GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

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HOUSE BILL 2403*

_	ANACIINO		THE I KOTECTION OF THE FUDERC AUAINST THE
3	HEALTH	AND SAFET	TY RISKS POSED BY INHERENTLY DANGEROUS
4	WILD AN	VIMALS, TO	D PROTECT THE WELFARE OF INHERENTLY
5	DANGERO	OUS WILD	ANIMALS, AND TO AUTHORIZE A FEE FOR
6	REGISTER	ING INHERE	ENTLY DANGEROUS WILD ANIMALS.
7	The General A	ssembly of No	orth Carolina enacts:
8	SEC	TION 1. Art	icle 6 of Chapter 153A of the General Statutes is amended
9	by adding a ne	w section to re	ad:
10	" <u>§ 153A-131.1</u>	Possession o	r harboring of inherently dangerous wild animals.
11	<u>(a)</u> Defi	nitions The	following definitions apply in this section:
12	<u>(1)</u>	"Animal con	ntrol authority" means the agency designated by the county
13		<u>to administ</u>	ter ordinances regulating, restricting, or prohibiting the
14		possession	of inherently dangerous wild animals. The animal control
15		agency may	be a municipal or county animal control agency, county
16			ther agency designated by the county.
17	<u>(2)</u>	"Direct con	tact" means any situation in which an individual may touch
18		<u>or come ir</u>	nto physical contact with an inherently dangerous wild
19			e primary enclosure containing the animal.
20	<u>(3)</u>	-	dangerous wild animal" means any of the members of the
21			ivora listed below and any hybrids of these animals unless
22		<u>otherwise sp</u>	
23		<u>a.</u>	Family Canidae – only wolves, not including wolf
24			<u>hybrids.</u>
25		<u>b.</u>	Family Felidae – only lions, tigers, cheetahs, jaguars,
26			cougars, leopards, snow leopards, and clouded leopards.
27		<u>c.</u>	<u>Family Hyaenidae – all hyena species.</u>
28		<u>d.</u>	<u>Family Ursidae – all bear species.</u>

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1	(A)	"Derson" many any individual partnership corporation organization
2	<u>(4)</u>	"Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, organization, trade or professional association, firm, limited liability company, joint
2 3		
3 4		venture, association, trust, estate, or any other legal entity and any
	(5)	employee, agent, or representative of the entity.
5	<u>(5)</u>	"Possessor" means any person who owns, possesses, keeps, harbors,
6		brings into the State, acts as a custodian of, or has custody or control
7		of an inherently dangerous wild animal.
8	<u>(6)</u>	"Qualified United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Class A
9		or Class B license holder" means a person who, as of January 1, 2009,
10		holds a USDA Class A or B license and meets the following
11		conditions:
12		a. <u>The license holder's USDA license remains in good standing</u>
13		with the USDA.
14		b. The license holder has on hand appropriate drugs for chemical
15		immobilization and has a member of staff who has firearms
16		training and proficiency in order to recapture an escaped
17		inherently dangerous wild animal.
18		c. The license holder does not allow direct contact between
19		inherently dangerous wild animals and any person, which
20		includes but is not limited to, members of the public and the
21		owner's family and friends, other than the person possessing the
22		animal, the designated handler(s), or a veterinarian
23		administering medical examination, treatment, or care; provided
24		that a license holder may allow direct contact between members
25		of the public and animals that are at least 8 weeks old but less
26		than 16 weeks old.
27		d. The license holder provides the county with a copy of the
28		annual license renewal and, within five days of receipt, a copy
29		of any inspection report, notice of violation, fine, or other
30		disciplinary action by the USDA against the license holder.
31	(7)	"Qualified United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Class C
32	<u> </u>	license holder" means a person who, as of January 1, 2009, holds a
33		USDA Class C license, meets the conditions set forth in subdivision
34		(6) of this subsection, and whose facility housing an inherently
35		dangerous wild animal is open to the public or the license holder
36		provides programs featuring an inherently dangerous wild animal to
37		the public off-site.
38	<u>(8)</u>	"Wildlife sanctuary" means a facility that cares for inherently
39	<u>(0)</u>	dangerous wild animals and:
40		<u>a.</u> <u>Was incorporated and qualified as a corporation that is exempt</u>
40 41		from taxation under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
42		Code of 1986 and described in sections 501(c)(3) and
43		170(b)(1)(A)(vi) of the Code on or before January 1, 2009;
чJ		170(0)(1)(A)(VI) of the Code on of before failuary 1, 2009,

