GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2003

H HOUSE DRH30249-RT-14 (03/26)

	Short Title:	Appliance/Equipment Energy Efficiency Stds. (Public)	
	Sponsors:	Representative Nesbitt.	
		Representative (Vesoitt.	
	Referred to:		
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
2		D DIRECT THE UTILITIES COMMISSION TO ESTABLISH ENERGY	
3		NCY STANDARDS FOR CERTAIN PRODUCTS SOLD IN THE	
4	STATE.	11 (N 1 0 1)	
5		Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
6	SECTION 1. Chapter 113B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a		
7	new Article		
8		"Article 3.	
9	"\$ 112D /1	"Energy Efficiency Standards. Locicletive findings	
10		Legislative findings. eral Assembly finds that energy efficiency standards:	
11 12	111e Gene (1)	•	
13	<u>(1</u>	Assure consumers and businesses that certain goods meet minimum efficiency performance levels thus saving money on utility bills.	
14	(2)		
15	(2	impacts associated with the production, distribution, and use of	
16		electricity and natural gas.	
17	(3)	·	
18	<u>(5</u>	on the electric distribution grid during peak demand periods.	
19	(4)		
20	<u> </u>	lines, and power distribution system upgrades.	
21	<u>(5</u>		
22		business owners to spend less on energy and more for the purchase of	
23		goods and services.	
24	"§ 113B-42.	Definitions.	
25		n this Article:	
26	(1)	'Ceiling fan' means a nonportable device that is suspended from a	
27		ceiling for circulating air via the rotation of fan blades.	

1	<u>(2)</u>	'Ceiling fan light kit' means the equipment used to provide light from a
2		ceiling fan. This equipment can be: (i) integral such that the ceiling
3		fan light kit is hardwired to the ceiling fan, or (ii) attachable such that
4		the ceiling fan light kit is not, at the time of sale, physically attached to
5		the fan. Attachable ceiling fan light kits might be included inside the
6		ceiling fan package at the time of sale or sold separately for
7		subsequent attachment to the fan.
8	<u>(3)</u>	'Commercial clothes washer' means a soft mount front-loading or soft
9	<u>(0)</u>	mount top-loading clothes washer that is designed for use in (i)
10		applications where the occupants of more than one household will be
11		using it, such as in multifamily housing common areas and coin
12		laundries; or (ii) other commercial applications, if the clothes container
13		compartment is no greater than 3.5 cubic feet for horizontal-axis
14		clothes washers, or no greater than 4.0 cubic feet for vertical-axis
15		clothes washers.
16	<u>(4)</u>	'Commercial refrigerators and freezers' means reach-in cabinets, pass-
17	<u>(+)</u>	through cabinets, roll-in cabinets, and roll-through cabinets that have
18		less than 85 cubic feet of capacity and that are not walk-in models or
19		consumer products regulated under the National Appliance Energy
20		Conservation Act of 1987 (Pub. L. 100-12, 101 Stat. 103, 42 U.S.C. §
		6201).
21	(5)	
22	<u>(5)</u>	'Commission' means the Utilities Commission.
23	<u>(6)</u>	'Digital cable television box' means a device that acts as a tuner for
24		cable television programming and that converts digital signals received
25	(7)	from a cable service provider to a signal usable by a television set.
26	<u>(7)</u>	'Digital television converter box' means a device that receives and
27	(0)	decodes digital signals for display by an analog television set.
28	<u>(8)</u>	'Illuminated exit sign' means an internally illuminated sign that is
29		designed to be permanently fixed in place and used to identify an exit,
30		a light source illuminates the sign or letters from within, and the
31	(0)	background of the exit sign is not transparent.
32	<u>(9)</u>	'Large package air-conditioning equipment' means packaged air-
33		conditioning equipment having 240,000 Btu/hour or more of cooling
34		capacity.
35	<u>(10)</u>	'Low voltage dry-type distribution transformer' means a distribution
36		transformer that (i) has an input voltage of 600 volts or less; (ii) is
37		between 14 kVA and 2,501 kVA in size; (iii) is air-cooled; and (iv)
38		does not use oil as a coolant.
39	<u>(11)</u>	'Packaged air-conditioning equipment' means air-conditioning
40		equipment that is built as a package and shipped as a whole to end-user
41		sites.
42	<u>(12)</u>	'Pass-through cabinet' means a commercial refrigerator or commercial
43		freezer with hinged or sliding doors on both the front and rear of the
44		refrigerator or freezer.

