GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

H HOUSE BILL 772

HOUSE BILL 772 Corrected Copy 4/11/11

Short Title:	SORNA Compliance. (Publ			
Sponsors:	Committee on Judiciary (Primary Sponsor)			
For a complete list of Sponsors, see Bill Information on the NCGA Web S				
Referred to:	Judiciary.			
	April 7, 2011			
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
	COMPLY WITH THE FEDERAL SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION AND			
	ATION ACT.			
	Assembly of North Carolina enacts: CCTION 1. G.S. 14-208.6 reads as rewritten:			
"§ 14-208.6.				
-	ving definitions apply in this Article:			
(1 6				
`	following: (i) engaging in a sexual act involving vaginal, anal, or oral			
	penetration with a victim of any age through the use of force or the threat of			
	serious violence; or (ii) engaging in a sexual act involving vaginal, anal, or			
	oral penetration with a victim who is less than 12 years old.			
(11				
/1	in compliance with this Article.			
(10	 "Division" means the Division of Criminal Information of the Department of Justice. 			
(10				
`	by the use of the Internet, a computer, a facsimile machine, a pager, a			
	cellular telephone, a video recorder, or other electronic means sent to a			
	person identified by a unique address or address number and received by that			
	person.			
(16				
	of time exceeding 14 days or for an aggregate period of time exceeding 30			
	days during any calendar year, whether financially compensated,			
(14	volunteered, or for the purpose of government or educational benefit.			
(11	"Entity" means a business or organization that provides Internet service, electronic communications service, remote computing service, online			
	service, electronic mail service, or electronic instant message or chat			
	services whether the business or organization is within or outside the State.			
(19	•			
36	court martial), State, territorial, tribal, or foreign court:			
	a. Any conviction, adjudication, or other judicial determination that has			
	subjected the offender to possible penal consequences. This does not			
	include juveniles adjudicated delinquent in this State, or judicial			
	determinations involving juveniles from other jurisdictions.			



- b. Any judicial determination involving a juvenile in another jurisdiction if that jurisdiction would require the juvenile to register on a public registry if the juvenile resided in that jurisdiction.
- c. Any juvenile adjudication of delinquency in this State, or any judicial determination involving a juvenile in another jurisdiction, if the juvenile was at least 14 years of age at the time of the offense and the adjudication was for a violation of G.S. 14-27.2 (first-degree rape), G.S. 14-27.3 (second degree rape), G.S. 14-27.4 (first-degree sex offense), G.S. 14-27.5 (second degree sexual offense), or G.S. 14-27.6 (attempted rape or sexual offense), for an attempt or conspiracy to commit any of those offenses, or for a violation of, or attempt or conspiracy to commit, any offense in another jurisdiction which is substantially similar to any of those offenses.

Convictions from foreign countries are included unless the U.S. State Department has concluded an independent judiciary did not generally enforce the right to a fair trial in that country during the year in which the conviction occurred.

- (1g)(1h) "Instant Message" means a form of real-time text communication between two or more people. The communication is conveyed via computers connected over a network such as the Internet.
- (1h)(1i) "Institution of higher education" means any postsecondary public or private educational institution, including any trade or professional institution, college, or university.
- (1i)(1j) "Internet" means the global information system that is logically linked together by a globally unique address space based on the Internet Protocol or its subsequent extensions; that is able to support communications using the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol suite, its subsequent extensions, or other Internet Protocol compatible protocols; and that provides, uses, or makes accessible, either publicly or privately, high-level services layered on the communications and related infrastructure described in this subdivision.
- (1j)(1k) "Mental abnormality" means a congenital or acquired condition of a person that affects the emotional or volitional capacity of the person in a manner that predisposes that person to the commission of criminal sexual acts to a degree that makes the person a menace to the health and safety of others.
- (1k)(11) "Nonresident student" means a person who is not a resident of North Carolina but who is enrolled in any type of school in the State on a part-time or full-time basis.
- (11)(1m) "Nonresident worker" means a person who is not a resident of North Carolina but who has employment or carries on a vocation in the State, on a part-time or full-time basis, with or without compensation or government or educational benefit, for more than 14 days, or for an aggregate period exceeding 30 days in a calendar year.
- (1m)(1n) "Offense against a minor" means any of the following offenses if the offense is committed against a minor, and the person committing the offense is not the minor's parent: G.S. 14-39 (kidnapping), G.S. 14-41 (abduction of children), and G.S. 14-43.3 (felonious restraint). The term also includes the following if the person convicted of the following is not the minor's parent: a solicitation or conspiracy to commit any of these offenses; aiding and abetting any of these offenses.

