GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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HOUSE BILL 1489

	Short Title:	Ignition Interlock-All DWI Offenders.	(Public)		
	Sponsors:	Representatives Harrell, Tillis (Primary Sponsors); Burris-Floyd, Faison, Hurley, Insko, Jackson, Neumann, Rapp, and Stewart.	Cotham,		
	Referred to:	Science and Technology, if favorable, Judiciary III.			
		April 13, 2009			
1 2 3 4 5 6	 AN ACT TO REQUIRE ANYONE WHO IS CONVICTED OF DRIVING WH IMPAIRED, DRIVING AFTER CONSUMING ALCOHOL BEING LESS TI TWENTY-ONE YEARS OF AGE, OR ANY OTHER IMPAIRED DRIVING OFFEI OR ANY PERSON WHO REFUSES A CHEMICAL ANALYSIS, TO HAVE IGNITION INTERLOCK SYSTEM INSTALLED ON EVERY VEHICLE THEY M 				
7 8 9	The General A	DRIVE BEFORE THEY CAN GET A LIMITED DRIVING PRIVILEGE. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: SECTION 1. G.S. 20-16.2(c1) reads as rewritten:			
10 11 12	"(c1) Procedure for Reporting Results and Refusal to Division. – Whenever a person refuses to submit to a chemical analysis, a person has an alcohol concentration of $0.150.08$ or more, or a person's drivers license has an alcohol concentration restriction and the results of the				
13 14 15	chemical analysis establish a violation of the restriction, the law enforcement officer and the chemical analyst shall without unnecessary delay go before an official authorized to administer oaths and execute an affidavit(s) stating that:				
16 17	(1)		n alcohol		
18 19 20	(2)		-		
21 22 23	(3)				
24 25 26	(4) (5)) The person was notified of the rights in subsection (a); and	submit to		
27 28 29 30 31	If the person's drivers license has an alcohol concentration restriction, pursuant G.S. 20-19(c3), and an officer has reasonable grounds to believe the person has violated provision of that restriction other than violation of the alcohol concentration level, the offic and chemical analyst shall complete the applicable sections of the affidavit and indicate restriction which was violated. The officer shall immediately mail the affidavit(s) to				
32	Division. If t	he officer is also the chemical analyst who has notified the person of t	he righ		

Division. If the officer is also the chemical analyst who has notified the person of the rights under subsection (a), the officer may perform alone the duties of this subsection." **SECTION 2.** G.S. 20-16.2(e1) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:



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1	"(e1) Limit	ed Driving Privilege after Six Months in Certain Instances.	– A person whose
2		as been revoked under this section may apply for and a jud	ge authorized to do
3	so by this subsec	tion may issue a limited driving privilege if:	
4	(1)	At the time of the refusal the person held either a valid	drivers license or a
5		license that had been expired for less than one year;	
6	(2)	At the time of the refusal, the person had not within the	1 0
7		years been convicted of an offense involving impaired driv	-
8	(3)	At the time of the refusal, the person had not in the pre-	-
9		willfully refused to submit to a chemical analysis under th	
10	(4)	The implied consent offense charged did not involve dea	th or critical injury
11		to another person;	
12	(5)	The underlying charge for which the defendant was reque	ested to submit to a
13		chemical analysis has been finally disposed of:	
14		a. Other than by conviction; or	
15		b. By a conviction of impaired driving under G	
16		punishment level authorizing issuance of a limite	
17		under G.S. 20-179.3(b), and the defendant has cor	-
18		one of the mandatory conditions of probation	
19		punishment level under which the defendant was s	
20	(6)	Subsequent to the refusal the person has had no unresolve	
21		for or additional convictions of an offense involving impa	-
22	(7)	The person's license has been revoked for at least six more	ths for the refusal;
23		refusal; and	
24	(8)	The person has obtained a substance abuse assessment from	
25		facility and successfully completed any recommended tra-	aining or treatment
26		program.program; and	
27	<u>(9)</u>	All vehicles that the person will be authorized to drive h	
28	-	with a type of ignition interlock system approved by the C	
29		ed in this subsection, the provisions of G.S. 20-179.3 relating	
30		and conduct of the hearing and the restrictions required of	
31	included in the limited driving privilege apply to applications under this subsection. If the case		
32		osed of in the district court, the hearing shall be conducted	
33		d in G.S. 7A-133 in which the refusal occurred by a district	
34	•	disposed of in the superior court, the hearing shall be condu	-
35		set of districts as defined in G.S. 7A-41.1 in which the ref	•
36		dge. A limited driving privilege issued under this section au	-
37	-	on's license is revoked solely under this section or solely und	
38		f the person's license is revoked for any other reason, t	he limited driving
39	privilege is inval		
40		FION 3. G.S. 20-17.8 reads as rewritten:	
41		storation of a license after certain driving while impa	aired convictions;
42	0	on interlock.	11
43		e. – This section applies to a person whose license was revo	ked as a result of a
44		ving while impaired, G.S. 20-138.1, and:	0 00
45 46	(1)	The person had an alcohol concentration of 0.15 or more	, or<u>u.us</u> or more or
46	(0)	refused to submit to a chemical analysis; or The person has been convicted of conther offense i	nuoluina impoint
47 19	(2)	The person has been convicted of another offense i	
48 40		driving, which offense occurred within seven years immediate of the offense for which the person's license has he	
49		the date of the offense for which the person's license has b	een revokeu.

