GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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SENATE BILL 664* Commerce Committee Substitute Adopted 4/27/05

Short Title:	Small Business Regulatory Improvement Act.	(Public)	
Sponsors:			
Referred to:			

March 17, 2005

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO REQUIRE STATE AGENCIES PROPOSING PERMANENT RULES 2 3 TO CONSIDER THE ADVERSE ECONOMIC IMPACT OF THE PROPOSED RULE ON SMALL BUSINESS: TO REQUIRE STATE AGENCY REVIEW OF 4 5 EXISTING RULES PRIOR TO AMENDMENT TO DETERMINE THE IMPACT 6 SMALL BUSINESS: TO ESTABLISH THE SMALL **BUSINESS** REGULATORY REVIEW COMMITTEE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF 7 COMMERCE TO REVIEW PROPOSED PERMANENT RULES THAT MAY 8 HAVE AN ADVERSE IMPACT ON SMALL BUSINESS AND MAKE 9 10 RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE AGENCY AND GENERAL ASSEMBLY; TO AUTHORIZE PETITION BY A SMALL BUSINESS OBJECTING TO A 11 PERMANENT RULE ON SPECIFIED GROUNDS; PROVIDING FOR SMALL 12 BUSINESS REGULATORY REVIEW COMMITTEE REVIEW OF THE 13 AGENCY'S RESPONSE TO THE PETITION; AUTHORIZING JUDICIAL 14 15 REVIEW OF THE PETITION; AUTHORIZING AGENCY WAIVER OF ADMINISTRATIVE FINES OR PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS BY SMALL 16 BUSINESS: AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF 17 COMMERCE TO SUPPORT THE SMALL BUSINESS REGULATORY REVIEW 18 19 COMMITTEE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. Article 2A of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new Part to read:

"Part 2A. Small Business Regulatory Improvement Act.

"§ 150B-21.7A. Findings; definitions.

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- (a) The General Assembly finds the following:
 - (1) A uniform system for administrative rule making and adjudicatory process is necessary to ensure that rules to protect the health, safety, and economic welfare of the State are adopted and enforced in an open, fair, and equitable manner.

1		<u>(2)</u>	In adopting and enforcing administrative rules, State agencies should		
2			seek to achieve statutory goals as effectively and efficiently as possible		
3			without imposing unnecessary burdens on employers.		
4		<u>(3)</u>	The failure to recognize differences in the scale and resources of		
5			regulated businesses can adversely affect competition in the		
6			marketplace, discourage innovation, and restrict improvements in		
7			productivity.		
8		<u>(4)</u>	The practice of treating all regulated businesses as equal may lead to		
9			inefficient use of regulatory agency resources, enforcement problems,		
10			and, in some cases, actions inconsistent with the legislative intent of		
11			health, safety, environmental, and economic welfare legislation.		
12	<u>(b)</u>	As us	sed in this Part, the term:		
13		<u>(1)</u>	'Adverse economic impact' means any financial impact on small		
14			businesses affected by the rule.		
15		<u>(2)</u>	'Committee' means the Small Business Regulatory Review Committee		
16			established under G.S. 143B-472.99.		
17		<u>(3)</u>	'Small business' means a business entity, including its affiliates, that is		
18			both independently owned and operated and has not more than 250		
19			employees.		
20	20 "§ 150B-21.7B. Rules affecting small businesses; economic impact statement by				
21		agen	<u>cy.</u>		
21 22 23	<u>(a)</u>	<u>Befo</u>	re an agency publishes in the North Carolina Register the proposed text		
23	of a per	manent	rule that would have an adverse economic impact on small businesses,		
24 25	the agen	cy shal	I prepare an economic impact statement that includes the following:		
25		<u>(1)</u>	An identification and estimate of the number of small businesses		
26			subject to the proposed rule.		
26 27		<u>(2)</u>	The projected reporting, record keeping, and other administrative costs		
28			required for compliance with the proposed rule, including the type of		
29			professional skills necessary for preparation of the report or record.		
30		<u>(3)</u>	A statement of the probable effect on impacted small businesses.		
31		<u>(4)</u>	A description of any less intrusive or less costly alternative methods of		
32			achieving the purpose of the proposed rule.		
33	<u>(b)</u>	The a	agency shall include the adverse economic impact statement in the notice		
34	of text in	n accor	dance with G.S. 150B-21.2(c).		
35	" <u>§ 150B</u>	-21.7C	. Agency review of existing rules.		
36			minimize the adverse economic impact on small businesses, prior to		
37	<u>amendin</u>	ig a per	manent rule, the agency shall consider the following:		
38		<u>(1)</u>	The continued need for the rule.		
39		<u>(2)</u>	The nature of complaints or comments received from the public		
40			concerning the rule.		
41		<u>(3)</u>	The complexity of the rule.		
1 2		<u>(4)</u>	The extent to which the rule overlaps, duplicates, or conflicts with		
13			other federal or State rules or local government ordinances		

