GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

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HOUSE BILL 145 Committee Substitute Favorable 3/16/11

Short Title: Phoebe's Law. Sponsors:

Referred to:

February 21, 2011

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2	AN ACT TO ESTABLISH A PILOT PROGRAM TO IMPROVE PUBLIC SAFETY BY
3	AUTHORIZING THE USE OF ELECTRONIC SPEED-MEASURING SYSTEMS BY
4	THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION TO DETECT SPEED LIMIT
5	VIOLATIONS IN HIGHWAY WORK AND SCHOOL ZONES, TO ESTABLISH
6	STANDARDS FOR THE APPROVAL, USE, AND CALIBRATION OF ELECTRONIC
7	SPEED-MEASURING SYSTEMS, TO ESTABLISH A CIVIL PENALTY FOR SPEED
8	VIOLATIONS IN WORK AND SCHOOL ZONES THAT ARE DETECTED BY THOSE
9	SYSTEMS, TO CREATE A NEW SPECIAL FUND WITHIN THE STATE CIVIL
10	PENALTY AND FORFEITURE FUND, TO PROVIDE FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE
11	PENALTIES INTO THE DESIGNATED SPECIAL FUND, AND TO DECREASE THE
12	AMOUNT OF HIGHWAY FUNDS TRANSFERRED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF
13	PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FOR DRIVERS EDUCATION.
14	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
15	SECTION 1. Chapter 20 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
16	section to read:
17	"§ 20-141.7. Use of electronic speed-measuring systems to detect speed limit violations in
18	work and school zones.
19	(a) Authorization. – Electronic speed-measuring systems may be used to detect
20	violations of the speed limit set by G.S. 20-141(j2) for highway work zones and violations of
21	the speed limit set by G.S. 20-141.1 for State-maintained highways in school zones.
22	(b) Definition. – As used in this section, an electronic speed-measuring system is a
23	mobile or fixed device (i) consisting of an automated traffic camera and sensor and (ii) capable
24	of measuring the speed and producing one or more digital photographs of a motor vehicle
25	violating a speed limit set by G.S. 20-141(j2) or G.S. 20-141.1.
26	(c) <u>Minimum Standards. – An electronic speed-measuring system authorized for use by</u>

this section shall produce at least one photograph that clearly shows a recorded image of the 27 vehicle speeding; the vehicle registration number and state of issuance; the date, time, and 28 29 location of the violation; and the recorded speed.

Signage. - The Department of Transportation shall provide notice of the presence of 30 (d) an electronic speed-measuring system by posting a conspicuous warning sign not more than 31 32 1,000 feet from the location of the system. All warning signs shall be consistent with a 33 statewide standard adopted by the Department of Transportation.

34 Use. - An electronic speed-measuring system authorized for use by this section (e) shall be approved by the Secretary of Transportation. No local government may operate an 35

36 electronic speed-measuring system.



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(f) Penal	ty. – Except as provided by subsection (i) of this section	1, a violation of a speed
	ay work zone established pursuant to G.S. 20-141(j2)	▲
	highway within a school zone established pursuant t	_
	ectronic speed-measuring system is a noncriminal vio	
	assessed and for which no points authorized by G.S. 20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	lriver of the vehicle nor insurance points as authorized	
civil penalties are	•	<u>by 0.5.20 20 20 05. The</u>
(1)	For a violation of a speed limit in a highway work zo	ne established pursuant
<u> </u>	to G.S. 20-141(j2), two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00	
<u>(2)</u>	For a violation of a speed limit on a State-maintain	
	school zone established pursuant to G.S. 20-141.1, tw	
	(\$250.00).	-
(g) <u>Notifi</u>	cation of Violation. – The Department of Transporta	ation shall issue to the
	of a motor vehicle cited for a speeding violation de	
speed-measuring	system a notice of the violation containing all of the ir	nformation listed in this
subsection. The	notice shall be delivered by first-class United States ma	ail at the address on the
current registration	on of the vehicle's owner and is deemed served on the	e registered owner five
days after the ma	iling. The notice of the violation shall contain all of the	following:
<u>(1)</u>	The recorded image of the vehicle speeding.	
<u>(2)</u>	The vehicle registration number and state of issuance.	<u>.</u>
<u>(3)</u>	The date, time, and location of the violation.	
<u>(4)</u>	The recorded speed.	
<u>(5)</u>	The process for paying the civil penalty or c	ontesting the owner's
	responsibility for the violation.	
	ity The registered owner of a vehicle cited for a spee	-
	speed-measuring system shall be responsible for any	· · ·
	s, within 30 days of service of the notification of violat	-
	f Motor Vehicles a sworn affidavit containing the info	
	of this subsection. If the registered owner fails to pay t	-
•	e notice within 30 days of service of the notification	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	to contest responsibility for the violation and is subject	to an additional penalty
	<u>venty-five dollars (\$125.00).</u> fidavit shall contain one of the following:	
<u>(1)</u>	The name and address of the person or persons who	had or may have had
<u>(1)</u>	actual physical control of the vehicle at the time of the	•
<u>(2)</u>	A statement that at the time of the violation the vehicle	
<u>(2)</u>	of a person unknown to the owner, without the	
	statement provided under this subdivision shall	
	documentation verifying that the owner reported	
	enforcement officials the theft or other loss of the ve	
	hours after the time of the violation.	
(i) Notifi	cation of Criminal Charges. – If a law enforcement of	fficer cites, pursuant to
	arrests, pursuant to G.S. 15A-401, an owner of a vehi	
	-measuring system is in use for detecting violations	
	20-141(j2) or G.S. $20-141.1$, then the officer shall no	-
x	ithin 48 hours of the citation or arrest. Upon notificatio	
÷	of violation pursuant to subsection (g) of this section.	<u> </u>
	on was issued in error after proper notification, no pe	
	n and any penalty already paid pursuant to the notic	
refunded.		