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		es of subdivision (1) of this subsection, the results	•	
	shown by an affidavit or affidavits executed pursuant to G.S. 20-16.2(c1), shall be used by the			
	Division to determine that person's alcohol concentration.			
		(a1) Under Age 21. – The provisions of this section apply to a person whose license wa		
	revoked as the result of a conviction of driving by a person less than 21 after consumin		s than 21 after consuming	
	alcohol or drugs, G.S. 20-138.3.			
	(b) Ignition Interlock Required. – Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section			
when the Division restores the license of a person who is subject to this section, in addition t any other restriction or condition, it shall require the person to agree to and shall indicate on the				
	person's drivers license the following restrictions for the period designated in subsection (c):			
	(1)	A restriction that the person may operate only a v	ehicle that is equipped with	
		a functioning ignition interlock system of a	a type approved by the	
		Commissioner. The Commissioner shall not unrea	asonably withhold approval	
		of an ignition interlock system and shall con	sult with the Division of	
		Purchase and Contract in the Department of Ad	ministration to ensure that	
		potential vendors are not discriminated against.		
	(2)	A requirement that the person personally activ	vate the ignition interlock	
		system before driving the motor vehicle.		
	(3)	An alcohol concentration restriction as follows:		
		a. If the ignition interlock system is re-	equired pursuant only to	
		subdivision (a)(1) of this section, a requi	-	
		drive with an alcohol concentration of 0.04		
		b. If the ignition interlock system is require		
		(a)(2) of this section, a requirement that the	1	
		alcohol concentration of greater than 0.00;		
		c. If the ignition interlock system is requir	1	
		(a)(1) of this section, and the person has		
		on the same set of circumstances, of: (i)	0 1	
		commercial vehicle, G.S. 20-138.2, (ii)	-	
		years old after consuming alcohol or dr	-	
		violation of G.S. 20-141.4, or (iv) m		
		homicide resulting from the operation of		
		offense involved impaired driving, a requ	1	
		drive with an alcohol concentration of grea		
		<u>d.</u> <u>If the ignition interlock system is required</u>	-	
		of this section, a requirement that the alcohol concentration greater than 0.00.	person not drive with an	
	(c) Len	th of Requirement. – The requirements of subsection	n (b) shall remain in affact	
	for:	gui of Requirement. – The requirements of subsectio	in (b) shan temam in effect	
	(1)	One year from the date of restoration if the orig	inal revocation period was	
	(1)	one year;	mai revocation period was	
	(2)	Three years from the date of restoration if the orig	vinal revocation period was	
	(2)	four years; or	Sindi revocution period was	
	(3)	Seven years from the date of restoration if the	original revocation was a	
		permanent revocation.		
	(c1) Veh	cles Subject to Requirement. – A person subject to	this section shall have all	
		les owned by that person equipped with a functionin		
		oved by the Commissioner, unless the Division de		
		red vehicles owned by that person are relied upon		
		for transportation and that the vehicle is not in th	•	

50 person's family for transportation and that the vehicle is not in the possession of the person 51 subject to this section.