- (5) The length of time since the rule has been evaluated and an estimate on the length of time the rule will continue to be necessary.
- (6) The degree to which technology, economic conditions, or other factors have changed or no longer exist in the area affected by the rule.

"§ 150B-21.7D. Periodic agency review of rules.

- (a) Within four years of the enactment of this act, each agency shall review all agency rules existing at the time of enactment to determine whether the rules should be continued without change, or should be amended or repealed, consistent with the stated objectives of the underlying statutes, to minimize economic impact of the rules on small businesses in a manner consistent with the stated objectives of applicable statutes. If the head of the agency determines that completion of the review of existing rules is not feasible by the established date, the agency shall publish a statement certifying that determination. The agency may extend the completion date by one year at a time for a total of not more than five years.
- (b) Rules adopted after the enactment of this act shall be reviewed within five years of the publication of the final rule and every five years thereafter to ensure that they minimize economic impact on small businesses in a manner consistent with the stated objectives of the underlying statutes.
- (c) In reviewing rules to minimize economic impact on small businesses, the agency shall consider all of the following factors:
 - (1) The continued need for the rule.
 - (2) The nature of complaints or comments received concerning the rule from members of the public.
 - (3) The complexity of the rule.
 - (4) The extent to which the rule overlaps, duplicates, or conflicts with other federal, State, or local government rules.
 - (5) The length of time since the rule has been evaluated or the degree to which economic conditions or other factors have changed or no longer exist in the area affected by the rule.

"§ 150B-21.7E. Proposed permanent rules; agency determination of impact on small business; notice to Small Business Regulatory Review Committee.

If the economic impact statement prepared as required under G.S. 150B-21.7B indicates the proposed permanent rule may have an adverse economic impact on small business, the agency proposing the permanent rule shall provide a copy of the notice of text including the impact statement to the Small Business Regulatory Review Committee established under G.S. 143B-472.99 for its timely review, comment, and recommendations. The agency shall submit the documents to the Committee when it submits the notice of text to the Register for publication. If the Committee determines that the proposed permanent rule may have an adverse economic impact on small business, the Committee shall request that the agency consider the following:

- (1) The availability and practicability of less restrictive alternatives that could be implemented; and
- (2) <u>Creative, innovative, or flexible methods of compliance by small business.</u>

"§ 150B-21.7F. Permanent rules; petition objecting to adverse economic impact on small business; judicial review.

