SESSION 1999

SENATE BILL 12 Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 4/26/99 Third Edition Engrossed 4/27/99 Corrected Copy 4/28/99

Short Title: Judicial App./Voter Retention.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

January 28, 1999

| 1 | A BILL TO BE ENTITLED |
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| 2 | AN ACT TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION OF NORTH CAROLINA TO PROVIDE |
| 3 | FOR NOMINATION OF JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT AND JUDGES |
| 4 | OF THE COURT OF APPEALS, GUBERNATORIAL APPOINTMENT, AND |
| 5 | RETENTION BY VOTE OF THE PEOPLE. |
| 6 | The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: |
| 7 | Section 1. Section 16 of Article IV of the North Carolina Constitution reads as |
| 8 | rewritten: |
| 9 | "Sec. 16. Terms of office and election of Justices of the Supreme Court, Judges of the |
| 10 | Court of Appeals, and Judges of the Superior Court. Selection and tenure of Justices of |
| 11 | the Supreme Court and Judges of the Court of Appeals; election of Judges of the Superior |
| 12 | <u>Court.</u> |
| 13 | Justices of the Supreme Court, Judges of the Court of Appeals, and regular (1) Judges |
| 14 | of the Superior Court shall be elected by the qualified voters and shall hold office for |
| 15 | terms of eight years and until their successors are elected and qualified. Justices of the |
| 16 | Supreme Court and Judges of the Court of Appeals shall be elected by the qualified |
| 17 | voters of the State. Regular Judges of the Superior Court may shall be elected by the |
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qualified voters of the State or by the voters of their respective districts, as the General 1 Assembly may prescribe. districts. 2 3 (2) General principles. Justices and Judges of the Appellate Division should be 4 selected for and continue to hold office solely upon the basis of personal and professional 5 fitness to administer justice wisely, according to law, and without favor, denial, or delay, 6 to all persons who come into the courts. While their continuation in office should be 7 periodically subject to approval by the people, both their initial selection and continuation 8 in office should be free from the influences and necessities of partisan political activity. 9 (3) Nomination, appointment, retention election, and terms of justices and judges. 10 On and after January 1, 2001, when a vacancy occurs in the office of Chief Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of the Appellate Division, the Governor shall appoint a person 11 12 to fill the vacancy. For the purposes of this section, creation of a new judgeship within the Appellate Division creates a vacancy. 13 The term of office by appointment as Chief Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of the 14 15 Appellate Division extends through June 30 after the next statewide election for members of the General Assembly that is held more than 18 months after the appointment. At that 16 election, a person holding by appointment the office of Chief Justice, Associate Justice, 17 or Judge of the Appellate Division who desires to continue in office shall be subject to 18 approval by nonpartisan ballot, by a majority of the votes cast on the issue of the Justice's 19 20 or Judge's retention. A Chief Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of the Appellate Division then approved for retention serves a regular term. 21 The regular term of office of the Chief Justice, Associate Justices, and Judges of the 22 23 Appellate Division is eight years and expires on June 30. 24 A Chief Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of the Appellate Division who desires to continue in office shall be subject to approval by nonpartisan ballot, by a majority of the 25 votes cast on the issue of the Justice's or Judge's retention during the next general election 26 preceding June 30 of the year that the Justice's or Judge's eight-year term would expire. 27 If the voters fail to approve the retention in office of a Chief Justice, Associate 28 Justice, or Judge of the Appellate Division serving an appointed or regular term, the 29 office shall become vacant at the end of the term of office, and it shall be filled by 30 nomination and appointment as prescribed in this section. 31 32 Voting in a retention election on the Chief Justice, Associate Justices, and Judges of the Appellate Division shall be the qualified voters of the whole State. 33 Transition provisions. The term of office of a person who has been elected 34 (4) before January 1, 2001, to the office of Chief Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of the 35 Appellate Division for a term which extends beyond January 1, 2001, and who is in 36 office on January 1, 2001, is extended through June 30 of the year following the eighth 37 38 vear after the date any such justice or judge was last elected to the office. If the person so elected continues to serve for the remainder of the term, that person may stand for 39 retention in the office for a succeeding regular term as provided in this section, subject to 40 the provisions of G.S. 7A-4.20. If the person continues to serve for the remainder of the 41 42 term but does not stand for retention election, a vacancy is created in the office upon

