GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 1928

Sponsors:	Representatives Pate, Rapp, Dickson, Carney (Primary Sponsors); Luebke and Saunders.
Referred to:	Rules, Calendar, and Operations of the House.

May 7, 2007

A JOINT RESOLUTION SUPPORTING ENACTMENT OF THE PASSENGER RAIL
 INVESTMENT AND IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 2007 (SENATE BILL 294) AND
 OTHER PUBLIC PRIVATE INVESTMENTS IN RAIL INFRASTRUCTURE TO
 BE CONSIDERED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Whereas, Senators Lott, Lautenberg, Burr, and others have introduced Senate
Bill 294, the Passenger Rail Investment and Improvement Act of 2007, in the Congress
of the United States; and

8 Whereas, the legislation would reauthorize and reform Amtrak, provide for 9 enhanced accountability, reduce operating subsidies by forty percent, make 10 infrastructure investments which will improve both freight and passenger services, 11 create a new capital program totaling \$1.4 billion over six years for states to improve 12 and start new conventional and high-speed intercity passenger rail services, facilitate 13 competitive service provisions, set standards for on-time performance, and provide 14 remedies for chronic service delays; and

15 Whereas, the Congress will consider programs of tax credits that promote 16 investments in rail infrastructure to improve network capacity and reliability; and

Whereas, the North Carolina House Interim Committee on Expanding Rail Service has reported to the North Carolina General Assembly that expansion of rail freight and passenger services can help promote economic development and mobility for our citizens; that improved freight and intermodal services can help integrate North Carolina into the global economy; that the General Assembly should consider mechanisms to join with local governments, the federal government, and the private sector to provide funding for improved freight, intermodal, and passenger services; and

Whereas, Amtrak's national passenger rail system currently serves 16 cities and towns in North Carolina with six daily trains, two in partnership with North Carolina, providing safe, efficient, and affordable intercity mobility for hundreds of thousands of North Carolinians annually; and 1 Whereas, North Carolina and its cities and towns have partnered for two 2 decades with Amtrak to provide its citizens with higher levels of service and continues 3 to do so; and

Whereas, the North Carolina General Assembly, acting in concert with the Virginia General Assembly and pursuant to 49 U.S.C. § 24101, has authorized creation of the Virginia-North Carolina Interstate High Speed Rail Compact to develop high-speed rail transportation in Virginia and North Carolina, advocate for development of a federal funding partner, and provide State funds to support this development; and

9 Whereas, 16 chambers of commerce in six states, including those serving 10 Raleigh, Greensboro, Winston-Salem, and Charlotte, have created the Southeastern 11 Economic Alliance to promote development of improved intercity and high-speed rail 12 services across the Southeastern United States; and

Whereas, the North Carolina Department of Transportation has analyzed and
 recommended extension of passenger service to connect Western North Carolina via
 Salisbury to Asheville and Southeastern North Carolina via Raleigh, Fayetteville, and
 Goldsboro to Wilmington; and

Whereas, 27 cities, 30 towns and villages, 17 counties, 18 transportation
planning organizations and councils of government, 17 chambers of commerce, and 10
other State and local organizations have endorsed a resolution supporting creation of a
comprehensive passenger rail system to serve the State of North Carolina; and

Whereas, the Research Triangle, Triad, and Charlotte Metropolitan areas are
 all developing plans for Regional Rail Transit Systems; and

Whereas, Charlotte-Mecklenburg has created a Metropolitan Transit Commission and is currently utilizing local, State, federal, and private financing to construct a multimodal five corridor rapid transit system and a new multimodal Charlotte Gateway Station providing access to intercity and regional rail and bus services; and

Whereas, the North Carolina Secretary's Rail Advisory Committee, acting through the Secretary of the North Carolina Department of Transportation, has asked the United States Secretary of Transportation to provide for stability in our nation's intercity passenger rail program and provide for a program of federal, State, and private investment in our freight and passenger railroad system; and

Whereas, North Carolina has over 3,500 miles of railroad and is served by
 two Class I and 24 short-line railroads; and

35 Whereas, the capacity of the rail network serving North Carolina is strained 36 which impacts our consumers, producers, shippers, communities, and citizens; and

Whereas, the American Association of State Highway and Transportation
Officials (AASHTO) in its Freight Rail Bottom Line Report recommended the Congress
an enhanced program of investment in the rail network; and

40 Whereas, North Carolina requires a predictable program of federal funding to 41 help implement these improvements to the rail freight and passenger network; and

Whereas, the Congress, through enactment of PL 109-59, SAFTEA-A Legacy
for Users (SAFETEA-LU) authorized a new title defining multiple programs that
promote public and private investment in rail infrastructure; and

1 Whereas, the Congress did not appropriate funds for these programs although 2 they would benefit numerous communities across North Carolina as well as corporate 3 and private citizens alike; and 4 Whereas, North Carolina has heretofore invested State funds in excess of 5 those required to match a program of federal funds; Now, therefore, 6 Be it resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring: 7 **SECTION 1.** The General Assembly urges Congress to enact the Passenger 8 Rail Investment and Improvement Act of 2007 (Senate Bill 294). 9 SECTION 2. The General Assembly endorses Public Law 109-59 10 (SAFETEA-LU) and urges Congress to appropriate funds to implement the rail 11 infrastructure investment programs authorized thereunder. SECTION 3. The General Assembly supports federal-state and public 12 13 private investment in rail infrastructure and encourages Congress to enact such 14 legislation. 15 SECTION 4. The General Assembly encourages the North Carolina 16 delegation to the United States Congress to cosponsor this program of legislation and 17 work industriously for its enactment. 18 **SECTION 5.** The General Assembly encourages the railroad industry to 19 work cooperatively with State and local officials to achieve these public policy 20 objectives. 21 **SECTION 6.** This resolution is effective upon ratification.