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1	(j) Administrative Hearings. – The Division of Motor Vehicles shall establish an
2	administrative nonjudicial hearing process to review challenges to penalties assessed pursuant
3	to this section.
4	(k) Appeal. – A person dissatisfied with the decision of the Division may appeal the
5	decision to the district court of Wake County, or the county in which the violation occurred, by
6	filing a notice of the appeal with the Clerk of Superior Court in Wake County or the county
7	where the violation occurred within 30 days of notification of a final decision by the Division.
8	An appeal under this section is for a trial de novo before the district court."
9	SECTION 2. Chapter 8 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
10	section to read:
11	"§ 8-54.1. Results of electronic speed-measuring systems; admissibility.
12	(a) Admissibility. – The results of the use of an electronic speed-measuring system
13	satisfying the requirements of subsection (b) of this section and authorized by G.S. 20-141.7
14	shall be admissible as prima facie evidence for the purpose of establishing the speed of the
15	vehicle detected.
16	(b) Calibration and Testing. – All electronic speed-measuring systems shall be
17	calibrated and tested at regular intervals pursuant to standards established by the Department of
18	Transportation. A written certificate by a certified technician meeting the standards established
19	by the Department of Transportation showing that a test was made within the required testing
20	period and that the system was accurate shall be competent and prima facie evidence of those
21	facts.
22	(c) Judicial Notice. – In every proceeding in which the results of an electronic
23	speed-measuring system are sought to be admitted for the purpose of enforcement of
24	G.S. 20-141.7, notice shall be taken of the rules approving the electronic speed-measuring
25	system and the procedures for calibration or testing for accuracy of the system."
26	SECTION 3. Chapter 115 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
27	section to read:
28	" <u>§ 115C-457.4. Civil Penalty Litigation Fund.</u>
29	There is established within the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund a special fund entitled the
30	<u>Civil Penalties Litigation Fund to be administered by the Office of State Budget and</u>
31	Management. The Civil Penalties Litigation Fund shall include seventy-five percent (75%) of
32	civil penalties paid pursuant to G.S. 20-141.7 and any other moneys appropriated or otherwise
33	directed by the General Assembly. Moneys paid into the Civil Penalties Litigation Fund shall
34 25	be allocated to local school administrative units on a per pupil basis, based on the student
35	population for the current school year. The moneys in this fund shall be expended in
36 37	accordance with the provisions of the State School Technology Fund pursuant to G.S. 115C-102.6D."
38	SECTION 4. Of the total amount collected in fines and penalties pursuant to this
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39 40	act, seventy-five percent (75%) shall be paid into the Civil Penalties Litigation Fund and twenty-five percent (25%) shall be paid into the State Public School Fund. The payments to
40 41	the Civil Penalties Litigation Fund are intended to satisfy the judgment entered on August 8,
42	2008, in <u>North Carolina School Boards Association, et al. v. Moore, et al.</u> , Wake County
43	Superior Court, No. 98-CVS-14158. The provisions of G.S. 115C-457.2 concerning an
44	agency's retention of the actual costs of collection of penalties and fines shall not be applicable
45	to penalties collected pursuant to this act.
46	SECTION 5. The funds transferred to the State Public School Fund under this act
47	shall be used exclusively for the Drivers Education Program. The Department of Public
48	Instruction shall report monthly to the Department of Transportation the amount allocated
49	under this section for the Drivers Education Program, and the Department of Transportation
50	may reduce the transfer of funds it otherwise would make to the Department of Public
51	Instruction for the Drivers Education Program pursuant to G.S 20-88.1(c) by an equivalent

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amount. The Department of Transportation shall use the Drivers Education Program funds that otherwise would have been transferred to the Department of Public Instruction exclusively for the implementation and administration of the electronic speed-measuring systems authorized under this act. After consultation with the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations, such funds may be used to establish positions for the administration of the electronic speed-measuring systems program. Those positions may not be filled until a contract has been awarded to a third-party vendor for the primary operation of the program.

8 **SECTION 6.** For the purposes of implementing this act, the Secretary of 9 Transportation, or the Secretary's designee, may designate no more than 15 highway work 10 zones at one time, and no more than 15 school zones on State-maintained highways at one time, 11 throughout the State to pilot this program.

12 **SECTION 7.** The Secretary of Transportation shall report to the Joint Legislative 13 Transportation Oversight Committee, the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee, 14 and the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations on the pilot program 15 authorized by this act and shall include recommendations for extension, alteration, or 16 continuance of the program. The report shall include the process and costs of purchasing 17 equipment and contracting for services necessary for implementation; the number of violations 18 detected; the number of violations appealed; the number and amount of fines and penalties 19 collected; the amount paid into the Civil Penalties Litigation Fund; the amount paid into the 20 State Public School Fund; the effect on the number of instances of speeding in the highway 21 work zones and school zones located on State-maintained highways; the effect on the number 22 and severity of accidents in highway work zones and school zones located on State-maintained 23 highways; the cost to the Department of Transportation for operating the program; and any 24 other matter that will assist in evaluating the effectiveness of the program. The report required 25 by this section shall be made no later than May 1, 2012, and annually thereafter.

SECTION 8. This act becomes effective October 1, 2011, and applies to all civil
 penalties assessed for speeding violations in highway work zones and school zones on
 State-maintained highways on or after that date. This act expires October 1, 2026.