expiration of the term, and this vacancy shall be filled by nomination and appointment as 1 2 provided in this section. 3 The term of office of a person who has been appointed before January 1, 2001, to the office of Chief Justice, Associate Justice, or Judge of the Appellate Division for a term 4 5 which extends beyond January 1, 2001, and who is in office on January 1, 2001, shall end 6 on June 30, 2003. If the person so appointed continues to serve for the remainder of the 7 term, that person may stand for retention in the office for a regular term as provided by 8 this section at the statewide election for members of the General Assembly held in 2002. 9 Upon the death, resignation, removal, or retirement of any incumbent justice or judge 10 on or after January 1, 2001, and before the expiration of the justice's or judge's term of office, the resulting vacancy shall be filled by nomination and appointment as provided in 11 12 this section. 13 Vacancies in judicial offices in the Appellate Division occurring before January 1, 14 2001, and not filled by that date, shall be filled by nomination and appointment as 15 provided in this section. 16 From the date any incumbent described in this subsection is continued in office by 17 retention vote for a term next succeeding the term in progress on January 1, 2001, or is 18 succeeded in office by another person, the office is held subject to the provisions of this 19 section. 20 The General Assembly may implement this section by general law." (5) 21 Section 2. The amendment set out in Section 1 of this act shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the general election in November 2000, which election 22 23 shall be conducted under the laws then governing elections in the State. Ballots, voting 24 systems, or both may be used in accordance with Chapter 163 of the General Statutes. "[]FOR []AGAINST 25 26 Constitutional amendment to replace the present practice of selecting justices 27 and judges of the Appellate Division by gubernatorial appointment, followed by partisan elections, with a method by which justices and judges of the Appellate Division will be 28 29 nominated by a nominating commission, appointed by the Governor, and then serve for limited terms after which the question of the justice's or judge's retention in office is 30 regularly submitted for approval or disapproval by nonpartisan vote of the people at 31 32 general elections, and to provide for election of superior court judges in their districts." 33 Section 3. If a majority of votes cast on the question are in favor of the amendment set out in Section 1 of this act, the State Board of Elections shall certify the 34 35 amendment to the Secretary of State. The amendment becomes effective upon this certification. The Secretary of State shall enroll the amendment so certified among the 36 37 permanent records of that office. 38 Section 3.1. Chapter 7A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new 39 Article to read: 40 "ARTICLE 1A. "APPOINTMENT OF JUSTICES AND JUDGES; 41 **RETENTION ELECTIONS.** 42

| 1 | "§ 7A-4.1. Nomination of justices and judges by nominating commission and |
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| 2 | appointment by Governor. |
| 3 | The offices of Chief Justice and Justice of the Supreme Court and Judge of the Court |
| 4 | of Appeals are filled by nomination by the Judicial Nomination Commission and |
| 5 | appointment by the Governor in accordance with Section 16 of Article IV of the |
| 6 | Constitution. |
| 7 | " <u>§ 7A-4.2.</u> Judicial Nomination Commission – creation; membership; terms; |
| 8 | administration. |
| 9 | (a) <u>The Judicial Nomination Commission is created within the Administrative</u> |
| 10 | Office of the Courts for budgetary purposes. |
| 11 | (b) <u>The Commission shall consist of 18 members as follows:</u> |
| 12 | (1) <u>A district attorney chosen by the Conference of District Attorneys;</u> |
| 13 | (2) <u>A public defender chosen by the public defenders:</u> |
| 14 | (3) <u>A superior court judge chosen by the Conference of Superior Court</u> |
| 15 | <u>Judges;</u> |
| 16 | (4) <u>A district court judge chosen by the Conference of District Court</u> |
| 17 | $\frac{\text{Judges}}{\text{Judges}}$ |
| 18 | (5) <u>A clerk of superior court chosen by the Association of Clerks of</u> |
| 19 20 | Superior Court of North Carolina; (6) Six attorneys appointed by the Council of the State Par to include at |
| 20 21 | (6) Six attorneys appointed by the Council of the State Bar to include at least one attorney actively engaged in the prestice of ariminal defense |
| 21 22 | least one attorney actively engaged in the practice of criminal defense law, one attorney actively engaged in a civil law practice representing |
| 22 | plaintiffs, and one attorney actively engaged in a civil law practice |
| 23 24 | representing defendants; |
| 2 4 25 | (7) <u>A present or former dean of an accredited law school in North Carolina</u> |
| 23 26 | appointed by the Council of the State Bar; |
| 20 27 | (8) Two nonattorneys appointed by the Governor; |
| 28 | (9) Two nonattorneys appointed by the General Assembly upon the |
| 29 | recommendation of the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and |
| 30 | (10) Two nonattorneys appointed by the General Assembly upon the |
| 31 | recommendation of the President Pro Tempore of the Senate. |
| 32 | (c) Members of the Commission shall serve for staggered four-year terms. One- |
| 33 | half of the appointees shall serve an initial term of two years, as determined by lot at the |
| 34 | first meeting of the Commission. The remainder of the appointees shall serve an initial |
| 35 | term of four years. Commission members may not serve more than two consecutive |
| 36 | terms. |
| 37 | (d) All members of the Commission are voting members. The members shall elect |
| 38 | a chair at the Commission's first meeting. The chair shall preside for the duration of the |
| 39 | chair's term as a member. Vacancies in the appointed membership shall be filled by the |
| 40 | appointing officer who made the initial appointment. |
| 41 | (e) Members, staff, and consultants of the Commission shall receive travel and |
| 42 | subsistence expenses in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 120-3.1, paid from funds |
| 43 | appropriated to implement this Article and within the limits of those funds. |

