#### **SESSION 1995**

S

SENATE BILL 1139\* Education/Higher Education Committee Substitute Adopted 5/21/96

Short Title: ABC's Plan (State Board of Ed.)

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to: Appropriations.

#### May 14, 1996

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO IMPLEMENT THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE JOINT
3	LEGISLATIVE EDUCATION OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE TO IMPLEMENT THE
4	STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION'S ABC'S PLAN IN ORDER TO ESTABLISH
5	AN ACCOUNTABILITY MODEL FOR THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS TO IMPROVE
6	STUDENT PERFORMANCE AND INCREASE LOCAL FLEXIBILITY AND
7	CONTROL, TO MAKE CONFORMING CHANGES, AND TO MAKE AN
8	APPROPRIATION.
9	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10	SCHOOL-BASED MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM
-	
10	<ul> <li>—-SCHOOL-BASED MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM</li> <li>Section 1. G.S. 115C-12(9) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(9) Miscellaneous Powers and Duties. – All the powers and duties exercised</li> </ul>
10 11	<ul> <li>—-SCHOOL-BASED MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM Section 1. G.S. 115C-12(9) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(9) Miscellaneous Powers and Duties. – All the powers and duties exercised by the State Board of Education shall be in conformity with the</li> </ul>
10 11 12	<ul> <li>—-SCHOOL-BASED MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM</li> <li>Section 1. G.S. 115C-12(9) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(9) Miscellaneous Powers and Duties. – All the powers and duties exercised</li> </ul>
10 11 12 13	<ul> <li>—-SCHOOL-BASED MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM Section 1. G.S. 115C-12(9) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(9) Miscellaneous Powers and Duties. – All the powers and duties exercised by the State Board of Education shall be in conformity with the</li> </ul>
10 11 12 13 14	<ul> <li>—-SCHOOL-BASED MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM Section 1. G.S. 115C-12(9) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(9) Miscellaneous Powers and Duties. – All the powers and duties exercised by the State Board of Education shall be in conformity with the Constitution and subject to such laws as may be enacted from time to</li> </ul>
10 11 12 13 14 15	<ul> <li>—-SCHOOL-BASED MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM Section 1. G.S. 115C-12(9) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>"(9) Miscellaneous Powers and Duties. – All the powers and duties exercised by the State Board of Education shall be in conformity with the Constitution and subject to such laws as may be enacted from time to time by the General Assembly. Among such duties are:</li> </ul>

2

1

2

3

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

34 35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

c. To adopt rules requiring all local boards of education to implement the Basic Education Program on an incremental basis within funds appropriated for that purpose by the General Assembly and by units of local government. Beginning with the 1991-92 school year, the rules shall require each local school administrative unit to implement fully the standard course of study in every school in the State in accordance with the Basic Education Program so that every student in the State shall have equal access to the curriculum as provided in the Basic Education Program and the standard course of study.

The Board shall establish benchmarks by which to measure the progress that each local board of education has made in implementing the Basic Education Program. The Board shall report to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight Committee and to the General Assembly by December 31, 1991, and by February 1 of each subsequent year on each local board's progress in implementing the Basic Education Program, including the use of State and local funds for the Basic Education Program.

The Board shall develop a State accreditation program that meets or exceeds the standards and requirements of the Basic Education Program. The Board shall require each local school administrative unit to comply with the State accreditation program to the extent that funds have been made available to the local school administrative unit for implementation of the Basic Education Program.

The Board shall use the State accreditation program to monitor the implementation of the Basic Education Program.

c1. To issue an annual 'report card' for the State and for each local school administrative unit, assessing each unit's efforts to improve student performance <u>based on the growth in performance of the students in each school</u> and taking into account progress over the previous years' level of performance and the State's performance in comparison with other states. This assessment shall take into account demographic, economic, and other-factors that have been shown to affect student performance. <u>performance and that the State Board considers relevant to assess the State's efforts to improve student performance.</u>

c2. To develop management accountability indicators to measure the efficiency and appropriate use of staff in each school and at the administrative office. Staff development for school administrators shall be a high priority of the Department of Public Instruction.

1	c3.	To develop a system of school building improvement reports for
2		each school building. The purpose of school building
3		improvement reports is to measure improvement in the growth in
4		student performance at each school building from year to year,
5		not to compare school buildings. The Board may consider for
6		inclusion in the building reports the following criteria: test scores, the
7		success of graduating students in postsecondary institutions,
8		attendance, graduation and dropout rates, the numbers of children
9		enrolled in free lunch or Chapter 1 programs, the education level of the
10		parents of children enrolled in the school, the teaching experience of
11		the school staff, and whether the building has been successful in
12		meeting the goals of the building and systemwide plans developed in
13		accordance with G.S. 115C-238.1 through G.S. 115C-238.6. The
14		Board shall include in the building reports any factors shown to
15		affect student performance that the Board considers relevant to
16		assess a school's efforts to improve student performance. Local
17		school administrative units shall produce and make public their
18		school building improvement reports by March 15, 1995, 1997,
19		for the 1995-96 school year, by October 15, 1997, for the 1996-
20		97 school year, and annually thereafter. Each report shall be
21		based on building-level data for the prior school year.
22	<u>c4.</u>	To develop guidelines, procedures, and rules to establish,
23		implement, and enforce the School-Based Management and
24		Accountability Program under Article 8B of this Chapter in order
25		to improve student performance, increase local flexibility and
26		control, and promote economy and efficiency.
27	d.	To formulate rules and regulations for the enforcement of the
28		compulsory attendance law.
29	e.	To manage and operate a system of insurance for public school
30		property, as provided in Article 38 of this Chapter.
31		In making substantial policy changes in administration,
32		curriculum, or programs the Board should conduct hearings
33		throughout the regions of the State, whenever feasible, in order
34		that the public may be heard regarding these matters."
35	Sec. 2. Part	4 of Article 16 of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, G.S.
36		S. 115C-238.8, is recodified as Article 8B of Chapter 115C of the
37		115C-105.20 through G.S. 115C-105.27.
38	-	cle 8B of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, as recodified by
39	Section 2 of this act, re	· ·
40	,	"ARTICLE 8B.
41	"PERFORMA	NCE-BASED SCHOOL-BASED MANAGEMENT AND
42		ACCOUNTABILITY
43		PROGRAM.

1			PART 1. IMPLEMENTATION OF PROGRAM.
2	"§ 115C-	105.20	Performance-based <u>School-Based Management and Accountability</u>
3	0		am; development and implementation by State Board. Program.
4	(a)	0	eneral Assembly believes that all children can learn. It is the intent of the
5	<del>~ / /</del>		ly that the mission of the public school community is to challenge with
6			is each child to learn, to achieve, and to fulfill his or her potential. With
7			its guide, the State Board of Education shall develop and implement a
8			Accountability Program. a School-Based Management and
9			Program. The primary goal of the Program shall be to improve student
10		-	he State Board of Education, after consultation with the Task Force on Site-
11			nt, shall adopt:
12		$(\tilde{1})$	Procedures and guidelines through which local school administrative
13			units may participate in the program; and
14		(2)	Guidelines for developing local school improvement plans with three-
15			year school and student performance goals and strategies to achieve the
16			standards adopted by the State Board. The guidelines shall require each
17			participating local school administrative unit to submit plans for each
18			school in the unit for achieving those goals. The guidelines shall also
19			require each local school administrative unit to report on an annual basis
20			on progress made in achieving those goals at each school in the unit.
21			The school performance goals may, in the discretion of the State
22			Board, but are not required to include factors such as community
23			involvement, parent involvement, professional development of teachers,
24			and the school climate with regard to the safety of students and
25			employees and the use of positive discipline.
26		<del>(3),</del>	(4) Repealed by Session Laws 1995, c. 272, s. 1.
27	<u>(b)</u>	In ord	er to support local boards of education and schools in the implementation
28	of this Pr	ogram,	the State Board of Education shall adopt guidelines, including guidelines
29	<u>to:</u>		
30		<u>(1)</u>	Assist local boards and schools in the development and implementation
31			of school-based management under Part 2 of this Article.
32		$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$	Recognize the schools that meet or exceed their goals.
33		<u>(3)</u>	Identify low-performing schools under G.S. 115C-105.30, and create
34			assistance teams that the Board may assign to these schools. The
35			assistance teams should consist of currently practicing teachers and
36			staff, representatives of institutions of higher education, school
37			administrators, and others the State Board considers appropriate.
38		<u>(4)</u>	Enable assistance teams to make appropriate recommendations under
39			<u>G.S. 115C-105.31.</u>
40		<u>(5)</u>	Establish a process to resolve disputes between local boards and schools
41			in the development and implementation of school improvement plans
42			under G.S. 115C-105.22(b1). This process shall provide for final
43			resolution of the disputes.

