## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

H HOUSE BILL 2379

Short Title:	Guardianship Study. (Public)
Sponsors:	Representatives Farmer-Butterfield, Bordsen, Barnhart, Goodwin (Primary Sponsors); Alexander, Bell, Boylan, Clary, Coleman, Current, Dickson, England, Glazier, Harrison, Hughes, Hurley, Lewis, Parmon, Pierce, Ross, Samuelson, Stam, Wainwright, Walend, and Weiss.
Referred to:	Children, Youth and Families, if favorable, Appropriations.
	May 26, 2008
STATE SELECT The General SI State Guard pertaining to health care attorney.	DESTABLISH THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE STUDY COMMISSION ON GUARDIANSHIP LAWS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON STATE GUARDIANSHIP LAWS. Assembly of North Carolina enacts:  ECTION 1.(a) There is created the Joint Legislative Study Commission on ianship Laws. The purpose of the Commission is to review State law of guardianship and its relationship to other pertinent State laws such as the power of attorney, the right to a natural death, and durable power of ECTION 1.(b) The Commission shall consist of 19 members as follows:
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(3	The Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts or the Director's designee.
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(6	<u>*</u>

A physician who specializes in geriatrics appointed by the President

Representatives.

Pro Tempore of the Senate.

(7)

- 1 (8) An attorney who has experience in guardianship matters appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
  - (9) A representative of the Governor's Advocacy Council for Persons With Disabilities.
  - (10) A director of a local management entity appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.
  - (11) A representative of the Mental Health Association in North Carolina appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
  - (12) A member of an aging advocacy support group appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate.
  - (13) A county director of public health appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

In addition, representatives designated by the following organizations shall serve as ex-officio, nonvoting members of the Commission:

- (a) The North Carolina Bar Association.
- (b) The Arc of North Carolina.
- (c) North Carolina Guardianship Association.
- 18 (d) Alzheimer's Association Western Chapter.
  - (e) Alzheimer's Association Eastern Chapter.
    - (f) Carolina Legal Assistance.
      - (g) The Area Agencies on Aging.
      - (h) County Departments of Aging.
    - (i) A county director of mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse services.

The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall designate one Representative as cochair, and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate shall designate one Senator as cochair. Vacancies on the Commission shall be filled by the same appointing authority who made the initial appointment. The Commission shall expire upon delivering its final report.

The Commission, while in the discharge of its official duties, may exercise all powers provided for under G.S. 120-19 and G.S. 120-19.1 through G.S. 120-19.4. The Commission may meet at any time upon the joint call of the cochairs. The Commission may meet in the Legislative Building or the Legislative Office Building. The Commission may contract for professional, clerical, or consultant services as provided by G.S. 120-32.02.

The Legislative Services Commission, through the Legislative Services Officer, shall assign professional staff to assist the Commission in its work. The House of Representatives' and the Senate's Supervisors of Clerks shall assign clerical staff to the Commission, and the expenses relating to the clerical employees shall be borne by the Commission. Members of the Commission shall receive subsistence and travel expenses at the rates set forth in G.S. 120-3.1, 138-5, or 138-6, as appropriate.

**SECTION 1.(c)** In conducting the study, the Commission shall consider issues related to guardianship for incompetent persons and minors including, but not limited to, the following:

Whether guardianship should be a remedy of last resort used only if 1 (1) 2 less restrictive alternatives are insufficient. 3 (2) The definition of incompetency or, if appropriate, incapacity. 4 Whether courts should be required to make express findings regarding (3) 5 the extent of a person's incapacity and limit the scope of the 6 guardianship accordingly. 7 Legal rights retained or lost as a result of being adjudicated (4) 8 incompetent. 9 (5) The role of public human services agencies in providing guardianship 10 services. 11 Legal procedures and protections in guardianship proceedings. (6) 12 Public monitoring of guardianship. (7) Examination of current training resources and the possible 13 (8) 14 collaboration and coordination of current training resources for all 15 stakeholders including family members, individuals, corporate guardians, and public agencies. 16 17 (9) Certification of all guardians and adoption of standards of practice for 18 guardians. 19 (10)Educating citizens with respect to guardianship and alternatives to 20 guardianship. 21 (11)Powers, duties, and liabilities of guardians, including guardians of the 22 23 (12)Creation of Office of Public Guardian. 24 (13)Public guardianship, including the provision and funding of public 25 guardianship services, treatment of disinterested public agent 26 appointment of individuals, guardians, priorities regarding 27 corporations, and public guardians, and possible conflicts of interest with the appointment of certain disinterested public agent guardians. 28 29 Funding for guardianship services provided by nonprofit agencies (14)30 including the need of current corporate guardians for additional 31 resources in providing services to wards. 32 Implementation of additional corporate guardianship programs. (15)33 Enactment of the Uniform Guardianship and Protective Proceedings (16)34 Act (UGPPA) or similar revision of current Chapter 35A of the 35 General Statutes. 36 Jurisdictional provisions governing incompetency and guardianship (17)37 proceedings and portability of guardianship for foreign guardians. 38 Role of court-appointed lawyers and guardians ad litem in (18)39 guardianship proceedings to ensure adequate representation of respondents. 40 41 Whether guardianship statutes need revision to provide greater (19)42 protection of the health and welfare of incapacitated adults. 43

Whether the State should track the number of people under private

guardianship and, if so, proposed methods for the tracking.

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1	(21) Prudent investor rules.
2	(22) Review of the State's adult protective services law.
3	SECTION 2. The Legislative Study Commission on State Guardianship
4	Laws may make its final report to the Regular Session of the 2009 General Assembly,
5	prior to its convening.
6	SECTION 3. All State departments and agencies and local governments and
7	their subdivisions shall furnish the Commission with any information in their possession
8	or available to them.
9	<b>SECTION 4.</b> There is appropriated from the General Fund to the General
10	Assembly the sum of thirty thousand dollars (\$30,000) for the 2008-2009 fiscal year to
11	carry out the purposes of this act.
12	<b>SECTION 5.</b> This act becomes effective July 1, 2008.