| 1 | <u>(f)</u> <u>No n</u> | nember of the General Assembly shall serve concurrently as a member of |
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| 2 | the Commission | |
| 3 | | licial Nomination Commission; duties. |
| 4 | The Commi | |
| 5 | $\frac{(1)}{(2)}$ | Establish operating procedures for the Commission. |
| 6 | <u>(2)</u> | Solicit judicial nominations from interested persons and members of the |
| 7 8 | (2) | general public to fill appellate court vacancies. |
| 8 9 | <u>(3)</u> | Establish and publicize the procedures for submitting a candidate to be considered by the Commission. |
| 10 | <u>(4)</u> | Interview and investigate candidates for judicial appointment to the |
| 11 | | appellate courts. |
| 12 | <u>(5)</u> | Nominate persons to the Governor for appointment to the appellate |
| 13 | \/ | courts. |
| 14 | <u>(6)</u> | Review and evaluate the tenure of justices and judges who must stand |
| 15 | | for a retention election. |
| 16 | <u>(7)</u> | Issue a report on justices and judges standing for a retention election 90 |
| 17 | | days before the retention election. The report shall include: (i) |
| 18 | | information the Commission believes would be helpful to the citizens of |
| 19 | | North Carolina; and (ii) information regarding any disciplinary action |
| 20 | | taken against a justice or judge during tenure. The report may include a |
| 21 | | recommendation by the Commission for or against the justice's or |
| 22 | | judge's retention. |
| 23 | <u>(8)</u> | Perform any other duties the Commission deems necessary to carry out |
| 24 | | the mandate of this Article. |
| 25 | | nination procedures. |
| 26 27 | | Commission may conduct an investigation of a nominee. The |
| 27 28 | | ay include an evaluation of the nominee's ethical conduct, the nominee's and application of the law, the nominee's management of the courts over |
| 28 29 | - | presided, the nominee's work habits, the nominee's health, and the |
| 2) 30 | | cial demeanor. The nominee or judge shall be given an opportunity to |
| 31 | | commission any information that the nominee determines to be |
| 32 | appropriate. | commission any mornation that the nonmice determines to be |
| 33 | ** * | Commission shall be allowed to inspect the files of the Judicial Standards |
| 34 | | request of the chair of the Commission. Notwithstanding the provisions |
| 35 | • | , the files of the Judicial Standards Commission shall be made available to |
| 36 | | on. Testimony and other evidence presented to the Commission are |
| 37 | | y action for defamation. |
| 38 | (c) The (c) | Commission shall nominate at least three and no more than five persons to |
| 39 | • • | by the Governor for judicial appointment within 60 days of any vacancy in |
| 40 | | irs because of death, resignation, retirement, failure to be retained, or any |
| 41 | | The Governor may appoint a person who was not nominated by the |
| 42 | Commission. | |
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| 1 | (d) The internal files and information obtained by the Commission, during the |
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| 2 | examination of a potential judicial nominee, are not public records until such time as the |
| 3 | candidate is recommended to the Governor for a judicial appointment. Nominations, the |
| 4 | Commission's vote on judicial nominees, and reports made by the Commission are public |
| 5 | records. |
| 6 | "§ 7A-4.5. Governor to issue commissions to justices and judges. |
| 7 | Every person duly nominated by the Judicial Nomination Commission and appointed |
| 8 | by the Governor as Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, Associate Justice of the Supreme |
| 9 | Court, or Judge of the Court of Appeals shall procure from the Governor a commission |
| 10 | attesting that fact. |
| 11 | When a judge is retained in office by vote of the people, the Governor shall issue a |
| 12 | commission attesting that fact, which the Governor shall issue upon receipt of a |
| 13 | certification by the Secretary of State of the results of the election. |
| 14 | " <u>§ 7A-4.6. No elections in 2001.</u> |
| 15 | No partisan election as previously provided by law for Chief Justice or Associate |
| 16 | Justice of the Supreme Court, or Judge of the Court of Appeals shall be held in 2001 or |
| 17 | thereafter. |
| 18 | " <u>§ 7A-4.7. Retention elections.</u> |
| 19 | (a) As provided by Section 16 of Article IV of the Constitution of North Carolina, |
| 20 | a Chief Justice or Associate Justice of the Supreme Court or Judge of the Court of |
| 21 | Appeals desiring to continue in office shall be subject to approval by nonpartisan ballot, |
| 22 | by a majority of votes cast on the issue of the justice's or judge's retention. |
| 23 | (b) A person subject to subsection (a) of this section shall indicate the desire to |
| 24 | continue in office by filing a notice to that effect with the State Board of Elections no |
| 25 | later than 12:00 noon on the first business day of July in the year of the election. The |
| 26 | notice shall be on a form approved by the State Board of Elections. Notice can be |
| 27 | withdrawn at any time prior to the deadline for filing notice under this subsection. |
| 28 | (c) <u>Retention elections shall be conducted and canvassed in accordance with rules</u> |
| 29 | of the State Board of Elections in the same general manner as general elections under |
| 30 | Chapter 163 of the General Statutes, except that the retention election is nonpartisan. The |
| 31 | form of the ballot shall be determined by the State Board of Elections. |
| 32 | (d) <u>Retention elections shall be placed at the top of the ballot above all other</u> |
| 33 | elections or matters for decision, whether partisan, nonpartisan, or otherwise. |
| 34 | (e) If a person who has filed a notice calling a retention election dies or is removed |
| 35 | from office prior to the time that the ballots are printed, the retention election is |
| 36 | cancelled. If a person who has filed a notice calling a retention election dies or is |
| 37 | removed from office after the ballots are printed, the State Board of Elections may cancel |
| 38 | the election if it determines that the ballots can be reprinted without significant expense. |
| 39 | If the ballots cannot be reprinted, then the results of the election shall be ineffective." |
| 40 | Section 3.2. G.S. 163-140(a) reads as rewritten: |
| 41 | "(a) Kinds of General Election Ballots; Right to Combine For purposes of |
| 42 | general elections, there shall be seven kinds of official ballots entitled: |
| 43 | (1) Ballot for presidential electors |