1	<u>(13)</u>	'Reach-in cabinet' means a commercial refrigerator, commercial
2		refrigerator-freezer, or commercial freezer with hinged or sliding doors
3		or lids, but excluding roll-in or roll-through cabinets and pass-through
4		cabinets.
5	<u>(14)</u>	'Roll-in or roll-through cabinet' means a commercial refrigerator or
6		commercial freezer with hinged or sliding doors that allows wheeled
7		racks of product to be rolled into or through the refrigerator or freezer.
8	<u>(15)</u>	'Set-top box' means a digital cable television box, wireless television
9	<u> </u>	receiver, or digital television converter box.
10	<u>(16)</u>	Torchiere lighting fixture' means a portable electric lighting fixture
11		with a reflector bowl giving light directed upward so as to give indirect
12		illumination.
13	(17)	'Traffic signal module' means a standard 8-inch (200 mm) or 12-inch
14	<u>(=-,)</u>	(300 mm) round traffic signal indication. It consists of a light source,
15		lens, and all parts necessary for operation and communicates
16		movement messages to drivers through red, amber, and green colors.
17		Arrow modules in the same colors are used to indicate turning
18		movements.
19	<u>(18)</u>	Transformer' means a device consisting essentially of two or more
20	<u>(10)</u>	coils of insulated wire that transfers alternating current by
21		electromagnetic induction from one coil to another in order to change
22		the original voltage or current value.
23	(19)	'Unit heater' means a self-contained fan-type heater that uses natural
24	(1))	gas, propane, or fuel oil and that is designed to be installed within a
25		heated space. Unit heaters include an apparatus or appliance to supply
26		heat and a fan for circulating air over a heat exchange surface, all
27		enclosed in a common casing. Unit heaters do not include 'warm air
28		furnaces' as specifically defined under the federal Energy Policy Act of
29		1992 (Pub. L. 102-486, 106 Stat. 2776, 42 U.S.C. § 13201).
30	(20)	'Wireless television receiver' means a device used in conjunction with
31	(20)	a dish antenna to receive satellite or other wireless television
32		programming and that converts signals from a dish antenna for use by
32 33		a television set.
33 34	"§ 113B-43. Sc	
3 4 35	18.0	orovisions of this Article apply to the establishment, testing, certification,
	_	nt of energy efficiency standards for each of the following types of
36 37		ffered for sale, or installed in the State:
38	(1)	Ceiling fans and ceiling fan light kits.
39		Commercial clothes washers.
	$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	<u> </u>
40 41	<u>(3)</u>	Commercial refrigerators and freezers.
41 42	<u>(4)</u> (5)	Illuminated exit signs.
42 42	<u>(5)</u>	Large packaged air-conditioning equipment.
43 44	<u>(6)</u>	Low voltage dry-type distribution transformers.
44	<u>(7)</u>	Set-top boxes.

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1		<u>(8)</u>	Torchiere lighting fixtures.
2		<u>(9)</u>	Traffic signal modules.
3		<u>(10)</u>	<u>Unit heaters.</u>
4		<u>(11)</u>	Other products as may be designated by the Commission in
5			accordance with G.S. 113B-44(b).
6	<u>(b)</u>	The p	provisions of this Article do not apply to any of the following:
7		(1)	Products manufactured in the State and sold outside the State.
8		(2)	Products manufactured outside the State and sold at wholesale inside
9			the State for final retail sale and installation outside the State.
10		<u>(3)</u>	Products installed in mobile manufactured homes at the time of
11			construction.
12		<u>(4)</u>	Products designed expressly for installation and use in recreational
13			vehicles.
14	" <u>§ 113B</u> -	44. Ef	fficiency standards.
15	<u>(a)</u>	The C	Commission shall adopt rules to establish energy efficiency standards for
16	the types	s of pr	roducts set forth in G.S. 113B-43(a). The rules shall provide for the
17	<u>following</u>	<u>g minir</u>	num energy efficiency standards:
18		<u>(1)</u>	Ceiling fans and ceiling fan light kits shall meet the Tier 1 criteria of
19			the product specification (Version 1.1) of the 'Energy Star Program
20			Requirements for Residential Ceiling Fans' developed by the United
21			States Environmental Protection Agency.
22		<u>(2)</u>	Commercial clothes washers shall meet the requirements shown in
23			Table P-3 of section 1605.3 of the California Code of Regulations,
24			Title 20: Division 2, Chapter 4, Article 4: Appliance Efficiency
25			Regulations that took effect on 27 November 2002.
26		<u>(3)</u>	Commercial refrigerators and freezers shall meet the 1 August 2004
27			requirements shown in Table A-6 of section 1605.3 of the California
28			Code of Regulations, Title 20: Division 2, Chapter 4, Article 4:
29			Appliance Efficiency Regulations that took effect on 27 November
30			<u>2002.</u>
31		<u>(4)</u>	Illuminated exit signs shall meet the product specification (Version
32			2.0) of the 'Energy Star Program Requirements for Exit Signs'
33			developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
34		<u>(5)</u>	Large packaged air-conditioning equipment shall meet the Tier 2
35			efficiency levels of the 'Minimum Equipment Efficiencies for Unitary
36			Commercial Air Conditioners' and 'Minimum Equipment Efficiencies
37			for Heat Pumps' developed by the Consortium for Energy Efficiency,
38			Boston, Massachusetts, that took effect on 1 July 2002.
39		<u>(6)</u>	Low voltage dry-type distribution transformers shall meet or exceed
40			the energy efficiency values shown in Table 4-2 of National Electrical
41			Manufacturers Association Standard TP-1-2002.
42		<u>(7)</u>	Set-top boxes shall meet the Tier 2 criteria of the product specification
43			of the 'Energy Star Program Requirements for Set-top Boxes'

- developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency that took effect on 1 January 2001.
 - (8) Torchiere lighting fixtures shall not consume more than 190 watts and shall not be capable of operating with lamps that total more than 190 watts.
 - (9) Traffic signal modules shall meet the product specification of the 'Energy Star Program Requirements for Traffic Signals' developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency that took effect in February 2001.
 - (10) Unit heaters shall not have pilot lights and shall have either power venting or an automatic flue damper.
 - (b) The Commission may adopt rules to establish minimum energy efficiency standards for products designated pursuant to G.S. 113B-43(a)(11).
 - (c) The Commission may adopt rules to establish energy efficiency standards for the products set forth in G.S. 113B-43(a) that exceed the energy efficiency standards established pursuant to this section. Prior to adopting a rule to establish an increased energy efficiency standard for a product, the Commission shall determine that the increased energy efficiency standard would promote energy conservation and would be cost-effective for consumers of that product. No energy efficiency standard established by a rule adopted pursuant to this subsection shall become effective earlier than one year after the adoption of the rule. For any product for which a federal energy conservation standard has been adopted, the Commission may apply for a waiver of federal preemption in accordance with subsection (d) of 42 U.S.C. § 6297.

"§ 113B-45. Testing, certification, labeling, and enforcement.

- (a) The Commission shall adopt rules to provide for the testing of product compliance with energy efficiency standards adopted pursuant to G.S. 113B-44 if an applicable procedure is not set out in the State Building Code. The Commission shall use United States Department of Energy approved testing methods or other nationally recognized testing methods. Product manufacturers shall cause samples of their products to be tested in accordance with the test procedures adopted pursuant to this subsection and those set out in the State Building Code.
- (b) A manufacturer of products subject to energy efficiency standards adopted pursuant to G.S. 113B-44 shall certify to the Commission that its products are in compliance with the provisions of this Article. The Commission shall adopt rules governing the certification of product compliance and may coordinate its certification rules with the certification programs of other states.
- (c) A manufacturer of products subject to energy efficiency standards adopted pursuant to G.S. 113B-44 shall label each product that it offers for sale or installs in the State as being in compliance with the provisions of this Article with a label on the product and product package that is clearly visible at the time of sale or installation. The Commission shall adopt rules governing the labelling of products that are in compliance and may coordinate its labelling rules with the labelling programs of other states.
- (d) The Commission may test products subject to energy efficiency standards adopted pursuant to G.S. 113B-44 using an accredited testing facility. If products that

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- are tested are found not to be in compliance with the energy efficiency standards established pursuant to G.S. 113B-44, the Commission shall assess the manufacturer of the product for the costs of product purchase and testing and may provide information to the public on products found not to be in compliance with the standards.
- (e) The Commission may cause periodic inspections to be made of distributors or retailers of products subject to energy efficiency standards adopted pursuant to G.S. 113B-44 in order to determine compliance with the provisions of this Article. The Commission shall also work with the State Building Commission to coordinate inspections of products that are also regulated by the State Building Code.
- (f) The Commission shall investigate complaints received concerning violations of this Article and shall report the results of the investigation to the Attorney General. The Attorney General may institute a civil action to enforce the provisions of this Article. For a first violation, the Commission shall issue a warning to the manufacturer, distributor, or retailer who violated this Article. For a second or subsequent violation, the Commission shall assess a civil penalty of not more than two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) against the manufacturer, distributor, or retailer who violated this Article. Each violation shall constitute a separate offense and each day that a violation continues shall constitute a separate offense. Penalties assessed under this subsection are in addition to costs assessed pursuant to subsection (d) of this section.
- (g) The Commission may adopt other rules necessary to insure the proper implementation and enforcement of the provisions of this Article."
- **SECTION 2.** If any section or provision of this act is declared unconstitutional or invalid by the courts, the unconstitutional or invalid section or provision does not affect the validity of this act as a whole or any part of this act other than the part declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.
- **SECTION 3.** There is appropriated from the General Fund to the Utilities Commission the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the 2003-2004 fiscal year and the sum of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) for the 2004-2005 fiscal year to implement the provisions of this act.
- **SECTION 4.** This act is effective when it becomes law, except that G.S. 113B-45(f) becomes effective 1 January 2006. The Utilities Commission shall adopt rules to implement Article 3 of Chapter 113B of the General Statutes, as enacted by Section 1 of this act, so that the rules become effective on 1 January 2006. No civil penalty shall be assessed pursuant to G.S. 113B-45(f), as enacted by Section 1 of this act, for installation after 1 January 2006 of any product set forth in subsection (a) of G.S. 113B-43, as enacted by Section 1 of this act, that is purchased prior to 1 January 2006.