"Online identifier" means electronic mail address, instant message screen 1 $\frac{(1n)}{(10)}$ 2 name, user ID, chat or other Internet communication name, but it does not 3 mean social security number, date of birth, or pin number. 4 "Penal institution" means: (2) 5 A detention facility operated under the jurisdiction of the Division of a. 6 Prisons of the Department of Correction; 7 A detention facility operated under the jurisdiction of another state or b. 8 the federal government; or 9 A detention facility operated by a local government in this State or c. 10 another state. 11 "Personality disorder" means an enduring pattern of inner experience and (2a) 12 behavior that deviates markedly from the expectations of the individual's 13 culture, is pervasive and inflexible, has an onset in adolescence or early 14 adulthood, is stable over time, and leads to distress or impairment. 15 (2b)"Recidivist" means a person who has a prior conviction for an offense that is described in G.S. 14-208.6(4). 16 17 "Release" means discharged or paroled. (3) "Residence address" means the location of the person's home or other place 18 (3a) 19 where the person habitually lives, or a general description of the location of 20 the place the person habitually lives, if that location has no fixed address. "Reportable conviction" means: 21 (4) 22 A final conviction for an offense against a minor, a sexually violent a. 23 offense, or a tier I offense, a tier II offense, or a tier III offense. an 24 attempt to commit any of those offenses unless the conviction is for 25 aiding and abetting. A final conviction for aiding and abetting is a reportable conviction only if the court sentencing the individual finds 26 that the registration of that individual under this Article furthers the 27 28 purposes of this Article as stated in G.S. 14-208.5. 29 A final conviction in another state-jurisdiction of an offense, which if b. 30 committed in this State, is substantially similar to an offense against 31 a minor or a sexually violent offense a tier I offense, a tier II offense, 32 or a tier III offense as defined by this section, or a final conviction in 33 another state-jurisdiction of an offense that requires registration 34 under the sex offender registration statutes of that state.jurisdiction. 35 A final conviction in a federal jurisdiction (including a court martial) e. 36 of an offense, which is substantially similar to an offense against a 37 minor or a sexually violent offense as defined by this section. 38 A final conviction for a violation of G.S. 14-202(d), (e), (f), (g), or d. 39 (h), or a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of 40 G.S. 14-202(a), (a1), or (c), only if the court sentencing the individual issues an order pursuant to G.S. 14-202(1) requiring the 41 42 individual to register. 43 (5)"Sexually violent offense" means a violation of G.S. 14-27.2 (first degree rape), G.S. 14-27.2A (rape of a child; adult offender), G.S. 14-27.3 (second 44 45 degree rape), G.S. 14-27.4 (first degree sexual offense), G.S. 14-27.4A (sex 46 offense with a child; adult offender), G.S. 14-27.5 (second degree sexual 47 offense), G.S. 14-27.5A (sexual battery), G.S. 14-27.6 (attempted rape or 48 sexual offense), G.S. 14-27.7 (intercourse and sexual offense with certain 49 victims), G.S. 14-27.7A(a) (statutory rape or sexual offense of person who is 50 13-, 14-, or 15-years-old where the defendant is at least six years older),