Ballot for United States Senator (2)1 2 (3) Ballot for member of the United States House of Representatives 3 (4) State ballot 4 (5) County ballot 5 Repealed by Session Laws 1973, c. 793, s. 56. (6) 6 (7)Ballot for constitutional amendments and other propositions submitted 7 to the people 8 (8) Judicial ballot for superior court. 9 Use of official ballots shall be limited to the purposes indicated by their titles. The 10 printing on all ballots shall be plain and legible but, unless large type is specified by this section, type larger than 10-point shall not be used in printing ballots. All general election 11 12 ballots shall be prepared in such a way as to leave sufficient blank space beneath each 13 name printed thereon in which a voter may conveniently write the name of any person for 14 whom he may desire to vote. 15 Unless prohibited by this section, the board of elections, State or county, charged by 16 law with printing ballots may, in its discretion, combine any two or more official ballots. 17 Whenever two or more ballots are combined, the voting instructions for the State ballot 18 set out in subsection (b)(4) of this section shall be used, except that if the two ballots 19 being combined do not contain a multi-seat race, then the second sentence of instruction 20 b. shall not appear on the ballot. 21 Contests in the general election for seats in the State House of Representatives and 22 State Senate shall be on ballots that are separate from ballots containing non-legislative 23 contests, except where the voting system used makes separation of ballots impractical. 24 State House and State Senate contests shall be on the same ballot, unless one is a single-25 seat contest and the other a multi-seat contest. All candidates for the Appellate Division shall appear on the same ballot." 26 27 Section 3.3. For the purpose of Section 1 of this act, terms of justices and judges covered by Section 2 of Chapter 98 of the 1995 Session Laws are as provided by 28 29 that act. 30 Section 3.4. G.S. 7A-10(a) reads as rewritten: The Supreme Court shall consist of a Chief Justice and six associate justices, 31 "(a) elected by the qualified voters of the State for terms of eight years selected as provided by 32 33 Article 1A of this Chapter. Before entering upon the duties of his office, each justice shall take an oath of office. Four justices shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of the 34 35 business of the court. Sessions of the court shall be held in the city of Raleigh, and 36 scheduled by rule of court so as to discharge expeditiously the court's business. The court may by rule hold sessions not more than twice annually in the Old Chowan County 37 38 Courthouse (1767) in the Town of Edenton, which is a State-owned court facility that is 39 designated as a National Historic Landmark by the United States Department of the 40 Interior." Section 3.5. G.S. 7A-16 reads as rewritten: 41 42 "§ 7A-16. Creation and organization.

