GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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SENATE BILL 92 Judiciary II (Criminal) Committee Substitute Adopted 5/8/07

	Short Title: D	angerous Dogs/Financial Responsibility. (Public)
	Sponsors:	
	Referred to:	
		February 12, 2007
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO R	EQUIRE OWNERS OF SOME DANGEROUS DOGS TO PROVIDE
3	PROOF OF	FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY.
4	The General As	sembly of North Carolina enacts:
5		FION 1. G.S. 67-4.1 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 67-4.1. Defi	nitions and procedures. Definitions; exclusions.
7	(a) As us	sed in this Article, unless <u>Unless</u> the context clearly requires otherwise
8	and except as m	nodified in subsection (b) of this section, the term: section, the following
9	terms apply in t	
10	(1)	"Dangerous dog" meansDangerous dog. – A dog to which one or more
11		of the following applies:
12		a. A dog that:
13		1. Without The dog without provocation has killed or
14		inflicted severe injury on a person; orperson.
15		2. Is determined by the person or Board designated by the
16		county or municipal authority responsible for animal
17		control to be potentially dangerous because the dog has
18		engaged in one or more of the behaviors listed in
19		subdivision (2) of this subsection.
20		b. <u>Any dog The dog is owned or harbored primarily or in part for</u>
21		the purpose of dog fighting, or any dog trained for dog fighting.
22		c. A dangerous dog board has determined that the dog is a
23		dangerous dog because the dog has inflicted severe injury on a
24		person.
25	<u>(1a)</u>	Appeals board. – The person or entity designated under
26		G.S. 67-4.1A(c) to hear appeals regarding determinations made by a
27		dangerous dog board.

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1		<u>(1b)</u>	Dangerous dog board or board The person or entity designated
2			under G.S. 67-4.1A(a) to make determinations regarding whether a
3			dog is a dangerous dog.
4		(2)	"Potentially dangerous dog" means a dog that the person or Board
5			designated by the county or municipal authority responsible for animal
6			control determines to have:
7			a. Inflicted a bite on a person that resulted in broken bones or
8			disfiguring lacerations or required cosmetic surgery or
9			hospitalization; or
10			b. Killed or inflicted severe injury upon a domestic animal when
11			not on the owner's real property; or
12			c. Approached a person when not on the owner's property in a
13			vicious or terrorizing manner in an apparent attitude of attack.
14		(3)	"Owner" means any Owner. – Any person or legal entity that has a
15			possessory property right in a dog.
16		(4)	"Owner's real property" means any Owner's real property. – Any real
17			property owned or leased by the owner of the dog, but does not include
18			any public right-of-way or a common area of a condominium,
19			apartment complex, or townhouse development.
20		(5)	"Severe injury" means any Severe injury. – Any physical injury that
21			results in broken bones or disfiguring lacerations or required cosmetic
22			surgery or hospitalization.
23		<u>(6)</u>	Surety. – As defined in G.S. 15A-531(8).
24	(b)	_	provisions of this Article do not apply to: to any of the following:
25		(1)	A dog being used by a law enforcement officer to carry out the law
26			enforcement officer's official duties; duties.
27		(2)	A dog being used in a lawful hunt;<u>hunt.</u>
28		(3)	A dog where the injury or damage inflicted by the dog was sustained
29			by a domestic animal while the dog was working as a hunting dog,
30			herding dog, or predator control dog on the property of, or under the
31			control of, its owner or keeper, and the damage or injury was to a
32			species or type of domestic animal appropriate to the work of the dog;
33			or <u>dog.</u>
34		(4)	A dog where the injury inflicted by the dog was sustained by a person
35			who, at the time of the injury, was committing a willful trespass or
36			other tort, tort; was tormenting, abusing, or assaulting the dog, dog;
37			had tormented, abused, or assaulted the dog, dog; or was committing
38		T 1	or attempting to commit a crime.
39	(c)		county or municipal authority responsible for animal control shall
40	-	-	rson or a Board to be responsible for determining when a dog is a
41	-	•	ngerous dog" and shall designate a separate Board to hear any appeal.
42	-		Board making the determination that a dog is a "potentially dangerous
43	-		by the owner in writing, giving the reasons for the determination, before
44	the dog	may be	e considered potentially dangerous under this Article. The owner may