G.S. 14-43.13 (subjecting or maintaining a person for sexual servitude),

- G.S. 14-178 (incest between near relatives), G.S. 14-190.6 (employing or permitting minor to assist in offenses against public morality and decency), G.S. 14-190.9(a1) (felonious indecent exposure), G.S. 14-190.16 (first degree sexual exploitation of a minor), G.S. 14-190.17 (second degree sexual exploitation of a minor), G.S. 14-190.17A (third degree sexual exploitation of a minor), G.S. 14-190.18 (promoting prostitution of a minor), G.S. 14-190.19 (participating in the prostitution of a minor), G.S. 14-202.1 (taking indecent liberties with children), G.S. 14-202.3 (Solicitation of child by computer or certain other electronic devices to commit an unlawful sex act), G.S. 14-202.4(a) (taking indecent liberties with a student), G.S. 14-318.4(a1) (parent or caretaker commit or permit act of prostitution with or by a juvenile), or G.S. 14-318.4(a2) (commission or allowing of sexual act upon a juvenile by parent or guardian). The term also includes the following: a solicitation or conspiracy to commit any of these offenses; aiding and abetting any of these offenses.
- (6) "Sexually violent predator" means a person who has been convicted of a sexually violent offensetier I offense, a tier II offense, or a tier III offense that is not an offense against a minor and who suffers from a mental abnormality or personality disorder that makes the person likely to engage in sexually violent offenses directed at strangers or at a person with whom a relationship has been established or promoted for the primary purpose of victimization.
- (7) "Sheriff" means the sheriff of a county in this State.
- (8) "Statewide registry" means the central registry compiled by the Division in accordance with G.S. 14-208.14.
- (9) "Student" means a person who is enrolled on a full-time or part-time basis, in (i) any public or nonpublic school, or (ii) any postsecondary public or private educational institution, including any trade or professional institution, or other institution of higher education.
- (10) "Temporary lodging" means a place where a person abides or lodges for seven or more days that is a location other than the person's reported residence address.
- (11) "Tier I offense" means a violation of any of the following:
 - <u>a.</u> <u>G.S. 14-27.5A (sexual battery).</u>
 - b. G.S. 14-43.13 (subjection or maintaining a person for sexual servitude) where the facts of the case show the victim was not a minor at the time of the offense.
 - <u>c.</u> <u>G.S. 14-178 (incest between near relatives) where the facts of the case show the victim was not a minor at the time of the offense.</u>
 - d. G.S. 14-190.9(a1) (felonious indecent exposure).
 - e. G.S. 14-190.17A (third degree sexual exploitation of a minor).
 - f. G.S. 14-202(d), (e), (f), (g), or (h), or a second or subsequent violation of G.S. 14-202(a), (a1), or (c) (secretly peeping into room occupied by another person), only if the court sentencing the individual issues an order pursuant to G.S. 14-202(l) requiring the individual to register.
 - g. G.S. 14-202.1 (taking indecent liberties with children) when there is no sexual contact.
 - h. G.S. 14-202.1 (taking indecent liberties with children) when there is sexual contact, but only if the court sentencing the individual finds that the victim was at least 13 years old, the offender was no more

1			than eight years older than the victim, no force was used in the			
2			commission of the offense, and it is appropriate for the offense to be			
3			classified as a tier I offense.			
4		The to	The term also includes the following: an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy			
5		to cor	mmit any of these offenses; aiding and abetting any of these offenses.			
6	<u>(12)</u>	"Tier	II offense" means a violation of any of the following:			
7		<u>a.</u>	G.S. 14-27.7 (intercourse and sexual offense with certain victims)			
8			where the facts of the case show the victim was at least 13 years old			
9			at the time of the offense.			
10		<u>b.</u>	G.S. 14-27.7A (statutory rape or sexual offense of person who is 13,			
11			14, or 15 years old).			
12		<u>c.</u>	G.S. 14-43.13 (subjecting or maintaining a person for sexual			
13			servitude) where the facts of the case show the victim was at least 13			
14			but less than 18 years old at the time of the offense.			
15		<u>d.</u>	G.S. 14-178 (incest between near relatives) where the facts of the			
16			case show the victim was at least 13 but less than 18 years old at the			
17			time of the offense.			
18		<u>e.</u>	G.S. 14-190.6 (employing or permitting minor to assist in offenses			
19		c	against public morality and decency).			
20		<u>f.</u>	G.S. 14-190.16 (first-degree sexual exploitation of a minor).			
21 22		<u>g.</u> b	G.S. 14-190.17 (second degree sexual exploitation of a minor).			
23		<u>n.</u> ;	G.S. 14-190.18 (promoting prostitution of a minor).			
24		<u>h.</u> <u>i.</u> <u>j.</u>	G.S. 14-190.19 (participating in the prostitution of a minor). G.S. 14-202.1 (taking indecent liberties with children) where the			
25		<u>J.</u>	facts of the case show the victim was at least 13 but less than 16			
26			years old at the time of the offense and there was sexual contact with			
27			the victim.			
28		<u>k.</u>	G.S. 14-202.3 (solicitation of child by computer to commit an			
29		<u>K.</u>	unlawful sex act).			
30		<u>l.</u>	G.S. 14-318.4(a1) (parent or caretaker commit or permit act of			
31		21	prostitution with or by a juvenile).			
32		<u>m.</u>	G.S. 14-318.4(a2) (commission or allowing of sexual act upon a			
33			juvenile by parent or guardian) where the facts of the case show the			
34			victim was at least 13 but less than 18 years old at the time of the			
35			offense.			
36		The to	erm also includes the following: an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy			
37		to co	mmit any of these offenses; aiding and abetting any of these offenses.			
38	<u>(13)</u>	"Tier	III offense" means a violation of any of the following:			
39		<u>a.</u>	An offense against a minor.			
40		<u>b.</u>	G.S. 14-27.2 (first-degree rape).			
41		<u>c.</u>	G.S. 14-27.2A (rape of a child; adult offender).			
42		<u>c.</u> <u>d.</u> <u>e.</u> <u>f.</u>	G.S. 14-27.3 (second degree rape).			
43		<u>e.</u>	G.S. 14-27.4 (first-degree sexual offense).			
44		<u>f.</u>	G.S. 14-27.4A (sex offense with a child; adult offender).			
45		<u>g.</u> <u>h.</u> <u>i.</u>	G.S. 14-27.5 (second degree sexual offense).			
46		<u>h.</u>	G.S. 14-27.6 (attempted rape or sexual offense).			
47		<u>1.</u>	G.S. 14-27.7 (intercourse and sexual offense with certain victims)			
48			where the facts of the case show the victim was under the age of 13			
49			at the time of the offense.			

