

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA  
SESSION 2013

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HOUSE PRINCIPAL CLERK

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HOUSE DRH40146-LLz-182 (02/27)

Short Title: Business Ct Judges/End Special Sup Ct Judges. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Burr and Davis (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to:

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  
2 AN ACT TO PHASE OUT THE USE OF SPECIAL SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES, TO  
3 PROVIDE FOR THE APPOINTMENT OF BUSINESS COURT JUDGES BY THE  
4 GOVERNOR IN CONSULTATION WITH THE CHIEF JUSTICE, AND TO PROVIDE  
5 FOR THE RENEWED USE OF EMERGENCY SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES, AS  
6 RECOMMENDED BY THE LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH COMMISSION'S  
7 COMMITTEE ON JUDICIAL EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION OF  
8 JUSTICE.

9 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

10 **SECTION 1.** G.S. 7A-45.1 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

11 "(a8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, effective on and after July 1,  
12 2014, any seat established by this section is abolished when any of the following first occurs:

- 13 (1) Retirement of the incumbent judge.  
14 (2) Resignation of the incumbent judge.  
15 (3) Removal from office of the incumbent judge.  
16 (4) Death of the incumbent judge.  
17 (5) Expiration of the term of the incumbent judge."

18 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 7A-52 reads as rewritten:

19 "**§ 7A-52. Retired district and superior court judges may become emergency judges**  
20 **subject to recall to active service; compensation for emergency judges on recall.**

21 (a) Judges of the district court ~~and judges of the superior court~~ who have not reached  
22 the mandatory retirement age specified in ~~G.S. 7A-4.20, G.S. 7A-4.20~~ and judges of the  
23 superior court who have not reached their seventy-sixth birthday, but who have retired under  
24 the provisions of G.S. 7A-51, or under the Uniform Judicial Retirement Act after having  
25 completed five years of creditable service, may apply as provided in G.S. 7A-53 to become  
26 emergency judges of the court from which they retired. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court  
27 may order any emergency judge of the district or superior court who, in his opinion, is  
28 competent to perform the duties of a judge of the court from which such judge retired, to hold  
29 regular or special sessions of such court, as needed. Order of assignment shall be in writing and  
30 entered upon the minutes of the court to which such emergency judge is assigned. Emergency  
31 superior court judges are subject to the annual continuing legal education requirements set by  
32 the State Bar.

33 (b) In addition to the compensation or retirement allowance the judge would otherwise  
34 be entitled to receive by law, each emergency judge of the district or superior court who is  
35 assigned to temporary active service by the Chief Justice shall be paid by the State the judge's  
36 actual expenses, plus four hundred dollars (\$400.00) for each day of active service rendered



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1 upon recall. No recalled retired trial judge shall receive from the State total annual  
2 compensation for judicial services in excess of that received by an active judge of the bench to  
3 which the judge is recalled."

4 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 7A-53 reads as rewritten:

5 **"§ 7A-53. Application to the Governor; commission as emergency judge.**

6 No retired judge of the district or superior court may become an emergency judge except  
7 upon his written application to the Governor certifying his desire and ability to serve as an  
8 emergency judge. If the Governor is satisfied that the applicant qualifies under G.S. 7A-52(a)  
9 to become an emergency judge and that he is physically and mentally able to perform the  
10 official duties of an emergency judge, he shall issue to such applicant a commission as an  
11 emergency judge of the court from which he retired. The commission shall be effective upon  
12 the date of its issue and shall terminate when ~~the a district court~~ judge to whom it is issued  
13 reaches the maximum age for judicial service under ~~G.S. 7A-4.20(a)~~ G.S. 7A-4.20(a) or when a  
14 superior court judge to whom it is issued reaches that judge's seventy-sixth birthday."

15 **SECTION 4.** G.S. 7A-45.3 reads as rewritten:

16 **"§ 7A-45.3. Superior court judges designated for complex business cases.**

17 (a) The Chief Justice may exercise the authority under rules of practice prescribed  
18 pursuant to G.S. 7A-34 to designate one or more of the special superior court judges authorized  
19 by G.S. 7A-45.1 Governor, in consultation with the Chief Justice, shall appoint up to three  
20 special superior court judges to hear and decide complex business cases as prescribed by the  
21 rules of practice. Any judge so designated appointed shall be known as a Business Court Judge  
22 and shall preside in the Business Court. If there is more than one business court judge, the  
23 Chief Justice may designate one of them as the Senior Business Court Judge. If there is no  
24 designation by the Chief Justice, the judge with the longest term of service on the court shall  
25 serve as Senior Business Court Judge until the Chief Justice makes an appointment to the  
26 position.

27 (b) The three special superior court judges designated by the Chief Justice as of January  
28 1, 2014, as business court judges shall serve as the business court judges authorized under  
29 subsection (a) of this section until each judge's retirement, resignation, removal, or death or  
30 until the expiration of that judge's term. Upon the occurrence of each judge's retirement,  
31 resignation, removal, or death or until the expiration of the judge's term, the Governor shall  
32 appoint a successor as provided in subsection (a) of this section. Thereafter, each special  
33 superior court judge appointed to serve as a business court judge shall serve an eight-year  
34 term."

35 **SECTION 5.** It is the intent of the General Assembly that, effective upon the  
36 abolition of each special superior court judgeship position as provided in G.S. 7A-45.1(a8), as  
37 enacted in Section 1 of this act, the Judicial Department shall:

- 38 (1) Make use of emergency superior court judges authorized under G.S. 7A-52  
39 and G.S. 7A-53 for the performance of duties previously performed by that  
40 judge.
- 41 (2) Evaluate the need for additional regular superior court judges in high need  
42 areas of the State and make any recommendations for the creation of  
43 additional judgeships in those areas.

44 **SECTION 6.** This act becomes effective July 1, 2014.