

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1999

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SENATE BILL 1165  
Health Care Committee Substitute Adopted 4/27/99

Short Title: Clinical Pharmacist Practitioner.

(Public)

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Sponsors:

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Referred to:

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April 15, 1999

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

1 AN ACT AUTHORIZING THE NORTH CAROLINA MEDICAL BOARD AND THE  
2 BOARD OF PHARMACY TO ADOPT REGULATIONS TO APPROVE  
3 CLINICAL PHARMACIST PRACTITIONERS TO PRACTICE DRUG THERAPY  
4 MANAGEMENT PURSUANT TO A DRUG THERAPY MANAGEMENT  
5 AGREEMENT.  
6

7 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

8 Section 1. G.S. 90-6 reads as rewritten:

9 "**§ 90-6. Regulations governing applicants for license, examinations, etc.;**  
10 **appointment of subcommittee.**

11 (a) The North Carolina Medical Board is empowered to prescribe such regulations  
12 as it may deem proper, governing applicants for license, admission to examinations, the  
13 conduct of applicants during examinations, and the conduct of examinations proper.

14 (b) The North Carolina Medical Board shall appoint and maintain a subcommittee  
15 to work jointly with a subcommittee of the Board of Nursing to develop rules and  
16 regulations to govern the performance of medical acts by registered nurses, including the  
17 determination of reasonable fees to accompany an application for approval not to exceed  
18 one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and for renewal of approval not to exceed fifty dollars  
19 (\$50.00). The fee for reactivation of an inactive incomplete application shall be five

1 dollars (\$5.00). Rules and regulations developed by this subcommittee from time to time  
2 shall govern the performance of medical acts by registered nurses and shall become  
3 effective when adopted by both the North Carolina Medical Board and the Board of  
4 Nursing. The North Carolina Medical Board shall have responsibility for securing  
5 compliance with these regulations.

6 (c) The North Carolina Medical Board shall appoint and maintain a subcommittee of  
7 four licensed physicians to work jointly with a subcommittee of the North Carolina Board  
8 of Pharmacy to develop rules and regulations to govern the performance of medical acts  
9 by clinical pharmacist practitioners, including the determination of reasonable fees to  
10 accompany an application for approval not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00) and  
11 for renewal of approval not to exceed fifty dollars (\$50.00). The fee for reactivation of  
12 an inactive incomplete application shall be five dollars (\$5.00). Rules and regulations  
13 developed by this subcommittee from time to time shall govern the performance of  
14 medical acts by clinical pharmacist practitioners and shall become effective when  
15 adopted by both the North Carolina Medical Board and the North Carolina Board of  
16 Pharmacy. The North Carolina Medical Board shall have responsibility for securing  
17 compliance with these regulations."

18 Section 2. G.S. 90-18(c) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

19 "(3a) The provision of drug therapy management by a licensed pharmacist  
20 engaged in the practice of pharmacy pursuant to an agreement that is  
21 physician, pharmacist, patient, and disease specific when performed in  
22 accordance with rules and regulations developed by a joint  
23 subcommittee of the North Carolina Medical Board and the North  
24 Carolina Board of Pharmacy and approved by both Boards. Drug  
25 therapy management shall be defined as the implementation of  
26 predetermined drug therapy which includes: (i) diagnosis and product  
27 selection by the patient's physician; (ii) modification of prescribed drug  
28 dosages, dosage forms, and dosage schedules; and (iii) ordering tests; all  
29 pursuant to an agreement that is physician, pharmacist, patient, and  
30 disease specific."

31 Section 3. Article 1 of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by  
32 adding a new section to read:

33 **"§ 90-18.3. Limitations on clinical pharmacist practitioners.**

34 (a) Any pharmacist who is approved under the provisions of G.S. 90-18(c)(3a) to  
35 perform medical acts, tasks, and functions may use the title 'clinical pharmacist  
36 practitioner'. Any other person who uses the title in any form or holds himself or herself  
37 out to be a clinical pharmacist practitioner or to be so licensed shall be deemed to be in  
38 violation of this Article.

39 (b) Clinical pharmacist practitioners are authorized to implement predetermined  
40 drug therapy, which includes diagnosis and product selection by the patient's physician,  
41 modify prescribed drug dosages, dosage forms, and dosage schedules, and to order  
42 laboratory tests pursuant to a drug therapy management agreement that is physician,  
43 pharmacist, patient, and disease specific under the following conditions:

- 1           (1)    The North Carolina Medical Board and North Carolina Board of  
2           Pharmacy have adopted regulations developed by a joint subcommittee  
3           governing the approval of individual clinical pharmacist practitioners to  
4           practice drug therapy management with such limitations that the Board  
5           determines to be in the best interest of patient health and safety.  
6           (2)    The clinical pharmacist practitioner has current approval from both  
7           Boards.  
8           (3)    The North Carolina Medical Board has assigned an identification  
9           number to the clinical pharmacist practitioner which is shown on written  
10          prescriptions written by the clinical pharmacist practitioner.  
11          (4)    The drug therapy management agreement prohibits the substitution of a  
12          chemically dissimilar drug product by the pharmacist for the product  
13          prescribed by the physician without the explicit consent of the physician  
14          and includes a policy for periodic review by the physician of the drugs  
15          modified pursuant to the agreement or changed with the consent of the  
16          physician.  
17          (c)    Clinical pharmacist practitioners in hospitals and other health facilities that  
18          have an established pharmacy and therapeutics committee or similar group that  
19          determines the prescription drug formulary or other list of drugs to be utilized in the  
20          facility and determines procedures to be followed when considering a drug for inclusion  
21          on the formulary and procedures to acquire a nonformulary drug for a patient may order  
22          medications and tests under the following conditions:  
23               (1)    The North Carolina Medical Board and North Carolina Board of  
24               Pharmacy have adopted regulations governing the approval of  
25               individual clinical pharmacist practitioners to order medications and  
26               tests with such limitations as the Boards determine to be in the best  
27               interest of patient health and safety.  
28               (2)    The clinical pharmacist practitioner has current approval from both  
29               Boards.  
30               (3)    The supervising physician has provided to the clinical pharmacist  
31               practitioner written instructions for ordering, changing, or substituting  
32               drugs, or ordering tests with provision for review of the order by the  
33               physician within a reasonable time, as determined by the Boards, after  
34               the medication or tests are ordered.  
35               (4)    The hospital or health facility has adopted a written policy, approved by  
36               the medical staff after consultation with nursing administrators,  
37               concerning the ordering of medications and tests, including procedures  
38               for verification of the clinical pharmacist practitioner's orders by nurses  
39               and other facility employees and such other procedures that are in the  
40               best interest of patient health and safety.  
41               (5)    Any drug therapy order written by a clinical pharmacist practitioner or  
42               order for medications or tests shall be deemed to have been authorized  
43               by the physician approved by the Boards as the supervisor of the clinical

1                    pharmacist practitioner and the supervising physician shall be  
2                    responsible for authorizing the prescription order.

3            (d) Any registered nurse or licensed practical nurse who receives a drug therapy  
4 order from a clinical pharmacist practitioner for medications or tests is authorized to  
5 perform that order in the same manner as if the order was received from a licensed  
6 physician."

7            Section 4. G.S. 90-85.3 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

8            "(b1) 'Clinical Pharmacist Practitioner' means a licensed pharmacist who meets the  
9 guidelines and criteria for such title established by the joint subcommittee of the North  
10 Carolina Medical Board and the North Carolina Board of Pharmacy and is authorized to  
11 enter into drug therapy management agreements with physicians in accordance with the  
12 provisions of G.S. 90-18.3."

13            Section 5. G.S. 90-85.3(r) reads as rewritten:

14            "(r) 'Practice of pharmacy' means the responsibility for: interpreting and evaluating  
15 drug orders, including prescription orders; compounding, dispensing and labeling  
16 prescription drugs and devices; properly and safely storing drugs and devices;  
17 maintaining proper records; and controlling pharmacy goods and services. A pharmacist  
18 may advise and educate patients and health care providers concerning therapeutic values,  
19 content, uses and significant problems of drugs and devices; assess, record and report  
20 adverse drug and device reactions; take and record patient histories relating to drug and  
21 device therapy; monitor, record and report drug therapy and device usage; perform drug  
22 utilization reviews; and participate in drug and drug source selection and device and  
23 device source selection as provided in G.S. 90-85.27 through G.S. 90-85.31. A  
24 pharmacist who has received special training may be authorized and permitted to  
25 administer drugs pursuant to a specific prescription order in accordance with rules and  
26 regulations adopted by each of the Boards of Pharmacy, the Board of Nursing, and the  
27 North Carolina Medical Board. Such rules and regulations shall be designed to ensure the  
28 safety and health of the patients for whom such drugs are administered. An approved  
29 clinical pharmacist practitioner may collaborate with physicians in determining the  
30 appropriate health care for a patient, subject to the provisions of G.S. 90-18.3."

31            Section 6. Article 4A of Chapter 90 of the General Statutes is amended by  
32 adding a new section to read:

33 **"§ 90-85.26A. Clinical pharmacist practitioners subcommittee.**

34            The Board of Pharmacy shall appoint and maintain a subcommittee of the Board  
35 consisting of four licensed pharmacists to work jointly with the subcommittee of the  
36 North Carolina Medical Board to develop rules and regulations to govern the provision of  
37 drug therapy management by clinical pharmacist practitioners and to determine  
38 reasonable fees to accompany an application for approval or renewal of such approval as  
39 provided in G.S. 90-6. The rules developed by this subcommittee shall govern the  
40 performance of acts by clinical pharmacist practitioners and shall become effective when  
41 they have been adopted by both Boards."

42            Section 7. This act is effective when it becomes law.