# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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#### **SENATE BILL 1695**

## Commerce, Small Business and Entrepreneurship Committee Substitute Adopted 5/28/08 Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 6/12/08 Fourth Edition Engrossed 6/17/08 House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/26/08 House Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 7/10/08 Seventh Edition Engrossed 7/15/08

Short Title: Vehicle Size and Weight Changes.

(Public)

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Sponsors:

Referred to:

#### May 21, 2008

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED			
2	AN ACT TO MAK	E VARIOUS CHANGES TO THE MOTOR VEHICLE LAWS			
3	RELATED TO I	DRIVERS LICENSES, REGISTRATION PLATES ISSUED TO			
4	FARM VEHICLI	ES, AND VEHICLE SIZE AND WEIGHT LIMITATIONS, AS			
5	RECOMMENDE	D BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION			
6	OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.				
7	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:				
8	SECTION	<b>1.</b> G.S. 20-7(a)(3) reads as rewritten:			
9	"(3) Clas	ss C. – A Class C license authorizes the holder to drive any of the			
10	folle	owing:			
11	a.	A Class C motor vehicle that is not a commercial motor vehicle.			
12	b.	When operated by a volunteer member of a fire department, a			
13		rescue squad, or an emergency medical service (EMS) in the			
14		performance of duty, a Class A or Class B fire-fighting, rescue,			
15		or EMS motor vehicle or a combination of these vehicles.			
16	<u>c.</u>	A combination of noncommercial motor vehicles that have a			
17		GVWR of more than 10,000 pounds but less than 26,001			
18		pounds. This sub-subdivision does not apply to a Class C			
19		license holder less than 18 years of age."			
20		<b>2.</b> G.S. 20-88(b)(3) reads as rewritten:			
21		ense plates issued at the farmer rate shall be placed upon trucks and			
22		k-tractors that are operated exclusively in the for the primary			
23	purp	<u>bose of carrying or transportation transporting of the applicant's</u>			