Effect of Limited Driving Privileges. - If the person was eligible for and received a 1 (d) 2 limited driving privilege under G.S. 20-179.3, with the ignition interlock requirement contained 3 in G.S. 20-179.3(g5), the period of time for which that limited driving privilege was held shall 4 be applied towards the requirements of subsection (c). 5 Notice of Requirement. – When a court reports to the Division a conviction of a (e) 6 person who is subject to this section, the Division must send the person written notice of the 7 requirements of this section and of the consequences of failing to comply with these 8 requirements. The notification must include a statement that the person may contact the 9 Division for information on obtaining and having installed an ignition interlock system of a 10 type approved by the Commissioner. (e1) Installation of Ignition Interlock Systems. - The Divisions shall not issue a drivers 11 license with an ignition interlock restriction unless the applicant presents proof, satisfactory to 12 13 the Division, that an approved ignition interlock system has been installed on all vehicles 14 subject to the ignition interlock requirements of subsection (c1) of this section. Disabling or Removing of Ignition Interlock System. - If an ignition interlock 15 (e2) system is disabled or removed from a vehicle in which it is required to be installed pursuant to 16 17 subsection (c1) of this section, the Division shall revoke the drivers license of the person 18 subject to the provisions of this section and shall provide notice in accordance with G.S. 20-48. 19 Effect of Violation of Restriction. - A person subject to this section who violates (f) 20 any of the restrictions of this section commits the offense of driving while license revoked 21 under G.S. 20-28(a) and is subject to punishment and license revocation as provided in that 22 section. If a law enforcement officer has reasonable grounds to believe that a person subject to 23 this section has consumed alcohol while driving or has driven while he has remaining in his 24 body any alcohol previously consumed, the suspected offense of driving while license is 25 revoked is an alcohol-related offense subject to the implied-consent provisions of G.S. 20-16.2. 26 If a person subject to this section is charged with driving while license revoked by violating a 27 condition of subsection (b) of this section, and a judicial official determines that there is 28 probable cause for the charge, the person's license is suspended pending the resolution of the 29 case, and the judicial official must require the person to surrender the license. The judicial 30 official must also notify the person that he is not entitled to drive until his case is resolved. An 31 alcohol concentration report from the ignition interlock system shall not be admissible as 32 evidence of driving while license revoked, nor shall it be admissible in an administrative 33 revocation proceeding as provided in subsection (g) of this section, unless the person operated a 34 vehicle when the ignition interlock system indicated an alcohol concentration in violation of the 35 restriction placed upon the person by subdivision (b)(3) of this section. If a person subject to 36 this section is charged with driving while license revoked by violating the requirements of 37 subsection (c1) of this section, and no other violation of this section is alleged, the court may 38 make a determination at the hearing of the case that the vehicle, on which the ignition interlock 39 system was not installed, was relied upon by another member of that person's family for 40 transportation and that the vehicle was not in the possession of the person subject to this 41 section, and therefore the vehicle was not required to be equipped with a functioning ignition 42 interlock system. If the court determines that the vehicle was not required to be equipped with a 43 functioning ignition interlock system and the person subject to this section has committed no 44 other violation of this section, the court shall find the person not guilty of driving while license 45 revoked. 46 (g) Effect of Violation of Restriction When Driving While License Revoked Not

(g) Effect of Violation of Restriction When Driving While License Revoked Not
 Charged. – A person subject to this section who violates any of the restrictions of this section,
 or who disables or removes an ignition interlock system required by this section, but is not
 charged or convicted of driving while license revoked pursuant to G.S. 20-28(a), shall have the
 person's license revoked by the Division for a period of one year.

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Beginning of Revocation Period. - If the original period of revocation was imposed 1 (h) 2 pursuant to G.S. 20-19(d) or (e), any remaining period of the original revocation, prior to its 3 reduction, shall be reinstated and the revocation required by subsection (f) or (g) of this section 4 begins after all other periods of revocation have terminated.