The Court of Appeals is created effective January 1, 1967. It shall consist initially of 1 2 six judges, elected by the qualified voters of the State for terms of eight years. The Chief 3 Justice of the Supreme Court shall designate one of the judges as Chief Judge, to serve in 4 such capacity at the pleasure of the Chief Justice. Before entering upon the duties of his 5 office, a judge of the Court of Appeals shall take the oath of office prescribed for a judge 6 of the General Court of Justice. 7 The Governor on or after July 1, 1967, shall make temporary appointments to the six 8 initial judgeships. The appointees shall serve until January 1, 1969. Their successors shall 9 be elected at the general election for members of the General Assembly in November, 10 1968, and shall take office on January 1, 1969, to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term which began on January 1, 1967. 11 12 Upon the appointment of at least five judges, and the designation of a Chief Judge, the 13 court is authorized to convene, organize, and promulgate, subject to the approval of the 14 Supreme Court, such supplementary rules as it deems necessary and appropriate for the 15 discharge of the judicial business lawfully assigned to it. 16 Effective January 1, 1969, the number of judges is increased to nine, and the 17 Governor, on or after March 1, 1969, shall make temporary appointments to the 18 additional judgeships thus created. The appointees shall serve until January 1, 1971. Their successors shall be elected at the general election for members of the General 19 20 Assembly in November, 1970, and shall take office on January 1, 1971, to serve for the 21 remainder of the unexpired term which began on January 1, 1969. Effective January 1, 1977, the number of judges is increased to 12; and the Governor, 22 23 on or after July 1, 1977, shall make temporary appointments to the additional judgeships 24 thus created. The appointees shall serve until January 1, 1979. Their successors shall be elected at the general election for members of the General Assembly in November, 1978, 25 and shall take office on January 1, 1979, to serve the remainder of the unexpired term 26 27 which began on January 1, 1977. The Court of Appeals shall consist of 12 judges, selected as provided in Article 1A of 28 29 this Chapter. The Chief Justice of the Supreme Court shall designate one of the judges as Chief Judge to serve in such capacity at the pleasure of the Chief Justice. Before entering 30 upon the duties of his office, a judge of the Court of Appeals shall take the oath of office 31 prescribed for a judge of the General Court of Justice. 32 The Court of Appeals shall sit in panels of three judges each. The Chief Judge insofar 33 as practicable shall assign the members to panels in such fashion that each member sits a 34 35 substantially equal number of times with each other member. He shall preside over the 36 panel of which he is a member, and shall designate the presiding judge of the other panel 37 or panels. 38 Three judges shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of the court, 39 except as may be provided in G.S. 7A-32. In the event the Chief Judge is unable, on account of absence or temporary incapacity, 40 to perform the duties placed upon him as Chief Judge, the Chief Justice shall appoint an 41 42 acting Chief Judge from the other judges of the Court, to temporarily discharge the duties of Chief Judge." 43

| 1 | Section 3.6. G.S. 163-106(c) reads as rewritten: | | |
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| 2 | "(c) Time for Filing Notice of Candidacy. – Candidates seeking party primary | | |
| 3 | nominations for the following offices shall file their notice of candidacy with the State | | |
| 4 | Board of Elections no earlier than 12:00 noon on the first Monday in January and no later | | |
| 5 | than 12:00 noon on the first Monday in February preceding the primary: | | |
| 6 | Governor | | |
| 7 | Lieutenant Governor | | |
| 8 | All State executive officers | | |
| 9 | Justices of the Supreme Court, Judges of the Court of Appeals | | |
| 10 | Judges of the district courts | | |
| 11 | United States Senators | | |
| 12 13 | Members of the House of Representatives of the United States | | |
| 13 14 | District attorneys | | |
| 14 | Candidates seeking party primary nominations for the following offices shall file their notice of candidacy with the county heard of cleations no carlier than 12:00 need on the | | |
| 13 16 | notice of candidacy with the county board of elections no earlier than 12:00 noon on the first Monday in January and no later than 12:00 noon on the first Monday in February | | |
| 10 | preceding the primary: | | |
| 18 | State Senators | | |
| 19 | Members of the State House of Representatives | | |
| 20 | All county offices." | | |
| 20 | Section 3.7. G.S. 163-106(d) reads as rewritten: | | |
| 22 | "(d) Notice of Candidacy for Certain Offices to Indicate Vacancy. – In any primary | | |
| 23 | in which there are two or more vacancies for Chief Justice and associate justices of the | | |
| 24 | Supreme Court, two or more vacancies for judge of the Court of Appeals, or two | | |
| 25 | vacancies for United States Senator from North Carolina or two or more vacancies for the | | |
| 26 | office of district court judge to be filled by nominations, each candidate shall, at the time | | |
| 27 | of filing notice of candidacy, file with the State Board of Elections a written statement | | |
| 28 | designating the vacancy to which he seeks nomination. Votes cast for a candidate shall be | | |
| 29 | effective only for his nomination to the vacancy for which he has given notice of | | |
| 30 | candidacy as provided in this subsection. | | |
| 31 | A person seeking party nomination for a specialized district judgeship established | | |
| 32 | under G.S. 7A-147 shall, at the time of filing notice of candidacy, file with the State | | |
| 33 | Board of Elections a written statement designating the specialized judgeship to which he | | |
| 34 | seeks nomination." | | |
| 35 | Section 3.8. G.S. 163-107(a) reads as rewritten: | | |
| 36 | "(a) Fee Schedule. – At the time of filing a notice of candidacy, each candidate | | |
| 37 | shall pay to the board of elections with which he files under the provisions of G.S. 163- | | |
| 38 | 106 a filing fee for the office he seeks in the amount specified in the following tabulation: | | |
| 39 | Office Sought Amount of Filing Fee | | |
| 40 | | | |
| 41 | Governor One percent (1%) of the annual | | |
| 42 | salary of the office sought | | |
| 43 | Lieutenant GovernorOne percent (1%) of the annual | | |

