SESSION 1997

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HOUSE BILL 175

Short Title: Struct. Sent./Tech. & Clarifying Amends.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representative Neely.

Referred to: Judiciary II.

February 17, 1997

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE NORTH CAROLINA SENTENCING AND POLICY
3	ADVISORY COMMISSION'S RECOMMENDATION TO MAKE CERTAIN
4	TECHNICAL, CLARIFYING, AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO
5	STRUCTURED SENTENCING.
6	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
7	Section 1. G.S. 14-72.1(e) reads as rewritten:
8	"(e) Punishment For a first conviction under subsection (a) or (d), or for a
9	subsequent conviction for which the punishment is not specified by this subsection, the
10	defendant may shall be guilty of a Class 3 misdemeanor. The term of imprisonment may
11	be suspended only on condition that the defendant perform community service for a term
12	of at least 24 hours. For a second offense committed within three years after the date the
13	defendant was convicted of an offense under this section, the defendant may-shall be
14	guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. The term of imprisonment may be suspended only on
15	condition that the defendant be imprisoned for a term of at least 72 hours as a condition
16	of special probation, perform community service for a term of at least 72 hours, or both.
17	For a third or subsequent offense committed within five years after the date the defendant
18	was convicted of two other offenses under this section, the defendant may-shall be guilty
19	of a Class 1 misdemeanor. The term of imprisonment may be suspended only if a
20	condition of special probation is imposed to require the defendant to serve a term of

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imprisonment of at least 14-11 days. However, if the sentencing judge finds that the 1 2 defendant is unable, by reason of mental or physical infirmity, to perform the service 3 required under this section, and the reasons for such findings are set forth in the 4 judgment, he the judge may pronounce such other sentence as he the judge finds 5 appropriate." 6 Section 2. G.S. 15A-1021(a) reads as rewritten: 7 In superior court, the prosecution and the defense may discuss the possibility "(a) 8 that, upon the defendant's entry of a plea of guilty or no contest to one or more offenses, 9 the prosecutor will not charge, will dismiss, or will move for the dismissal of other 10 charges, or will recommend or not oppose a particular sentence, including a prison term different from the presumptive prison term applicable to the defendant, if convicted, under G.S. 11 12 15A-1340.4(f).-sentence. If the defendant is represented by counsel in the discussions the 13 defendant need not be present. The trial judge may participate in the discussions." Section 3. G.S. 15A-1340.17(c) reads as rewritten: 14 Punishments for Each Class of Offense and Prior Record Level; Punishment 15 ''(c)Chart Described. - The authorized punishment for each class of offense and prior record 16 level is as specified in the chart below. Prior record levels are indicated by the Roman 17 numerals placed horizontally on the top of the chart. Classes of offense are indicated by 18 19 the letters placed vertically on the left side of the chart. Each cell on the chart contains 20 the following components: 21 (1)A sentence disposition or dispositions: 'C' indicates that a community punishment is authorized; 'I' indicates that an intermediate punishment 22 23 is authorized; 'A' indicates that an active punishment is authorized; and 'Life Imprisonment Without Parole' indicates that the defendant shall be 24 25 imprisoned for the remainder of the prisoner's natural life. A presumptive range of minimum durations, if the sentence of 26 (2)27 imprisonment is neither aggravated or mitigated; any minimum term of imprisonment in that range is permitted unless the court finds pursuant 28 to G.S. 15A-1340.16 that an aggravated or mitigated sentence is 29 appropriate. The presumptive range is the middle of the three ranges in 30 31 the cell. 32 (3) A mitigated range of minimum durations if the court finds pursuant to G.S. 15A-1340.16 that a mitigated sentence of imprisonment is 33 34 justified; in such a case, any minimum term of imprisonment in the mitigated range is permitted. The mitigated range is the lower of the 35 three ranges in the cell. 36 37 (4) An aggravated range of minimum durations if the court finds pursuant 38 to G.S. 15A-1340.16 that an aggravated sentence of imprisonment is justified; in such a case, any minimum term of imprisonment in the 39 40 aggravated range is permitted. The aggravated range is the higher of the three ranges in the cell. 41 42 43 **PRIOR RECORD LEVEL**

