## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

### HOUSE BILL 1697\*

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|          | Short Title: | Take DNA Sample on Arrest for Certain Crimes.(Public)   |
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|          | Short The.   | Take DIVA Sample on Artest for Certain Crimes. (1 ubite)  |
|          | Sponsors:    | Representatives Ray, Goforth (Primary Sponsors); Barnhart, Brown,<br>Coates, Cole, Faison, Rapp, Spear, and Wray.                           |
|          | Referred to: | Judiciary III, if favorable, Appropriations.  |
|          |              | April 19, 2007  |
| 1        |              | A BILL TO BE ENTITLED   |
| 2        | AN ACT TO    | O REQUIRE THAT A DNA SAMPLE BE TAKEN FROM ANY PERSON  |
| 3        | ARREST       | TED OF A VIOLENT FELONY OR CERTAIN OTHER CRIMINAL   |
| 4        | OFFENS       | ES.   |
| 5        | The General  | Assembly of North Carolina enacts:  |
| 6        | SI           | <b>ECTION 1.</b> Article 23 of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes is amended   |
| 7        | • •          | new section to read:  |
| 8        |              | A. DNA sample.  |
| 9        |              | ne following definitions apply in this section:   |
| 10       | <u>(1</u>    | <u> </u>  |
| 11       | <u>(2</u>    |   |
| 12       | <u>(3</u>    |   |
| 13       | (4)          |   |
| 14       |              | nless a DNA sample has previously been obtained by lawful process and   |
| 15       |              | State DNA database, and that sample has not been expunged pursuant to   |
| 16       |              | 8, on or after December 1, 2007, any person who is arrested for committing  |
| 17       |              | following offenses must provide his or her DNA sample pursuant to this  |
| 18       |              | <u>NA analysis and testing:</u>   |
| 19<br>20 | <u>(1</u>    |   |
| 20<br>21 |              | <u>Chapter 90 or Chapter 143 of the General Statutes or is a larceny or</u>   |
| 21       |              | embezzlement offense. For purposes of this subdivision, the term<br>'larceny or embezzlement offense' is a violation of G.S. 14-74, 14-100, |
| 22       |              | 53-129, 58-2-162, or 105-236(9a)a., or Article 18 of Chapter 14 of the  |
| 23<br>24 |              | General Statutes.   |
| 25       | (2)          |   |
| 26       | (3           |   |
| 20<br>27 |              | is the duty of the arresting law enforcement officer to obtain the arrested   |
| 28       |              | A sample and to forward the DNA sample to the appropriate laboratory for  |