- (a) If a permanent rule has an adverse economic impact on a small business, that small business may file a written petition with the State agency that adopted the rule objecting to all or part of the rule on any of the following grounds:
 - (1) The agency's failure to comply with the requirements of G.S. 150B-21.7B.
 - (2) The actual effect on small business significantly exceeded or was not reflected in the small business impact statement formulated by the agency in accordance with this Part.
 - (3) The actual or estimated adverse economic impact was either not considered in public hearings on the rule, or there were no public hearings conducted on the rule.
 - (4) The technology, economic conditions, or other relevant factors underlying the purpose of the rule have changed or no longer exist.
- (b) Upon receipt of the petition, the agency shall forward a copy of the petition to the Small Business Regulatory Review Committee as notification of a petition filed under this Part. The agency shall promptly consider the petition and may seek advice and counsel regarding the petition. Within 60 days after the receipt of the petition, the agency shall determine whether the impact statement or the public hearing addressed the actual and significant impact of the rule on small business, or if conditions underlying the purpose of the rule have changed or no longer exist. The agency shall provide a copy of its determination to the Committee.
- (c) If the agency determines that the petition merits amendment to or repeal of a rule, it shall initiate rule making in accordance with the applicable requirements of this Chapter. If the agency determines that the petition does not merit the amendment or repeal of a rule, any small business adversely affected by the agency's determination may seek review of the agency's determination by the Committee. Upon request for review, the Committee shall convene a meeting for the purpose of determining whether to recommend that the agency initiate proceedings to amend or repeal a rule. The Committee's review shall not be de novo but shall be based on the actual record presented to the agency. The Committee may base its recommendation on any of the following:
 - (1) The failure of the agency to comply with the requirements of G.S. 150B-21.7B.
 - (2) The actual effect on small business significantly exceeded or was not reflected in the small business impact statement formulated by the agency pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.7B.
 - (3) The actual economic impact was not previously considered by the agency.
 - (4) The technology, economic conditions, or other relevant factors underlying the purpose for the rule have changed or no longer exist.
- (d) If the Committee recommends that the agency initiate rule making for any reason stated in subsection (c) of this section, then the small business that is adversely

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- affected or aggrieved by the adoption of a permanent rule may seek judicial review of the petition under this section. The small business may seek judicial review under this subsection during the period commencing on the date the permanent rule becomes effective and end one year from that date. If the court finds in favor of the petitioner, it may direct the agency to initiate rule making or provide other appropriate relief.
 - (e) The Committee shall submit to the Joint Administrative Procedure Oversight Committee ("Oversight Committee") an evaluation report and the agency's determination of the petition's merits. The Oversight Committee shall review the Committee's report and agency determination and shall make recommendations to the General Assembly for legislative action, if necessary.

"§ 150B-21.7G. Waiver of administrative penalties.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a State agency that is authorized to assess administrative fines or penalties upon a business may waive or reduce the administrative fine or penalty for a violation of a statute or rule by a small business only under the following conditions:
 - (1) The small business corrects the violation within 30 days after receipt of notice of the violation.
 - (2) The violation was the result of an excusable misunderstanding of the agency's interpretation of the rule.
 - (b) An agency may not waive an administrative fine or penalty when:
 - (1) A small business has been notified of the violation and has been given a prior opportunity to correct the violation on a prior occasion.
 - (2) A small business fails to exercise good faith in complying with the statute or rule.
 - (3) The violation involves willful or criminal misconduct by the small business or its agents or employees.
 - (4) The violation results in or poses a threat of serious health, safety, or environmental impact.
 - (5) The penalty or fine is assessed pursuant to a federal law or regulation and for which no waiver or reduction is authorized by the federal law or regulation.
- (c) An agency shall adopt rules providing for the waiver of administrative fines or penalties in accordance with this section."
- **SECTION 2.** Article 10 of Chapter 143B of the General Statutes is amended by adding the following new Part to read:

"Part 20. Small Business Regulatory Review Committee.

- "§ 143B-472.99. Small Business Regulatory Review Committee established; members; chairman; selection; removal; compensation; quorum; services.
- (a) There is established the Small Business Regulatory Review Committee ("Committee"). The Committee shall be located in the Department of Commerce for budgetary purposes only. The Committee shall consist of 15 members, each of whom shall be appointed by the Governor. In making appointments, the Governor shall ensure

- that members represent the geographic regions of the State and are employed by or own a small business, as defined in G.S. 150B-21.7B.
 - (b) The Governor shall designate one member of the Committee to serve as Chairman at the pleasure of the Governor.
 - (c) Members shall be appointed for a term of four years, except that one-third of the initial members appointed by the Governor shall be appointed to serve for a term of two years. Members shall serve until their successors are appointed and qualify. Any appointment to fill a vacancy on the Committee created by the resignation, dismissal, death, or disability of a member shall be for the balance of the unexpired term. A member shall not be appointed for more than two consecutive terms.
 - (d) The Governor shall have the power to remove any member of the Committee from office in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 143B-16 of the Executive Organization Act of 1973.
 - (e) Members of the Committee shall receive per diem and necessary travel and subsistence expenses in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 138-5.
 - (f) A majority of the Committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
 - (g) The Secretary of Commerce shall provide clerical and other services required for the Committee to carry out its duties, including the designation of a Small Business Advocate. The Advocate shall review all proposed rules submitted to the Committee and make recommendations on less intrusive and less costly alternative methods of achieving the purpose of the proposed rule.
 - (h) The Committee shall meet at least semiannually, or more often if necessary as determined by the Chair.

