GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

S 2

SENATE BILL 718 Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 5/11/09

Short Title:	2009 Omnibus Election Law Changes.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

March 24, 2009

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE ELECTION LAWS.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

2728

29

30

31 32

33

34

35

36

37

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 163-227.2(g) reads as rewritten:

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a county board of elections by unanimous vote of all its members may provide for one or more sites in that county for absentee ballots to be applied for and cast under this section. A county board of elections may demand and use as a one-stop site under this section any facility that it may demand and use under G.S. 163-129 as an election day voting place except for buildings supported or maintained in whole or in part by or through tax revenues that are utilized primarily for public safety or emergency services purposes. Every individual staffing any of those sites shall be a member or full-time employee of the county board of elections or an employee of the county board of elections whom the board has given training equivalent to that given a full-time employee. Those sites must be approved by the State Board of Elections as part of a Plan for Implementation approved by both the county board of elections and by the State Board of Elections which shall also provide adequate security of the ballots and provisions to avoid allowing persons to vote who have already voted. The Plan for Implementation shall include a provision for the presence of political party observers at each one-stop site equivalent to the provisions in G.S. 163-45 for party observers at voting places on election day. A county board of elections may propose in its Plan not to offer one-stop voting at the county board of elections office; the State Board may approve that proposal in a Plan only if the Plan includes at least one site reasonably proximate to the county board of elections office and the State Board finds that the sites in the Plan as a whole provide adequate coverage of the county's electorate. If a county board of elections has considered a proposed Plan or Plans for Implementation and has been unable to reach unanimity in favor of a Plan, a member or members of that county board of elections may petition the State Board of Elections to adopt a plan for it. If petitioned, the State Board may also receive and consider alternative petitions from another member or members of that county board. The State Board of Elections may adopt a Plan for that county. The State Board, in that plan, shall take into consideration factors including geographic, demographic, and partisan interests of that county. The State Board of Elections shall not approve, either in a Plan approved unanimously by a county board of elections or in an alternative Plan proposed by a member or members of that board, a one-stop site in a building that the county board of elections is not entitled under G.S. 163-129 to demand and use as an election-day voting place, unless the State Board of Elections finds that other equally suitable sites were not available and that the use of the sites chosen will not unfairly advantage or disadvantage geographic, demographic, or partisan interests of that county."

SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.