5 Notification of Revocation. - If the person's license has not already been (i) surrendered to the court, the Division must expeditiously notify the person that the person's 6 7 license to drive is revoked pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) of this section effective on the tenth 8 calendar day after the mailing of the revocation order.

9 Right to Hearing Before Division; Issues. - If the person's license is revoked (i) 10 pursuant to subsection (g) of this section, before the effective date of the order issued under subsection (i) of this section, the person may request in writing a hearing before the Division. 11 12 Except for the time referred to in G.S. 20-16.5, if the person shows to the satisfaction of the 13 Division that the person's license was surrendered to the court and remained in the court's 14 possession, then the Division shall credit the amount of time for which the license was in the 15 possession of the court against the revocation period required by subsection (g) of this section. If the person properly requests a hearing, the person retains the person's license, unless it is 16 17 revoked under some other provision of law, until the hearing is held, the person withdraws the 18 request, or the person fails to appear at a scheduled hearing. The hearing officer may subpoena 19 any witnesses or documents that the hearing officer deems necessary. The person may request 20 the hearing officer to subpoen the charging officer, the chemical analyst, or both to appear at 21 the hearing if the person makes the request in writing at least three days before the hearing. The 22 person may subpoen any other witness whom the person deems necessary, and the provisions 23 of G.S. 1A-1, Rule 45, apply to the issuance and service of all subpoenas issued under the 24 authority of this section. The hearing officer is authorized to administer oaths to witnesses 25 appearing at the hearing. The hearing must be conducted in the county where the charge was 26 brought, and must be limited to consideration of whether:

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The drivers license of the person had an ignition interlock requirement; and (1)

- (2) The person:
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- Was driving a vehicle that was not equipped with a functioning a. ignition interlock system; or system.
- Did not personally activate the ignition interlock system before b. driving the vehicle; orvehicle.
- Drove the vehicle in violation of an applicable alcohol concentration с. restriction prescribed by subdivision (b)(3) of this section.
- Allowed an ignition interlock system required by this section to be <u>d</u>. disabled or removed.

If the Division finds that the conditions specified in this subsection are met, it must order the revocation sustained. If the Division finds that the condition of subdivision (1) is not met, or that none of the conditions of subdivision (2) are met, it must rescind the revocation. If the revocation is sustained, the person must surrender the person's license immediately upon notification by the Division. If the revocation is sustained, the person may appeal the decision of the Division pursuant to G.S. 20-25.

Restoration After Violation. - When the Division restores the license of a person 44 (k) 45 whose license was revoked pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) of this section and the revocation 46 occurred prior to completion of time period required by subsection (c) of this section, in 47 addition to any other restriction or condition, it shall require the person to comply with the 48 conditions of subsection (b) of this section until the person has complied with those conditions 49 for the cumulative period of time as set forth in subsection (c) of this section. The period of 50 time for which the person successfully complied with subsection (b) of this section prior to