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| 1        | DNA analysis a  | and testing. A qualified member of the health profession shall take the   |  |  |
|----------|---|---|--|--|
| 2        | DNA sample. If the arrested person objects to having a DNA blood sample taken, then a |   |  |  |
| 3        | -   | a, hair, body tissue, or other bodily fluid that is appropriate for DNA   |  |  |
| 4        | testing shall be  | taken for the DNA sample, unless provided otherwise by a court order.   |  |  |
| 5        | _   | e or unnecessary force shall be used to obtain the DNA sample.  |  |  |
| 6        | (d) The l   | DNA record of identification characteristics resulting from the DNA   |  |  |
| 7        | testing and the I   | DNA sample itself shall be stored and maintained by the State Bureau of   |  |  |
| 8        | Investigation in  | the State DNA Databank pursuant to Article 13 of Chapter 15A of the   |  |  |
| 9        | General Statutes  | <u>s.</u> "   |  |  |
| 10       | SECT  | <b>FION 2.</b> G.S. 15A-266.2 reads as rewritten:   |  |  |
| 11       | "§ 15A-266.2. ]   | Definitions.  |  |  |
| 12       |   | this Article, unless another meaning is specified or the context clearly  |  |  |
| 13       | requires otherwi  | ise, the following terms have the meanings specified:   |  |  |
| 14       | (1)   | "CODIS" means the FBI's national DNA identification index system  |  |  |
| 15       |   | that allows the storage and exchange of DNA records submitted by  |  |  |
| 16       |   | State and local forensic DNA laboratories. The term "CODIS" is  |  |  |
| 17       |   | derived from Combined DNA Index System.   |  |  |
| 18       | (2)   | "DNA" means deoxyribonucleic acid. DNA is located in the nucleus of   |  |  |
| 19       |   | cells and provides an individual's personal genetic blueprint. DNA  |  |  |
| 20       |   | encodes genetic information that is the basis of human heredity and   |  |  |
| 21       |   | forensic identification.  |  |  |
| 22       | <u>(2a)</u>   | "DNA Blood Sample" in this Article means a blood sample provided  |  |  |
| 23       |   | by any person convicted of offenses covered by this Article or  |  |  |
| 24       |   | submitted to the SBI Laboratory for analysis pursuant to a criminal   |  |  |
| 25       |   | investigation.  |  |  |
| 26       | (3)   | "DNA Record" means DNA identification information stored in the   |  |  |
| 27       |   | State DNA Database or CODIS for the purpose of generating   |  |  |
| 28       |   | investigative leads or supporting statistical interpretation of DNA test  |  |  |
| 29       |   | results. The DNA record is the result obtained from the DNA typing  |  |  |
| 30       |   | tests. The DNA record is comprised of the characteristics of a DNA  |  |  |
| 31       |   | sample which are of value in establishing the identity of individuals.  |  |  |
| 32       |   | The results of all DNA identification tests on an individual's DNA  |  |  |
| 33       |   | sample are also collectively referred to as the DNA profile of an   |  |  |
| 34       | (A)   | individual.   |  |  |
| 35       | (4)   | "DNA Sample" in this Article means means either: (i) a blood sample   |  |  |
| 36       |   | as defined by this section provided by any person convicted of  |  |  |
| 37       |   | offenses covered by this Article or submitted to the SBI Laboratory for   |  |  |
| 38       |   | analysis pursuant to a criminal investigation.or (ii) a sample of saliva,   |  |  |
| 39<br>40 |   | hair, body tissue, or bodily fluid other than blood that is appropriate   |  |  |
| 40<br>41 |   | for DNA testing or analysis and that is provided by a person arrested   |  |  |
| 41<br>42 |   | for certain felonies and submitted for DNA analysis by the SBI<br>Laboratory pursuant to G.S. 15A 502A and this Article |  |  |
| 42<br>43 | (5)   | Laboratory pursuant to G.S. 15A-502A and this Article.  |  |  |
| 43       | (5)   | "FBI" means the Federal Bureau of Investigation.  |  |  |

| 1  | (6)            | "SBI" means the State Bureau of Investigation. The SBI is responsible         |
|----|----------------|---|
| 2  |                | for the policy management and administration of the State DNA                 |
| 3  |                | identification record system to support law enforcement, and for              |
| 4  |                | liaison with the FBI regarding the State's participation in CODIS.            |
| 5  | (7)            | "State DNA Database" means the SBI's DNA identification record                |
| 6  |                | system to support law enforcement. It is administered by the SBI and          |
| 7  |                | provides DNA records to the FBI for storage and maintenance in                |
| 8  |                | CODIS. The SBI's DNA Database system is the collective capability             |
| 9  |                | provided by computer software and procedures administered by the              |
| 10 |                | SBI to store and maintain DNA records related to forensic casework,           |
| 11 |                | to convicted offenders required to provide a DNA sample under this            |
| 12 |                | Article, and to anonymous DNA records used for research or quality            |
| 13 |                | control.  |
| 14 | (8)            | "State DNA Databank" means the repository of DNA samples                      |
| 15 |                | collected under the provisions of this Article."                              |
| 16 | SE             | CTION 3. G.S. 15A-266.4(a) reads as rewritten:                                |
| 17 | "(a) Un        | less a DNA <u>blood</u> sample has previously been obtained by lawful process |
| 18 | and stored in  | the State DNA database, and that sample has not been expunged pursuant        |
| 19 | to G.S. 15A-1  | 48, on or after December 1, 2003, a person who is convicted of any of the     |
| 20 | crimes listed  | in subsection (b) of this section or who is found not guilty of any of these  |
| 21 | crimes by rea  | ason of insanity and committed to a mental health facility in accordance      |
| 22 | with G.S. 15A  | A-1321 shall have a DNA blood sample drawn upon intake to jail, prison,       |
| 23 | or the mental  | health facility. In addition, every person convicted on or after December     |
| 24 | 1, 2003, of an | y of these crimes, but who is not sentenced to a term of confinement, shall   |
| 25 | provide a DN   | A <u>blood</u> sample as a condition of the sentence. A person who has been   |
| 26 | convicted and  | d incarcerated as a result of a conviction of one or more of these crimes     |
| 27 | prior to Dece  | ember 1, 2003, or who was found not guilty of any of these crimes by          |
| 28 | reason of in   | sanity and committed to a mental health facility in accordance with           |
| 29 | G.S. 15A-132   | 21 before December 1, 2003, shall have a DNA <u>blood</u> sample drawn before |
| 30 | parole or rel  | ease from the penal system or before release from the mental health           |
| 31 | facility."     |   |
| 32 | SE             | <b>CTION 4.</b> G.S. 15A-266.5 reads as rewritten:                            |
| 33 | "§ 15A-266.5   | . Tests to be performed on <del>blood sample.<u>DNA</u> sample.</del>         |
| 34 |                | e tests to be performed on each blood DNA sample are:                         |
| 35 | (1)            |   |
| 36 |                | the DNA.  |
| 37 | (2)            | For law enforcement identification purposes.                                  |
| 38 | (3)            |   |
| 39 |                | a. Development of a population database when personal                         |
| 40 |                | identifying information is removed.   |
| 41 |                | b. To support identification research and protocol development of             |
| 42 |                | forensic DNA analysis methods.  |
| 43 |                | c. For quality control purposes.  |

