# **GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009**

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### **HOUSE BILL 1489** Committee Substitute Favorable 5/13/09

Short Title:	Ignition Interlock-All DWI Offenders.	(Public)
Sponsors:		
Referred to:		

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO REQUIRE ANYONE WHO IS CONVICTED OF DRIVING WHILE 3 IMPAIRED, DRIVING AFTER CONSUMING ALCOHOL BEING LESS THAN 4 TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE, OR ANY OTHER IMPAIRED DRIVING OFFENSE, 5 OR ANY PERSON WHO REFUSES A CHEMICAL ANALYSIS, TO HAVE AN 6 IGNITION INTERLOCK SYSTEM INSTALLED ON EVERY VEHICLE THAT 7 PERSON MAY DRIVE BEFORE THAT PERSON CAN GET A LIMITED DRIVING 8 PRIVILEGE; AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF AN ADMINISTRATIVE 9 FEE AND COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH AN IGNITION INTERLOCK SYSTEM AND CREATE AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE FUND TO ASSIST INDIGENT 10 11 PERSONS. 12 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 13 SECTION 1. G.S. 20-16.2 (c1) reads as rewritten: "(c1) Procedure for Reporting Results and Refusal to Division. - Whenever a person 14 15 refuses to submit to a chemical analysis, a person has an alcohol concentration of 0.150.08 or more, or a person's drivers license has an alcohol concentration restriction and the results of the 16 17 chemical analysis establish a violation of the restriction, the law enforcement officer and the 18 chemical analyst shall without unnecessary delay go before an official authorized to administer 19 oaths and execute an affidavit(s) stating that: 20 The person was charged with an implied-consent offense or had an alcohol (1)concentration restriction on the drivers license; 21 22 A law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe that the person (2)23 had committed an implied-consent offense or violated the alcohol 24 concentration restriction on the drivers license: 25 Whether the implied-consent offense charged involved death or critical (3) injury to another person, if the person willfully refused to submit to chemical 26 27 analysis; 28 (4) The person was notified of the rights in subsection (a); and 29 The results of any tests given or that the person willfully refused to submit to (5) 30 a chemical analysis. If the person's drivers license has an alcohol concentration restriction, pursuant to 31 32 G.S. 20-19(c3), and an officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person has violated a

33 provision of that restriction other than violation of the alcohol concentration level, the officer 34 and chemical analyst shall complete the applicable sections of the affidavit and indicate the restriction which was violated. The officer shall immediately mail the affidavit(s) to the 35 36 Division. If the officer is also the chemical analyst who has notified the person of the rights under subsection (a), the officer may perform alone the duties of this subsection." 37



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	<b>SECTION 2.</b> G.S. 20-16.2(e1) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:					
2	"(e1) Limited Driving Privilege after Six Months in Certain Instances. – A person whose					
5	driver's license has been revoked under this section may apply for and a judge authorized to do					
Ļ	so by this subsection may issue a limited driving privilege if:					
	(1) At the time of the refusal the person held either a valid drivers license or a					
	license that had been expired for less than one year;					
	(2) At the time of the refusal, the person had not within the preceding seven					
	years been convicted of an offense involving impaired driving;					
	(3) At the time of the refusal, the person had not in the preceding seven years					
	willfully refused to submit to a chemical analysis under this section;					
	(4) The implied consent offense charged did not involve death or critical injury					
	to another person;					
	(5) The underlying charge for which the defendant was requested to submit to a					
	chemical analysis has been finally disposed of:					
	a. Other than by conviction; or					
	b. By a conviction of impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.1, at a					
	punishment level authorizing issuance of a limited driving privilege					
	under G.S. 20-179.3(b), and the defendant has complied with at least					
	one of the mandatory conditions of probation listed for the					
	punishment level under which the defendant was sentenced;					
	(6) Subsequent to the refusal the person has had no unresolved pending charges					
	for or additional convictions of an offense involving impaired driving;					
	(7) The person's license has been revoked for at least six months for the refusal;					
	refusal; and (2) The neuron has abtained a substance abuse assessment from a montal health					
	(8) The person has obtained a substance abuse assessment from a mental health					
	facility and successfully completed any recommended training or treatment					
	<ul> <li>(9) All vehicles that the person will be authorized to drive have been equipped</li> </ul>					
	with a type of ignition interlock system approved by the Commissioner.					
	Except as modified in this subsection, the provisions of G.S. 20-179.3 relating to the procedure					
	for application and conduct of the hearing and the restrictions required or authorized to be					
	included in the limited driving privilege apply to applications under this subsection. If the case					
	was finally disposed of in the district court, the hearing shall be conducted in the district court					
	district as defined in G.S. 7A-133 in which the refusal occurred by a district court judge. If the					
	case was finally disposed of in the superior court, the hearing shall be conducted in the superior					
	court district or set of districts as defined in G.S. 7A-41.1 in which the refusal occurred by a					
	superior court judge. A limited driving privilege issued under this section authorizes a person to					
	drive if the person's license is revoked solely under this section or solely under this section and					
	G.S. 20-17(2). If the person's license is revoked for any other reason, the limited driving					
	privilege is invalid."					
	SECTION 3. G.S. 20-17.8 reads as rewritten:					
	"§ 20-17.8. Restoration of a license after certain driving while impaired convictions;					
	ignition interlock.					
	(a) Scope. – This section applies to a person whose license was revoked as a result of a					
	conviction of driving while impaired, G.S. 20-138.1, and:					
	(1) The person had an alcohol concentration of $0.15$ or more; or $0.08$ or more or					
	refused to submit to a chemical analysis; or					
	(2) The person has been convicted of another offense involving impaired					
	driving, which offense occurred within seven years immediately preceding					
	the date of the offense for which the person's license has been revoked.					

