## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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## SENATE DRS75146-LN-15B\* (1/6)

Short Title: MH Proceedings/No Restraint.

Sponsors: Senator Graham.

Referred to:

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO PROHIBIT RESTRAINT OF INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE MINORS BEING 3 TRANSPORTED TO OR DURING HEARINGS PURSUANT TO INVOLUNTARY 4 COMMITMENT PROCEEDINGS, EXCEPT UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES. 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 6 SECTION 1. G.S. 122C-251(e) reads as rewritten: 7 In-Except as otherwise provided in this subsection pertaining to respondents who are "(e) 8 minors, in providing transportation to or from involuntary commitment hearings and 9 proceedings as required by this section, the law-enforcement officer may use reasonable force 10 to restrain the respondent if it appears necessary to protect himself, the respondent, or others. If the respondent is a minor, then the law-enforcement officer may not restrain the 11 respondent-minor during transport to or from hearings and proceedings unless a district court 12 13 judge finds that the restraints are reasonably necessary to maintain order, prevent the 14 respondent-minor's escape, or provide for the safety of the respondent-minor. The judge shall 15 hold a hearing and provide the respondent-minor and the respondent-minor's attorney or other individual appointed to represent the respondent-minor an opportunity to be heard to contest 16 17 the use of restraints before the judge orders the use of restraints. If restraints are ordered, the judge shall make findings of fact specific to each individual respondent-minor in support of the 18 19 order. No law-enforcement officer may be held criminally or civilly liable for assault, false 20 imprisonment, or other torts or crimes on account of reasonable measures taken under the 21 authority of this Article." 22 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 122C-267(b) reads as rewritten: 23 "(b) The respondent shall be present at the hearing. A subpoena may be issued to compel 24 the respondent's presence at a hearing. The petitioner and the proposed outpatient treatment 25 physician or his designee may be present and may provide testimony. If the respondent is a 26 minor, the respondent-minor may not be restrained unless the judge finds that the restraints are 27 reasonably necessary to maintain order, prevent the respondent-minor's escape, or provide for the safety of the respondent-minor. The judge shall hold a hearing and provide the 28 29 respondent-minor and the respondent-minor's attorney or other individual appointed to 30 represent the respondent-minor an opportunity to be heard to contest the use of restraints before the judge orders the use of restraints. If restraints are ordered, the judge shall make findings of 31 32 fact specific to each individual respondent-minor in support of the order." 33 SECTION 3. G.S. 122C-268(g) reads as rewritten:



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"(g) Hearings may be held in an appropriate room not used for treatment of clients at the 1 2 facility in which the respondent is being treated if it is located within the judge's district court 3 district as defined in G.S. 7A-133 or in the judge's chambers. A hearing may not be held in a 4 regular courtroom, over objection of the respondent, if in the discretion of a judge a more 5 suitable place is available. If the respondent is a minor and is present at the hearing, the 6 respondent-minor may not be restrained unless the judge finds that the restraints are reasonably 7 necessary to maintain order, prevent the respondent-minor's escape, or provide for the safety of 8 the respondent-minor. The judge shall hold a hearing and provide the respondent-minor and the 9 respondent-minor's attorney or other individual appointed to represent the respondent-minor an 10 opportunity to be heard to contest the use of restraints before the judge orders the use of 11 restraints. If restraints are ordered, the judge shall make findings of fact specific to each 12 individual respondent-minor in support of the order." 13 **SECTION 4.** This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to the 14 transportation of and proceedings involving respondent-minors under Part 6 of Article 5 of

15 Chapter 122C of the General Statutes occurring on and after that date.