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revocation pursuant to subsection (f) or (g) of this section shall be applied towards the 1 2 requirements of subsection (c) of this section. 3 Medical Exception to Requirement. - A person subject to this section who has a (1)4 medically diagnosed physical condition that makes the person incapable of personally 5 activating an ignition interlock system may request an exception to the requirements of this 6 section from the Division. The Division shall not issue an exception to this section unless the 7 person has submitted to a physical examination by two or more physicians or surgeons duly 8 licensed to practice medicine in this State or in any other state of the United States and unless 9 such examining physicians or surgeons have completed and signed a certificate in the form 10 prescribed by the Division. Such certificate shall be devised by the Commissioner with the advice of those qualified experts in the field of diagnosing and treating physical disorders that 11 12 the Commissioner may select and shall be designed to elicit the maximum medical information 13 necessary to aid in determining whether or not the person is capable of personally activating an 14 ignition interlock system. The certificate shall contain a waiver of privilege and the 15 recommendation of the examining physician to the Commissioner as to whether the person is 16 capable of personally activating an ignition interlock system. 17 The Commissioner is not bound by the recommendations of the examining physicians but 18 shall give fair consideration to such recommendations in acting upon the request for medical 19 exception, the criterion being whether or not, upon all the evidence, it appears that the person is 20 in fact incapable of personally activating an ignition interlock system. The burden of proof of 21 such fact is upon the person seeking the exception. 22 Whenever an exception is denied by the Commissioner, such denial may be reviewed by a 23 reviewing board upon written request of the person seeking the exception filed with the 24 Division within 10 days after receipt of such denial. The composition, procedures, and review 25 of the reviewing board shall be as provided in G.S. 20-9(g)(4)." 26 SECTION 4. G.S. 20-138.3(d) reads as rewritten: Limited Driving Privilege. – A person who is convicted of violating subsection (a) 27 "(d) 28 of this section and whose drivers license is revoked solely based on that conviction may apply 29 for a limited driving privilege as provided in G.S. 20-179.3. This subsection shall apply only if 30 the person meets both of the following requirements: 31 Is 18, 19, or 20 years old on the date of the offense. (1)32 Has not previously been convicted of a violation of this section. (2)33 Has equipped all vehicles to be operated under a limited driving privilege (3) 34 with approved ignition interlock systems. 35 The judge may issue the limited driving privilege only if the person meets the eligibility 36 requirements of G.S. 20-179.3, other than the requirement in G.S. 20-179.3(b)(1)c. G.S. 37 20-179.3(e) shall not apply. All other terms, conditions, and restrictions provided for in G.S. 38 20-179.3 shall apply. G.S. 20-179.3, rather than this subsection, governs the issuance of a 39 limited driving privilege to a person who is convicted of violating subsection (a) of this section 40 and of driving while impaired as a result of the same transaction." 41 **SECTION 5.** G.S. 20-179.3(b) reads as rewritten: 42 "(b) Eligibility. -43 (1)A person convicted of the offense of impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.1 is 44 eligible for a limited driving privilege if: At the time of the offense he held either a valid driver's license or a 45 a. 46 license that had been expired for less than one year; year. 47 At the time of the offense he had not within the preceding seven b. 48 years been convicted of an offense involving impaired 49 driving:driving. 50 Punishment Level Three, Four, or Five was imposed for the offense c. of impaired driving; driving. 51

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d. Subsequent to the offense he has not been convicted of, or had an unresolved charge lodged against him for, an offense involving impaired driving; and driving.	
e. The person has obtained and filed with the court a substance abuse assessment of the type required by G.S. 20-17.6 for the restoration of a drivers license.	
f. The person has installed an approved ignition interlock system on all vehicles subject to ignition interlock requirements to be operated by the applicant under a limited driving privilege.	
A person whose North Carolina driver's license is revoked because of	
conviction in another jurisdiction substantially similar to impaired driving	
under G.S. 20-138.1 is eligible for a limited driving privilege if he would be	
eligible for it had the conviction occurred in North Carolina. Eligibility for a	
limited driving privilege following a revocation under G.S. 20-16.2(d) i	
governed by G.S. 20-16.2(e1)." SECTION 6. G.S. 20-179.3(g5) reads as rewritten:	
"(g5) Ignition Interlock Required. – If a person's drivers license is revoked for a	
conviction of G.S. 20-138.1, and the person had an alcohol concentration of $\frac{0.150.08}{0.150.08}$ or more	
or refused to submit to a chemical analysis, a judge shall include all of the following in a	
limited driving privilege order:	
(1) A restriction that the applicant may operate only a designated motor vehicle.	
(2) A requirement that the designated motor vehicle be equipped with a	
functioning ignition interlock system of a type approved by the	
Commissioner, which is set to prohibit driving with an alcohol concentration	
of greater than 0.00. The Commissioner shall not unreasonably withhold	
approval of an ignition interlock system and shall consult with the Division	
of Purchase and Contract in the Department of Administration to ensure tha potential vendors are not discriminated against.	
(3) A requirement that the applicant personally activate the ignition interlock	
system before driving the motor vehicle.	
For purposes of this subsection, the results of a chemical analysis presented at trial o	
sentencing shall be sufficient to prove a person's alcohol concentration, shall be conclusive, and	
shall not be subject to modification by any party, with or without approval by the court."	
SECTION 7. This act becomes effective December 1, 2009, and applies to	
offenses committed on or after that date.	