1	"§ 115C-:	105.21	. Local participation in the Program voluntary; the benefits of local
2		-	<del>cipation. <u>Program.</u></del>
3	(a)		school administrative units may, but are not required to, participate in the
4	Performan	<del>ce-base</del>	ed-shall participate in the School-Based Management and Accountability
5	Program.		
6	<del>(b)</del>		school administrative units that participate in the Performance-based
7	Accounta	<del>bility I</del>	Program:
8 9		(1)	Are exempt from State requirements to submit reports and plans, other than local school improvement plans, to the State Board of Education
10			and the Department of Public Instruction. They are not exempt from
11			federal requirements to submit reports and plans to the Department.
12		<del>(2)</del>	Are subject to the performance standards but not the opportunity
12		(2)	standards or the staffing ratios of the State Accreditation Program.
14		(3)	Repealed by Session Laws 1995, c. 272, s. 2.
15		(3) (4)	May be allowed increased flexibility in the expenditure of State funds,
16		(.)	in accordance with G.S. 115C-238.6.
17		(5)	May be granted waivers of certain State laws, regulations, and policies
18			that inhibit their ability to reach local accountability goals, in
19			accordance with G.S. 115C-238.6(a).
20		<del>(5a)</del>	May use State funds allocated for teacher assistants to reduce class size
21			or the student-teacher ratio in kindergarten through third grade, in
22			accordance with a local school improvement plan so long as the affected
23			teacher assistant positions are not filled when the plan is amended or
24			adopted by the building-level staff entitled to vote on the building-level
25			plan or the affected teacher assistant positions are not expected to be
26			filled on the date the plan is to be implemented. Any State funds
27			appropriated for teacher assistants that were converted to certificated
28			teachers before July 1, 1995, in accordance with Section 1 of Chapter
29			986 of the 1991 Session Laws, as rewritten by Chapter 103 of the 1993
30		( <b>51</b> )	Session Laws, may continue to be used for certificated teachers.
31		<del>(5b)</del>	In accordance with a local school improvement plan, may use (i) funds
32 33			from the funding allotment for Classroom Materials/Instructional
33 34			Supplies/Equipment for the purchase of textbooks, (ii) funds from the funding alletment for Textbooks for the purchase of instructional
34 35			funding allotment for Textbooks for the purchase of instructional supplies, instructional equipment, or other classroom materials, and (iii)
35 36			funds from the allotment for Noninstructional Support Personnel for
30 37			teacher positions to reduce class size in kindergarten through third
38			grade.
39		<del>(6)</del>	Shall continue to use the Teacher Performance Appraisal Instrument
40			(TPAI) for evaluating beginning teachers during the first three years of
41			their employment; they may, however, develop other evaluation
42			approaches for teachers who have attained career status.
-			11

1		The Department of Public Instruction shall provide technical
2		assistance, including the provision of model evaluation processes and
3		instruments, to local school administrative units that elect to develop
4		dual personnel evaluation processes. A dual personnel evaluation
5		process includes (i) an evaluation designed to provide information to
6		guide teachers in their professional growth and development, and (ii) an
7		evaluation to provide information to make personnel decisions
8		pertaining to hiring, termination, promotion, and reassignment.
9		School-Based Management and Accountability Program shall provide
10	increased local	control of schools with the goal of improving student performance. Local
11	boards of educa	tion:
12	<u>(1)</u>	Are allowed increased flexibility in the expenditure of State funds, in
13		accordance with G.S. 115C-105.21A; and
14	<u>(2)</u>	May be granted waivers of certain State laws, regulations, and policies
15		that inhibit their ability to reach local accountability goals, in
16		accordance with G.S. 115C-105.21B.
17	<u>(c)</u> The S	School-Based Management and Accountability Program shall be based
18	upon an accoun	tability, recognition, assistance, and intervention process in order to hold
19		the school's personnel accountable for improved student performance in
20	the school.	
21		<u>"PART 2. SCHOOL-BASED MANAGEMENT.</u>
22		A. Budget flexibility.
23		stent with improving student performance, a local board shall provide
24		bility to schools in the use of funds to enable the schools to accomplish
25	their goals.	
26		ct to the following limitations, local boards of education may transfer and
27		insfers of funds between funding allotment categories:
28	<u>(1)</u>	In accordance with a school improvement plan accepted under G.S.
29		115C-105.22, State funds allocated for teacher assistants may be
30		transferred only for personnel (i) to serve students only in kindergarten
31		through third grade, or (ii) to serve students primarily in kindergarten
32		through third grade when the personnel are assigned to an elementary
33		school to serve the whole school. Funds allocated for teacher assistants
34		may be transferred to reduce class size or to reduce the student-teacher
35		ratio in kindergarten through third grade so long as the affected teacher
36		assistant positions are not filled when the plan is amended or approved
37		by the building-level staff entitled to vote on the plan or the affected
38		teacher assistant positions are not expected to be filled on the date the
39		plan is to be implemented. Any State funds appropriated for teacher
40		assistants that were converted to certificated teachers before July 1,
41		<u>1995, in accordance with Section 1 of Chapter 986 of the 1991 Session</u>
42		Laws, as rewritten by Chapter 103 of the 1993 Session Laws, may
43		continue to be used for certificated teachers.