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l	For purposes of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the results of a chemical analysis, as						
2 3	•	shown by an affidavit or affidavits executed pursuant to G.S. 20-16.2(c1), shall be used by the					
		Division to determine that person's alcohol concentration.					
	(a1)		r Age 21. – The provisions of this section apply to a person result of a conviction of driving by a person loss than				
			result of a conviction of driving by a person less than G.S. 20-138.3.	21 after consuming			
	(b)	-	on Interlock Required. – Except as provided in subsection	(1) of this section			
	· · ·	-	on restores the license of a person who is subject to this s				
	any other	restrict	ion or condition, it shall require the person to agree to and icense the following restrictions for the period designated	shall indicate on the			
	persons u	(1)	A restriction that the person may operate only a vehicle				
		(1)	a functioning ignition interlock system of a type	1 1 1			
			Commissioner. The Commissioner shall not unreasonab				
			of an ignition interlock system and shall consult w	• • • •			
			Purchase and Contract in the Department of Administ				
			potential vendors are not discriminated against.	fation to ensure that			
		(2)	A requirement that the person personally activate the	ne ignition interlock			
		(2)	system before driving the motor vehicle.	le ignition interioek			
		(3)	An alcohol concentration restriction as follows:				
		$(\mathbf{J})$	a. If the ignition interlock system is required	l pursuant only to			
			subdivision (a)(1) of this section, a requiremen				
			drive with an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or gr	1			
			b. If the ignition interlock system is required pur				
			(a)(2) of this section, a requirement that the pers				
			alcohol concentration of greater than $\frac{0.00}{0.00}$ ; or 0.00				
			c. If the ignition interlock system is required pur				
			(a)(1) of this section, and the person has also b				
			on the same set of circumstances, of: (i) driving				
			commercial vehicle, G.S. 20-138.2, (ii) driving	-			
			years old after consuming alcohol or drugs, C	·			
			violation of G.S. 20-141.4, or (iv) manslau				
			homicide resulting from the operation of a more				
			offense involved impaired driving, a requirement	t that the person not			
			drive with an alcohol concentration of greater that	an <del>0.00.<u>0.00;</u> or</del>			
			d. If the ignition interlock system is required pursua	ant to subsection (a1)			
			of this section, a requirement that the person	n not drive with an			
			alcohol concentration greater than 0.00.				
	(c)	Lengt	th of Requirement The requirements of subsection (b) s	shall remain in effect			
	for:						
		(1)	One year from the date of restoration if the original re-	vocation period was			
			one year;				
		(2)	Three years from the date of restoration if the original re-	evocation period was			
			four years; or				
		(3)	Seven years from the date of restoration if the origin	al revocation was a			
			permanent revocation.				
	(c1) Vehicles Subject to Requirement. – A person subject to this section shall have all						
	registered vehicles owned by that person equipped with a functioning ignition interlock system						
	of a type approved by the Commissioner, unless the Division determines that one or more						
	specific registered vehicles owned by that person are relied upon by another member of that						
	-	person's family for transportation and that the vehicle is not in the possession of the person subject to this section.					
	subject to	this se	ction.				