1	
2 3	I II III IV V VI
4	0 Pts 1-4 Pts 5-8 Pts 9-14 Pts 15-18 Pts 19+ Pts
5	0163 1-1163 5-01163 7-141163 15-101163 17+116
6	A Life Imprisonment <u>Without Parole</u> or Death as
7	Established by Statute
8	
9	
10	A A A A A A DISPOSITION
11	240-300 288-360 336-420 384-480 Life Imprisonment Aggravated
12	Without Parole
13	B1 192-240 230-288 269-336 307-384 346-433 384-480 PRESUMPTIVE
14	144-192 173-230 202-269 230-307 260-346 288-384
15	Mitigated
16	
17	
18	A A A A A A DISPOSITION
19 20	157-196 189-237 220-276 251-313 282-353 313-392
20 21	Aggravated B2 125-157 151-189 176-220 201-251 225-282 251-313 PRESUMPTIVE
21	94-125 114-151 132-176 151-201 169-225 188-251
22	Mitigated
24	mingulou
25	
26	A A A A A A DISPOSITION
27	73-92 100-125 116-145 133-167 151-188 168-210 Aggravated
28	C 58-73 80-100 93-116 107-133 121-151 135-168 PRESUMPTIVE
29	44-58 60-80 70-93 80-107 90-121 101-135 Mitigated
30	
31	
32	A A A A A A DISPOSITION
33	64-80 77-95 103-129 117-146 133-167 146-183 Aggravated
34	D 51-64 61-77 82-103 94-117 107-133 117-146 PRESUMPTIVE
35	38-51 46-61 61-82 71-94 80-107 88-117 Mitigated
36	
37	
38	I/A I/AA A A A DISPOSITION
39 40	25-31 29-36 34-42 46-58 53-66 59-74 Aggravated E 20-25 23-29 27-34 37-46 42-53 47-59 PRESUMPTIVE
40 41	15-20 17-23 20-27 28-37 32-42 35-47 Mitigated
41	15-20 17-25 20-27 20-57 52-42 55-47 Wittigated
43	

1 2 3 4 5	F	13-16	19-24	-19	25-31 17-21	20-	25	DISPOSIT Aggravate 27-34 Mitigated		PRESUMPTIVE
6 7 8 9 10 11 12	G		15-19	16-20 -15	13-16	16-	20	DISPOSIT Aggravate 17-21 Mitigated		PRESUMPTIVE
13 14 15 16 17	Н	6-8	I/AI/A 8-10 6-8 4-6 6-8	10-12	8-10	A 15-19 9-1 12-16	20-25 1	OSITION Aggravate 12-15 ated	d 16-20	PRESUMPTIVE
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Ι	6-8 4-6 3-4 ".	C (6-86-8 4-(3-44-5	5	I/A 9-11 5-6 5-7	I/A 10-12 6-8 6-8	I/A Aggra Mitiga	7-9	TION 8-10	PRESUMPTIVE
25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	"(e) Except as provided in subsection (a1) subsections (a1) and (a2) of this section and G.S. 15A-979, and except when a motion to withdraw a plea of guilty or no contest has been denied, the defendant is not entitled to appellate review as a matter of right when he has entered a plea of guilty or no contest to a criminal charge in the superior court, but he may petition the appellate division for review by writ of certiorari. If an indigent defendant petitions the appellate division for a writ of certiorari, the presiding superior court judge may in his discretion order the preparation of the record and									
34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	Section 5. G.S. 113-136(j) reads as rewritten: "(j) The refusal of any person to stop in obedience to the directions of an inspector or protector acting under the authority of this section is unlawful. A violation of this subsection is punishable by a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00) nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00), imprisonment not to exceed 30 days, or both. <u>a Class 3</u> <u>misdemeanor and may include a fine of not less than fifty dollars (\$50.00).</u>" Section 6. G.S. 15A-1340.11(2) reads as rewritten: "(2) Community punishment. – A sentence in a criminal case that does not include an active punishment or punishment, an intermediate punishment.									

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1		punishment, or any of the conditions of probation listed in subdivision
2		$\frac{(6) \text{ of this section.}''}{(6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) $
3	"(b)	Section 7. G.S. 15A-1340.14(b) reads as rewritten:
4	"(b)	Points. – Points are assigned as follows:
5		 For each prior felony Class A conviction, 10 points. For each prior felony Class P1 conviction, 0 points.
6		 (1a) For each prior felony Class B1 conviction, 9 points. (2) For each prior felone Class B2, Class D conviction, (naints)
7		 (2) For each prior felony Class B2, C, or D conviction, 6 points. (2) For each prior felony Class B2, C, or D conviction, 6 points.
8		 (3) For each prior felony Class E, F, or G conviction, 4 points. (4) For each prior felony Class E, F, or G conviction, 2 points.
9		(4) For each prior felony Class H or I conviction, 2 points.
10		(5) For each prior Class A1 or Class 1 misdemeanor conviction, 1 point,
11		except that convictions for Class 1 misdemeanor offenses under Chapter
12		20 of the General Statutes, other than conviction for misdemeanor death
13		by vehicle (G.S. 20-141.4(a2)), shall not be assigned any points for
14		purposes of determining a person's prior record for felony sentencing.
15		(6) If all the elements of the present offense are included in the any prior
16		offense, offense for which the offender was convicted, whether or not
17		that prior offense is used in determining prior record level, 1 point.
18		(7) If the offense was committed while the offender was on probation or
19 20		supervised or unsupervised probation, parole, or post-release
20 21		supervision, or while the offender was serving a sentence of
21 22		imprisonment, or while the offender was on escape from a correctional
22	For n	institution while serving a sentence of imprisonment, 1 point. Inposes of determining prior record points under this subsection, a conviction for
23 24	-	
24 25		gree rape or a first degree sexual offense committed prior to the effective date of ection shall be treated as a felony Class B1 conviction, and a conviction for any
23 26		my Class B offense committed prior to the effective date of this subsection shall
20 27		as a felony Class B2 conviction."
28		Section 8. G.S. 15A-1340.21(b) reads as rewritten:
20 29	"(b)	Prior Conviction Levels for Misdemeanor Sentencing. – The prior conviction
30		misdemeanor sentencing are:
31		(1) Level $I - 0$ prior convictions.
32		 (1) Level II - At least 1, but not more than 4 prior convictions.
33		 (3) Level III – At least 5 prior convictions.
34	In determ	ining the prior conviction level, a prior offense may be included if it is either a
35		a misdemeanor at the time the offense for which the offender is being sentenced
36	is commit	
37		Section 9. G.S. 90-98 reads as rewritten:
38	"§ 90-98.	Attempt and conspiracy; penalties.
39	•	Except as otherwise provided in this Article, any person who attempts or
40		to commit any offense defined in this Article is punishable by imprisonment or
41	-	th which may not exceed the maximum punishment prescribed for the offense, the
42		on of-guilty of an offense that is the same class as the offense which was the
43		the attempt or conspiracy. conspiracy and is punishable as specified for that class