SENATE BILL 1139\* version 2

1	(2)	In accordance with a school improvement plan accepted under G.S.
2	<u>(2)</u>	115C-105.22, (i) State funds allocated for classroom
3		materials/instructional supplies/equipment may be transferred only for
4		the purchase of textbooks; (ii) State funds allocated for textbooks may
5		be transferred only for the purchase of instructional supplies,
6		instructional equipment, or other classroom materials; and (iii) State
7		funds allocated for noninstructional support personnel may be
8		transferred only for teacher positions.
9	(3)	No funds shall be transferred into the central office allotment category.
10	(4)	Funds allocated for exceptional children and funds allocated for driver's
11	<del>~~/</del>	education shall not be transferred.
12	<u>(5)</u>	Funds allocated for classroom teachers may be transferred only for
13	<del>~~/</del>	teachers of exceptional children, for teachers of at-risk students, and for
14		authorized purposes under the textbooks allotment category and the
15		classroom materials/instructional supplies/equipment allotment
16		category.
17	<u>(6)</u>	Funds allocated for vocational education may be transferred only in
18		accordance with any rules that the State Board of Education considers
19		appropriate to ensure compliance with federal regulations.
20	<u>(7)</u>	Funds allocated for career development shall be used in accordance with
21		Section 17.3 of Chapter 324 of the 1995 Session Laws.
22	" <u>§ 115C-105.21</u>	<b>B.</b> Waivers of State laws, rules, or policies.
23	. ,	n included as part of a school improvement plan accepted under G.S.
24		ocal boards of education shall submit requests for waivers of State laws,
25	· · ·	s to the State Board of Education. A request for a waiver shall (i) identify
26		ing the request, (ii) identify the State laws, rules, or policies that inhibit
27		ility to improve student performance, (iii) set out with specificity the
28		inder which the waiver may be used, and (iv) explain how the requested
29	-	mit the school to improve student performance. Except as provided in
30		of this section, the State Board shall grant waivers only for the specific
31		hich they are requested and shall be used only under the specific
32		or which they are requested.
33	. ,	n requested as part of a school improvement plan, the State Board of
34		grant waivers of:
35	<u>(1)</u>	State laws pertaining to class size, teacher certification, and the duty-
36		free period for classroom teachers under G.S. 115C-301.1; and
37	<u>(2)</u>	State rules and policies, except those pertaining to public school State
38		salary schedules and employee benefits for school employees, the
39		instructional program that must be offered under the Basic Education
40		Program, the system of employment for public school teachers and
41		administrators set out in G.S. 115C-287.1 and G.S. 115C-325, health
42 43		and safety codes, compulsory attendance, the minimum lengths of the
43		school day and year, and the Uniform Education Reporting System.

1	(c) The S	State Board also may grant requests received from local boards for
2		te laws, rules, or policies that affect the organization, duties, and
3		entral office staff only. However, none of the duties to be performed
4	-	-436 may be waived.
5		thstanding subsections (b) and (c) of this section, the State Board shall
6		s of G.S. 115C-12(16)b. regarding the placement of State-allotted office
7	-	el, teacher assistants, and custodial personnel on the salary schedule
8	adopted by the S	· · · ·
9		tate Board shall act promptly on requests for waivers under this section.
10		tate Board shall, on a regular basis, review all waivers it has granted to
11	determine wheth	er any rules should be repealed or modified or whether the Board should
12	recommend to th	e General Assembly the repeal or modification of any laws.
13	"§ 115C-105.22	. Development of local plans; elements of local-and approval of school
14	<u>impro</u>	<u>vement</u> plans.
15		opment of systemwide plan by the local board of education. The board
16		a local school administrative unit that elects to participate in the Program
17		nd submit a local school improvement plan for the entire local school
18		nit to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction before April 15 of
19	• 1	eceding the fiscal year in which participation is sought.
20	-	e improvement plan shall remain in effect for no more than three years.
21		ishment of school and student performance goals and a systemwide staff
22	* *	in by the local board of education for the systemwide plan. The local
23		ation shall establish school and student performance goals and a
24	•	f development plan for the local school administrative unit for inclusion
25	in the systemwic	
26	(1)	School and student performance goals. The performance goals for the
27		local school administrative unit shall address specific, measurable goals
28		for all standards adopted by the State Board. Factors that determine
29		gains in achievement vary from school to school; therefore,
30		socioeconomic factors and previous progress toward school and student
31		performance goals shall be used as the basis of the local school
32	( <b>2</b> )	improvement plan.
33	(2)	Systemwide staff development plan. The systemwide staff
34		development plan shall be consistent with the systemwide goals and shall include a commonant to accommodate the staff development pools.
35 36		shall include a component to accommodate the staff development needs
30 37		at the building level as expressed in each building's improvement plan. In designing this component of the systemwide staff development plan,
37		direct allocation of a needed portion of the staff development funds to
38 39		the building level shall be given first priority. Each school building shall
39 40		have the flexibility to combine its staff development allocation with
40 41		other schools in the local school administrative unit when the staff
41		development needs of those schools are substantially similar as
43		expressed in their approved building-level plans.
-J		expressed in their approved bunding-iever plans.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

11

13

Advisory panel. - The local board of education shall actively involve an (3)advisory panel composed of a substantial number of teachers, school administrators, other school staff, and parents of children enrolled in the local school administrative unit, in developing and achieving the student and school performance goals for the local school improvement plan. Parents serving on an advisory panel shall not be employees of the school unit and shall reflect the racial and socioeconomic composition of the students enrolled in the local school administrative unit. The 9 advisory panel shall ensure substantial parent participation. It is the 10 intent of the General Assembly that teachers have a major role in developing the school and student performance goals for the local 12 school improvement plan; therefore, at least half of the members participating in this advisory panel shall be teachers. Every teacher in 14 the local school administrative unit shall have an opportunity to elect by 15 secret ballot the teachers who are involved in the advisory panel.

16 (b1) Development by each school of strategies for attaining local school and student 17 performance goals. In order to improve student performance, each school shall develop a 18 school improvement plan that takes into consideration the annual performance goal for that school that is set by the State Board under G.S. 115C-105.28. The principal of each 19 20 school, representatives of the assistant principals, instructional personnel, instructional support personnel, and teacher assistants assigned to the school building, and parents of 21 children enrolled in the school shall constitute a school improvement team to develop a 22 23 building-level plan to address school and student performance goals appropriate to that school 24 from those established by the local board of education. school improvement plan to improve 25 student performance. Parents serving on school improvement teams shall reflect the racial and socioeconomic composition of the students enrolled in that school and shall not be 26 members of the building-level staff. Parental involvement is a critical component of 27 school success and positive student outcomes; achievement; therefore, it is the intent of 28 29 the General Assembly that parents, along with teachers, have a substantial role in 30 developing school and student performance goals at the building level. improvement plans. To this end, school improvement team meetings shall be held at a convenient time to 31 assure substantial parent participation. The strategies for attaining local school and 32 improving student performance goals-shall include a plan for the use of staff development 33 34 funds that may be made available to the school by the local board of education to implement the building-level-school improvement plan. The strategies may include a 35 decision to use State funds allocated for teacher assistants to reduce class size or the student-36 37 teacher ratio in kindergarten through the third grade in accordance with G.S. 115C-238.2(b)(5a) 38 or to use State funds in accordance with G.S. 115C-238.2(b)(5b). G.S. 115C-105.21A. The 39 strategies may also include requests for waivers of State laws, regulations, rules, or policies for that school. A request for a waiver shall (i) identify the State laws, regulations, 40 41 or policies that inhibit the local unit's ability to reach its local accountability goals, (ii) set out with specificity the circumstances under which the waiver may be used, and (iii) explain how a 42

waiver of those laws, regulations, or policies will permit the local unit to reach its local goals.
 meet the requirements of G.S. 115C-105.21B.

Support among affected staff members is essential to successful implementation of a 3 4 building-level plan to address school and student performance goals appropriate to a school; 5 therefore, the school improvement plan to address improved student performance at that school. The principal of the school shall present the proposed building-level-school 6 7 improvement plan to all of the principals, assistant principals, instructional personnel, instructional support personnel, and teacher assistants assigned to the school building for 8 their review and vote. The vote shall be by secret ballot. The principal may shall submit 9 the building-level school improvement plan to the local board of education for inclusion in 10 the systemwide plan-only if the proposed building-level-school improvement plan has the 11 12 approval of a majority of the staff who voted on the plan.