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Effect of Limited Driving Privileges. - If the person was eligible for and received a 1 (d) 2 limited driving privilege under G.S. 20-179.3, with the ignition interlock requirement contained 3 in G.S. 20-179.3(g5), the period of time for which that limited driving privilege was held shall 4 be applied towards the requirements of subsection (c). 5 Notice of Requirement. – When a court reports to the Division a conviction of a (e) 6 person who is subject to this section, the Division must send the person written notice of the 7 requirements of this section and of the consequences of failing to comply with these 8 requirements. The notification must include a statement that the person may contact the 9 Division for information on obtaining and having installed an ignition interlock system of a 10 type approved by the Commissioner. (e1) Installation of Ignition Interlock Systems. - The Division shall not issue a drivers 11 license with an ignition interlock restriction unless the applicant presents proof, satisfactory to 12 13 the Division, that an approved ignition interlock system has been installed on all vehicles 14 subject to the ignition interlock requirements of subsection (c1) of this section. Disabling or Removing of Ignition Interlock System. - If an ignition interlock 15 (e2) system is disabled or removed from a vehicle in which it is required to be installed pursuant to 16 17 subsection (c1) of this section, the Division shall revoke the drivers license of the person 18 subject to the provisions of this section and shall provide notice in accordance with G.S. 20-48. 19 Effect of Violation of Restriction. - A person subject to this section who violates (f) 20 any of the restrictions of this section commits the offense of driving while license revoked 21 under G.S. 20-28(a) and is subject to punishment and license revocation as provided in that 22 section. If a law enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person subject to 23 this section has consumed alcohol while driving or has driven while he has remaining in his 24 body any alcohol previously consumed, the suspected offense of driving while license is 25 revoked is an alcohol-related offense subject to the implied-consent provisions of G.S. 20-16.2. 26 If a person subject to this section is charged with driving while license revoked by violating a 27 condition of subsection (b) of this section, and a judicial official determines that there is 28 probable cause for the charge, the person's license is suspended pending the resolution of the 29 case, and the judicial official must require the person to surrender the license. The judicial 30 official must also notify the person that he is not entitled to drive until his case is resolved. An 31 alcohol concentration report from the ignition interlock system shall not be admissible as 32 evidence of driving while license revoked, nor shall it be admissible in an administrative 33 revocation proceeding as provided in subsection (g) of this section, unless the person operated a 34 vehicle when the ignition interlock system indicated an alcohol concentration in violation of the 35 restriction placed upon the person by subdivision (b)(3) of this section. If a person subject to 36 this section is charged with driving while license revoked by violating the requirements of 37 subsection (c1) of this section, and no other violation of this section is alleged, the court may 38 make a determination at the hearing of the case that the vehicle, on which the ignition interlock 39 system was not installed, was relied upon by another member of that person's family for 40 transportation and that the vehicle was not in the possession of the person subject to this 41 section, and therefore the vehicle was not required to be equipped with a functioning ignition 42 interlock system. If the court determines that the vehicle was not required to be equipped with a 43 functioning ignition interlock system and the person subject to this section has committed no 44 other violation of this section, the court shall find the person not guilty of driving while license 45 revoked. 46 (g) Effect of Violation of Restriction When Driving While License Revoked Not

(g) Effect of Violation of Restriction When Driving While License Revoked Not
Charged. – A person subject to this section who violates any of the restrictions of this section,
or who disables or removes an ignition interlock system required by this section, but is not
charged or convicted of driving while license revoked pursuant to G.S. 20-28(a), shall have the
person's license revoked by the Division for a period of one year.

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1 (h) Beginning of Revocation Period. – If the original period of revocation was imposed 2 pursuant to G.S. 20-19(d) or (e), any remaining period of the original revocation, prior to its 3 reduction, shall be reinstated and the revocation required by subsection (f) or (g) of this section 4 begins after all other periods of revocation have terminated.

5 (i) Notification of Revocation. – If the person's license has not already been 6 surrendered to the court, the Division must expeditiously notify the person that the person's 7 license to drive is revoked pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) of this section effective on the tenth 8 calendar day after the mailing of the revocation order.

