the	he Department by the
		property owner that land use at the site is in comp	pliance with land-use
		restrictions recorded pursuant to this Part and that the	e land-use restrictions
		are still properly recorded in the chain of title for the pr	operty.
	<u>(13)</u>	Provide a detailed description of the proposed remedi	al action to be taken;
		the results of any treatability studies and additional	site characterization
		needed to support the proposed remedial action; plans	for postremedial and
		confirmatory sampling; a project schedule; a schedule	for progress reports to
		the Department; and any other information required	by the Department or
		considered relevant by the person who submits the pro	posed remedial action
		plan.	-
	(14)	Provide a description of measures that will be employ	yed to ensure that the
		safety and health of persons on properties in the view	cinity of the site and
		persons visiting or doing business on the site will not	be adversely affected
		by any remediation activity.	-
	(15)	Provide a reasonable estimate of the probable cost of	f the remedial action
		sufficient for the Department to determine an accepta	able level of financial
		assurance.	
	(16)	Provide proof of financial assurance as required by G.S.	. 130A-310.72.
<u>(c</u>	<u>) A ren</u>	nedial action plan shall also include an analysis of e	ach of the following
factor	rs:		
	<u>(1)</u>	Long-term risks and effectiveness of the proposed rem	ediation, including an
		evaluation of all of the following:	
		a. <u>The magnitude of risks remaining after</u>	completion of the
		remediation.	
		b. The type, degree, frequency, and duration of	any postremediation
		activity that may be required, including, but no	t limited to, operation
		and maintenance, monitoring, inspection, repor	ts, and other activities
		necessary to protect public health, safety, a	and welfare and the
		environment.	
		c. Potential for exposure of human and enviro	nmental receptors to
		contaminants remaining at the site.	
		d. Long-term reliability of any engineering and	voluntary institutional
		controls, including repair, maintenance,	or replacement of
		<u>components.</u>	
		e. <u>Time required to achieve remediation standards</u>	
	<u>(2)</u>	Toxicity, mobility, and volume of contaminants, inc	luding the amount of
		contaminants that will be removed, contained, treat	ed, or destroyed; the
		degree of expected reduction in toxicity, mobility, and	volume; and the type,
		quantity, toxicity, and mobility of contaminants th	
		implementation of the remedial action plan.	

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1	(3)	Short-term risks and effectiveness of the remediation	n. including the
2	<u></u>	short-term risks that may be posed to the community,	-
3		environment during implementation of the remedial activ	
4		effectiveness and reliability of protective measures to ac	
5		risks.	
6	<u>(4)</u>	The ease or difficulty of implementing the remedial actio	n plan, including
7		commercially available remedial measures; expected opera	
8		available capacity and location of needed treatment, stora	
9		services for wastes; time to initiate remediation; and appro	
10		implement the remediation.	
11	(d) The d	evelopment of a remedial action plan may require supplement	ental submissions
12		sed on Department review, remedial action pilot studies, and	
13		ment and citizens.	<u>.</u>
14		Notice of intent to remediate.	
15		o the public participation requirements of the individual pr	rograms listed in
16		7(a), the person who proposes to remediate a site under this	
17		to remediate to all local governments having taxing or land	
18		to all adjoining landowners. The notice shall include all o	
19		130A-310.69(a) and include a statement of intent to clea	
20	-	ediation standards. The person shall submit to the Departme	-
21	*	rovided to local governments and adjoining landowners, a cer	
22	-	to remediate was so provided to those parties, and all	
23		e person received in response to the notice. In addition, the p	
24		ribe how the remediation plan was modified to address com	
25	response to the ne	-	
26	-	Review and approval of proposed remedial action plans.	
27		Department shall review and approve a proposed reme	dial action plan
28		he remediation standards set out in G.S. 130A-310.68 and the	
29		n. In its review of a proposed remedial action plan, the Depar	
30	of the following:		
31	<u>(1)</u>	Determine whether site-specific remediation standards are	appropriate for a
32		particular contaminated site. In making this determination	
33		shall consider proximity of the contamination to water supp	÷
34		receptors; current and probable future reliance on the groun	
35		supply; current and anticipated future land use; environme	
36		the feasibility of remediation to unrestricted use standards.	<u> </u>
37	<u>(2)</u>	Determine whether the party conducting the remediation	n has adequately
38	<u></u>	demonstrated through modeling or other scientific means	
39		Department that no contamination will migrate to adjacent	
40		above unrestricted use standards.	<u>r - r - ,</u>
41	<u>(3)</u>	Determine whether the proposed remedial action	plan meets the
42	<u>x=</u> 7	requirements of G.S. 130A-310.69.	r
43	<u>(4)</u>	Determine whether the proposed remedial action	plan meets the
44		requirements of any other applicable remediation progr	
45		pertaining to remediation standards.	<u> </u>
46	<u>(5)</u>	Establish the acceptable level or range of levels of risk	to public health.
47	<u> </u>	safety, and welfare and to the environment.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
48	<u>(6)</u>	Establish, for each contaminant, the maximum allo	owable quantity.
49	7	concentration, range, or other measures of contamination the	
50		the contaminated site at the conclusion of the contaminan	
51		of the remediation.	<u> </u>