1	of offense and prior record or conviction level in Article 81B of Chapter 15A of the						
2	General Statutes. If the offense the person attempts or conspires to commit is a felony, the						
3	attempt or conspiracy is punishable as a felony of the same class as that offense."						
4	Section 10. G.S. 15-48 is repealed.						
5	Section 11. G.S. 7A-598 reads as rewritten:						
6	"§ 7A-598. Grounds for order.						
7	An order may issue only on affidavit or affidavits sworn to before the judge and						
8	establishing the following grounds for the order:						
9	(1) That there is probable cause to believe that an offense has been						
10	committed which if committed by an adult would be punishable by						
11	imprisonment for more than two years; a felony offense; and						
12	(2) That there are reasonable grounds to suspect that the juvenile named or						
13	described in the affidavit committed the offense; and						
14	(3) That the results of specific nontestimonial identification procedures will						
15	be of material aid in determining whether the juvenile named in the						
16	affidavit committed the offense."						
17	Section 12. G.S. 7A-600 reads as rewritten:						
18	"§ 7A-600. Nontestimonial identification order at request of juvenile.						
19	A juvenile in custody for or charged with an offense which if committed by an adult						
20	would be punishable by imprisonment for more than two years a felony offense may request						
21	that nontestimonial identification procedures be conducted upon himself. If it appears that						
22	the results of specific nontestimonial identification procedures will be of material aid to						
23	the juvenile's defense, the judge to whom the request was directed must order the State to						
24	conduct the identification procedures."						
25	Section 13. G.S. 15A-263(a) reads as rewritten:						
26	"(a) In General. Following application made under G.S. 15A-262, a superior court						
27	judge may enter an ex parte order authorizing the installation and use of a pen register or						
28	a trap and trace device within the State if the judge finds:						
29	(1) That there is reasonable suspicion to believe that an offense punishable by						
30	imprisonment for more than one year a felony offense, or a Class A1 or						
31	Class 1 misdemeanor offense has been committed;						
32	(2) That there are reasonable grounds to suspect that the person named or						
33	described in the affidavit committed the offense, if that person is known						
34	and can be named or described; and						
35	(3) That the results of procedures involving pen registers or trap and trace						
36	devices will be of material aid in determining whether the person named						
37	in the affidavit committed the offense."						
38	Section 14. G.S. 15A-273 reads as rewritten:						
39	"§ 15A-273. Basis for order.						
40	An order may issue only on an affidavit or affidavits sworn to before the judge and						
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41 establishing the following grounds for the order:

1	(1)	That there is probable cause to believe that an offense punishable by
2		imprisonment for more than one year a felony offense, or a Class A1 or
3		Class 1 misdemeanor offense has been committed;
4	(2)	That there are reasonable grounds to suspect that the person named or
5		described in the affidavit committed the offense; and
6	(3)	That the results of specific nontestimonial identification procedures will
7		be of material aid in determining whether the person named in the
8		affidavit committed the offense."
9	Section	on 15. G.S. 15A-281 reads as rewritten:
10	"§ 15A-281. No	ontestimonial identification order at request of defendant.
11	A person ar	rested for or charged with an offense punishable by imprisonment for more
12	than one year <u>a</u> f	elony offense, or a Class A1 or Class 1 misdemeanor offense may request
13	that nontestimor	nial identification procedures be conducted upon himself. If it appears that
14	the results of sp	becific nontestimonial identification procedures will be of material aid in
15	determining wh	ether the defendant committed the offense, the judge to whom the request
16	was directed mu	st order the State to conduct the identification procedures."
17	Sectio	on 16. This act becomes effective December 1, 1997, and applies to
18	offenses commi	tted on or after that date.

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