| 1 | | salary of the office sought |
|----|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 2 | All State executive offices | One percent (1%) of the annual |
| 3 | | salary of the office sought |
| 4 | All Justices, Judges, and | One percent (1%) of the annual |
| 5 | salary of the office sought | · · · · · |
| 6 | | |
| 7 | District Court Judges, | |
| 8 | District Attorneys of the | |
| 9 | General Court of Justice | |
| 10 | -other than Superior Court Judge | |
| 11 | United States Senator | One percent (1%) of the annual |
| 12 | | salary of the office sought |
| 13 | Members of the United States | One percent (1%) of the annual |
| 14 | House of Representatives | salary of the office sought |
| 15 | State Senator | One percent (1%) of the annual |
| 16 | | salary of the office sought |
| 17 | Member of the State House of | One percent (1%) of the annual |
| 18 | Representatives | salary of the office sought |
| 19 | All county offices not | One percent (1%) of the annual |
| 20 | compensated by fees | salary of the office sought |
| 21 | County commissioners, if | Ten dollars (\$10.00) |
| 22 | compensated entirely by fees | |
| 23 | Members of county board of | Five dollars (\$5.00) |
| 24 | education, if compensated | |
| 25 | entirely by fees | |
| 26 | Sheriff, if compensated | Forty dollars (\$40.00), plus one |
| 27 | entirely by fees | percent (1%) of the income of the |
| 28 | | office above four thousand |
| 29 | | dollars (\$4,000) |
| 30 | Clerk of superior court, if | Forty dollars (\$40.00), plus one |
| 31 | compensated entirely by fees | percent (1%) of the income of the |
| 32 | | office above four thousand |
| 33 | | dollars (\$4,000) |
| 34 | Register of deeds, if | Forty dollars (\$40.00), plus one |
| 35 | compensated entirely by fees | percent (1%) of the income of the |
| 36 | | office above four thousand |
| 37 | | dollars (\$4,000) |
| 38 | Any other county office, if | Twenty dollars (\$20.00), plus one |
| 39 | compensated entirely by fees | percent (1%) of the income of the |
| 40 | | office above two thousand dollars |
| 41 | | (\$2,000) |
| 42 | All county offices compensated | One percent (1%) of the first |
| 43 | partly by salary and partly | annual salary to be received |

| 1 | by fees (exclusive of fees)."Section 3.9. G.S. 163-107.1(b) reads as rewritten: |
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| 2 | "(b) If the candidate is seeking the office of United States Senator, Governor, |
| 3 | Lieutenant Governor, or any State executive officer, Justice of the Supreme Court or |
| 4 | Judge of the Court of Appeals, the petition must be signed by 10,000 registered voters |
| 5 | who are members of the political party in whose primary the candidate desires to run, |
| 6 | except that in the case of a political party as defined by G.S. 163-96(a)(2) which will be |
| 7 | making nominations by primary election, the petition must be signed by ten percent |
| 8 | (10%) of the registered voters of the State who are affiliated with the same political party |
| 9 | in whose primary the candidate desires to run, or in the alternative, the petition shall be |
| 10 | signed by no less than 10,000 registered voters regardless of the voter's political party |
| 11 | affiliation, whichever requirement is greater. The petition must be filed with the State |
| 12 | Board of Elections not later than 12:00 noon on Monday preceding the filing deadline |
| 13 | before the primary in which he seeks to run. The names on the petition shall be verified |
| 14 | by the board of elections of the county where the signer is registered, and the petition |
| 15 | must be presented to the county board of elections at least 15 days before the petition is |
| 16 | due to be filed with the State Board of Elections. When a proper petition has been filed, |
| 17 | the candidate's name shall be printed on the primary ballot." |
| 18 | Section 3.10. G.S. 163-111(c)(1) reads as rewritten: |
| 19 | "(1) A candidate who is apparently entitled to demand a second primary, |
| 20 | according to the unofficial results, for one of the offices listed below, |
| 21 | and desiring to do so, shall file a request for a second primary in writing |
| 22 | or by telegram with the Executive Secretary-Director of the State Board |
| 23 | of Elections no later than 12:00 noon on the seventh day (including |
| 24 | Saturdays and Sundays) following the date on which the primary was |
| 25 | conducted, and such request shall be subject to the certification of the |
| 26 | official results by the State Board of Elections. If the vote certification |
| 27 | by the State Board of Elections determines that a candidate who was not |
| 28 | originally thought to be eligible to call for a second primary is in fact |
| 29 | eligible to call for a second primary, the Executive Secretary-Director of |
| 30 | the State Board of Elections shall immediately notify such candidate |
| 31 | and permit him to exercise any options available to him within a 48- |
| 32 | hour period following the notification: |
| 33 | Governor, |
| 34 | Lieutenant Governor, |
| 35 | All State executive officers, |
| 36 | Justices, Judges, or District Court Judges or District |
| 37 | Attorneys of the General Court of Justice, other than |
| 38 | superior court judge, |
| 39 | United States Senators, |
| 40 | Members of the United States House of |
| 41 | Representatives, |
| 42 | State Senators in multi-county senatorial |
| 43 | districts, and |
| | |