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1 2 3		b. Does not commercially trade in animals list dangerous wild animals, including the offsp by-products of such animals;	
4 5		c.Does not propagate inherently dangerous wild ad.Does not allow direct contact between the public	
6		dangerous wild animals.	
7		ances A county shall by ordinance regulate, restric	•
8		arboring of inherently dangerous wild animals provid	
9	• •	t the possession of inherently dangerous wild anima	• •
10		, Class B, or Class C license holder, or by a wi	
11		pted shall be effective no later than June 30, 2	
12		estricting the possession or harboring of inherently	-
13		include provisions requiring the person possessin	<u>g an inherently</u>
14	dangerous wild a		
15	<u>(1)</u>	Register with the local animal control authority with	-
16		effective date of the ordinance or within 30 days	
17		inherently dangerous wild animal. Registration s	
18		possessor's name, address, telephone number, and	
19		inherently dangerous wild animal in the person's pos	
20		acquiring additional animals after the date of the ori	
21		shall register those animals within 10 days of	-
22		Registrations shall be updated annually and subject to	fees as provided
23		in subsection (h) of this section.	
24	<u>(2)</u>	Provide an inventory of each inherently dangerous	
25		including (i) the species of each regulated animal; (ii	
26		the animal, including photographs of any mark	
27		characteristics of the animal, for example the whis	•
28		nose of a lion, a unique coat pattern such as the st	
29		scarring or other identifying feature; (iii) the exact loc	
30		animal is kept; and (iv) the age, sex, color, weigh	t, and any other
31		distinguishing marks of each regulated animal.	•
32	<u>(3</u>)	Obtain and maintain a liability insurance policy	
33		authorized or approved to write such insurance in this	
34		claims for injury or damage to persons or property in	
35		less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$2	
36		alternative, a possessor may obtain a bond from a sol	-
37		amount of two hundred fifty thousand dollars	
38		possessor shall present proof of possession and	
39		liability insurance or bond upon request to the anim	al control or law
40		enforcement authority within 24 hours of the request.	
41	<u>(4)</u>	Develop and maintain, at the location where the inhe	
42		wild animal is kept, a written plan for the quick and	•
43		destruction of the animal in the event the animal es	scapes. Inis plan

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1 2		shall also be filed with the animal control auth department, and police department, if applicable.	
3 4	<u>(5)</u>	Notify the animal control authority, the local sher police department, if applicable, immediately up	A
5		inherently dangerous wild animal has escaped. T	The possessor of the
6 7		animal shall be liable for any and all costs associated capture, and disposition of a permitted animal.	ated with the escape,
8	<u>(6)</u>	Notify the animal control authority of a tran	
9		possession, or location of an inherently dangerou	s wild animal or the
10		<u>death of such an animal.</u>	1
11		pliance with Other Laws. – In addition to meeting t	•
12 13		<u>person possessing an inherently dangerous wild</u> all applicable federal, State, or local laws, ru	1.
13 14		lure to comply with any applicable law, rule, regu	
14		plation of this section.	ination, or orunnatice
16		rcement. – The animal control authority and its sta	aff and agents local
17		nt agents, county sheriffs, and federal or State v	-
18		force the provisions of the county ordinance.	
19	•	ection. – The possessor of an inherently dangerou	is wild animal shall
20	• • • •	asonable times, the animal control authority or othe	
21		on (d) of this section, to enter the premises where t	
22		nce with the county ordinance.	-
23	(f) Conf	iscation and disposition. –	
24	<u>(1)</u>	The animal control authority or other person	s designated under
25		subsection (d) of this section may confiscate an i	
26		wild animal under the following conditions: (i)	A
27		public safety or health risk; (ii) the animal is	
28		condition as a result of the owner's actions or	
29		animal is being held in violation of the provisions	
30	<u>(2)</u>	An inherently dangerous wild animal confiscate	
31		may be returned to the possessor only if the anima	•
32 33		other persons designated under subsection (· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
33 34		establishes that the return does not pose a public	
34 35	(3)	and the possessor is in compliance with the ordinate The animal control authority or other person	
36	<u>(3)</u>	subsection (d) of this section shall serve notice u	-
37		person or by regular and certified mail, return reco	
38		<u>confiscation</u> , that the possessor is responsible	
39		reasonable costs for caring and providing for th	
40		confiscation, and that the possessor must meet the	
41		county ordinance in order for the animal to	-
42		possessor.	
43	<u>(4)</u>	If an inherently dangerous wild animal confiscate	ed under this section
44		is not returned to the possessor, the animal contr	

