GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2007**

S D SENATE DRS75261-LM-5D (09/18)

Short Title: Telephone Records Privacy Protection Act. (Publishers) Sponsors: Senators Stevens, and Clodfelter. Referred to:	ic) —
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Referred to:	
1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2 AN ACT TO PROHIBIT THE FRAUDULENT OBTAINING, SELLING, C)R
3 SOLICITING OF TELEPHONE RECORDS.	
4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
5 SECTION 1. Chapter 14 of the General Statutes is amended by adding	a
6 new Article to read:	
7 " <u>Article 19D.</u>	
8 "Telephone Records Privacy Protection Act.	
9 " <u>§ 14-113.30. Definitions.</u>	
The following definitions apply in this Article:	
11 (1) Caller identification record. – A record collected and retained by or or	<u>on</u>
behalf of a customer utilizing caller identification or simil	
technology that is delivered electronically to the recipient of	
telephone call simultaneously with the reception of the telephone call	all
and that indicates the telephone number from which the telephone ca	
was initiated or similar information regarding the telephone call.	
17 (2) Customer. – A person or the legal guardian of a person or	a
representative of a business to whom a telephone service provid	
provides telephone service to a number subscribed or listed in the	
20 <u>name of the person or business.</u>	_
21 (3) Person. – An individual, business association, partnership, limite	ed
partnership, corporation, limited liability company, or other leg	
entity.	_

Telephone record. – A record in written, electronic, or oral form,

except a caller identification record, Directory Assistance information,

and subscriber list information, that is created by a telephone service

(4)

1		provider and that contains any of the following information with
2		respect to a customer:
3		<u>a.</u> <u>Telephone numbers that have been dialed by the customer.</u>
4		<u>b.</u> <u>Telephone numbers that pertain to calls made to the customer.</u>
5		<u>c.</u> The time when calls were made by the customer or to the
6		<u>customer.</u>
7		<u>d.</u> The duration of calls made by the customer or to the customer.
8		e. The charges applied to calls, if any.
9	<u>(5)</u>	<u>Telephone service. – The conveyance of two-way communication in </u>
10		analog, digital, or other form by any medium, including wire, cable
11		fiber optics, cellular, broadband personal communications services, or
12		other wireless technologies, satellite, microwave, or at any frequency
13		over any part of the electromagnetic spectrum. The term also includes
14		the conveyance of voice communication over the Internet and
15		telephone relay service.
16	<u>(6)</u>	Telephone service provider. – A person who provides telephone
17		service to a customer without regard to the form of technology used
18		including traditional wire-line or cable communications service
19		cellular, broadband PCS, or other wireless communications services
20		microwave, satellite, or other terrestrial communications service; or
21		voice over Internet communications service.
22	" <u>§ 14-113.31.</u>	Prohibition of falsely obtaining, selling, or soliciting telephone
23	reco	
24		person shall obtain, or attempt to obtain, by any means, whether
25		in writing, or in oral form, with or without consideration, a telephone
26	•	ains to a customer who is a resident of this State without the customer's
27	consent by doir	ag any of the following:
28	<u>(1)</u>	Making a false statement or representation to an agent, representative
29		or employee of a telephone service provider.
30	<u>(2)</u>	Making a false statement or representation to a customer of a
31		telephone service provider.
32	<u>(3)</u>	Knowingly providing to a telephone service provider a document that
33		is fraudulent, that has been lost or stolen, or that has been obtained by
34		fraud, or that contains a false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or
35		representation.
36	<u>(4)</u>	Accessing customer accounts of a telephone service provider via the
37		Internet without prior authorization from the customer to whom the
38		telephone records relate.
39	<u>(b)</u> No p	erson shall knowingly purchase, receive, or ask another person to obtain
40	or purchase or	attempt to obtain or purchase a telephone record of a third person without
41	•	ization of the third person to whom the telephone record relates knowing
42	or having reas	on to know that the other person will obtain the telephone record
43	fraudulently.	

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(c) No person shall sell or offer to sell a telephone record that was obtained without the customer's prior consent knowing or having reason to know that the telephone record was obtained fraudulently.

"§ 14-113.32. Exceptions.

- (a) The provisions of G.S. 14-113.31 shall not apply to any of the following:
 - (1) Any lawfully authorized investigative, protective, or intelligence activity of a law enforcement agency in connection with the official duties of the law enforcement agency.
 - A disclosure by a telephone service provider if the telephone service provider reasonably believes the disclosure is necessary to: (i) provide telephone service to a customer, including sharing telephone records with one of the provider's affiliates or (ii) protect an individual or service provider from fraudulent, abusive, or unlawful use of telephone service or a telephone record.
 - (3) A disclosure by a telephone service provider to the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children.
 - (4) A disclosure by a telephone service provider that is authorized by State or federal law or regulation.
 - (5) A disclosure by a telephone service provider to a governmental entity if the provider reasonably believes there is an emergency involving immediate danger of death or serious physical injury.
 - (6) Testing of a telephone service provider's security procedures or systems for maintaining the confidentiality of customers' telephone records.
- (b) Nothing in this act shall be construed to expand the obligation or duty of a telephone service provider to maintain the confidentiality of telephone records beyond the requirements of this act or federal law or regulation. Any telephone service provider or agent, employee, or representative of a telephone service provider who reasonably and in good faith discloses telephone records shall not be liable criminally or civilly in state court if the disclosure is later determined to be in violation of this act.

"§ 14-113.33. Punishment; liability.

- (a) Unless the conduct is covered under some other provision of law providing greater punishment, any person who violates this Article is guilty of a Class G felony. In any criminal proceeding brought under this Article, the crime is considered to be committed in the county where the customer resides, where the perpetrator resides, where any part of the offense took place, or in any other county instrumental to the completion of the offense, regardless of whether the defendant was ever actually present in that county.
- (b) A customer whose telephone records were obtained, sold, or solicited in violation of this Article may bring an action against any person who has violated G.S. 14.113.31 in civil court to recover the following:
 - (1) The amount of the customer's pecuniary loss suffered because of a violation of this Article, if proof of the loss is submitted to the

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1	satisfaction of the court, or one thousand dollars (\$1,000), whichever is		
2	greater.		
3	(2) The amount of any gain to the violator as a result of the violation.		
4	(c) In an action brought pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, the court may		
5	award a prevailing plaintiff reasonable attorneys' fees if the court finds the defendant		
6	willfully engaged in the act or practice, and the court may award reasonable attorneys'		
7	fees to a prevailing defendant if the court finds that the plaintiff knew, or should have		
8	known, that the action was frivolous and malicious.		
9	(d) Actions brought pursuant to subsection (b) of this section shall be tried in the		
10	county where the plaintiff resides at the time of the commencement of the action.		
11	(e) A violation of G.S. 14-113.31 is a violation of G.S. 75-1.1."		
12	SECTION 2. This act is effective when it becomes law.		

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