The local board of education shall accept or reject the building-level-school 13 improvement plan. The local board shall not make any substantive changes in any 14 building-level school improvement plan that it accepts; the local board shall set out any 15 building-level plan that it accepts in the systemwide plan. accepts. If the local board rejects a 16 building-level school improvement plan, the local board shall state with specificity its 17 reasons for rejecting the plan; the school improvement team may then prepare another 18 19 plan, present it to the principals, assistant principals, instructional personnel, instructional support personnel, and teacher assistants assigned to the school building for a vote, and 20 submit it to the local board for inclusion in the systemwide plan.- to accept or reject. If no 21 22 building-level-school improvement plan is accepted for a school before March 15 of the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which participation is sought, within 60 days after its 23 initial submission to the local board, the school or the local board may ask to use the 24 process to resolve disagreements recommended in the guidelines developed by the State 25 26 Board under G.S. 115C-105.20(b)(5). If this request is made, both the school and the local board shall participate in the process to resolve disagreements. If there is no request 27 to use this process, then the local board may develop a school improvement plan for the 28 school for inclusion in the systemwide plan; the school. The General Assembly urges the 29 30 local board to utilize the school's proposed building-level-school improvement plan to the 31 maximum extent possible when developing such a plan. 32 A school improvement plan shall remain in effect for no more than three years; 33 however, the school improvement team may amend the plan as often as is necessary or 34 appropriate. If, at any time, any part of a school improvement plan becomes unlawful or

the local board finds that a school improvement plan is impeding student performance at a school, the local board may vacate the relevant portion of the plan and may direct the school to revise that portion. The procedures set out in this subsection shall apply to amendments and revisions to school improvement plans.

39 (b2) Waivers concerning central office staff. A local board of education may 40 request waivers of State laws, regulations, or policies which are included in the building 41 plans described in subsection (b1) of this section, and it may also request waivers which 42 affect the organization, duties, and assignment of central office staff only. Provided, none 43 of the duties to be performed pursuant to G.S. 115C-436 may be waived. A request for a

1	waiver shall (i)	identify the State laws, regulations, or policies that inhibit the local unit's
2		ch its local accountability goals, (ii) set out with specificity the
3	circumstances	under which the waiver may be used, and (iii) explain how a waiver of
4		ulations, or policies will permit the local unit to reach its local goals.
5	(c) Repe	aled by Session Laws 1995, c. 272, s. 3.
6	(d) Repe	aled by Session Laws 1991 (Regular Session, 1992), c. 900, s. 75.1(b).
7	<u>"§ 115C-105.2</u>	3. Differentiated pay.
8	(a) Loca	1 school administrative units may include, but are not required to include
9	as a part of the	eir local school improvement plans, a systemwide differentiated pay plan
10	for all of the s	taff assigned to school buildings and all classes of staff assigned to the
11	central office	that the local boards determine are participants in the development or
12	implementation	n of the local school improvement plans. Units electing to include
13	differentiated p	ay plans in their school improvement plans shall base their differentiated
14	<del>pay plans on:</del>	
15	(1)	A career development pilot program;
16	(2)	A lead teacher pilot program;
17	(3)	A locally designed school-based performance program, subject to
18		limitations and guidelines adopted by the State Board of Education;
19	(4)	A differentiated pay plan that the State Board of Education finds has
20		been successfully implemented in another state; or
21	(5)	A locally designed plan including any combination or modification of
22		the foregoing plans.
23	A differenti	ated pay plan may also authorize the use of State differentiated pay funds
24		opment and planning activities and for paying substitute teachers as is
25	necessary to pre	ovide time for staff development and planning activities.
26	(al) All S	state-differentiated pay funds shall become available for expenditure July 1
27	of each fiscal y	ear. These funds shall remain available for expenditure for:
28	(1)	Bonuses and supplements to implement local differentiated pay plans
29		until November 30 of the subsequent fiscal year; and
30	<del>(2)</del>	Staff development to implement local differentiated pay plans until
31		August 31 of the subsequent fiscal year: Provided, however, if funds
32		allocated for bonuses and supplements under a local differentiated pay
33		plan are not spent for that purpose because of a failure to meet local
34		goals, these funds shall remain available until November 30 of the
35		subsequent fiscal year to provide for staff development in accordance
36		with that local plan.
37		erentiated pay plans shall be developed and voted on in accordance with
38	G.S. 115C-238	
39		entiated pay plan developed in accordance with this section shall be
40		vithin State, local and any other funds available for differentiated pay. State
41		used to implement a differentiated pay plan for employees who derive
42		tte funds. State funds may be combined with any other differentiated pay
43	funds at the t	building level to implement a differentiated pay plan which includes

employees who derive salary from any other salary source so long as differentiated pay 1 2 funds per employee are appropriated from the other salary source in an amount equal to 3 the dollar amount appropriated by the State per State employee for differentiated pay. An 4 employee who derives salary from only one salary source shall be paid differentiated pay 5 monies from that source only; if an employee derives salary from more than one salary 6 source, differentiated pay monies paid to that employee shall be paid proportionally based on the pro rata share of each salary source. Provided, however, a local board of 7 8 education may provide additional local funds for differentiated pay for any of its 9 employees without regard to the employee's salary source. 10  $\frac{(c)}{(d)}$ Repealed by Session Laws 1991 (Reg. Sess., 1992), c. 900, s. 75.1(c). Any additional compensation received by an employee as a result of the unit's 11 <del>(e)</del> 12 participation in the Program shall be paid as a bonus or supplement to the employee's 13 regular salary. If an employee in a participating unit does not receive additional 14 compensation, such failure to receive additional compensation shall not be construed as a 15 demotion, as that term is used in G.S. 115C-325. 16 Payments of bonuses or supplements shall be made no more frequently than once 17 every calendar quarter: Provided, however, payments in the career development pilot 18 units may be made on a monthly basis. 19 If a local school administrative unit bases its differentiated pay plan on a <del>(f)</del> 20 locally designed school-based performance program, pursuant to subdivision (a)(3) of 21 this section, the plan shall provide that following the attainment of the local school goals, the local board of education shall make a determination of which staff members 22 23 contributed to the attainment of those goals. Differentiated pay bonuses shall then be 24 distributed to those designated employees. The local board of education shall make the 25 determination upon recommendation of (i) the superintendent and (ii) any other person or committee designated in the local differentiated pay plan. The other person or committee 26 27 designated in the local differentiated pay plan may be the principal, a school-based 28 committee, or any other person or local committee. 29 "§ 115C-105.24. Approval of local school administrative unit plans by the State 30 Superintendent; conditions for continued participation. 31 Prior to June 30 each year, the State Superintendent shall review local school <del>(a)</del> improvement plans submitted by the local school administrative units in accordance with 32 policies and standards adopted by the State Board of Education and shall recommend to 33 34 the State Board of Education whether the plan should be approved. If the State Board of 35 Education approves the plan for a local school administrative unit, that unit shall participate in the Program for the next fiscal year. 36 If a local plan contains a request for a waiver of State laws, regulations, or policies, in 37 38 accordance with G.S. 115C-238.3(b1) or (b2), the State Superintendent shall consider 39 and recommend to the State Board whether and to what extent the identified laws, 40 regulations, or policies should be waived. If the State Board of Education deems it necessary to do so to enable a local unit to reach its local accountability goals, the State 41 42 Board may grant waivers of:

1	(1)	State laws pertaining to class size, teacher certification, the use of State-
2	(1)	adopted textbooks, and the purposes for which State funds for the public
3		schools may be used;
4	(2)	All State regulations and policies, except those pertaining to public
5	(-)	school State salary schedules and employee benefits for school
6		employees, the instructional program that must be offered under the
7		Basic Education Program, the system of employment for public school
8		teachers and administrators set out in G.S. 115C-325, health and safety
9		codes, compulsory school attendance, the minimum lengths of the
10		school day and year, and the Uniform Education Reporting System.
11	The State Bo	bard shall act promptly on requests for waivers under this section.
12	(a1) Notw	ithstanding subsection (a) of this section, the following limitations apply
13	to the granting of	of waivers:
14	(1)	The provisions of G.S. 115C-12(16)b. regarding the placement of State-
15		allotted office support personnel, teacher assistants, and custodial
16		personnel on the salary schedule adopted by the State Board shall not be
17		waived.
18	<del>(2)</del>	Except for waivers requested by the local board in accordance with G.S.
19		115C-238.3(b2) for central office staff, waivers shall be granted only for
20		the specific schools for which they are requested in building-level plans
21		and shall be used only under the specific circumstances for which they
22		are requested.
23	<del>(3)</del>	The State Board shall not permit funds under any funding allotment
24		category other than Central Office Administration to be used for central
25		office administrators.
26	(4)	The State Board shall not permit funds under the Classroom Teachers
27		allotment category to be used for any additional purpose other than for
28		teachers of exceptional children, for teachers of at-risk students, and for
29		authorized purposes under the Textbooks allotment category and the
30		Classroom Materials/Instructional Supplies/Equipment allotment
31	(5)	category. The State Deard shall not grant weivers to normit funds under the
32	(5)	The State Board shall not grant waivers to permit funds under the
33 34		Teacher Assistant allotment category to be used for any purpose other than for personnal (i) to serve students only in kindergarten through
34 35		than for personnel (i) to serve students only in kindergarten through third grade, or (ii) to serve students primarily in kindergarten through
35 36		third grade when the personnel are assigned to an elementary school to
37		serve the whole school.
38	(a2) The S	State Board of Education shall, on a regular basis, review all waivers it has
38 39		ermine whether any rules should be repealed or whether it should
40		he General Assembly the repeal of any laws.
41		boards of education shall provide maximum flexibility in the use of
42		ual schools to enable them to accomplish their individual schools' goals.
		sur seres is that the attent to attent the attent mar faunt benefits gould.

1	(b) Local school administrative units shall continue to participate in the Program
2	so long as (i) they demonstrate satisfactory progress toward school and student
3	performance goals set out in their local school improvement plans; or (ii) once their local
4	goals are met, they continue to achieve their local goals and they otherwise demonstrate
5	satisfactory performance, as determined by the State Superintendent in accordance with
6	guidelines set by the State Board of Education.
7	"§ 115C-105.25. Distribution of Use of funds available to schools; staff development
8	funds.
9	(a) Any funds the local board of education makes available to an individual school
10	building to implement the local school improvement plan at that school shall be used in
11	accordance with the building-level plan set out in the systemwide plan. that plan.
12	(b) Each local board shall distribute seventy-five percent (75%) of the funds in the
13	staff development funding allotment to the schools to be used in accordance with that
14	school's school improvement plan. By October 1 of each year, the principal shall
15	disclose to all affected personnel the total allocation of all funds available to the school
16	for staff development and the superintendent shall disclose to all affected personnel the
17	total allocation of all funds available at the system level for staff development. At the
18	end of the fiscal year, the principal shall make available to all affected personnel a report
19	of all disbursements from the building-level staff development funds, and the
20	superintendent shall make available to all affected personnel a report of all disbursements
21	at the system level of staff development funds.
22	"§ 115C-105.26. Creation of the Task Force on Site-Based School-Based
23	Management.
24	(a) There is created the Task Force on Site-Based School-Based Management
25	under the State Board of Education.
26	The Task Force shall be composed of 20 members appointed as follows:
27	(1) The Superintendent of Public Instruction;
28	(2) One member of the State Board of <u>Education-Education</u> , one parent of a
29	public school child, and two at-large members appointed by the State
30	Board of Education;
31	(3) Two members of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of
32	the Senate;
33	(4) Two members of the House of Representatives appointed by the
34	Speaker of the House of Representatives;
35	(5) One member of a local board of education appointed by the President
36	Pro Tempore of the Senate after receiving recommendations from The
37	North Carolina State School Boards Association, Inc.;
38	(6) One member of a local board of education appointed by the Speaker of
39	the House of Representatives after receiving recommendations from
40	The North Carolina State School Boards Association, Inc.;
41	(7) One local school superintendent appointed by the President Pro
42	Tempore of the Senate after receiving recommendations from the North
43	Carolina Association of School Administrators;

1	(8)	One local school superintendent appointed by the Speaker of the House
2	(8)	of Representatives after receiving recommendations from the North
3		Carolina Association of School Administrators;
4	(9)	One school principal appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the
5	$(\mathcal{I})$	Senate after receiving recommendations from the Tar Heel Association
6		of Principals/Assistant Principals and the Division of Administrators of
7		the North Carolina Association of Educators;
8	(10)	One school principal appointed by the Speaker of the House of
9	(10)	Representatives after receiving recommendations from the Tar Heel
10		Association of Principals/Assistant Principals and the Division of
11		Administrators of the North Carolina Association of Educators;
12	(11)	One school teacher appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the
12	(11)	Senate after receiving recommendations from the North Carolina
14		Association of Educators, Inc., the North Carolina Federation of
15		Teachers, and the Professional Educators of North Carolina, Inc.;
16	(12)	One school teacher appointed by the Speaker of the House of
17	(12)	Representatives after receiving recommendations from the North
18		Carolina Association of Educators, Inc., the North Carolina Federation
19		of Teachers, and the Professional Educators of North Carolina, Inc.;
20	(13)	Repealed by Session Laws 1995, c. 324, s. 17.
20	(13)	One parent of a public school child appointed by the Superintendent of
22	(11)	Public Instruction;
23	(15)	Two at-large members appointed by the Superintendent of Public
24	()	Instruction;
25	(16)	One representative of business and industry appointed by the Governor;
26	(17)	One representative of institutions of higher education appointed by the
27	( )	Board of Governors of The University of North Carolina; and
28	(18)	One county commissioner appointed by the Superintendent of Public
29		Instruction-State Board of Education after receiving recommendations
30		from the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners.
31	Members of	the Task Force shall serve for two-year terms.
32	All members	s of the Task Force shall be voting members. Vacancies in the appointed
33	membership sha	all be filled by the officer who made the initial appointment. The Task
34	Force on Site-Ba	ased-School-Based Management shall select a member of the Task Force
35	to serve as chair	of the Task Force.
36	Members of	f the Task Force shall receive travel and subsistence expenses in
37		the provisions of G.S. 120-3.1, G.S. 138-5, and G.S. 138-6.
38		Task Force shall:
39	(1)	Advise the State Board of Education on the implementation of the
40		School Improvement and Accountability Act of 1989, as amended,
41		especially the development and implementation of building-level plans;
42		development of guidelines for local boards of education and schools to