| 1  | d. To assist in the recovery or identification of human remains                              |
|----|--|
| 2  | from mass disasters or for other humanitarian purposes,                                      |
| 3  | including identification of missing persons.   |
| 4  | (b) The DNA record of identification characteristics resulting from the DNA                  |
| 5  | testing shall be stored and maintained by the SBI in the State DNA Database. The DNA         |
| 6  | sample itself will be stored and maintained by the SBI in the State DNA Databank."           |
| 7  | SECTION 5. G.S. 15A-266.6 reads as rewritten:  |
| 8  | "§ 15A-266.6. Procedures for withdrawal of blood sample for DNA analysis.                    |
| 9  | (a) Each DNA <u>blood</u> sample required to be drawn pursuant to G.S. 15A-266.4             |
| 10 | from persons who are incarcerated shall be drawn at the place of incarceration. DNA          |
| 11 | blood samples from persons who are not sentenced to a term of confinement shall be           |
| 12 | drawn immediately following sentencing. The sentencing court shall order any person          |
| 13 | not sentenced to a term of confinement to report immediately following sentencing to         |
| 14 | the location designated by the sheriff. If the sample cannot be taken immediately, the       |
| 15 | sheriff shall inform the court of the date, time, and location at which the sample shall be  |
| 16 | taken, and the court shall enter that date, time, and location into its order. A copy of the |
| 17 | court order indicating the date, time, and location the person is to appear to have a        |
| 18 | sample taken shall be given to the sheriff. If a person not sentenced to a term of           |
| 19 | confinement fails to appear immediately following sentencing or at the date, time, and       |
| 20 | location designated in the court order, the sheriff shall inform the court of the failure to |
| 21 | appear and the court may issue an order to show cause pursuant to G.S. 5A-15 and may         |
| 22 | issue an order for arrest pursuant to G.S. 5A-16.  |
| 23 | (b) Only a correctional health nurse technician, physician, registered professional          |
| 24 | nurse, licensed practical nurse, laboratory technician, phlebotomist, or other health care   |
| 25 | worker with phlebotomy training shall draw any DNA <u>blood</u> sample to be submitted for   |
| 26 | analysis. No civil liability shall attach to any person authorized to draw blood by this     |
| 27 | section as a result of drawing blood from any person if the blood was drawn according        |
| 28 | to recognized medical procedures. No person shall be relieved from liability for             |
| 29 | negligence in the drawing of any DNA <u>blood</u> sample.                                    |
| 30 | (c) The SBI shall provide to the sheriff the materials and supplies necessary to             |
| 31 | draw a DNA <u>blood</u> sample from a person not sentenced to a term of confinement. Any     |
| 32 | DNA <u>blood</u> sample drawn from a person not sentenced to a term of confinement shall     |
| 33 | be taken using the materials and supplies provided by the SBI."                              |
| 34 | <b>SECTION 6.</b> The catch line of G.S. 15A-266.7 reads as rewritten:                       |
| 35 | "§ 15A-266.7. Procedures for conducting DNA analysis of <del>blood <u>DNA</u> sample."</del> |
| 36 | SECTION 7. G.S. 15A-266.8 reads as rewritten:  |
| 37 | "§ 15A-266.8. DNA database exchange.   |
| 38 | (a) It shall be the duty of the SBI to receive DNA samples to store to analyze or            |

