# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

#### Η

### HOUSE BILL 567 Committee Substitute Favorable 4/18/01

Short Title: Wake County Red Light Cameras.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

#### March 12, 2001

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE MUNICIPALITIES OF WAKE COUNTY, EXCEPT
3	FOR THE TOWN OF CARY, TO USE RED LIGHT CAMERAS FOR SAFETY,
4	FOR SCHOOLS, BUT NOT FOR PROFIT.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	<b>SECTION 1.</b> Chapter 160A of Article 15 of the General Statutes is amended
7	by adding a new section to read:
8	"§ 160A-300.2. Use of traffic control photographic systems.
9	(a) <u>A traffic control photographic system is an electronic system consisting of a</u>
10	photographic, video, or electronic camera and a vehicle sensor installed to work in
11	conjunction with an official traffic control device to automatically produce photographs,
12	video, or digital images of each vehicle violating a standard traffic control statute or
13	ordinance.
14	(b) Any traffic control photographic system or any device which is a part of that
15	system, as described in subdivision (a) of this section, installed on a street or highway
16	which is a part of the State highway system shall meet requirements established by the
17	North Carolina Department of Transportation. Any traffic control system installed on a
18	municipal street shall meet standards established by the municipality and shall be
19	consistent with any standards set by the Department of Transportation.
20	(b1) Any traffic control photographic system installed on a street or highway shall
21	be identified by appropriate advance warning signs conspicuously posted not more than
22	300 feet from the location of the traffic control photographic system. All advance
23	warning signs shall be consistent with a statewide standard adopted by the Department
24	of Transportation in conjunction with local governments authorized to install traffic
25	control photographic systems.
26	(c) <u>Municipalities may adopt ordinances for the civil enforcement of G.S. 20-158</u>
27	by means of a traffic control photographic system, as described in subsection (a) of this
28	section. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 20-176, in the event that a municipality
29	adopts an ordinance pursuant to this section, a violation of G.S. 20-158 detected by a

(Local)

# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

1	traffic control p	hotographic system shall not be an infraction. An ordinance authorized
2	by this subsection	on shall provide that:
3	<u>(1)</u>	The owner of a vehicle shall be responsible for a violation unless the
4		owner can furnish evidence that the vehicle was, at the time of the
5		violation, in the care, custody, or control of another person. The owner
6		of the vehicle shall not be responsible for the violation if the owner of
7		the vehicle, within 21 days after receiving notification of the violation,
8		furnishes the office of the mayor of the municipality that issued the
9		citation:
10		a. The name and address of the person or company who leased,
11		rented, or otherwise had the care, custody, and control of the
12		vehicle;
13		b. An affidavit stating that the vehicle involved was, at the time,
14		stolen or in the care, custody, or control of some person who
15		did not have permission of the owner to use the vehicle; or
16		c. A statement that the person who received the citation is not the
17		owner or driver of the vehicle, or that the person who received
18		the citation was not driving a vehicle at the time and location
19		designated in the citation.
20	<u>(2)</u>	A violation detected by a traffic control photographic system shall be
21		deemed a noncriminal violation for which a civil penalty of fifty
22		dollars (\$50.00) shall be assessed, and for which no points authorized
23		by G.S. 20-16(c) shall be assigned to the owner or driver of the vehicle
24		nor insurance points as authorized by G.S. 58-36-65.
25	<u>(3)</u>	The owner of the vehicle shall be issued a citation that shall be
26		attached to photographic evidence of the violation and identifying the
27		vehicle involved, and that shall clearly state the manner in which the
28		violation may be challenged, and the owner shall comply with the
29		directions on the citation. The citation shall be processed by officials
30		or agents of the municipality and shall be forwarded by personal
31		service or first-class mail to the address given on the motor vehicle
32		registration. If the owner fails to pay the civil penalty or to respond to
33		the citation within the time period specified on the citation, the owner
34		shall have waived the right to contest responsibility for the violation,
35		and shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred
36		dollars (\$100.00). The municipality may establish procedures for the
37		collection of these penalties and may enforce the penalties by civil
38		action in the nature of debt.
39	<u>(4)</u>	The municipality shall establish a nonjudicial administrative hearing
40		process to review objections to citations or penalties issued or assessed
41		under this section. The municipality may establish an appeals panel
42		composed of municipal employees to review objections. Decisions of
43		the appeals panel may be appealed to the mayor of the municipality for

### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

**SESSION 2001** 

1	a final desigion. If the municipality does not establish an enneels need
	a final decision. If the municipality does not establish an appeals panel,
2	the mayor of the municipality shall review and make a final decision
3	on all objections.
4	(d) <u>Municipalities having populations under 50,000 may use traffic control</u>
5	photographic systems at no more than two intersections within the municipality.
6	Municipalities having populations of 50,000 and over may use traffic control
7	photographic systems at no more than two intersections within the municipality, and at
8	one additional intersection for every additional 50,000 persons living in the
9	municipality.
10	(e) The duration of the yellow light change interval at intersections where traffic
11	control photographic systems are in use shall be no less than the yellow light change
12	interval duration specified in the Signals and Geometrics Section of the North Carolina
13	Department of Transportation's Design Manual.
14	(f) A municipality enacting an ordinance implementing a traffic control
15	photographic system may enter into a single 60-month contract with a contractor for the
16	lease, lease-purchase, or purchase of the system and for the system's operation. After
17	that period, the system shall either be the property of the municipality or the system
18	shall be removed and returned to the contractor.
19	(g) The clear proceeds from the citations issued pursuant to the ordinance
20	authorized by this section shall be paid to the county school fund. The clear proceeds
21	from the citations shall mean the funds remaining after paying the contractor for
22	operating the system and/or paying for the lease, lease-purchase, or purchase of the
23	system.
24	(h) This section applies to all of the municipalities of Wake County, except for
25	the Town of Cary."
26	<b>SECTION 2.</b> This act is effective when it becomes law.