General Assembly of North Carolina Session 2007 persons designated under subsection (d) of this section may release the 1 2 animal to a facility such as a wildlife sanctuary or a facility exempted 3 pursuant to subsection (i) of this section. If the animal control 4 authority or other person designated under subsection (d) of this 5 section is unable to relocate the animal within a reasonable period of 6 time, it may euthanize the animal. 7 If an inherently dangerous wild animal escapes or is released and poses (5)8 an immediate threat to public safety, the animal control authority or 9 other persons designated under subsection (d) of this section may 10 exercise discretion in attempting to recapture the animal or in killing 11 the animal. 12 Penalties. -<u>(g)</u> 13 (1)A person who violates any provision of an ordinance adopted under 14 this section shall be guilty, on the first offense, of a Class 3 15 misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of up to five hundred dollars (\$500.00). A second offense shall be a Class 2 misdemeanor 16 17 punishable by a fine of up to two thousand five hundred dollars 18 (\$2,500). Subsequent offenses shall be Class 1 misdemeanors. Deliberate release of an inherently dangerous wild animal shall be a 19 (2)20 Class 1 misdemeanor. Deliberate release of an inherently dangerous 21 wild animal resulting in serious injury or death shall be a Class H 22 felony. 23 Fees. – A county may charge a reasonable annual fee for the registration of an (h) 24 inherently dangerous wild animal. The fee shall not exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00) per 25 animal held by the possessor in the county, nor a total of more than two hundred fifty 26 dollars (\$250.00). 27 Exemptions. – The provisions of this Article do not apply to: (i) 28 Institutions accredited by the American Zoo and Aquarium (1) 29 Association. 30 Duly incorporated nonprofit animal protection organizations (2) 31 temporarily housing an inherently dangerous wild animal at the written 32 request of the animal control authority. Federal or State wildlife enforcement officers acting under the scope 33 (3) 34 of their authority. 35 Animal control authorities or law enforcement agencies or officers (4)36 acting under the authority of this section. 37 Licensed veterinary hospitals or clinics. (5)38 A university, college, laboratory, or other research facility that holds a (6) Class R registration pursuant to 9 Code of Federal Regulations 39 40 (January 1 2007 Edition), provided that each facility shall provide 41 written notice, updated annually, to the county in which it is located, 42 listing the number and species of animals held at the facility. 43 Circuses that are incorporated and hold a Class C license pursuant to 9 (7)Code of Federal Regulations Part 2 (January 1 2007 Edition) that are 44

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1		temporarily in this State and that offer performances by live animals,
2		clowns, and acrobats for public entertainment. Circuses do not include
3		persons, whether or not Class C licensees, who present any listed
4		animal to the public as entertainment that includes wrestling, a
5		photography opportunity with a patron, or an activity in which any
6		listed animal and a patron are in direct contact with each other.
7		(8) <u>A person who does not reside in this State and is traveling through this</u>
8		State with an inherently dangerous wild animal if the transit time is not
9		more than 72 hours and the animal is at all times maintained within a
10		confinement sufficient to prevent the animal from escaping.
11		(9) Indigenous species already regulated by the North Carolina Wildlife
12		Resources Commission.
13		(10) <u>A "production company," as defined in G.S. 105-164.3, that uses an</u>
14		inherently dangerous wild animal in the production of original motion
15		pictures or television images for theatrical, commercial, advertising, or
16		educational purposes.
17	<u>(j)</u>	Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting, repealing, or preventing
18	the enactr	nent of any county ordinance adopted pursuant to G.S. 153A-131 or other
19	valid authors	prity."
20		SECTION 2. Article 8 of Chapter 160A of the General Statutes is amended
21	by adding	a new section to read:
22	" <u>§ 160A-1</u>	87.1. Possession or harboring of inherently dangerous wild animals.
23	A mur	icipality shall by ordinance regulate, restrict, or prohibit the possession or
24	harboring	of inherently dangerous wild animals in accordance with the provisions of
25	<u>G.S. 153A</u>	-131.1. Pursuant to G.S. 153A-122, a municipality may, by resolution, elect
26	to have the	e county ordinance applicable within the city and to allow enforcement of the
27	county or	linance within the city. Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting,
28		or preventing the enactment of any municipal ordinance adopted pursuant to
29	G.S. 160A	-187 or other valid authority."
30		SECTION 3. There is appropriated to the North Carolina Department of
31	Environment and Natural Resources for allocation to the North Carolina Zoological	
32	Park, the sum of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for fiscal year 2008-2009 for	
33	the Department, in consultation with the North Carolina State University College of	
34	Veterinary Medicine, to develop and provide training for local government officials	
35	•	ith implementing the provisions of this act.
36	-	SECTION 4. Section 3 of this act becomes effective July 1, 2008. The
37		of this act becomes effective January 1, 2009, and applies to inherently
38		wild animals existing in this State on or after that date

38 dangerous wild animals existing in this State on or after that date.