(a) It shall be the duty of the SBI to receive DNA samples, to store, to analyze or
to contract out the DNA typing analysis to a qualified DNA laboratory that meets the
guidelines as established by the SBI, classify, and file the DNA record of identification
characteristic profiles of DNA samples submitted pursuant to G.S. 15A-266.7 and
<u>G.S. 15A-502A</u> and to make such information available as provided in this section. The
SBI may contract out DNA typing analysis to a qualified DNA laboratory that meets
guidelines as established by the SBI. The results of the DNA profile of individuals in

the State Database shall be made available to local, State, or federal law enforcement agencies, approved crime laboratories which serve these agencies, or the district attorney's office upon written or electronic request and in furtherance of an official investigation of a criminal offense. These records shall also be available upon receipt of a valid court order directing the SBI to release these results to appropriate parties not listed above, when the court order is signed by a superior court judge after a hearing. The SBI shall maintain a file of such court orders.

8 (b) The SBI shall adopt rules governing the methods of obtaining information 9 from the State Database and CODIS and procedures for verification of the identity and 10 authority of the requester.

11 (c) The SBI shall create a separate population database comprised of blood-DNA 12 samples obtained under this Article, after all personal identification is removed. Nothing 13 shall prohibit the SBI from sharing or disseminating population databases with other 14 law enforcement agencies, crime laboratories that serve them, or other third parties the 15 SBI deems necessary to assist the SBI with statistical analysis of the SBI's population 16 databases. The population database may be made available to and searched by other 17 agencies participating in the CODIS system."

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**SECTION 8.** G.S. 15A-1382 reads as rewritten:

19 "§ 15A-1382. Reports of disposition; fingerprints.fingerprints and DNA samples.

(a) When the defendant is fingerprinted pursuant to G.S. 15A-502 prior to the
disposition of the case, a report of the disposition of the charges shall be made to the
State Bureau of Investigation on a form supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation
within 60 days following disposition. When a DNA sample is taken from the defendant
pursuant to G.S. 15A-502A prior to the disposition of the case, a report of the
disposition of the charges shall be made to the State Bureau of Investigation on a form
supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation within 60 days following disposition.

(b) When a defendant is found guilty of any felony, regardless of the class of felony, a report of the disposition of the charges shall be made to the State Bureau of Investigation on a form supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation within 60 days following disposition. If a convicted felon was not fingerprinted pursuant to G.S. 15A-502 prior to the disposition of the case, his fingerprints shall be taken and submitted to the State Bureau of Investigation along with the report of the disposition of the charges on forms supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation.

34 (c) If a convicted felon did not have a DNA blood sample taken pursuant to
 35 G.S. 15A-502A prior to the disposition of the case, then a DNA blood sample shall be
 36 taken from the felon in accordance with Article 13 of this Chapter and submitted to the
 37 State Bureau of Investigation along with the report of the disposition of the charges on
 38 forms supplied by the State Bureau of Investigation as provided by Article 13 of this
 39 Chapter."

**SECTION 9.** G.S. 7B-2201 reads as rewritten:

# 41 "§ 7B-2201. Fingerprinting <u>and DNA sample from j</u>uvenile transferred to superior 42 court.

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| 1        | (a) When jurisdiction over a juvenile is transferred to the superior court, the            |
|----------|--|
| 2        | juvenile shall be fingerprinted and the juvenile's fingerprints shall be sent to the State |
| 3        | Bureau of Investigation.   |
| $\Delta$ | (b) When jurisdiction over a juvenile is transferred to the superior court a DNA           |

- 4 (b) When jurisdiction over a juvenile is transferred to the superior court, a DNA 5 sample shall be taken from the juvenile pursuant to G.S. 15A-502A."
- 6 **SECTION 10.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2007, and applies to arrests made on or after that date.