### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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#### SENATE BILL 290 Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 4/6/05

	Short Title: Se	ecurities Transfer on Death.	(Public)	
	Sponsors:			
	Referred to:			
		March 2, 2005		
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
2	AN ACT TO E	ENACT THE UNIFORM TRANSFER ON DEATH (TO	DD) SECURITY	
3	REGISTRA	TION ACT.		
4	The General As	ssembly of North Carolina enacts:		
5		TION 1. The General Statutes are amended by rewri		
6	Chapter 41 of	the General Statutes to read "Estates and Interests in	Property", and	
7	Chapter 41 of the	ne General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article t	to read:	
8		" <u>Article 4.</u>		
9		Uniform Transfer on Death (TOD) Security Registration	<u>n Act.</u>	
10	" <u>§ 41-40. Defi</u>			
11	In this Artic	le, unless the context otherwise requires:		
12	<u>(1)</u>	'Beneficiary form' means a registration of a security the		
13		present owner of the security and the intention of the		
14		the person who will become the owner of the security	upon the death	
15		of the owner.		
16	<u>(2)</u>	'Devisee' means any person designated in a wil	<u>l to receive a</u>	
17		disposition of real or personal property.	_	
18	<u>(3)</u>	'Heirs' means those persons, including the surviving s	-	
19		entitled under Chapter 29 of the General Statutes on	•	
20		intestate succession of other states to take the property	ty of a decedent	
21	(4)	by intestate succession.	• .• .1	
22	<u>(4)</u>	'Person' means an individual, a corporation, an organ	ization, or other	
23	(5)	legal entity.	···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
24	<u>(5)</u>	'Personal representative' includes executor, administ		
25 26		successor personal representative, special administrat		
26 27		who perform substantially the same function under the	e law governing	
27		their status.		

1	<u>(6)</u>	'Property' includes both real and personal property or any interest in
2		real or personal property and means anything that may be the subject
3		of ownership.
4	(7)	'Register', including its derivatives, means to issue a certificate
5	<u>+</u> +	showing the ownership of a certificated security or, in the case of an
6		uncertificated security, to initiate or transfer an account showing
7		ownership of securities.
8	<u>(8)</u>	'Registering entity' means a person who originates or transfers a
9		security title by registration and includes a broker maintaining security
10		accounts for customers and a transfer agent or other person acting for
11		or as an issuer of securities.
12	<u>(9)</u>	'Security' means a share, participation, or other interest in property, a
13		business, or an obligation of an enterprise or other issuer, and includes
14		a certificated security, an uncertificated security, a security account,
15		and a security entitlement as defined in G.S. 25-8-102.
16	<u>(10)</u>	'Security account' means (i) a reinvestment account associated with a
17		security, a securities account with a broker, a cash balance in a
18		brokerage account, cash, interest, earnings, or dividends earned or
19		declared on a security in an account, a reinvestment account, or a
20		brokerage account, whether or not credited to the account before the
21		owner's death, or (ii) a cash balance or other property held for or due
22		to the owner of a security as a replacement for or product of an
23		account security, whether or not credited to the account before the
24		owner's death.
25	<u>(11)</u>	'State' includes any state of the United States, the District of Columbia,
26		the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and any territory or possession
27		subject to the legislative authority of the United States.
28		stration in beneficiary form; sole or joint tenancy ownership.
29	<u>Only</u> individ	duals whose registration of a security shows sole ownership by one
30	individual or m	ultiple ownership by two or more individuals with right of survivorship,
31		enants in common, may obtain registration in beneficiary form. Multiple
32		curity registered in beneficiary form hold as joint tenants with right of
33	<u>survivorship, as</u>	tenants by the entireties, or as owners of community property held in
34	survivorship for	m, and not as tenants in common.
35		stration in beneficiary form; applicable law.
36	<u>A security n</u>	hay be registered in beneficiary form if the form is authorized by this or
37	<u>a similar statut</u>	e of the state of organization of the issuer or registering entity, the
38		registering entity's principal office, the office of its transfer agent or its
39	office making the	ne registration, or by this or a similar statute of the law of the state listed
40		ddress at the time of registration. A registration governed by the law of a
41	jurisdiction in w	which this or similar legislation is not in force or was not in force when a
42	-	beneficiary form was made is nevertheless presumed to be valid and
43		matter of contract law.
44	" <u>§ 41-43. Orig</u> i	ination of registration in beneficiary form.

