## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

H HOUSE BILL 2115

Short Title	e: B	ifurcation of Medical Malpractice Trials.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Н	epresentatives England, Nye, Wright, Rapp (Primary Sponsors) follo, Barnhart, Blust, Culp, Glazier, Holloway, Johnson, reston, Steen, Walker, and Williams.	
Referred to: Judiciary II.			
May 18, 2006			
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  AN ACT TO ALLOW FOR BIFURCATION OF ISSUES OF LIABILITY AND DAMAGES IN MEDICAL MALPRACTICE ACTIONS, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE HOUSE SELECT COMMITTEE ON HEALTH CARE.  The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:  SECTION 1. G.S. 1A-1, Rule 42(b), reads as rewritten:			
` ′	Separ (1)	rate trials. –  The court may in furtherance of convenience or to avoid prejushall for considerations of venue upon timely motion order a trial of any claim, cross-claim, counterclaim, or third-party claims separate issue or of any number of claims, cross-counterclaims, third-party claims, or issues.	separate aim, or of
	(2)	Upon motion of any party in an action that includes commenced under Article 1G of Chapter 90 of the General involving a managed care entity as defined in G.S. 90-21.50, shall order separate discovery and a separate trial of an cross-claim, counterclaim, or third-party claim against a phy other medical provider.	Statutes the court by claim,
	<u>(3)</u>	Upon motion of any party in a medical malpractice action con under Article 1B of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes who plaintiff alleges damages greater than one hundred thousan (\$100,000), the court shall order separate trials for the issue of and the issue of damages. Evidence relating solely to produce the defendant is liable for medical malpractice. The same fact that tried the issues relating to liability shall try the issues	d dollars f liability becuniary etermined te trier of

to damages."

SECTION 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 2006, and applies to actions filed on or after that date.