G.S. 14-43.13 (subjecting or maintaining a person for sexual 1 į. 2 servitude) where the facts of the case show the victim was under the 3 age of 13 at the time of the offense. 4 G.S. 14-178 (incest between near relatives) where the facts of the <u>k.</u> 5 case show the victim was under the age of 13 at the time of the 6 offense. 7 G.S. 14-202.1 (taking indecent liberties with children) where the <u>l.</u> 8 facts of the case show the victim was under the age of 13 at the time 9 of the offense and there was sexual contact with the victim. G.S. 14-318.4(a2) (commission or allowing of sexual act upon a 10 <u>m.</u> 11 juvenile by parent or guardian) where the facts of the case show the victim was under the age of 13 at the time of the offense. 12 13 The term also includes the following: an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any of these offenses; aiding and abetting any of these offenses. 14 "Tier I registrant" means any person with a reportable conviction for a Tier I 15 <u>(14)</u> 16 offense. 17 "Tier II registrant" means any person who: (15)18 Has a reportable conviction for a tier II offense; or <u>a.</u> 19 Has a reportable conviction for a tier I offense and has a previous <u>b.</u> 20 reportable conviction for a tier I offense. "Tier III registrant" means any person who: 21 (16)22 Has a reportable conviction for a tier III offense; <u>a.</u> 23 Has a reportable conviction for a tier I or tier II offense and has a b. 24 previous reportable conviction for a tier II offense; or 25 Has a reportable conviction for a tier I or tier II offense and has <u>c.</u> 26 previously been required to register in accordance with Part 2A of 27 this Article."

SECTION 2. G.S. 14-208.6A reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-208.6A. Lifetime registration requirements for criminal offenders.

It is the objective of the General Assembly to establish a 30-year registration requirement for persons convicted of certain offenses against minors or sexually violent offenses tier I offenses with an opportunity for those persons to petition in superior court to shorten their registration time period after 10 years of registration. It is also the objective of the General Assembly to establish a mandatory 30-year registration requirement for persons convicted of tier II offenses and certain recidivists. It is the further objective of the General Assembly to establish a more stringent set of registration requirements for recidivists, persons who commit aggravated offenses, lifetime registration requirement for a person convicted of tier III offenses, certain recidivists, and for a subclass of highly dangerous sex offenders who are determined by a sentencing court with the assistance of a board of experts to be sexually violent predators.

To accomplish this objective, there are established two-three registration programs: the <u>Tier I Sex Offender and Public Protection Registration Program, and the Tier III Sex Offender and Sexually Violent Predator Registration Program. Any person convicted of an offense against a minor or of a sexually violent offensetier I registrant as defined by this Article shall register in person as an offender in accordance with Part 2 of this Article. Any tier II registrant as defined by this Article shall register in person as an offender in accordance with Part 2A of this Article. Any person who is a recidivist, who commits an aggravated offense, ortier III registrant as defined by this Article or any person who is determined to be a sexually violent predator shall register in person as such an offender in accordance with Part 3 of this Article.</u>

The information obtained under these programs shall be immediately shared with the appropriate local, State, federal, and out-of-state law enforcement officials and penal

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institutions. In addition, the information designated under G.S. 14-208.10(a) as public record shall be readily available to and accessible by the public. However, the identity of the victim is not public record and shall not be released as a public record."

SECTION 3. G.S. 14-208.6B reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-208.6B. Registration requirements for juveniles transferred to and convicted in superior court.

A juvenile transferred to superior court pursuant to G.S. 7B-2200 who is convicted of a sexually violent offense or an offense against a minora tier I offense, a tier II offense, or a tier III offense as defined in G.S. 14-208.6 shall register in person in accordance with this Article just as an adult convicted of the same offense must register."

SECTION 4. The title of Part 2 of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:

"Part 2. Tier I Sex Offender and Public Protection Registration Program."

SECTION 5. G.S. 14-208.7 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-208.7. Registration.

- (a) A person who is a State resident and who has a reportable conviction shall be required to maintain registration with the sheriff of the county where the person resides. If the person moves to North Carolina from outside this State, the person shall register within three business days of establishing residence in this State, or whenever the person has been present in the State for 15 days, whichever comes first. If the person is a current resident of North Carolina, the person shall register:
 - (1) Within three business days of Prior to release from a penal institution or arrival in a county to live outside a penal institution; or
 - (2) Immediately upon conviction for a reportable offense where an active term of imprisonment was not imposed.