| 1 | Members of the State House of Perrogentatives |
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| 1 2 | Members of the State House of Representatives in multi-county representative districts." |
| 3 | Section 3.11. G.S. 163-177 reads as rewritten: |
| 4 | "§ 163-177. Disposition of duplicate abstracts. |
| 5 | Within six hours after the returns of a primary or election have been canvassed and |
| 6 | the results judicially determined, the chairman of the county board of elections shall mail, |
| 7 | or otherwise deliver, to the State Board of Elections the duplicate-original abstracts |
| 8 | prepared in accordance with G.S. 163-176 for all offices and referenda for which the |
| 9 | State Board of Elections is required to canvass the votes and declare the results including: |
| 10 | President and Vice-President of the United States |
| 11 | Governor, Lieutenant Governor, and all other State executive officers |
| 12 | United States Senators |
| 13 | Members of the House of Representatives of the United States Congress |
| 14 | Justices, Judges, and Superior Court Judges, District Court Judges, and District |
| 15 | Attorneys of the General Court of Justice |
| 16 | State Senators in multi-county senatorial districts |
| 17 | Members of the State House of Representatives in multi-county representative |
| 18 | districts |
| 19 | Constitutional amendments and propositions submitted to the voters of the State. |
| 20 | One duplicate abstract prepared in accordance with G.S. 163-176 for all offices and |
| 21 | referenda for which the county board of elections is required to canvass the votes and |
| 22 | declare the results (and which are listed below) shall be retained by the county board, |
| 23 | which shall forthwith publish and declare the results; the second duplicate abstract shall |
| 24 | be mailed to the chairman of the State Board of Elections, to the end that there be one set |
| 25 | of all primary and election returns available at the seat of government. |
| 26 | All county offices |
| 27 | State Senators in single-county senatorial districts |
| 28 | Members of the State House of Representatives in single-county representative |
| 29 | districts |
| 30 | Propositions submitted to the voters of one county. |
| 31 | If the chairman of the county board of elections fails or neglects to transmit duplicate |
| 32 | abstracts to the chairman of the State Board of Elections within the time prescribed in this |
| 33 | section, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Provided, that the penalty shall not apply if |
| 34 | the chairman was prevented from performing the prescribed duty because of sickness or other unavoidable delay, but the burden of presc shall be on the chairman to show that his |
| 35 36 | other unavoidable delay, but the burden of proof shall be on the chairman to show that his failure to perform was due to sickness or unavoidable delay." |
| 36 37 | Section 3.12. G.S. 163-192 reads as rewritten: |
| 38 | "§ 163-192. State Board of Elections to prepare abstracts and declare results of |
| 39 | primaries and elections. |
| 40 | (a) After Primary. – At the conclusion of its canvass of the primary election, the |
| 41 | State Board of Elections shall prepare separate abstracts of the votes cast: |
| 42 | (1) For Governor and all State officers, justices of the Supreme Court, |
| 43 | judges of the Court of Appeals, and United States Senators. |
| | |

| 1 | (2) | For members of the United States House of Representatives for the |
|----|-------------------|---|
| 2 | | several congressional districts in the State. |
| 3 | (3) | For district court judges for the several district court districts in the |
| 4 | | State. |
| 5 | (3a) | For superior court judges for the several superior court districts in the |
| 6 | | State. |
| 7 | (4) | For district attorney in the several prosecutorial districts in the State. |
| 8 | (5) | For State Senators in the several senatorial districts in the State |
| 9 | | composed of more than one county. |
| 10 | (6) | For members of the State House of Representatives in the several |
| 11 | | representative districts in the State composed of more than one county. |
| 12 | Abstracts pr | repared by the State Board of Elections under this subsection shall state |
| 13 | the total numbe | er of votes cast for each candidate of each political party for each of the |
| 14 | various offices | canvassed by the State Board of Elections. They shall also state the name |
| 15 | or names of the | person or persons whom the State Board of Elections shall ascertain and |
| 16 | judicially deterr | nine by the count to be nominated for each office. |
| 17 | Abstracts pr | epared under this subsection shall be signed by the members of the State |
| 18 | Board of Election | ions in their official capacity and shall have the great seal of the State |
| 19 | affixed thereto. | |
| 20 | (b) After | General Election At the conclusion of its canvass of the general |
| 21 | election, the Sta | te Board of Elections shall prepare abstracts of the votes cast: |
| 22 | (1) | For President and Vice-President of the United States, when an election |
| 23 | | is held for those offices. |
| 24 | (2) | For Governor and all State officers, justices of the Supreme Court, |
| 25 | | judges of the Court of Appeals, and United States Senators. |
| 26 | (3) | For members of the United States House of Representatives for the |
| 27 | | several congressional districts in the State. |
| 28 | (4) | For district court judges for the several district court districts as defined |
| 29 | | in G.S. 7A-133 in the State. |
| 30 | (4a) | For superior court judges for the several superior court districts in the |
| 31 | | State. |
| 32 | (5) | For district attorney in the several prosecutorial districts in the State. |
| 33 | (6) | For State Senators in the several senatorial districts in the State |
| 34 | | composed of more than one county. |
| 35 | (7) | For members of the State House of Representatives in the several |
| 36 | | representative districts in the State composed of more than one county. |
| 37 | (8) | For and against any constitutional amendments or propositions |
| 38 | | submitted to the people. |
| 39 | Abstracts pr | repared by the State Board of Elections under this subsection shall state |
| 40 | - | Il persons voted for, the office for which each received votes, and the |
| 41 | | l ballots cast for each candidate for each office canvassed by the State |
| 42 | - | ons They shall also state the name or names of the person or persons |