1	implement school-based management as part of the School-Based
2	Management and Accountability Program;
3	(2) Advise the State Board of Education on how to provide training and
4	assistance to assist the public schools so as to facilitate the
5	implementation of site-based-school-based management;
6	(3) Review-Advise the State Board of Education about publications to be
7	produced by the Department of Public Instruction on the development
8	and implementation of building-level-school improvement plans;
9	(4) Report annually to the State Board of Education on the implementation
10	of site-based school-based management in the public schools on the first
11	Friday in December. This report may contain a summary of
12	recommendations for changes to any law, rule, and policy that would
13	improve site-based-school-based management.
14	(c) The Department of Public Instruction shall, with the approval of the State
15	Board of Education, provide staff to the Task Force at the request of the Task Force.
16	(d) The State Board of Education shall appoint a Director of the Task Force on
17	Site-Based School-Based Management.
18	"§ 115C-105.27. Parent involvement programs and conflict resolution programs as
19	part of <del>building-level <u>school</u> improvement</del> plans.
20	Beginning with the 1994-95 school year, a A school is encouraged to include a
21	comprehensive parent involvement program as part of its building-level school
22	improvement plan under G.S. 115C-238.3115C-105.22. The State Board of Education
23	shall develop a list of recommended strategies that it determines to be effective, which
24	building level committees may use to establish parent involvement programs designed to
25	meet the specific needs of their schools. The Board shall make the list available to local
26	school administrative units and school buildings by the beginning of the 1994-95 school
27	year.
28	Beginning with the 1994-95 school year, a <u>A</u> school is encouraged to review its need for
29	a comprehensive conflict resolution program as part of the development of its building-
30	level_school improvement plan under G.S. 115C-238.3. 115C-105.22. If a school
31	determines that this program is needed, it may select from the list developed by the State
32	Board of Education under G.S. 115C-81(a4) or may develop its own materials and
33	curricula to be approved by the local board of education.
34	"S 115C 105 20 "PART 3. SCHOOL-BASED ACCOUNTABILITY.
35	" <u>§ 115C-105.28. Annual performance goals.</u>
36	The School-Based Management and Accountability Program shall (i) focus on
37	student performance in the basics of reading, mathematics, and communications skills in
38	elementary and middle schools, (ii) focus on student performance in courses required for
39	graduation and on other measures required by the State Board in the high schools, and
40	(iii) hold schools accountable for the educational growth of their students. To those ends,
41	the State Board shall design and implement an accountability system that sets annual
42	performance standards for each school in the State in order to measure the growth in
43	performance of the students in each individual school.

1	" <u>§ 115C-105.29. Performance recognition.</u>
2	(a) The personnel in schools that achieve a level of expected growth greater than
3	one hundred percent (100%) at a level to be determined by the State Board of Education
4	are eligible for financial awards in amounts set by the State Board. Schools and
5	personnel shall not be required to apply for these awards. For the purpose of this section,
6	'personnel' includes the principal, assistant principal, instructional personnel, instructional
7	support personnel, and teacher assistants assigned to that school.
8	(b) The State Board shall establish a procedure to allocate the funds for these
9	awards to the local school administrative units in which the eligible schools are located.
10	Funds shall become available for expenditure July 1 of each fiscal year. Funds shall
11	remain available until November 30 of the subsequent fiscal year for expenditure for:
12	(1) Awards to the personnel; or
13	(2) The purposes authorized in a plan that has been:
14	a. Developed and voted on by the personnel in the same manner
15	that a school improvement plan is approved under G.S. 115C-
16	<u>105.22(b1);</u>
17	b. <u>Approved by a majority of the personnel who vote on the plan;</u>
18	and
19	<u>c.</u> <u>Submitted to and approved by the local board of education.</u>
20	The local board shall approve this plan unless the plan involves expenditures of funds
21	that are not for a public purpose or that are otherwise unlawful.
22	" <u>§ 115C-105.30. Identification of low-performing schools.</u>
23	(a) The State Board of Education shall design and implement a procedure to identify low performing schools on an annual basis. Low performing schools are those
24 25	identify low-performing schools on an annual basis. Low-performing schools are those in which there is a failure to meet the minimum growth standards, as defined by the State
23 26	Board, and a majority of students are performing below grade level.
20 27	(b) Each identified low-performing school shall notify the parents of students
28	attending that school that the State Board of Education has found that the school has
29	failed to meet the minimum growth standards, as defined by the State Board, and a
30	majority of students in that school are performing below grade level. This notification
31	also shall include a description of the steps the school is taking to improve student
32	performance.
33	" <u>§ 115C-105.31. Assistance teams.</u>
34	(a) The State Board of Education may assign an assistance team to any school
35	identified as low-performing under this Article or to any other school that requests an
36	assistance team and that the State Board determines would benefit from an assistance
37	team. The State Board shall give priority to low-performing schools in which the
38	educational performance of the students is declining. The Department of Public
39	Instruction shall, with the approval of the State Board, provide staff as needed and
40	requested by an assistance team.
41	(b) When assigned to an identified low-performing school, an assistance team
42	shall:

1	(1)	Designs and insections all foots of school energies and excist in
1 2	<u>(1)</u>	Review and investigate all facets of school operations and assist in
23		developing recommendations for improving student performance at that
3 4	( <b>2</b> )	school. Collaborate with school staff, central offices, and local boards of
4 5	<u>(2)</u>	education in the design, implementation, and monitoring of a plan that,
6		if fully implemented, can reasonably be expected to alleviate problems
7		and improve student performance at that school.
8	(3)	Make recommendations as the school develops and implements this
9	<u>(5)</u>	plan.
10	<u>(4)</u>	Review the school's progress.
11	(5)	<u>Report, as appropriate, to the local board of education, the community,</u>
12	<u>(5)</u>	and the State Board on the school's progress.
12	If an assista	nce team determines that an accepted school improvement plan developed
14		5C-105.22 is impeding student performance at a school, the team may
15		the local board that it vacate the relevant portions of that plan and direct
16		vise those portions.
17		school fails to improve student performance after assistance is provided
18		ion, the assistance team may recommend that the assistance continues or
19		oard take further action under G.S. 115C-105.32.
20	"§ 115C-105.3	2. Review by the State Board; dismissal or removal of personnel;
21		intment of interim superintendent.
22	(a) The	State Board shall annually review the progress made in identified low-
23	performing sch	ools. Notwithstanding G.S. 115C-287.1, G.S. 115C-325, or any other law,
24	the State Board	d may dismiss personnel assigned to that school and may terminate the
25	contract entered	d into on or after July 1, 1996, of any school administrator assigned to that
26	<u>school when:</u>	
27	<u>(1)</u>	The Board identifies that school as low-performing under G.S. 115C-
28		<u>105.30;</u>
29	<u>(2)</u>	The Board determines that school has failed to make satisfactory
30		improvement after the Board assigned an assistance team to it under
31		<u>G.S. 115C-105.31; and</u>
32	<u>(3)</u>	That assistance team makes the recommendation to dismiss or to
33		terminate the contract for one or more grounds established in G.S.
34		<u>115C-325(e)(1) for dismissal or demotion of a career teacher.</u>
35		oard shall adopt procedures to ensure that due process rights are afforded
36	_	ommended for dismissal under this subsection. At a minimum, these
37	-	<u>Il provide for the following:</u>
38	<u>(1)</u>	Written notice of the assistance team's recommendations and of the
39	( <b>2</b> )	grounds for dismissal.
40	$\frac{(2)}{(2)}$	A hearing before a panel of three members of the State Board.
41 42	$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	The right to be represented by counsel.
42 43	$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$	<u>The opportunity to subpoen a witnesses and documents.</u>
43	<u>(5)</u>	The opportunity to examine and cross-examine witnesses under oath.

