

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 2003

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HOUSE DRH50033-LK-16 (1/27)

Short Title: Criminal Unauthorized Recordings. (Public)

Sponsors: Representatives Goodwin, Hall, Moore, and Stiller (Primary Sponsors).

Referred to:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT MODIFYING THE FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR OFFENSES
RELATED TO CONDUCTING CERTAIN UNAUTHORIZED SOUND AND
VIDEO RECORDINGS.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. G.S. 14-432 reads as rewritten:

"§ 14-432. Definitions.

~~As used in this Article "owner" means the person who owns the sounds fixed in any master phonograph record, master disc, master tape, master film or other device used for reproducing recorded sounds on phonograph records, discs, tapes, films or other articles on which sound is or can be recorded and from which the transferred sounds are directly or indirectly derived, or the person who owns the rights to record or authorize the recording of a live performance; "article" means the tangible medium upon which sounds or images are recorded or any original phonograph record, disc, tape, audio or video cassette, wire, film or other medium now known or later developed on which sounds or images are or can be recorded or otherwise stored, or any copy or reproduction which duplicates, in whole or in part, the original.~~The following definitions apply in this Article:

- (1) "Article" means the tangible medium upon which sounds or images are recorded or otherwise stored, including any original phonograph record, disc, tape, audio or video cassette, wire, film, or other medium now known or later developed on which sounds or images, or both, can be recorded or otherwise stored, or any copy or reproduction which duplicates, in whole or in part, the original.
- (2) "Fixed" means that the work has been recorded in a tangible medium of expression, by or under the authority of the author, and its embodiment is sufficiently permanent or stable to permit it to be

1 perceived, reproduced, or otherwise communicated for a period of
 2 more than transitory duration. A work consisting of sounds, images, or
 3 both, that are being transmitted, is "fixed" for the purposes of this
 4 section if a fixation of the work is being made simultaneously with its
 5 transmission.

6 (3) "Owner" means the person who owns the sounds fixed in any master
 7 phonograph record, master disc, master tape, master film, or other
 8 device used for reproducing recorded sounds on phonograph records,
 9 discs, tapes, films, or other articles on which sound is or can be
 10 recorded and from which the transferred sounds are directly or
 11 indirectly derived, or the person who owns the rights to record or
 12 authorize the recording of a live performance."

13 **SECTION 2.** G.S. 14-433 reads as rewritten:

14 **"§ 14-433. Recording of live ~~concerts~~ performances or recorded sounds and**
 15 **distribution, etc., of such recordings unlawful in certain circumstances.**

16 (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to:

17 (1) Knowingly transfer or cause to be transferred, directly or indirectly by
 18 any means, any sounds recorded on a phonograph record, disc, wire,
 19 tape, film or other article on which sounds are recorded, with the intent
 20 to sell or cause to be sold, or to use or cause to be used for profit
 21 through public performance, such article on which sounds are so
 22 transferred, without consent of the ~~owner,~~owner.

23 (2) Manufacture, distribute, wholesale or transport any article for profit, or
 24 possess for ~~such~~these purposes with the knowledge that the sounds
 25 recorded on the article were transferred in violation of subdivision
 26 (a)(1) of this section. ~~are so transferred, without consent of the owner,~~

27 (a1) It shall be unlawful for any person to:

28 ~~(3)~~(1) Knowingly transfer or cause to be transferred, directly or indirectly by
 29 any means, any sounds at a live ~~concert,~~performance, with the intent
 30 to sell or cause to be sold, or to use or cause to be used for profit
 31 through public performance, ~~such~~the article on which sounds are so
 32 transferred, without consent of the ~~owner,~~owner.