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1	<u>(7)</u> <u>Con</u>	sider the technical performance, effectivene	ess, and reliability of the
2	prop	osed remedial action plan in attaining and ma	aintaining compliance with
3	appl	icable remediation standards.	
4	<u>(8)</u> <u>Con</u>	sider the ability of the person who propose	es to remediate the site to
5	<u>imp</u>]	ement the proposed remedial action plan wit	thin a reasonable time and
6	with	out jeopardizing public health, safety, or welfa	are or the environment.
7	<u>(9)</u> <u>Dete</u>	ermine whether the proposed remedial action	plan adequately provides
8	<u>for t</u>	he imposition and maintenance of engineering	g and institutional controls
9	and	for sampling, monitoring, and reporting r	requirements necessary to
0	prot	ect public health, safety, and welfare and the e	environment.
1	<u>(10)</u> <u>App</u>	rove the circumstances under which no further	r remediation is required.
2	(b) The person	who proposes a remedial action plan has the	e burden of demonstrating
3	that contamination from	n the site will not likely migrate in the reason	nably foreseeable future to
4	adjacent property and	that the remedial action plan is protective of	public health, safety, and
5	welfare and the environ	ment by virtue of its compliance with this Par	<u>rt.</u>
6	(c) The Depart	ment may require a person who proposes	a remedial action plan to
7	supply any additional	information necessary for the Department to	approve or disapprove the
8	<u>plan.</u>		
9	(d) In making a	determination on a proposed remedial action	plan, the Department shall
0	consider the information	on provided by the person who proposes the re-	emedial action plan as well
1	as information provi	ded by local governments and adjoining	landowners pursuant to
2	<u>G.S. 130A-310.70. The</u>	e Department shall disapprove a proposed rem	edial action plan unless the
3		the plan is protective of public health, sat	-
4	-	lies with the requirements of this Part. If the	
5	1 1	on plan, the person who submitted the plan ma	• •
6		r 150B of the General Statutes. If the Depa	- -
7		remedial action plan within 120 days after	
8		who submitted the plan may treat the plan as h	having been disapproved at
9	the end of that time per		
0		ncial assurance requirement.	
1	-	cting remediation of a contaminated indus	-
2	•	shall establish financial assurance that will e	
3		nent and maintain the actions or controls spec	
4 5	* *	erson conducting remediation of a site may es	
5		owing mechanisms, or any combination of the roved by the Department: insurance products	
6 7		• •	
8	-	rship association with the person conducting	-
o 9		certificates of deposit; letters of credit; corp	
9 0	-	ests; corporate guarantees; local government financial mechanism authorized for the d	
1			
2		Code of Federal Regulations Part 264, Subpa of Subchapter B of Chapter 13 of Title 1:	
3	Administrative Code.	of Subchapter B of Chapter 15 of The 1.	SA of the North Carolina
3 4		inment of the remediation standard.	
.5		with the approved remediation standards is a	ttained for a site or portion
5 6		lial action plan approved by the Department	
.7		water, surface water, and air emission standar	-
.8		may be attained through a combination of rem	
9		noval, engineering, or institutional controls	
50		ation may not demonstrate attainment of an un	· · · · ·
51		arough the use of institutional controls alone.	
1	Jackground Standard II	nough the use of institutional controls alone.	when the remeutar action

