

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2005

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HOUSE DRH30087-LE-141 (3/9)

Short Title: Salary of Teachers at Residential Schools.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representative Nye.

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE SECRETARY OF A DEPARTMENT TO SET THE SALARY SUPPLEMENT FOR TEACHERS WORKING AT SCHOOLS OPERATED BY THE DEPARTMENT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 143B-146.21 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(e) The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall set the salary supplement paid to instructional personnel who are licensed by the State Board of Education at the programs operated by the Department of Health and Human Services. The salary supplement shall be at least five percent (5%)."

SECTION 2. G.S. 143B-516(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) The Secretary shall have the following powers and duties:

- (1) Give leadership to the implementation as appropriate of State policy that requires that youth development centers be phased out as populations diminish.
- (2) Close a State youth development center when its operation is no longer justified and transfer State funds appropriated for the operation of that youth development center to fund community-based programs, to purchase care or services for predelinquents, delinquents, or status offenders in community-based or other appropriate programs, or to improve the efficiency of existing youth development centers, provided the Advisory Budget Commission reviews this action.
- (3) Administer a sound admission or intake program for juvenile facilities, including the requirement of a careful evaluation of the needs of each juvenile prior to acceptance and placement.

- 1 (4) Operate juvenile facilities and implement programs that meet the needs
2 of juveniles receiving services and that assist them to become
3 productive, responsible citizens.
- 4 (5) Adopt rules to implement this Article and the responsibilities of the
5 Secretary and the Department under Chapter 7B of the General
6 Statutes. The Secretary may adopt rules applicable to local human
7 services agencies providing juvenile court and delinquency prevention
8 services for the purpose of program evaluation, fiscal audits, and
9 collection of third-party payments.
- 10 (6) Ensure a statewide and uniform system of juvenile intake, protective
11 supervision, probation, and post-release supervision services in all
12 district court districts of the State. The system shall provide
13 appropriate, adequate, and uniform services to all juveniles who are
14 alleged or found to be undisciplined or delinquent.
- 15 (7) Establish procedures for substance abuse testing for juveniles
16 adjudicated delinquent for substance abuse offenses.
- 17 (8) Plan, develop, and coordinate comprehensive multidisciplinary
18 services and programs statewide for the prevention of juvenile
19 delinquency, early intervention, and rehabilitation of juveniles.
- 20 (9) Develop standards, approve yearly program evaluations, and make
21 recommendations based on the evaluations to the General Assembly
22 concerning continuation funding.
- 23 (10) Collect expense data for every program operated and contracted by the
24 Department.
- 25 (11) Develop a formula for funding, on a matching basis, juvenile court and
26 delinquency prevention services as provided for in this Article. This
27 formula shall be based upon the county's or counties' relative ability to
28 fund community-based programs for juveniles.
- 29 Local governments receiving State matching funds for programs
30 under this Article must maintain the same overall level of effort that
31 existed at the time of the filing of the county assessment of juvenile
32 needs with the Department.
- 33 (12) Assist local governments and private service agencies in the
34 development of juvenile court services and delinquency prevention
35 services and provide information on the availability of potential
36 funding sources and assistance in making application for needed
37 funding.
- 38 (13) Develop and administer a comprehensive juvenile justice information
39 system to collect data and information about delinquent juveniles for
40 the purpose of developing treatment and intervention plans and
41 allowing reliable assessment and evaluation of the effectiveness of
42 rehabilitative and preventive services provided to delinquent juveniles.
- 43 (14) Coordinate State-level services in relation to delinquency prevention
44 and juvenile court services so that any citizen may go to one place in

1 State government to receive information about available juvenile
2 services.

3 (15) Appoint the chief court counselor in each district upon the
4 recommendation of the chief district court judge of that district.

5 (16) Develop a statewide plan for training and professional development of
6 chief court counselors, court counselors, and other personnel
7 responsible for the care, supervision, and treatment of juveniles. The
8 plan shall include attendance at appropriate professional meetings and
9 opportunities for educational leave for academic study.

10 (17) Study issues related to qualifications, salary ranges, appointment of
11 personnel on a merit basis, including chief court counselors, court
12 counselors, secretaries, and other appropriate personnel, at the State
13 and district levels in order to adopt appropriate policies and procedures
14 governing personnel.

15 (17a) Set the salary supplement paid to personnel who are employed at
16 juvenile facilities and are licensed by the State Board of Education.
17 The salary supplement shall be at least five percent (5%).

18 (18) Designate persons, as necessary, as State juvenile justice officers, to
19 provide for the care and supervision of juveniles placed in the physical
20 custody of the Department."

21 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 148-22.1 reads as rewritten:

22 **"§ 148-22.1. Educational facilities and programs for selected inmates.**

23 (a) The State Department of Correction is authorized to take advantage of aid
24 available from any source in establishing facilities and developing programs to provide
25 inmates of the State prison system with such academic and vocational and technical
26 education as seems most likely to facilitate the rehabilitation of these inmates and their
27 return to free society with attitudes, knowledge, and skills that will improve their
28 prospects of becoming law-abiding and self-supporting citizens. The State Department
29 of Public Instruction is authorized to cooperate with the State Department of Correction
30 in planning academic and vocational and technical education of prison system inmates,
31 but the State Department of Public Instruction is not authorized to expend any funds in
32 this connection.

33 (b) In expending funds that may be made available for facilities and programs to
34 provide inmates of the State prison system with academic and vocational and technical
35 education, the State Department of Correction shall give priority to meeting the needs of
36 inmates who are less than 21 years of age when received in the prison system with a
37 sentence or sentences under which they will be held for not less than six months nor
38 more than five years before becoming eligible to be considered for a parole or
39 unconditional release. These inmates shall be given appropriate tests to determine their
40 educational needs and aptitudes. When the necessary arrangements can be made, they
41 shall receive such instruction as may be deemed practical and advisable for them.

42 (c) The Secretary of Correction shall set the salary supplement paid to personnel
43 who are Division of Prison employees that serve in youth facilities and are licensed by
44 the State Board of Education. The salary supplement shall be at least five percent (5%)."

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SECTION 4. This act becomes effective July 1, 2005.