2	sumplies sumplies. The lisense plates shall not be used on a subjete and				
2 3	supplies supplies. The license plates shall not be used on a vehicle and				
	not operated in hauling for hire."				
4	<b>SECTION 3.</b> G.S. 20-115.1(g) reads as rewritten:				
5	"(g) Under certain conditions, and after consultation with the Joint Legislative				
6	Commission on Governmental Operations, the North Carolina Department of				
7	Transportation may designate State highway system roads in addition to those highways				
8	designated by the United States Secretary of Transportation for use by the vehicle				
9	combinations authorized in this section. Such designations by the Department shall only				
10	be made under the following conditions:				
11	(1) A determination of the public convenience and need for such				
12	designation;				
13	(2) A traffic engineering study which clearly shows the road proposed to				
14	be designated can safely accommodate and has sufficient capacity to				
15	handle these vehicle combinations; and				
16	(3) A public hearing is held or the opportunity for a public hearing is				
17	provided in each county through which the designated highway passes,				
18	after two weeks notice posted at the courthouse and published in a				
19 20	newspaper of general circulation in each county through which the				
20	designated State highway system road passes, and consideration is				
21	given to the comments received prior to the designation.				
22	(4) The Department may designate routes for one particular type of STAA				
23	(Surface Transportation Assistance Act) dimensioned vehicle when				
24	significant, substantial differences in their operating characteristics exist.				
25 26					
20 27	No portion of the State highway system within municipal corporate limits may be				
27	designated by the Department without concurrence by the municipal governing body.				
28 29	Also, the <u>The</u> Department may not designate any portion of the State highway system that has been deleted or exempted by the United States Secretary of Transportation				
29 30	based on safety considerations. For the purpose of this section, any highway designated				
30	by the Department shall be deemed to be the same as a federal-aid primary highway				
32	designated by the United States Secretary of Transportation pursuant to 49 USC 2311				
32 33	and 49 USC 2316, and the vehicle combinations authorized in this section shall be				
33 34	permitted to operate on such highway."				
35	SECTION 4. G.S. 20-115.1(b) reads as rewritten:				
36	"(b) Motor vehicle combinations consisting of a semitrailer of not more than 53				
30 37	feet in length and a truck tractor may be operated on the interstate highways (except				
38	those exempted by the United States Secretary of Transportation pursuant to 49 U.S.C.				
39	2311(i)) and federal aid primary system highways designated by the United States				
40	Secretary of Transportationall primary highway routes of North Carolina provided				
40 41	that: the motor vehicle combination meets the requirements of this subsection. The				
42	Department may, at any time, prohibit motor vehicle combinations on portions of any				
43	route on the State highway system. If the Department prohibits a motor vehicle				
44	<u>combination on any route, it shall submit a written report to the Joint Legislative</u>				
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1	Transportation Oversight Committee within six months of the prohibition clearly			
2	documenting through traffic engineering studies that the operation of a motor vehicle			
3	combination on that route cannot be safely accommodated and that the route does not			
4	have sufficient capacity to handle the vehicle combination. To operate on a primary			
5	highway route, a motor vehicle combination described in this subsection must meet all			
6	of the following requirements:			
7	(1) Any The motor vehicle combination must comply with the weight			
8	requirements in G.S. 20-118.			
9	(2) <u>A</u> semitrailer in excess of 48 feet in length shall not be permitted			
10	unless:must meet one or more of the following conditions:			
11	a. The distance between the kingpin of the trailer and the rearmost			
12	axle, or a point midway between the two rear axles, if the two			
13	rear axles are a tandem axle, does not exceed 41 feet; orfeet.			
14	b. The semitrailer is used exclusively or primarily to transport			
15	vehicles in connection with motorsports competition events,			
16	and the distance between the kingpin of the trailer and the			
17	rearmost axle, or a point midway between the two rear axles, if			
18	the two rear axles are a tandem axle, does not exceed 46 feet;			
19	feet. and			
20	(2)(3) Any A semitrailer in excess of 48 feet is must be equipped with a rear			
21	underride guard of substantial construction consisting of a continuous			
22	lateral beam extending to within four inches of the lateral extremities			
23	of the semitrailer and located not more than 30 inches from the surface			
24	as measured with the vehicle empty and on a level surface."			
25	<b>SECTION 5.</b> G.S. 20-116(e) reads as rewritten:			
26	"(e) Except as provided by G.S. 20-115.1, no combination of vehicles coupled			
27	together shall consist of more than two units and no such combination of vehicles shall			
28	exceed a total length of 60 feet inclusive of front and rear bumpers, subject to the			
29	following exceptions: Motor vehicle combinations of one semitrailer of not more than			
30	48-53 feet in length and a truck tractor (power unit) may exceed the 60-foot maximum			
31	length. Said length limitation shall not apply to vehicles operated in the daytime when			
32	transporting poles, pipe, machinery or other objects of a structural nature which cannot			
33	readily be dismembered, nor to such vehicles transporting such objects operated at			
34	nighttime by a public utility when required for emergency repair of public service			
35	facilities or properties, but in respect to such night transportation every such vehicle and			
36	the load thereon shall be equipped with a sufficient number of clearance lamps on both			
37	sides and marker lamps upon the extreme ends of said projecting load to clearly mark			
38	the dimensions of such load: Provided that vehicles designed and used exclusively for			
39	the transportation of motor vehicles shall be permitted an overhang tolerance front or			
40	rear not to exceed five feet. Provided, that wreckers may tow a truck, combination			
41	tractor and trailer, trailer, or any other disabled vehicle or combination of vehicles to a			
42	place for repair, parking, or storage within 50 miles of the point where the vehicle was			
43	disabled and may tow a truck, tractor, or other replacement vehicle to the site of the			
44	disabled vehicle. Provided, however, that a combination of a house trailer used as a			

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mobile home, together with its towing vehicle, shall not exceed a total length of 55 feet 1 2 exclusive of front and rear bumpers. Provided further, that the said limitation that no 3 combination of vehicles coupled together shall consist of more than two units shall not 4 apply to trailers not exceeding three in number drawn by a motor vehicle used by 5 municipalities for the removal of domestic and commercial refuse and street rubbish, 6 but such combination of vehicles shall not exceed a total length of 50 feet inclusive of 7 front and rear bumpers. Provided further, that the said limitation that no combination of 8 vehicles coupled together shall consist of more than two units shall not apply to a 9 combination of vehicles coupled together by a saddle mount device used to transport 10 motor vehicles in a driveway service when no more than three saddle mounts are used 11 and provided further, that equipment used in said combination is approved by the safety 12 regulations of the Federal Highway Administration and the safety rules of the 13 Department of Crime Control and Public Safety."

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**SECTION 6.** G.S. 20-116(j) reads as rewritten:

15 "(j) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the operation of Self-propelled self-propelled grain combines or other farm equipment self-propelled, 16 17 pulled pulled, or otherwise, not exceeding 18-25 feet in width may be operated on any 18 highway, except a highway or section of highway that is a fully controlled access 19 highway or is a part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways. Farm 20 equipment includes a vehicle that is designed exclusively to transport compressed seed 21 cotton from a farm to a gin and has a self-loading bed. All such combines Combines or 22 equipment which exceed 10 feet in width may be so-operated only if they meet all of 23 under the following conditions: conditions listed in this subsection. A violation of one or 24 more of these conditions does not constitute negligence per se.