9 Right to Hearing Before Division; Issues. - If the person's license is revoked (i) 10 pursuant to subsection (g) of this section, before the effective date of the order issued under subsection (i) of this section, the person may request in writing a hearing before the Division. 11 12 Except for the time referred to in G.S. 20-16.5, if the person shows to the satisfaction of the 13 Division that the person's license was surrendered to the court and remained in the court's 14 possession, then the Division shall credit the amount of time for which the license was in the 15 possession of the court against the revocation period required by subsection (g) of this section. If the person properly requests a hearing, the person retains the person's license, unless it is 16 17 revoked under some other provision of law, until the hearing is held, the person withdraws the 18 request, or the person fails to appear at a scheduled hearing. The hearing officer may subpoena 19 any witnesses or documents that the hearing officer deems necessary. The person may request 20 the hearing officer to subpoen the charging officer, the chemical analyst, or both to appear at 21 the hearing if the person makes the request in writing at least three days before the hearing. The 22 person may subpoen any other witness whom the person deems necessary, and the provisions 23 of G.S. 1A-1, Rule 45, apply to the issuance and service of all subpoenas issued under the 24 authority of this section. The hearing officer is authorized to administer oaths to witnesses 25 appearing at the hearing. The hearing must be conducted in the county where the charge was 26 brought, and must be limited to consideration of whether:

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- (1) The drivers license of the person had an ignition interlock requirement; and
- (2) The person:
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- a. Was driving a vehicle that was not equipped with a functioning ignition interlock system; or system.
- b. Did not personally activate the ignition interlock system before driving the vehicle; or vehicle.
- c. Drove the vehicle in violation of an applicable alcohol concentration restriction prescribed by subdivision (b)(3) of this section.
- <u>d.</u> <u>Allowed an ignition interlock system required by this section to be</u> <u>disabled or removed.</u>

If the Division finds that the conditions specified in this subsection are met, it must order the revocation sustained. If the Division finds that the condition of subdivision (1) is not met, or that none of the conditions of subdivision (2) are met, it must rescind the revocation. If the revocation is sustained, the person must surrender the person's license immediately upon notification by the Division. If the revocation is sustained, the person of the Division If the revocation is sustained, the person of the Division for the Division pursuant to G.S. 20-25.

44 (k) Restoration After Violation. – When the Division restores the license of a person 45 whose license was revoked pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) of this section and the revocation 46 occurred prior to completion of time period required by subsection (c) of this section, in 47 addition to any other restriction or condition, it shall require the person to comply with the 48 conditions of subsection (b) of this section until the person has complied with those conditions 49 for the cumulative period of time as set forth in subsection (c) of this section. The period of 50 time for which the person successfully complied with subsection (b) of this section prior to

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revocation pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) of this section shall be applied towards the 1 2 requirements of subsection (c) of this section. 3 Medical Exception to Requirement. - A person subject to this section who has a (1)4 medically diagnosed physical condition that makes the person incapable of personally 5 activating an ignition interlock system may request an exception to the requirements of this 6 section from the Division. The Division shall not issue an exception to this section unless the 7 person has submitted to a physical examination by two or more physicians or surgeons duly 8 licensed to practice medicine in this State or in any other state of the United States and unless 9 such examining physicians or surgeons have completed and signed a certificate in the form 10 prescribed by the Division. Such certificate shall be devised by the Commissioner with the advice of those qualified experts in the field of diagnosing and treating physical disorders that 11 12 the Commissioner may select and shall be designed to elicit the maximum medical information 13 necessary to aid in determining whether or not the person is capable of personally activating an 14 ignition interlock system. The certificate shall contain a waiver of privilege and the 15 recommendation of the examining physician to the Commissioner as to whether the person is 16 capable of personally activating an ignition interlock system. 17 The Commissioner is not bound by the recommendations of the examining physicians but 18 shall give fair consideration to such recommendations in acting upon the request for medical 19 exception, the criterion being whether or not, upon all the evidence, it appears that the person is 20 in fact incapable of personally activating an ignition interlock system. The burden of proof of 21 such fact is upon the person seeking the exception. 22 Whenever an exception is denied by the Commissioner, such denial may be reviewed by a 23 reviewing board upon written request of the person seeking the exception filed with the 24 Division within 10 days after receipt of such denial. The composition, procedures, and review 25 of the reviewing board shall be as provided in G.S. 20-9(g)(4)." 26 SECTION 4. G.S. 20-138.3(d) reads as rewritten: Limited Driving Privilege. - A person who is convicted of violating subsection (a) 27 "(d) 28 of this section and whose drivers license is revoked solely based on that conviction may apply 29 for a limited driving privilege as provided in G.S. 20-179.3. This subsection shall apply only if 30 the person meets both of the following requirements: 31 Is 18, 19, or 20 years old on the date of the offense. (1)32 Has not previously been convicted of a violation of this section. (2)33 Has equipped all vehicles to be operated under a limited driving privilege (3) 34 with approved ignition interlock systems. 35 The judge may issue the limited driving privilege only if the person meets the eligibility 36 requirements of G.S. 20-179.3, other than the requirement in G.S. 20-179.3(b)(1)c. 37 G.S. 20-179.3(e) shall not apply. All other terms, conditions, and restrictions provided for in 38 G.S. 20-179.3 shall apply. G.S. 20-179.3, rather than this subsection, governs the issuance of a 39 limited driving privilege to a person who is convicted of violating subsection (a) of this section 40 and of driving while impaired as a result of the same transaction." 41 **SECTION 5.** G.S. 20-179.3(b) reads as rewritten: 42 "(b) Eligibility. -43 (1)A person convicted of the offense of impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.1 is 44 eligible for a limited driving privilege if: At the time of the offense he held either a valid driver's license or a 45 a. 46 license that had been expired for less than one year; year. 47 At the time of the offense he had not within the preceding seven b. 48 years been convicted of an offense involving impaired 49 driving:driving. 50 Punishment Level Three, Four, or Five was imposed for the offense c. of impaired driving; driving. 51

