

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2007

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HOUSE DRH50627-MC-172 (5/4)

Short Title: Homestead Exclusion Modification.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representative Frye.

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO CHANGE THE DEFINITION OF INCOME FOR PURPOSES OF THE
HOMESTEAD EXCLUSION.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 105-277.1 reads as rewritten:

"§ 105-277.1. Property tax homestead exclusion.

(a) Exclusion. – A permanent residence owned and occupied by a qualifying owner is designated a special class of property under Article V, Sec. 2(2) of the North Carolina Constitution and is taxable in accordance with this section. The amount of the appraised value of the residence equal to the exclusion amount is excluded from taxation. The exclusion amount is the greater of twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) or fifty percent (50%) of the appraised value of the residence. A qualifying owner is an owner who meets all of the following requirements as of January 1 preceding the taxable year for which the benefit is claimed:

(1) Is at least 65 years of age or totally and permanently disabled.

(2) Has an income for the preceding calendar year of not more than the income eligibility limit.

(3) Is a North Carolina resident.

(a1) Temporary Absence. – An otherwise qualifying owner does not lose the benefit of this exclusion because of a temporary absence from his or her permanent residence for reasons of health, or because of an extended absence while confined to a rest home or nursing home, so long as the residence is unoccupied or occupied by the owner's spouse or other dependent.

(a2) Income Eligibility Limit. – Until July 1, 2003, the income eligibility limit is eighteen thousand dollars (\$18,000). For taxable years beginning on or after July 1, 2003, the income eligibility limit is the amount for the preceding year, adjusted by the same percentage of this amount as the percentage of any cost-of-living adjustment made

1 to the benefits under Titles II and XVI of the Social Security Act for the preceding
2 calendar year, rounded to the nearest one hundred dollars (\$100.00). On or before July 1
3 of each year, the Department of Revenue must determine the income eligibility amount
4 to be in effect for the taxable year beginning the following July 1 and must notify the
5 assessor of each county of the amount to be in effect for that taxable year.

6 (b) Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:

7 (1) Code. – The Internal Revenue Code, as defined in G.S. 105-228.90.

8 (1a) Income. – Adjusted gross income, as defined in section 62 of the Code,
9 plus all other moneys received from every ~~source other than~~ source. For
10 purposes of this section, income does not include moneys as benefits
11 under Titles II and XVI of the Social Security Act or any other
12 retirement, disability, or pension system, except to the extent those
13 benefits exceed the maximum amount authorized to be paid to an
14 individual under the Social Security Act, or moneys received as gifts
15 or inheritances received from a spouse, lineal ancestor, or lineal
16 descendant. For married applicants residing with their spouses, the
17 income of both spouses must be included, whether or not the property
18 is in both names.

19 (1b) Owner. – A person who holds legal or equitable title, whether
20 individually, as a tenant by the entirety, a joint tenant, or a tenant in
21 common, or as the holder of a life estate or an estate for the life of
22 another. A manufactured home jointly owned by husband and wife is
23 considered property held by the entirety.

24 (2) Repealed by Session Laws 1993, c. 360, s. 1.

25 (2a) Repealed by Session Laws 1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 982, s. 20.

26 (3) Permanent residence. – A person's legal residence. It includes the
27 dwelling, the dwelling site, not to exceed one acre, and related
28 improvements. The dwelling may be a single family residence, a unit
29 in a multi-family residential complex, or a manufactured home.

30 (4) Totally and permanently disabled. – A person is totally and
31 permanently disabled if the person has a physical or mental
32 impairment that substantially precludes him or her from obtaining
33 gainful employment and appears reasonably certain to continue
34 without substantial improvement throughout his or her life.

35 (c) Application. – An application for the exclusion provided by this section
36 should be filed during the regular listing period, but may be filed and must be accepted
37 at any time up to and through June 1 preceding the tax year for which the exclusion is
38 claimed. When property is owned by two or more persons other than husband and wife
39 and one or more of them qualifies for this exclusion, each owner must apply separately
40 for his or her proportionate share of the exclusion.

41 (1) Elderly Applicants. – Persons 65 years of age or older may apply for
42 this exclusion by entering the appropriate information on a form made
43 available by the assessor under G.S. 105-282.1.

1 (2) Disabled Applicants. – Persons who are totally and permanently
2 disabled may apply for this exclusion by (i) entering the appropriate
3 information on a form made available by the assessor under
4 G.S. 105-282.1 and (ii) furnishing acceptable proof of their disability.
5 The proof must be in the form of a certificate from a physician
6 licensed to practice medicine in North Carolina or from a
7 governmental agency authorized to determine qualification for
8 disability benefits. After a disabled applicant has qualified for this
9 classification, the applicant is not required to furnish an additional
10 certificate unless the applicant's disability is reduced to the extent that
11 the applicant could no longer be certified for the taxation at reduced
12 valuation.

13 (d) Multiple Ownership. – A permanent residence owned and occupied by
14 husband and wife as tenants by the entirety is entitled to the full benefit of this exclusion
15 notwithstanding that only one of them meets the age or disability requirements of this
16 section. When a permanent residence is owned and occupied by two or more persons
17 other than husband and wife and one or more of the owners qualifies for this exclusion,
18 each qualifying owner is entitled to the full amount of the exclusion not to exceed his or
19 her proportionate share of the valuation of the property. No part of an exclusion
20 available to one co-owner may be claimed by any other co-owner and in no event may
21 the total exclusion allowed for a permanent residence exceed the exclusion amount
22 provided in this section."

23 **SECTION 2.** This act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years
24 beginning on or after July 1, 2008.