"§ 143B-472.100. Duties of the Small Business Regulatory Review Committee.

The duties of the Small Business Regulatory Review Committee are as follows:

- (1) Provide State agencies with input regarding proposed permanent rules which may have an adverse economic impact, as defined in G.S. 150B-21.7B, upon small business and for which notice has been published in the North Carolina Register in accordance with G.S. 150B-21.2. The Committee shall provide its comment and recommendations to the State agency within 30 days of receipt of the proposed permanent rule and impact statement from the State agency pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.7E.
- Review any permanent rule proposed by a State agency for which the agency has notified the Committee that the proposed rule has an adverse economic impact upon small business and make recommendations to the agency and the General Assembly regarding the need for further agency or legislative action."

SECTION 3. G.S. 150B-21.9 reads as rewritten:

"§ 150B-21.9. Standards and timetable for review by Commission.

(a) Standards. – The Commission must determine whether a rule meets all of the following criteria:

- 1 (1) It is within the authority delegated to the agency by the General Assembly.
 3 (2) It is clear and unambiguous.
 - (3) It is reasonably necessary to fulfill a duty delegated to the agency by the General Assembly, when considered in light of the cumulative effect of all rules adopted by the agency related to the specific purpose for which the rule is proposed and the legislative intent of the General Assembly in delegating the duty.

The Commission may determine if a rule submitted to it was adopted in accordance with Part 2 and Part 2A of this Article. The Commission may ask the Office of State Budget and Management to determine if a rule has a substantial economic impact and is therefore required to have a fiscal note. The Commission must ask the Office of State Budget and Management to make this determination if a fiscal note was not prepared for a rule and the Commission receives a written request for a determination of whether the rule has a substantial economic impact.

The Commission must notify the agency that adopted the rule if it determines that a rule was not adopted in accordance with Part 2 or Part 2A of this Article and must return the rule to the agency. Entry of a rule in the North Carolina Administrative Code after review by the Commission is conclusive evidence that the rule was adopted in accordance with Part 2 and Part 2A of this Article.

(b) Timetable. – The Commission must review a rule submitted to it on or before the twentieth of a month by the last day of the next month. The Commission must review a rule submitted to it after the twentieth of a month by the last day of the second subsequent month."

SECTION 4. G.S. 150B-21.2(c) reads as rewritten:

- "(c) Notice of Text. A notice of the proposed text of a rule must include all of the following:
 - (1) The text of the proposed rule.
 - (2) A short explanation of the reason for the proposed rule.
 - (3) A citation to the law that gives the agency the authority to adopt the rule.
 - (4) The proposed effective date of the rule.
 - (4a) An adverse economic impact statement on small business as required by G.S. 150B-21.7B.
 - (5) The date, time, and place of any public hearing scheduled on the rule.
 - (6) Instructions on how a person may demand a public hearing on a proposed rule if the notice does not schedule a public hearing on the proposed rule and subsection (e) of this section requires the agency to hold a public hearing on the proposed rule when requested to do so.
 - (7) The period of time during which and the person to whom written comments may be submitted on the proposed rule.
 - (8) If a fiscal note has been prepared for the rule, a statement that a copy of the fiscal note can be obtained from the agency.

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(9) The procedure by which a person can object to a proposed rule and the requirements for subjecting a proposed rule to the legislative review process."

SECTION 5. There is appropriated to the Department of Commerce the sum of sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) for the 2005-2006 fiscal year to be used for the support of the Small Business Regulatory Review Committee.

SECTION 6. This act becomes effective October 1, 2005, and applies to notices of text for proposed permanent rules published in the North Carolina Register on and after that date.