42 Board of Elections. They shall also state the name or names of the person or persons

- 20 Justices, Judges, and Superior Court Judges, District Court Judges, and District 21 Attorneys of the General Court of Justice."
- 22 Section 3.14. G.S. 163-1 is amended in the table by deleting the entries for 23 "Justices and Judges of the Appellate Division".
 - Section 3.15. G.S. 163-9 reads as rewritten:

25 "§ 163-9. Filling vacancies in State and district judicial offices.

Vacancies occurring in the offices of Justice of the Supreme Court, judge of 26 (a) 27 the Court of Appeals, and office of judge of the superior court for causes other than expiration of term shall be filled by appointment of the Governor. An appointee to the 28 29 office of Justice of the Supreme Court or judge of the Court of Appeals shall hold office until January 1 next following the election for members of the General Assembly that is 30 held more than 60 days after the vacancy occurs, at which time an election shall be held 31 32 for an eight-year term and until a successor is elected and qualified.

33 Except for judges specified in the next paragraph of this subsection, an (b) appointee to the office of judge of superior court shall hold his place until the next 34 35 election for members of the General Assembly that is held more than 60 days after the 36 vacancy occurs, at which time an election shall be held to fill the unexpired term of the 37 office.

- 38 Appointees for judges of the superior court from any district: 39

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affixed thereto.

(c)

certificate:

- With only one resident judge; or (1)
- 40 In which no county is subject to section 5 of the Voting Rights Act of (2)41 1965.

| 1 | shall hold the office until the next election of members of the General Assembly that is |
|----|---|
| 2 | held more than 60 days after the vacancy occurs, at which time an election shall be held |
| 3 | to fill an eight-year term. |
| 4 | (c) When the unexpired term of the office in which the vacancy has occurred |
| 5 | expires on the first day of January succeeding the next election for members of the |
| 6 | General Assembly, the Governor shall appoint to fill that vacancy for the unexpired term |
| 7 | of the office. |
| 8 | (d) Vacancies in the office of district judge which occur before the expiration of a |
| 9 | term shall not be filled by election. Vacancies in the office of district judge shall be filled |
| 10 | in accordance with G.S. 7A-142." |
| 11 | Section 3.16. G.S. 143-318.11(a) is amended by adding the following new |
| 12 | subdivision: |
| 13 | "(8) <u>To consider the qualifications, competence, performance, character, and</u> |
| 14 | fitness of a candidate who is seeking a judicial nomination to the |
| 15 | Governor by the Judicial Nomination Commission." |
| 16 | Section 3.17. The General Assembly recognizes the importance of having a |
| 17 | well-qualified and diverse group of justices and judges to serve on the State's appellate |
| 18 | courts. In selecting persons to serve on the Judicial Nomination Commission, the |
| 19 | appointing authority should select, from among the most qualified persons, those persons |
| 20 | whose appointment would promote gender, ethnic, racial, and geographical diversity in |
| 21 | the membership of the Commission. When appointing nonattorneys to the Commission, |
| 22 | the Governor, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President Pro Tempore |
| 23 | of the Senate are encouraged to consider individuals with experience in alternative |
| 24 | dispute resolution, individuals with experience working with victim assistance programs, |
| 25 | and individuals with an interest in children's and family issues. |
| 26 | Section 3.18. Sections 3.1 through 3.16 of this act are effective only if the |
| 27 | constitutional amendment proposed by Section 1 of this act is approved by the qualified |
| 28 | voters in accordance with Section 2 of this act. |

29

Section 4. This act is effective when it becomes law.

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