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appeal the determination by filing written objections with the appellate Board within 1 2 three days. The appellate Board shall schedule a hearing within 10 days of the filing of 3 the objections. Any appeal from the final decision of such appellate Board shall be 4 taken to the superior court by filing notice of appeal and a petition for review within 10 5 days of the final decision of the appellate Board. Appeals from rulings of the appellate 6 Board shall be heard in the superior court division. The appeal shall be heard de novo 7 before a superior court judge sitting in the county in which the appellate Board whose 8 ruling is being appealed is located." 9 SECTION 2. Article 1A of Chapter 67 of the General Statutes is amended 10 by adding two new sections to read: 11 "§ 67-4.1A. Dangerous dog board. The county or municipal authority responsible for animal control shall 12 (a) designate a dangerous dog board. The board shall be responsible for determining 13 14 whether a dog is a dangerous dog as defined in G.S. 67-4.1(a)(1)c. The board may make a determination that a dog is a dangerous dog under G.S. 67-4.1(a)(1)a. or (a)(1)b. 15 Notwithstanding any other provision of law and regardless of whether a dangerous dog 16 17 board has made any determination, a dog shall be considered a dangerous dog for purposes of this Article if the provisions of either G.S. 67-4.1(a)(1)a. or (a)(1)b. apply to 18 19 the dog. 20 The board shall provide written notification to the owner at least three days (b) prior to making any determination under this Article. The notification shall state the 21 22 reasons the board is considering making a determination. If a board determines that a 23 dog is a dangerous dog, it shall provide the owner with written notification of the 24 reasons for that determination and a copy of this Article. 25 The county or municipal authority responsible for animal control shall also (c)designate a separate appeals board to hear any appeal from a determination made by a 26 27 dangerous dog board. An owner may appeal a determination by a dangerous dog board 28 by filing written objections with the appeals board within three days of the dangerous 29 dog board's determination. The appeals board shall schedule a hearing within 10 days of 30 the filing of the objection. 31 An owner may appeal from the final decision of the appeals board by filing a (d) 32 notice of appeal and petition for review with the superior court within 10 days of the final decision of the appeals board. Appeals from rulings of the appeals board shall be 33 heard in the superior court division. The appeal shall be heard de novo before a superior 34 court judge sitting in the county in which the appellate board whose ruling is being 35 36 appealed is located. "§ 67-4.1B. Proof of financial responsibility. 37 Upon a determination by a dangerous dog board that a dog is a dangerous 38 (a) 39 dog, the board shall require the dog owner to demonstrate proof of financial 40 responsibility to indemnify persons suffering damages as the result of personal injuries inflicted or other damage caused by the dangerous dog. The amount of financial 41 responsibility shall be five thousand dollars (\$5,000). Proof of financial responsibility 42 may be demonstrated by any of the following methods: 43 44 A cash deposit to be held by the clerk of court. (1)

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1	(2) <u>A bond by at least one solvent surety.</u>		
2	(3) <u>A policy of liability insurance.</u>		
3	(b) The deposit, bond, or policy of liability insurance shall be conditioned for		
4	payment to a third party for any personal injuries inflicted or other damage subsequently		
5	caused by the dangerous dog. Nothing in this section shall limit the strict liability of an		
6	owner under G.S. 67-4.4 for damages caused by a dangerous dog. An owner who is		
7	required to provide proof of financial responsibility under this section shall upon		
8	demand present to an animal control officer evidence of that proof.		
9	(c) The owner shall provide to the dangerous dog board the required proof within		
10	five days of the board determining that the dog is dangerous under subsection (a) of this		
11	section. An appeal under G.S. 67-4.1A(c) of a determination by the dangerous dog		
12	board that a dog is a dangerous dog shall not stay the owner's obligation to provide		
13	proof of financial responsibility.		
14	(d) Failure by the owner to provide proof of financial responsibility as required in		
15	this section or failure by the owner to produce evidence of the required proof upon		
16	demand by an animal control officer shall be grounds for the dangerous dog board to		
17	order that the dog be taken into custody and destroyed."		
18	SECTION 3. This act becomes effective October 1, 2007, and applies to		
19	determinations made by a dangerous dog board on or after that date.		