Registration shall be maintained for a period of at least 30 years following the date of initial county registration unless the person, after 10 years of registration, successfully petitions the superior court to shorten his or her registration time period under G.S. 14-208.12A.

- (a1) A person who is a nonresident student or a nonresident worker and who has a reportable conviction, or is required to register in the person's state of residency, is required to maintain registration with the sheriff of the county where the person works or attends school. In addition to the information required under subsection (b) subsections (b) and (b1) of this section, the person shall also provide information regarding the person's school or place of employment as appropriate and the person's address in his or her state of residence.
- (a2) Any person who has been convicted of a reportable conviction prior to July 1, 2011, shall be required to register for that conviction pursuant to this Article if any of the following apply:
 - (1) On July 1, 2011, the person is required to register for another offense pursuant to this Article.
 - (2) On July 1, 2011, the person is serving an active term of imprisonment for any criminal offense.
 - (3) On July 1, 2011, the person is on probation, parole, or post-release supervision for any criminal offense.
 - (4) On or after July 1, 2011, the person is convicted of any felony offense.

A person required to register pursuant to subdivision (1) or (3) of this subsection shall register for the prior reportable conviction on or before July 6, 2011. A person required to register pursuant to subdivision (2) or (4) of this subsection shall register as provided in subsection (a) of this section.

Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, if (i) the conviction of a reportable conviction prior to July 1, 2011, was for a tier I or tier II offense, (ii) the conviction occurred 30 years or more prior to the date the person is required to register pursuant to this subsection, and

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- (iii) the person has no other reportable convictions requiring registration under this Article, the person shall not be required to register pursuant to this subsection.
- (b) The Division shall provide each sheriff with forms for registering persons as required by this Article. The registration form shall require all of the following:
 - (1) The person's full name, each alias, date of birth, sex, race, height, weight, eye color, hair color, tattoos, birthmarks, scars, or other identifying marks, drivers license number, number and a photocopy of the drivers license, social security number, any telephone numbers, including mobile phone numbers, and home residence address.
 - (2) The type of offense for which the person was convicted, the date of conviction, and the sentence imposed.
 - (3) A current photograph taken by the sheriff, without charge, at the time of registration.
 - (4) The person's fingerprints <u>and palm prints</u> taken by the sheriff, without charge, at the time of registration.
 - (5) A statement indicating whether the person is a student or expects to enroll as a student within a year of registering. If the person is a student or expects to enroll as a student within a year of registration, then the registration form shall also require the name and address of the <u>school or</u> educational institution at which the person is a student or expects to enroll as a student.
 - (6) A statement indicating whether The name and address of any place the person is employed or expects to be employed at an institution of higher education within a year of registering. If the person is employed or expects to be employed at an institution of higher education within a year of registration, then the registration form shall also require the name and address of the educational institution at which the person is or expects to be employed.
 - (7) Any online identifier that the person uses or intends to use.
 - (8) Copies of or information on the person's passport or immigration documents, if any.
 - (9) Any professional licenses the person may hold authorizing the person to engage in an occupation or carry out a trade or business.
 - (10) A description of any motor vehicle, moped, aircraft, or watercraft the person owns or regularly operates for personal or employment use, including any license plate, registration, or other identification number and information on where the motor vehicle, moped, aircraft, or watercraft is regularly parked, docked, or otherwise located.
- (b1) <u>In addition to the information required by subsection (b) of this section, the sheriff</u> with whom the person registers shall obtain a sample of the person's DNA, if a sample has not already been obtained and stored in the State DNA Database.
- (c) When a person registers, the sheriff with whom the person registered shall immediately send the registration information to the Division in a manner determined by the Division. The sheriff shall retain the original registration form and other information collected and shall compile the information that is a public record under this Part into a county registry.
- (d) Any person required to register under this section shall report in person at the appropriate sheriff's office to comply with the registration requirements set out in this section. The sheriff shall provide the registrant with a written explanation of the duty to register under this Article, and shall require the registrant to sign a written acknowledgment that the explanation has been provided and that the registrant understands the registration requirement. The sheriff shall provide the registrant with written proof of registration at the time of registration."

SECTION 6. G.S. 14-208.8 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-208.8. Prerelease notification.