1	A security, whether evidenced by certificate or account, is registered in beneficiary
2	form when the registration includes a designation of a beneficiary to take the ownership
3	at the death of the owner or the deaths of all multiple owners.
4	"§ 41-44. Form of registration in beneficiary form.
5	Registration in beneficiary form may be shown by the words 'transfer on death' or
6	the abbreviation 'TOD', or by the words 'pay on death' or the abbreviation 'POD', after
7	the name of the registered owner or owners and before the name of a beneficiary.
8	"§ 41-45. Effect of registration in beneficiary form.
9	The designation of a TOD beneficiary on a registration in beneficiary form has no
10	effect on ownership of the security until the owner's death. A registration of a security
11	in beneficiary form may be cancelled or changed at any time by the sole owner or all
12	then-surviving owners, without the consent of the beneficiary.
13	" <u>§ 41-46. Ownership on death of owner.</u>
14	On death of a sole owner or the last to die of all multiple owners, ownership of
15	securities registered in beneficiary form passes to the beneficiary or beneficiaries who
16	survive all owners. On proof of death of all owners and compliance with any applicable
17	requirements of the registering entity, a security registered in beneficiary form may be
18	reregistered in the name of the beneficiary or beneficiaries who survive the death of all
19	owners. Until division of the security after the death of all owners, multiple
20	beneficiaries surviving the death of all owners hold their interests as tenants in common.
21	If no beneficiary survives the death of all owners, the security belongs to the estate of
22	the deceased sole owner or the estate of the last to die of all multiple owners.
23	" <u>§ 41-47. Protection of registering entity.</u>
24	(a) A registering entity is not required to offer or to accept a request for security
25	registration in beneficiary form. If a registration in beneficiary form is offered by a
26	registering entity, the owner requesting registration in beneficiary form assents to the
27	protections given to the registering entity by this Article.
28	(b) By accepting a request for registration of a security in beneficiary form, the
29	registering entity agrees that the registration will be implemented on death of the
30	deceased owner as provided in this Article.
31	(c) <u>A registering entity is discharged from all claims to a security by the estate</u> ,
32	creditors, heirs, or devisees of a deceased owner if it registers a transfer of a security in
33	accordance with G.S. 41-46 and does so in good faith reliance (i) on the registration, (ii)
34	on this Article, and (iii) on information provided to it by affidavit of the personal
35	representative of the deceased owner, or by the surviving beneficiary or by the surviving
36	beneficiary's representatives, or other information available to the registering entity. The
37	protections of this Article do not extend to a reregistration or payment made after a
38	registering entity has received written notice from any claimant to any interest in the
39	security objecting to implementation of a registration in beneficiary form. No other
40	notice or other information available to the registering entity affects its right to
41	protection under this Article.
42	(d) The protection provided by this Article to the registering entity of a security
43	does not affect the rights of beneficiaries in disputes between themselves and other
44	claimants to ownership of the security transferred or its value or proceeds.

44 <u>claimants to ownership of the security transferred or its value or proceeds.</u>