General Assembly Of North Carolina

1	plan has been fully implemented, the person conducting the remediation shall submit a final
2	report to the Department, with notice to all local governments with taxing and land-use
3	jurisdiction over the site, that demonstrates that the remedial action plan has been fully
4	implemented, that any land-use restrictions have been certified on an annual basis, and that the
5	remediation standards have been attained. The final report shall be accompanied by a request
6	that the Department issue a determination that no further remediation beyond that specified in
7	the approved remedial action plan is required.
8	(b) The person conducting the remediation has the burden of demonstrating that the
9	remedial action plan has been fully implemented and that the remediation standards have been
10	attained in compliance with the requirements of this Part. The Department may require a person
11	who implements the remedial action plan to supply any additional information necessary for
12	the Department to determine whether the remediation standards have been attained.
13	(c) <u>The Department shall review the final report, and, upon determining that the person</u>
14	conducting the remediation has completed remediation to the approved remediation standard
15	and met all the requirements of the approved remedial action plan, the Department shall issue a
16	determination that no further remediation beyond that specified in the approved remedial action
17	plan is required at the site. Once the Department has issued a no further action determination,
18	the Department may require additional remedial action by the responsible party only upon
19	finding any of the following:
20	(1) Monitoring, testing, or analysis of the site subsequent to the issuance of the
21	no further action determination indicates that the remediation standards and
22	objectives were not achieved or are not being maintained.
23	(2) One or more of the conditions, restrictions, or limitations imposed on the site
24 25	as part of the remediation have been violated.
25 26	(3) Site monitoring or operation and maintenance activities that are required as
26	part of the remedial action plan or no further action determination for the site
27	(4) <u>are not adequately funded or are not adequately implemented.</u>
28 29	(4) <u>A contaminant or hazardous substance release is discovered at the site that</u>
29 30	was not the subject of the remedial investigation report or the remedial
30 31	$\frac{\text{action plan.}}{(5)}$
31 32	(5) <u>A material change in the facts known to the Department at the time the</u> written no further action determination was issued, or new facts, cause the
32 33	
33 34	Department to find that further assessment or remediation is necessary to prevent a significant risk to human health and safety or to the environment.
34 35	
35 36	(6) <u>The no further action determination was based on fraud, misrepresentation</u> , or intentional nondisclosure of information by the person conducting the
30 37	remediation.
38	
38 39	(7) <u>Installation or use of wells would induce the flow of contaminated</u> groundwater off the site.
40	(d) The Department shall issue a final decision on a request for a determination that
40 41	remediation has been completed to approved standards and that no further remediation beyond
42	that specified in the approved remedial action plan is required within 180 days after receipt of a
43	complete final report. Failure of the Department to issue a final decision on a no further
44	remediation determination within 180 days after receipt of a complete final report and request
45	for a determination of no further remediation may be treated as a denial of the request for a no
46	further remediation determination. The responsible person may seek review of a denial of a
40 47	request for a release from further remediation as provided in Article 3 of Chapter 150B of the
48	General Statutes.
49	(e) Once the Department issues a determination that no further remediation is required
4) 50	beyond that specified in the approved remedial action plan for the site, any person who changes
50	beyone that speemed in the upproved remediat action plan for the site, any person who changes