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- (a) At least 10 days, but not earlier than 30 days, before a person who will be subject to registration under this Article is due to be released from a penal institution, an official of the penal institution shall do all of the following:
 - (1) Inform the person of the person's duty to register under this Article and require the person to sign a written statement that the person was so informed or, if the person refuses to sign the statement, certify that the person was so informed.
 - (2) Obtain the registration information required under G.S. 14-208.7(b)(1), (2), (5), (6), and (7), G.S. 14-208.7 as well as the address where the person expects to reside upon the person's release.
 - (3) Send the Division and the sheriff of the county in which the person expects to reside the information collected in accordance with subdivision (2) of this subsection.
- (b) If a person who is subject to registration under this Article does not receive an active term of imprisonment, the court pronouncing sentence shall conduct, at the time of sentencing, the notification procedures specified in subsection (a) of this section."

SECTION 7. Part 2 of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 14-208.8B. Notification requirement for temporary lodging or international travel.

- (a) A person required to register under this Article shall notify the sheriff of the county with whom the person is registered of any temporary lodging, including hotel, motel, or other transient lodging. The notice shall be provided within 72 hours after the person knows or should know that he or she will be maintaining temporary lodging and shall include information on the period of time the person will be residing in the temporary lodging.
- (b) A person required to register under this Article shall notify the sheriff of the county with whom the person is registered of any intent to leave the United States 21 days or more prior to leaving the United States.
- (c) Upon receiving the notice required under subsection (a) or (b) of this section, the sheriff shall immediately forward the information to the Division. If the notice is of temporary lodging, pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the Division shall notify the sheriff of the county where the person is maintaining temporary lodging. If the notice is of the intent to leave the United States, pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the Division shall notify all other jurisdictions in which the person is required to register as a sex offender, shall notify the United States Marshals Service, and shall update the person's registration information in the national sex offender database."

SECTION 8. G.S. 14-208.10 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-208.10. Registration information is public record; access to registration information.

(a) The following information regarding a person required to register under this Article is public record and shall be available for public inspection: name, sex, temporary lodging address, residence address, vehicle description and license plate, registration, or identification number, physical description, picture, conviction date, offensedates, all offenses for which registration was required, the sentence imposed as a result of the conviction, and registration status. The information obtained under G.S. 14-208.22 regarding a person's medical records or documentation of treatment for the person's mental abnormality or personality disorder shall not be a part of the public record.

The sheriff shall release any other relevant information that is necessary to protect the public concerning a specific person, but shall not release the identity of the victim of the offense that required registration under this Article.

(b) Any person may obtain a copy of an individual's registration form, a part of the county registry, or all of the county registry, by submitting a written request for the information to the sheriff. However, the identity of the victim of an offense that requires registration under this Article—Article, the registrant's social security number, the registrant's passport or immigration document numbers, and any information on any arrests of the registrant not resulting in conviction, shall not be released. The sheriff may charge a reasonable fee for duplicating costs and for mailing costs when appropriate."

SECTION 9. Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Part to read:

"Part 2A. Tier II Sex Offender and Public Protection Registration Program.

"§ 14-208.19B. Mandatory 30-year registration procedure; application of Part 2 of this Article.

<u>Unless provided otherwise by this Part, the provisions of Part 2 of this Article apply to a tier II registrant. The procedure for registering as a tier II registrant is the same as under Part 2 of this Article.</u>

"§ 14-208.19C. Length of registration.

A tier II registrant shall maintain registration for a period of at least 30 years following the date of initial county registration. Except as provided under G.S. 14-208.6C, the requirement of registration shall not be terminated prior to the completion of the registration period."

SECTION 10. The title of Part 3 of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes reads as rewritten:

"Part 3. Tier III Sex Offender and Sexually Violent Predator Registration Program."

SECTION 11. G.S. 14-208.20(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) When a person is charged by indictment or information with the commission of a sexually violent offense, tier I offense, a tier II offense, or a tier III offense that is not an offense against a minor, the district attorney shall decide whether to seek classification of the offender as a sexually violent predator if the person is convicted. If the district attorney intends to seek the classification of a sexually violent predator, the district attorney shall within the time provided for the filing of pretrial motions under G.S. 15A-952 file a notice of the district attorney's intent. The court may for good cause shown allow late filing of the notice, grant additional time to the parties to prepare for trial, or make other appropriate orders."

SECTION 12. G.S. 14-208.21 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-208.21. Lifetime registration procedure; application of Part 2 of this Article.

Unless provided otherwise by this Part, the provisions of Part 2 of this Article apply to a <u>tier III registrant or a person classified as a sexually violent predator, a person who is a recidivist, or a person who is convicted of an aggravated offense predator.</u> The procedure for registering as a <u>tier III registrant or a sexually violent predator, a recidivist, or a person convicted of an aggravated offense predator is the same as under Part 2 of this Article."</u>

SECTION 13. G.S. 14-208.22(a) reads as rewritten:

- "(a) In addition to the information required by G.S. 14-208.7, the following information shall also be obtained in the same manner as set out in Part 2 of this Article from a person who is a recidivist, who is convicted of an aggravated offense, tier III registrant or who is classified as a sexually violent predator:
 - (1) Identifying factors.
 - (2) Offense history.
 - (3) Documentation of any treatment received by the person for the person's mental abnormality or personality disorder."