1	" <u>§ 41-48. Nontestamentary transfer on death.</u>	
2	(a) A transfer on death resulting from a registration in beneficiary form is	
3	effective by reason of the contract regarding the registration between the owner and the	
4	registering entity and this Article and is not testamentary.	
5	(b) The interest of a deceased owner when there are one or more surviving	
6	owners remains liable for the debts of the decedent in the same manner as the personal	
7	property included in the decedent's estate, and recovery of that interest shall be made	
8	from the surviving owner or owners when the decedent's estate is insufficient to satisfy	
9	the debts. The interest of a deceased sole owner, or the last to die of several owners,	
10	remains liable for the debts of the decedent in the same manner as the personal property	
11	included in the decedent's estate, and recovery of that interest shall be made from the	
12	TOD beneficiary when the decedent's estate is insufficient to satisfy the debts.	
13	(c) This Article does not repeal or modify any provision of law relating to estate	
14	taxes.	
15	" <u>§ 41-49. Terms, conditions, and forms for registration.</u>	
16	(a) A registering entity offering to accept registrations in beneficiary form may	
17	establish the terms and conditions under which it will receive requests (i) for	
18	registrations in beneficiary form, and (ii) for implementation of registrations in	
19	beneficiary form, including requests for cancellation of previously registered TOD	
20	beneficiary designations and requests for reregistration to effect a change of beneficiary.	
21	The terms and conditions established may provide for proving death, avoiding or	
22	resolving any problems concerning fractional shares, and designating primary or	
23	contingent beneficiaries. Forms of identifying beneficiaries who are to take on one or	
24	more contingencies, and rules for providing proofs and assurances needed to satisfy	
25	reasonable concerns by registering entities regarding conditions and identities relevant	
26	to accurate implementation of registrations in beneficiary form, may be contained in a	
27	registering entity's terms and conditions.	
28	(b) The following are illustrations of registrations in beneficiary form that a	
29 20	registering entity may authorize:	
30	(1) <u>Sole owner-sole beneficiary: 'John S. Brown TOD (or POD) John S.</u> Brown, Jr.'	
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32	(2) <u>Multiple owners-sole beneficiary: 'John S. Brown, Mary B. Brown JT</u> <u>TEN WROS TOD John S. Brown, Jr.'</u>	
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34 35	(3) <u>Multiple owners-primary and secondary (substituted) beneficiaries:</u> John S. Brown, Mary B. Brown JT TEN WROS TOD John S. Brown,	
35 36	Jr. SUB BENE Peter O. Brown'.	
30 37	"§ 41-50. Short title; rules of construction.	
38	(a) This Article shall be known as and may be cited as the 'Uniform TOD	
39	Security Registration Act'.	
40	(b) This Article shall be applied and construed to effectuate its general purposes	
41	and to make uniform the laws with respect to the subject of this Article among states	
42	enacting it.	
43	(c) This Article does not repeal G.S. 41-2.2. G.S. 41-2.2 applies in determining	
44	whether a right of survivorship exists among multiple owners of a security.	
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1	" <u>§ 41-51. Application of Article.</u>		
2	This Article applies to registrations of securities in beneficiary form made before,		
3	on, or after the effective date of this Article, by decedents dying on or after the effective		
4	date of this Article."		
5	<b>SECTION 2.</b> G.S. 28A-15-10(a) reads as rewritten:		
6	"(a) When needed to satisfy claims against a decedent's estate, assets may be		
7	acquired by a personal representative or collector from the following sources:		
8	(1) Tentative trusts created by the decedent in savings accounts for other		
9	persons; persons.		
10	(2) Gifts causa mortis made by the decedent;decedent.		
11	(3) Joint deposit accounts with right of survivorship created by decedent		
12	pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 41-2.1 or otherwise; and joint		
13	tenancies with right of survivorship created by decedent in corporate		
14	stocks or other investment securities.		
15	(4) An interest in a security passing to a beneficiary pursuant to the		
16	provisions of Article 4 of Chapter 41 of the General Statutes.		
17	Such assets shall be acquired solely for the purpose of satisfying such claims, however,		
18	and shall not be available for distribution to heirs or devisees."		
19	<b>SECTION 3.</b> G.S. 41-2.2 reads as rewritten:		
20	"§ 41-2.2. Joint ownership of <del>corporate stock and investment s</del> ecurities.		
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31	otherwise indicates (i) that the shares or securities are owned with the		
32	right of survivorship, or (ii) otherwise clearly indicates that upon the		
33	death of either party, the interest of the decedent shall pass to the		
34	surviving party. Money in the hands of such broker or custodian		
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36	securities shall be treated in the same manner as such shares or		
37	securities.		
38	(c) Upon the death of a joint tenant his interest shall pass to the surviving joint		
39	tenant. The interest of the deceased joint tenant, even though it has passed to the		
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41	••		
42	surviving joint tenant when the decedent's estate is insufficient to satisfy such debts.		
43	(d) This section does not repeal or modify any provisions of the law relating to		
44	estate or inheritance taxes.		
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	<ul> <li>(a) In addition to other forms of ownership, shares of corporate stock or investment securities may be owned by any parties as joint tenants with rights of survivorship, and not as tenants in common, in the manner provided in this section.</li> <li>(b) (1) A joint tenancy in shares of corporate stock or investment securities as provided by this section shall exist when such shares or securities indicate that they are owned with the right of survivorship, or otherwise clearly indicate an intention that upon the death of either party the interest of the decedent shall pass to the surviving party.</li> <li>(2) Such a joint tenancy may also exist when a broker or custodian holds the shares or securities for the joint tenants and by book entry or otherwise indicates (i) that the shares or securities are owned with the right of survivorship, or (ii) otherwise clearly indicates that upon the death of either party. Money in the hands of such broker or custodian derived from the sale of, or held for the purpose of, such shares or securities.</li> <li>(c) Upon the death of a joint tenant his interest shall pass to the surviving joint tenant. The interest of the deceased joint tenant, even though it has passed to the surviving joint tenant, remains liable for the debts of the decedent in the same manner as the personal property included in his estate, and recovery thereof shall be made from the surviving joint tenant when the decedent's estate is insufficient to satisfy such debts.</li> <li>(d) This section does not repeal or modify any provisions of the law relating to</li> </ul>		

1	(e) As used in this section, "securities" has the same meaning as in G.S. 41-40(9)
2	and includes "security account" as that term is defined in G.S. 41-40(10)."
3	<b>SECTION 4.</b> The Revisor of Statutes shall cause to be printed along with
4	this act all relevant portions of the Official Commentary to the Uniform TOD Security
5	Registration Act and all explanatory comments of the drafters of this act as the Revisor
6	may deem appropriate.
7	<b>SECTION 5.</b> This act becomes effective October 1, 2005.