- 25 Said The equipment may only be so operated during daylight hours. (1)26 (2)Said The equipment must display a red flag on front and rear, said rear 27 ends. The flags shall not be smaller than three feet wide and four feet 28 long and belong. The flags shall be attached to a stick, pole, staff, etc., 29 not less than four feet long and they shall be so-attached to said-the 30 equipment as to be visible from both directions at all times while being 31 operated on the public highway for not less than 300 feet.
- 32 Equipment covered by this section, which by necessity must travel (3) 33 more than 10 miles or where by nature of the terrain or obstacles the 34 flags referred to in subdivision (2) of this subsection are not visible 35 from both directions for 300 feet at any point along the proposed route, 36 must be preceded at a distance of 300 feet and followed at a distance 37 of 300 feet by a flagman in a vehicle having mounted thereon an 38 appropriate warning light or flag. No flagman in a vehicle shall be 39 required pursuant to this subdivision if the equipment is being moved 40 under its own power or on a trailer from any field to another field, or 41 from the normal place of storage of the vehicle to any field, for no 42 more than ten miles and if visible from both directions for 300 feet at 43 any point along the proposed route.

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1	(4)	Every	such piece of equipment so operated shall operate to the right of
2		•	enter line when meeting traffic coming from the opposite
3			ion and at all other times when possible and practical.
4	<del>(5)</del>		tion of this section shall not constitute negligence per se.
5	(6)		said the equipment is causing a delay in traffic, the operator of
6	. ,		he equipment shall move the equipment off the paved portion of
7			ighway at the nearest practical location until the vehicles
8			ving said the equipment have passed.
9	<u>(7)</u>		quipment shall be operated in the designed transport position that
10			nizes equipment width. No removal of equipment or
11			tenances is required under this subdivision."
12	SECT		7. G.S. $20-118(c)(12)$ reads as rewritten:
13	"(12)		ections (b) and (e) of this section do not apply to a vehicle that (i)
14	× ,		lling agricultural crops from the farm where they were grown to
15			narket, (ii) is within 35 miles of that farm, (iii) does not operate
16			interstate highway or posted bridge while hauling the crops, and
17			one of the following descriptions: meets all of the conditions set
18		out be	
19		a.	Is a five axle combination with a gross weight of no more than
20			90,000 pounds, a single-axle weight of no more than 22,000
21			pounds, a tandem axle weight of no more than 42,000 pounds,
22			and a length of at least 51 feet between the first and last axles of
23			the combination. Is hauling agricultural crops from the farm
24			where the crop is grown to the closest market.
25		b.	Repealed by Session Laws 1993 (Reg. Sess., 1994), c. 761, s.
26			13.
27		<u>b1.</u>	Does not operate on an interstate highway or exceed any posted
28			bridge weight limits during transportation or hauling of
29			agricultural products.
30		c.	Is a four-axle combination with a gross weight that does not
31			exceed the limit set in subdivision (b)(3) of this section, Does
32			not exceed a single-axle weight of no more than 22,000 pounds,
33			and a tandem-axle weight of no more than 42,000
34			pounds.pounds, or a gross weight of 90,000 pounds."
35	SECT	TION 8	<b>G.S.</b> 20-118(k) reads as rewritten:
36	"(k) From	Septen	nber 1 through March 1 of each year, a vehicle which is equipped
37		-	ed and which is designed and used exclusively to transport
38		-	n from the farm to a cotton gin may operate on the highways of
39	-		tate highways, with a tandem-axle weight not exceeding 44,000
40	-		vehicles shall be exempt from light-traffic road limitations only
41	-		the light-traffic road to the nearest State-maintained road which
42	-	-	it the transportation of statutory load limits. This exemption does
43			posted bridge structures."
44	•••		<b>G.S.</b> $20-118(c)(15)$ reads as rewritten:

1	"(15)	Subse	ctions (b) and (e) of this section do not apply to a vehicle or	
2		vehicl	e combination that meets all of the conditions below, but all	
3		other enforcement provisions of this Article remain applicable:		
4		a.	Is hauling wood residuals, including wood chips, sawdust,	
5			mulch, or tree bark from any site; is hauling raw logs to first	
6			market; or is transporting bulk soil, bulk rock, sand, sand rock,	
7			or asphalt millings from a site that does not have a certified	
8			scale for weighing the vehicle.	
9		b.	Does not operate on an interstate highway, a posted light-traffic	
10			road, except as provided by subdivision (c)(5) of this section, or	
11			a posted bridge.	
12		c.	Does not exceed a maximum gross weight 4,000 pounds in	
13			excess of what is allowed in subsection (b) of this section.	
14		d.	Does not exceed a single-axle weight of more than 22,000	
15			pounds and a tandem-axle weight of more than 42,000 pounds."	
16	SECT	TION 1	<b>0.</b> This act becomes effective September 1, 2008.	