SECTION 14. G.S. 14-208.23 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-208.23. Length of registration.

A person who is a recidivist, who is convicted of an aggravated offense, tier III registrant or a person who is classified as a sexually violent predator shall maintain registration for the

person's life. Except as provided under G.S. 14-208.6C, G.S. 14-208.6C or G.S. 14-208.23A, the requirement of registration shall not be terminated."

SECTION 15. Part 3 of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 14-208.23A. Request for termination of registration requirement for juveniles.

- (a) Thirty years from the date of initial county registration, a person required to register under this Part based on a final conviction as defined in sub-subdivision b. or c. of G.S. 14-208.6(1g) may petition the superior court in the district where the person resides to terminate the lifetime registration requirement if the person has not been convicted of a subsequent offense requiring registration under this Article.
 - (b) The court may grant the relief if:
 - (1) The petitioner demonstrates to the court that he or she has not been arrested for any crime that would require registration under this Article since completing the sentence,
 - (2) The requested relief complies with the provisions of the federal Jacob Wetterling Act, as amended, and any other federal standards applicable to the termination of a registration requirement or required to be met as a condition for the receipt of federal funds by the State, and
 - (3) The court is otherwise satisfied that the petitioner is not a current or potential threat to public safety.
- (c) The district attorney in the district in which the petition is filed shall be given notice of the petition at least three weeks before the hearing on the matter. The petitioner may present evidence in support of the petition, and the district attorney may present evidence in opposition to the requested relief or may otherwise demonstrate the reasons why the petition should be denied.
- (d) If the court denies the petition, the person may again petition the court for relief in accordance with this section one year from the date of the denial of the original petition to terminate the registration requirement. If the court grants the petition to terminate the registration requirement, the clerk of court shall forward a certified copy of the order to the Division to have the person's name removed from the registry."

SECTION 16. G.S. 14-208.26(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) When a juvenile is adjudicated delinquent for a violation of G.S. 14-27.2 (first degree rape), G.S. 14-27.3 (second degree rape), G.S. 14-27.4 (first degree sexual offense), G.S. 14-27.5 (second degree sexual offense), or G.S. 14-27.6 (attempted rape or sexual offense), and the juvenile was at least eleven years of age but less than fourteen years of age at the time of the commission of the offense, the court shall consider whether the juvenile is a danger to the community. If the court finds that the juvenile is a danger to the community, then the court shall consider whether the juvenile should be required to register with the county sheriff in accordance with this Part. The determination as to whether the juvenile is a danger to the community and whether the juvenile shall be ordered to register shall be made by the presiding judge at the dispositional hearing. If the judge rules that the juvenile is a danger to the community and that the juvenile shall register, then an order shall be entered requiring the juvenile to register. The court's findings regarding whether the juvenile is a danger to the community and whether the juvenile shall register shall be entered into the court record. No juvenile may be required to register under this Part unless the court first finds that the juvenile is a danger to the community.

A juvenile ordered to register under this Part shall register and maintain that registration as provided by this Part."

SECTION 17. G.S. 14-208.40(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) The Department of Correction shall establish a sex offender monitoring program that uses a continuous satellite-based monitoring system and shall create guidelines to govern

the program. The program shall be designed to monitor three categories of offenders as follows:

- (1) Any offender who is convicted of a reportable conviction as defined by G.S. 14-208.6(4) and who is required to register under Part 3 of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes because the defendant is classified as a sexually violent predator, is a recidivist, or was convicted of an aggravated offense a tier III offense other than an offense against a minor as those terms are defined in G.S. 14-208.6.
- (2) Any offender who satisfies all of the following criteria: (i) is convicted of a reportable conviction as defined by G.S. 14-208.6(4), (ii) is required to register under Part 2 of Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes, (iii) has committed an offense involving the physical, mental, or sexual abuse of a minor, and (iv) based on the Department's risk assessment program requires the highest possible level of supervision and monitoring.
- (3) Any offender who is convicted of G.S. 14-27.2A or G.S. 14-27.4A, who shall be enrolled in the satellite-based monitoring program for the offender's natural life upon termination of the offender's active punishment."

SECTION 18. G.S. 14-208.40A reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-208.40A. Determination of satellite-based monitoring requirement by court.