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1 2	d.	Subsequent to the offense he has not been unresolved charge lodged against him for			
3		impaired driving; and driving.	,		
4	e.	The person has obtained and filed with the	court a substance abuse		
5		assessment of the type required by G.S. 20-1	7.6 for the restoration of		
6		a drivers license.			
7	<u>f.</u>	The person has installed an approved ignition	n interlock system on all		
8		vehicles subject to ignition interlock require	ments to be operated by		
9		the applicant under a limited driving privilege	<u>e.</u>		
10	1	rson whose North Carolina driver's license is			
11		ction in another jurisdiction substantially sim-	1 0		
12		G.S. 20-138.1 is eligible for a limited driving			
13	-	ble for it had the conviction occurred in North C			
14		ed driving privilege following a revocation u	nder G.S. 20-16.2(d) is		
15	U	rned by G.S. 20-16.2(e1)."			
16		G.S. 20-179.3(g5) reads as rewritten:			
17		erlock Required. – If a person's drivers lic			
18		38.1, and the person had an alcohol concentrati			
19		a chemical analysis, a judge shall include a	ll of the following in a		
20	limited driving privilege		• . • . • • •		
21		triction that the applicant may operate only a de	-		
22		quirement that the designated motor vehicle			
23		ioning ignition interlock system of a ty			
24		missioner, which is set to prohibit driving with a			
25 26	0	eater than 0.00. The Commissioner shall not	•		
26 27		val of an ignition interlock system and shall correspond contract in the Department of Adm			
27		rchase and Contract in the Department of Admitical vendors are not discriminated against	inistration to ensure that		
28 29	-	tial vendors are not discriminated against. Juirement that the applicant personally activated	to the ignition interlock		
29 30		m before driving the motor vehicle.	te the ignition interiock		
31	•	s subsection, the results of a chemical analysis	sis presented at trial or		
32	1 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		
33	sentencing shall be sufficient to prove a person's alcohol concentration, shall be conclusive, and shall not be subject to modification by any party, with or without approval by the court."				
34	5	. Article 3 of Chapter 20 of the General Statute	•		
35	a new section to read:	• Anticle 5 of Chapter 20 of the General Statua	es is unended by adding		
36	"§ 20-179.5 Ignition	interlock; administrative fee and costs	for installation and		
37		Ignition Interlock Device Fund.			
38		curred in order to comply with the ignition	interlock requirements		
39		rsuant to this Article, including costs for install	-		
40		ystem, shall be paid by the person ordered to			
41		in ignition interlock administrative fee, in an			
42		sion and which shall be not less than thirty do			
43		00). The administrative fee shall be collected at			
44		the ignition interlock system. Costs for install	-		
45		stem shall be collected under terms agreed upo			
46	person required to install the ignition interlock system.				
47		hall remit fees collected pursuant to subsection	(a) of this section to the		
48		basis. Fifty percent (50%) of the fees collect	-		
49	¥ •	Division in administering the interlock progra	± •		
50	percent (50%) of the fee	s shall be deposited in the Ignition Interlock De	evice Fund.		

# General Assembly Of North CarolinaSession 20091(c) There is created in the Department of Transportation the Ignition Interlock Device2Fund to be used for the purpose of installing and removing the ignition interlock systems of3persons deemed by the court to be indigent. If the court determines that the convicted person is4unable to pay for the installation of an ignition interlock system, the court may order that the5Division pay the cost of installation out of the Ignition Interlock Device Fund, provided the6person agrees to pay the required costs for monitoring the system.

7 **SECTION 8.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2009, and applies to offenses committed on or after that date.