GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

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SENATE BILL 703 Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 4/25/01

Short Title: Immunity/Honoring Portable DNR Order.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
March 27, 2001	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO CLARIFY IMMUNITY FOR HONORING A PO	ORTABLE DO NOT
RESUSCITATE ORDER.	
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
SECTION 1. Article 1B of Chapter 90 of the General	I Statutes is amended
by adding the following new section to read:	
"§ 90-21.16. Portable do not resuscitate order.	
(a) It is the intent of this section to recognize a patient's	
withhold cardiopulmonary resuscitation to avoid loss of dignity a	· ·
and suffering through the use of a portable do not resuscitate	
section establishes an optional and nonexclusive procedure by w	hich a patient or the
patient's representative may exercise this right.	.4.
(b) A physician may issue a portable DNR order for a patient	<u>IL:</u>
(1) With the consent of the patient;(2) If the patient is a minor, with the consent of the patient is a minor, with the consent of the patient.	ha nationt's parent or
guardian; or	le patient's parent of
(3) If the patient is not a minor but is incapable of	making an informed
decision regarding consent for the order, with	
patient's representative.	the consent of the
The physician shall document the basis for the order in the patients.	ent's medical record
(c) The Department of Health and Human Services shall dev	
order form. The official form shall include fields for the name of the	1 1
address, and telephone number of the physician; the signature of	-
other relevant information. The form may be approved by referen	
that meets the requirements of this subsection. For purposes	
"patient's representative" means an individual from the list of p	
consent to the withholding of extraordinary care pursuant to	
individual who has an established relationship with the patient, v	vho is acting in good
faith on behalf of the patient, and who can reliably convey the patient	ent's wishes.

- (d) No physician, emergency medical professional, hospice provider, or other health care provider shall be subject to criminal prosecution, civil liability, or disciplinary action by any professional licensing or certification agency for withholding cardiopulmonary resuscitation from a patient in good faith reliance on an original DNR form adopted pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, provided that (i) there are no reasonable grounds for doubting the validity of the order or the identity of the patient, and (ii) the provider does not have actual knowledge of the revocation of the portable DNR order. No physician, emergency medical professional, hospice provider, or other health care provider shall be subject to criminal prosecution, civil liability, or disciplinary action by any professional licensing or certification agency for failure to follow a DNR form adopted pursuant to subsection (c) of this section if the provider had no actual knowledge of the existence of the DNR order.
 - (e) A health care facility may develop policies and procedures that authorize the facility's provider to accept a portable DNR order as if it were an order of the medical staff of that facility. This section does not prohibit a physician in a health care facility from issuing a written order, other than a portable DNR order, not to resuscitate a patient in the event of cardiac or respiratory arrest, in accordance with acceptable medical practice and the facility's policies.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall affect the validity of portable DNR forms in existence prior to the effective date of this section."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 2001.