33 ~~(4)~~(2) Manufacture, distribute, transport or wholesale any ~~such~~article for
 34 profit, or possess for ~~such~~those purposes with the knowledge that the
 35 sounds recorded on the article were transferred in violation of
 36 subdivision (a1)(1) of this section. ~~are so transferred, without consent~~
 37 ~~of the owner.~~

38 (b) Subdivisions (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section shall apply only to sound
 39 recordings that were initially fixed prior to February 15, 1972. Federal copyright law, 17
 40 U.S.C. § 101 et seq., preempts State prosecution of the acts described in subdivisions
 41 (a)(1) and (a)(2) with respect to sound recordings initially fixed on or after February 15,
 42 1972.

43 (c) This section shall not apply to any person engaged in radio or television
 44 broadcasting who transfers, or causes to be transferred, any such sounds other than from

1 the sound track of a motion picture intended for, or in connection with broadcast or
2 telecast transmission or related uses, or for archival purposes."

3 **SECTION 3.** G.S. 14-435 reads as rewritten:

4 "**§ 14-435. Recorded devices to show true name and address of manufacturer.**

5 ~~Ninety days after January 1, 1975, every article knowingly sold or transferred or~~
6 ~~possessed for the purpose of sale, advertising or offering for sale or resale, renting or~~
7 ~~transporting or causing to be rented or transported by any manufacturer, distributor, or~~
8 ~~wholesale or retail merchant shall contain on its packaging the true name and address of~~
9 ~~the manufacturer. The term "manufacturer" shall not include the manufacturer of the~~
10 ~~cartridge or casing itself.~~

11 (a) A person is guilty of failure to disclose the origin of an article when, for
12 commercial advantage or private financial gain, the person knowingly advertises or
13 offers for sale or resale, or sells or resells, or causes the rental, sale or resale, or rents, or
14 manufactures, or possesses for these purposes, any article, the packaging, cover, box,
15 jacket, or label of which does not clearly and conspicuously disclose the actual true
16 name and address of the manufacturer of the article and the name of the actual author,
17 artist, performer, producer, programmer, or group.

18 (b) This section does not require the original manufacturer or authorized
19 licensees of software producers to disclose the contributing authors or programmers. As
20 used in this section, the term "manufacturer" shall not include the manufacturer of the
21 article's packaging, cover, box, jacket, or label itself."

22 **SECTION 4.** G.S. 14-436 reads as rewritten:

23 "**§ 14-436. Recorded devices; civil action for damages.**

24 Any owner of an article as defined in this ~~Chapter~~ Article whose work is allegedly
25 the subject of a violation of G.S. 14-433 or ~~14-434,~~ G.S. 14-434, shall have a cause of
26 action in the courts of this State for all damages resulting ~~therefrom~~ from the violation,
27 including actual, compensatory and incidental damages."

28 **SECTION 5.** G. S. 14-437(a) reads as rewritten:

29 "(a) Every individual act in contravention of the provisions of this Article shall
30 constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor, except that the offense is a Class I felony, with a
31 maximum fine of one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), if (i) the offense
32 involves at least 100 unauthorized articles during any 180-day period, or (ii) is a second
33 or subsequent conviction for an act in violation of this Article.

34 ~~(1) A Class I felony, which may include a fine of not more than one~~
35 ~~hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000), if the offense involves at~~
36 ~~least 1,000 unauthorized sound recordings or at least 100 unauthorized~~
37 ~~audio visual recordings during any 180 day period or is a second or~~
38 ~~subsequent conviction under either subdivision (1) or (2) of this~~
39 ~~section;~~

40 ~~(2) A Class 1 misdemeanor, if the offense involves more than 100 but less~~
41 ~~than 1,000 unauthorized sound recordings or more than 10 but less~~
42 ~~than 100 unauthorized audio visual recordings during any 180 day~~
43 ~~period;~~

44 ~~(3) A Class 2 misdemeanor, for any other violation of these sections."~~

1 **SECTION 6.** This act becomes effective December 1, 2003, and applies to
2 offenses committed on or after that date. Prosecutions for offenses committed before the
3 effective date of this act are not abated or affected by this act, and the statutes that
4 would be applicable but for this act remain applicable to those prosecutions.