the use of the property causing the level of risk to increase beyond the acceptable risk range shall be required by the Department to undertake additional remediation measures. **I30A-310-74. Compliance with other laws. Where a site is covered by an agreement under the Brownfields Property Reuse Act of 1997, as codified as Part 5 of Article 9 Chapter 130A of the General Statutes, any work performed by the prospective developer pursuant to that agreement is not required to comply with this Part, but any work not covered by such agreement and performed at the site by another person not a party to that agreement may be performed pursuant to this Part. **I30A-310.75. Use of registered environmental consultants. The Department may approve the use of a registered environmental consultant to provide oversight for the assessment and remediation of a site under this Part. If remediation under this Part is not undertaken voluntarily, the Department may not require the use of a registered environmental consultant to provide oversight for the assessment and remediation of a site under this Part. *I30A-310.76. Fees: permissible uses of fees. (a) A person who undertakes remediation of environmental contamination under site-specific remediation standards as provided in G.S. 130A-310.68 shall pay a fee to the Pund in an amount equal to four thousand five hundred dollars (54.500) for each acre or portion of an area of contamination, including any area that will become contaminated as a result of the remediat action plan to the Department. (b) Funds collected pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may be used only for the remediat action plan to the Department. (c) Funds collected pursuant to subsection (General Assemb	ly Of North Carolina	Session 2011
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11 oversight for the assessment and remediation of a site under this Part. If remediation under this 12 Part is not undertaken voluntarily, the Department may not require the use of a registered 13 is not undertaken voluntarily, the Department may not require the use of a registered 14 under this Part. 15 * 130A-310.76. Fees; permissible uses of fees. 16 (a) A person who undertakes remediation of environmental contamination under 18 in an amount equal to four thousand five hundred dollars (\$4,500) for each acre or portion of an 19 acre of contamination, including any area that will become contaminated as a result of the 10 release; however, no person shall be required to pay more than one hundred twenty-five 11 (b) Funds collected pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may be used only for the 12 following purposes: 13 (2) To establish, administer, and maintain a system for the tracking of land-use 14 This Part shall not be construed or implemented in any of the following ways: 15 (1) In any manner that would jeopardize federal authorization under any of the 16 fedral statutes, programs, or requirements set out in G.S. 130A-310.67(a) and fedral statutes, programs, or requirements of an otherwise govern 16 In any manner that would jeopard	9	" <u>§ 130A-310.75.</u>	Use of registered environmental consultants.	
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 in an amount equal to four thousand five hundred dollars (\$4,500) for each acre or portion of an acre of contamination, including any area that will become contaminated as a result of the release; however, no person shall be required to pay more than one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000) to the Fund for any individual site, regardless of its size. This one-time fee shall be payable at the time the person undertaking remediation submits the remedial action plan to the Department. (b) Funds collected pursuant to subsection (a) of this section may be used only for the following purposes: (1) To pay for administrative and operating expenses necessary to implement this Part. (2) To establish, administer, and maintain a system for the tracking of land-use restrictions recorded at sites that are remediated pursuant to this Part. "§ 130A-310.77. Construction of Part. This Part shall not be construed or implemented in any of the following ways: (1) In any manner that would jeopardize federal authorization under any of the federal statutes, programs, or requirements set out in G.S. 130A-310.67(a) or would otherwise conflict with federal authority under those statutes, programs, and requirements of an otherwise applicable remediation program, this Part shall control, unless expressly stated to the contrary. (2) To limit the authority of the Department to require investigation, initial response, or requirements of an otherwise applicable remediation program, this Part shall control, unless expressly stated to the contrary. (2) To limit the authority of the Department to require investigation, initial response, or requirements to programs to prevent or mitigate the release or public health, safety, or welfare or the environment. (3) To alter the requirements to programs to prevent or mitigate the release				
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	General Assembly	y Of North Carolina	Session 2011
1		site and any land-use restrictions imposed as part of a re	medial action plan
2		shall comply with land-use and development control	_
3		municipality pursuant to Article 19 of Chapter 160A of th	
4		or adopted by a county pursuant to Article 18 of Cha	
5		General Statutes."	<u>+</u>
6		ON 3. G.S. 130A-310.78 through G.S. 130A-310.80 are	reserved for future
7	codification purpor		
8		ON 4. G.S. 130A-310.10(a) reads as rewritten:	
9		ceretary shall report on inactive hazardous sites to the	Joint Legislative
10		overnmental Operations, the Environmental Review Con-	-
11		Division on or before 1 October of each year. The repo	
12	least:least the follo		it shull morado ut
13		The Inactive Hazardous Waste Sites Priority List; List.	
14		A list of remedial action plans requiring State funding th	rough the Inactive
15		Hazardous Sites Cleanup Fund; Fund.	nough the mactive
16		A comprehensive budget to implement these remedial ac	tion plans and the
17		adequacy of the Inactive Hazardous Sites Cleanup Fund	
18		said plans; plans.	
19		A prioritized list of sites that are eligible for reme	dial action under
20		CERCLA/SARA together with recommended remedial	
21		comprehensive budget to implement such plans.	
22		implementing a remedial action plan under CERCLA/SA	
23		statement as to any appropriation that may be necessary	
24		share of such plan;plan.	
25		A list of sites and remedial action plans undergoing volu	ntary cleanup with
26		Departmental approval; approval.	in for the second s
27		A list of sites and remedial action plans that may requir	re State funding, a
28		comprehensive budget if implementation of these possib	
29		plans is required, and the adequacy of the Inactive Hazard	
30		Fund to fund the possible costs of said plans; plans.	P
31		A list of sites that pose an imminent hazard;hazard.	
32		A comprehensive budget to develop and implement remed	ial action plans for
33	• •	sites that pose imminent hazards and that may require Sta	-
34		adequacy of the Inactive Hazardous Sites Cleanup Fund; a	0
35		The amounts and sources of funds collected by yea	
36		G.S. 130A-310.76, the amounts and sources of those fu	
37		Inactive Hazardous Sites Cleanup Fund establish	-
38		G.S. 130A-310.11, the number of acres of contaminatio	
39		have been received pursuant to G.S. 130A-310.76, and	
40		accounting of how the funds collected pursuant to G.S.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
41		been utilized by the Department to advance the purposes of	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
42		9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes.	
43		Any other information requested by the General	Assembly or the
44		Environmental Review Commission."	j
45		ON 5. The Secretary of Environment and Natural Resou	rces shall make all
46		to obtain a written agreement from the United Stat	
47		that Part 8 of Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General S	
48		this act, is consistent with the Comprehensive Enviror	
49	-	d Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-510, 94 Stat. 2767,	_
50		d, and the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization A	
51		tet 1612 as amonded	

51 Law 99-499, 100 Stat. 1613, as amended.

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SECTION 6. This act is effective when it becomes law.