(a) When an offender is convicted of a reportable conviction as defined by G.S. 14-208.6(4), during the sentencing phase, the district attorney shall present to the court any evidence that (i) the offender has been classified as a sexually violent predator pursuant to G.S. 14-208.20, (ii) the offender is a recidivist, (iii) the conviction offense was an aggravated offense, a tier III offense other than an offense against a minor, (iv) the conviction offense was a violation of G.S. 14-27.2A or G.S. 14-27.4A, or (v) the offense involved the physical, mental, or sexual abuse of a minor. The district attorney shall have no discretion to withhold any evidence required to be submitted to the court pursuant to this subsection.

The offender shall be allowed to present to the court any evidence that the district attorney's evidence is not correct.

- (b) After receipt of the evidence from the parties, the court shall determine whether the offender's conviction places the offender in one of the categories described in G.S. 14-208.40(a), and if so, shall make a finding of fact of that determination, specifying whether (i) the offender has been classified as a sexually violent predator pursuant to G.S. 14-208.20, (ii) the offender is a recidivist, (iii) the conviction offense was an aggravated offense, a tier III offense other than an offense against a minor, (iv) the conviction offense was a violation of G.S. 14-27.2A or G.S. 14-27.4A, or (v) the offense involved the physical, mental, or sexual abuse of a minor.
- (c) If the court finds that the offender has been classified as a sexually violent predator, is a recidivist, has committed an aggravated offense, a tier III offense other than an offense against a minor, or was convicted of G.S. 14-27.2A or G.S. 14-27.4A, the court shall order the offender to enroll in a satellite-based monitoring program for life.
- (d) If the court finds that the offender committed an offense that involved the physical, mental, or sexual abuse of a minor, that the offense is not an aggravated offense it in offense other than an offense against a minor or a violation of G.S. 14-27.2A or G.S. 14-27.4A and the offender is not a recidivist, the court shall order that the Department do a risk assessment of the offender. The Department shall have a minimum of 30 days, but not more than 60 days, to complete the risk assessment of the offender and report the results to the court.
- (e) Upon receipt of a risk assessment from the Department pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, the court shall determine whether, based on the Department's risk assessment, the offender requires the highest possible level of supervision and monitoring. If the court determines that the offender does require the highest possible level of supervision and

monitoring, the court shall order the offender to enroll in a satellite-based monitoring program for a period of time to be specified by the court."

SECTION 19. G.S. 14-208.40B(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) At the hearing, the court shall determine if the offender falls into one of the categories described in G.S. 14-208.40(a). The court shall hold the hearing and make findings of fact pursuant to G.S. 14-208.40A.

If the court finds that (i) the offender has been classified as a sexually violent predator pursuant to G.S. 14-208.20, (ii) the offender is a recidivist, (iii) the conviction offense was an aggravated offense, a tier III offense other than an offense against a minor, or (iv) the conviction offense was a violation of G.S. 14-27.2A or G.S. 14-27.4A, the court shall order the offender to enroll in satellite-based monitoring for life.

If the court finds that the offender committed an offense that involved the physical, mental, or sexual abuse of a minor, that the offense is not an aggravated offense tier III offense other than an offense against a minor or a violation of G.S. 14-27.2A or G.S. 14-27.4A, and the offender is not a recidivist, the court shall order that the Department do a risk assessment of the offender. The Department shall have a minimum of 30 days, but not more than 60 days, to complete the risk assessment of the offender and report the results to the court. The Department may use a risk assessment of the offender done within six months of the date of the hearing.

Upon receipt of a risk assessment from the Department, the court shall determine whether, based on the Department's risk assessment, the offender requires the highest possible level of supervision and monitoring. If the court determines that the offender does require the highest possible level of supervision and monitoring, the court shall order the offender to enroll in a satellite-based monitoring program for a period of time to be specified by the court."

SECTION 20. G.S. 14-208.43(d1) reads as rewritten:

"(d1) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, if the Commission is notified by the Department of Correction that the offender has been released, pursuant to G.S. 14-208.12A, G.S. 14-208.12A or G.S. 14-208.23A, from the requirement to register under Part 2 or Part 3 of Article 27A of this Chapter, upon request of the offender, the Commission shall order the termination of the monitoring requirement."

SECTION 21. G.S. 50-13.1(a1) reads as rewritten:

"(a1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any person instituting an action or proceeding for custody ex parte who has been convicted of a sexually violent offense as defined in G.S. 14-208.6(5) reportable conviction as defined in G.S. 14-208.6(4) shall disclose the conviction in the pleadings."

SECTION 22. Section 21 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2011. The remainder of this act becomes effective July 1, 2011, and applies to persons who are required to be registered pursuant to Article 27A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes on or after that date.