1	(6) The opportunity to present relevant evidence using witnesses and
2	documents.
3	(7) The right to an appeal on the record to the State Board, with further
4	right of judicial review under Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.
5	The State Board also shall have the right to subpoena witnesses and documents under
6	this subsection. Neither party to a school administrator contract is entitled to damages
7	under this subsection.
8	(b) The State Board may appoint an interim superintendent in a local school
9	administrative unit:
10	(1) Upon the identification of more than half the schools in that unit as low-
11	performing under G.S. 115C-105.30; or
12	(2) Upon the recommendation from an assistance team assigned to a school
13	located in that unit that has been identified as low-performing under
14	G.S. 115C-105.30. This recommendation shall be based upon a finding
15	that the superintendent has failed to cooperate with the assistance team
16	or has otherwise hindered that school's ability to improve.
17	The State Board may assign any of the powers and duties of the local superintendent
18	and the local finance officer to the interim superintendent that the Board considers are
19	necessary or appropriate to improve student performance in the local school
20	administrative unit. The interim superintendent shall perform all of these assigned
21	powers and duties. The State Board of Education may terminate the contract of any local
22	superintendent entered into on or after July 1, 1996, when it appoints an interim
23	superintendent. The Administrative Procedure Act shall apply to that decision. Neither
24	party to that contract is entitled to damages.
25	(c) In the event the State Board has appointed an interim superintendent and the
26	State Board determines that the local board of education has failed to cooperate with the
27	interim superintendent or has otherwise hindered the ability to improve student
28	performance in that local school administrative unit or in a school in that unit, the State
29	Board may suspend any of the powers and duties of the local board of education that the
30	State Board considers are necessary or appropriate to improve student performance in the
31	local school administrative unit. The State Board shall perform all of these assigned
32	powers and duties for a period of time to be specified by the State Board.
33	(d) If the State Board suspends any of the powers and duties of the local board of
34	education under subsection (c) of this section and subsequently determines it is necessary
35	to change the governance of the local school administrative unit in order to improve
36	student performance, the State Board may recommend this change to the General
37	Assembly, which shall consider, at its next session, the future governance of the
38	identified local school administrative unit."
39	Sec. 4. Article 6A of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes is repealed.
40	Sec. 5. G.S. 115C-39 reads as rewritten:
41	"§ 115C-39. Removal of board membersmembers; suspension of duties by State
42	Board.

1 In case the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall have State Board of (a) 2 Education has sufficient evidence that any member of a local board of education is not 3 capable of discharging, or is not discharging, the duties of his office as required by law, or is guilty of immoral or disreputable conduct, he shall notify the chairman of such 4 5 board of education, unless such chairman is the offending member, in which case all 6 other members of such board shall be notified. Upon receipt of such notice there shall be 7 a meeting of said board of education for the purpose of investigating the charges, and if 8 the charges are found to be true, such board shall declare the office vacant: Provided, that 9 the offending member shall be given proper notice of the hearing and that record of the 10 findings of the other members shall be recorded in the minutes of such board of education. 11

12 (b) In the event the State Board of Education has appointed an interim 13 superintendent under G.S. 115C-105.32 and the State Board determines that the local 14 board of education has failed to cooperate with the interim superintendent, the State 15 Board shall have the authority to suspend any of the powers and duties of the local board 16 and to act on its behalf under G.S. 115C-105.32."

17

# Sec. 6. G.S. 115C-274 reads as rewritten:

18 "§ 115C-274. Removal for cause. Removal.

Local boards of education are authorized to remove a superintendent who is 19 (a) 20 guilty of immoral or disreputable conduct or who shall fail or refuse to perform the duties 21 required of him by law. In case the Superintendent of Public Instruction shall have-State Board of Education has sufficient evidence at any time that any superintendent of schools 22 23 is not capable of discharging, or is not discharging, the duties of his office as required by 24 law or is guilty of immoral or disreputable conduct, he shall report this matter to the board of education employing said superintendent of schools. It shall then be the duty of 25 said that board of education to hear the evidence in such the case and, if after careful 26 27 investigation it shall find the charges true, it shall declare the office vacant at once and proceed to elect a successor: Provided, that such superintendent shall have the right to try 28 29 his title to office in the courts of the State.

30 (b)If the superintendent shall fail in the duties enumerated in G.S. 115C-276(g)through (i) or such-G.S. 115C-276(g), 115C-276(h), 115C-276(i), or any other duties as 31 may be assigned him, he shall be subject, after notice, to an investigation by the 32 33 Superintendent of Public Instruction State Board of Education or by his board of education for failure to perform his duties. For persistent failure to perform these duties, his 34 35 certificate may be revoked by the Superintendent of Public Instruction, or he-the State Board of Education may revoke the superintendent's certificate and the superintendent may be 36 37 dismissed by his board of education.

38 (c) The identification by the State Board of Education of more than half the
 39 schools in a local school administrative unit as low-performing under G.S. 115C-105.30
 40 is evidence that the superintendent is unable to fulfill the duties of the office, and the
 41 State Board may appoint an interim superintendent to carry out the duties of the
 42 superintendent under G.S. 115C-105.32, may revoke the superintendent's certificate

1	under this section, may dismiss the superintendent under G.S. 115C-105.32, or may take
2	any combination of these actions."
3	Sec. 7. G.S. 115C-325(e)(3) reads as rewritten:
4	"(3) In determining whether the professional performance of a career teacher
5	is adequate, consideration shall be given to regular and special
6	evaluation reports prepared in accordance with the published policy of
7	the employing local school administrative unit and to any published
8	standards of performance which shall have been adopted by the board.
9	Failure to notify a career teacher of an inadequacy in his performance
10	shall be conclusive evidence of satisfactory performance. An assistance
11	team assigned under G.S. 115C-105.30 to a low-performing school shall
12	provide written notice to a career teacher employed in that school if the
13	team determines that teacher's performance is inadequate. This notice
14	shall contain findings and recommendations regarding the teacher's
15	inadequate performance. These findings and recommendations shall be
16	substantial evidence of that teacher's inadequate performance."
17	LOCAL FLEXIBILITY
18	Sec. 8. G.S. 115C-84(d) is repealed.
19	Sec. 9. G.S. 115C-302(a)(1) reads as rewritten:
20	"(1) Academic Teachers. – Regular state-allotted teachers shall be employed
21	for a period of 10 calendar months. Each local board of education shall
22	establish a set date on which monthly salary payments to regular State-
23	allotted teachers shall be made. This set pay date may differ from the
24	end of the calendar month of service. Teachers shall only be paid for the
25	days employed as of the set pay date. Payment for a full month when
26	days employed are less than a full month is prohibited as this constitutes
27	prepayment. Teachers employed for a period of 10 calendar months in
28	year-round schools shall be paid in 12 equal installments. Any
29	individual teacher who is not employed in a year-round school may be
30	paid in 12 monthly installments if the teacher so requests on or before
31	the first day of the school year. Such request shall be filed in the local
32	school administrative unit which employs the teacher. The payment of
33	the annual salary in 12 installments instead of 10 shall not increase or
34	decrease said annual salary nor in any other way alter the contract made
35	between the teacher and the said local school administrative unit; nor
36	shall such payment apply to any teacher who is employed for a period of
37	less than 10 months. Included within the 10 calendar months
38	employment shall be annual vacation leave at the same rate provided for
39	State employees, computed at one twelfth $(1/12)$ of the annual rate for
40	State employees for each calendar month of employment; which shall
41	be provided by each local board of education at a time when students
12	are not scheduled to be in regular attendance. However, vacation leave
13	for instructional personnel who do not require a substitute shall not be

restricted to days that students are not in attendance. Included within the 1 10 calendar months employment each local board of education shall 2 3 designate the same or an equivalent number of legal holidays occurring 4 within the period of employment for academic teachers as those 5 designated by the State Personnel Commission for State employees: on 6 a day that employees are required to report for a workday but pupils are 7 not required to attend school due to inclement weather, a teacher may 8 elect not to report due to hazardous travel conditions and to take an 9 annual vacation day or to make up the day at a time agreed upon by the 10 employee and the employee's immediate supervisor or principal. Within policy adopted by the State Board of Education, each local board of 11 12 education shall develop rules designating what additional portion of the 10 calendar months not devoted to classroom teaching, holidays, or 13 14 annual leave shall apply to service rendered before the opening of the 15 school term, during the school term, and after the school term and to fix 16 and regulate the duties of state-allotted teachers during said period, but 17 in no event shall the total number of workdays exceed 200 days. If one 18 or more scheduled teacher workdays are displaced due to hazardous weather conditions, a local board may select dates, including dates 19 20 beyond the 10 calendar months during which teachers and their 21 supervisors may agree to make up the displaced days provided the workdays fall within the fiscal year. Local boards may approve school 22 improvement plans that include teacher workdays outside the 10 23 24 calendar months provided the workdays fall within the fiscal year. A teacher and the teacher's supervisor may agree to schedule workdays 25 outside the 10 calendar months provided the workdays fall within the 26 fiscal year. Teachers may be paid on the tenth calendar month pay date 27 for workdays scheduled to occur after the tenth calendar month but 28 before the end of the fiscal year. A teacher who resigns, is dismissed, or 29 whose contract is not renewed and who fails to make up previously 30 agreed upon workdays scheduled after the 10 calendar months shall 31 repay to the local board any salary payments owed due to the failure to 32 make up the workdays. A teacher who continues to be employed by a 33 local board but fails to make up previously agreed upon workdays 34 scheduled after the 10 calendar months may be subject to dismissal 35 under G.S. 115C-325. Local boards of education shall consult with the 36 employed public school personnel in the development of the 10-37 calendar-months schedule." 38 39 Sec. 10. G.S. 115C-47(28) reads as rewritten:

40"(28)To Enter Lease Purchase Contracts for Automobiles.and Installment41Purchase Contracts. – Local boards may purchase automobiles by42installment contracts that create in the property purchased a security43interest to secure payment of the purchase money. A contract entered

1	into under this subdivision is subject to the provisions of Article 8 of
2	Chapter 159 of the General Statutes, except for G.S. 159-148(a)(4)
3	and (b)(2). The lease purchase contract shall provide that there be no
4	recourse for default in payments under the contract other than return
5	of the automobile. The taxing power of any tax levying authority is
6	not and may not be pledged directly or indirectly to secure any
7	moneys due the seller. enter into lease purchase and installment
8	purchase contracts as provided in G.S. 115C-528."
9	Sec. 11. G.S. 115C-522(a) reads as rewritten:

10 "(a) It shall be the duty of local boards of education to purchase or exchange all supplies, equipment and materials in accordance with contracts made by or with the 11 12 approval of the Department of Administration. Title to instructional supplies, office supplies, fuel and janitorial supplies, enumerated in the current expense fund budget and 13 14 purchased out of State funds, shall be taken in the name of the local board of education 15 which shall be responsible for the custody and replacement: Provided, that no contracts shall be made by any local school administrative unit for purchases unless provision has 16 17 been made in the budget of the unit to pay for the purchases, unless surplus funds are on 18 hand to pay for the purchases, or unless the contracts are made pursuant to G.S. 115C-47(28) and G.S. 115C-528 and adequate funds are available to pay in the current fiscal 19 20 year the sums obligated for the current fiscal year, and in order to protect the State 21 purchase contractor, it is made the duty of the governing authorities of the local units to pay for these purchases promptly and in accordance with the terms of the contract of 22 23 purchase."

24 Sec. 12. Article 37 of Chapter 115C is amended by adding a new section to 25 read:

# 26"§ 115C-528. Lease purchase and installment purchase contracts for certain27equipment.

28 (a) Local boards of education may purchase or finance the purchase of 29 automobiles, school buses, mobile classroom units, photocopiers, and computers by lease 30 purchase contracts or installment purchase contracts as provided in this section. Computers purchased under this section shall meet the technical standards specified in 31 32 the North Carolina Instructional Technology Plan as developed and approved under G.S. 115C-102.6A and G.S. 115C-102.6B. 33 A lease purchase contract under this section creates in the local board the right 34 (b)

to possess and use the property for a specified period of time in exchange for periodic payments and shall include either an obligation or an option to purchase the property during the term of the contract. The contract may include an option to upgrade the property during the term. A local board may exercise an option to upgrade without rebidding the contract.

40 (c) <u>An installment purchase contract under this section creates in the property</u>
 41 <u>purchased a security interest to secure payment of the purchase price to the seller or to an</u>
 42 <u>individual or entity advancing moneys or supplying financing for the purchase</u>
 43 <u>transaction.</u>

1	(d) The term of a contract entered into under this section shall not exceed the
2	useful life of the property purchased. The term of the contract may be extended to reflect
3	a new useful life in the event the board exercises an option to upgrade.
4	(e) A contract entered into under this section shall be considered a continuing
5	contract for capital outlay and subject to G.S. 115C-441(c1).
6	(f) A contract entered into under this section is subject to Article 8 of Chapter 159
7	of the General Statutes, except for G.S. 159-148(a)(4) and (b)(2).
8	(g) <u>No contract entered into under this section may contain a nonsubstitution</u>
9	<u>clause that restricts the right of a local board to:</u>
10	(1) <u>Continue to provide a service or activity; or</u>
11	(2) <u>Replace or provide a substitute for any property financed or purchased</u>
12	by the contract.
13	(h) <u>No deficiency judgment may be rendered against any local board of education</u>
14	or any unit of local government, as defined in G.S. 160A-20(h), in any action for breach
15	of a contractual obligation authorized by this section, and the taxing power of a unit of
16	local government is not and may not be pledged directly or indirectly to secure any
17	moneys due under a contract authorized by this section."
18	Sec. 13. The Information Resource Management Commission shall develop
19 20	and annually revise guidelines for determining the useful life of computers purchased
20	under G.S. 115C-528. The Division of Purchase and Contract shall develop and
21 22	periodically revise guidelines for determining the useful life of automobiles, school
22	buses, and photocopiers purchased under G.S. 115C-528. The Local Government
23 24	Commission shall develop and periodically revise guidelines for determining the useful life of mobile algorroom units nurshaged under G.S. 115C 528. Guidelines for commuters
24 25	life of mobile classroom units purchased under G.S. 115C-528. Guidelines for computers and photocopiers shall include provisions for upgrades during the term of the contract.
23 26	The Information Resource Management Commission, the Division of Purchase and
20 27	Contract, and the Local Government Commission shall provide their respective
27	guidelines to the State Board of Education by November 1, 1996. The State Board of
28 29	Education shall provide the guidelines to local boards of education by January 1, 1997.
30	Sec. 14. (a) The State Board of Education shall develop and implement a two-
31	year pilot program allowing selected local school administrative units to purchase
32	supplies, equipment, and materials from noncertified sources. In developing the
33	program, the State Board shall collaborate with the Department of Administration on
34	establishing standards, specifications, and any other measures necessary to implement
35	and evaluate the pilot program. The State Board shall select six local school
36	administrative units that are diverse in geography and size to participate in the pilot
37	program.
38	(b) Local school administrative units participating in the pilot program shall
39	have the authority to purchase the same supplies, equipment, and materials from
40	noncertified sources as are available under State term contracts, subject to the following
	The second secon

41 conditions:

42 43 (1) The purchase price, including the cost of delivery, is less than the cost under the State term contract;

1	(2) The cost of the purchase shall not exceed the bid value benchmark
2	established under G.S. 143-53.1;
3	(3) The local school administrative unit documents in writing the cost
4	savings; and
5	(4) The local school administrative unit shall provide annually by July 1 an
6	itemized report of the cost savings to the State Board of Education.
7	(c) The requirements listed in subsection (b) of this section shall not apply to
8	purchases from noncertified sources that fall below the economic ordering quantity of a
9	State term contract.
10	(d) The State Board of Education shall provide to the Department of
11	Administration copies of the itemized annual reports produced by the local school
12	administrative units participating in the pilot programs. The State Board of Education
13	shall evaluate the information provided by the participating units and make an interim
14	report of its findings and recommendations to the Joint Legislative Education Oversight
15	Committee by September 1, 1997, and a final report by September 1, 1998.
16	Sec. 15. G.S. 115C-521(d) reads as rewritten:
17	"(d) Local boards of education shall make no contract for the erection or repair of
18	any school building unless the site upon which it is located is owned in fee simple by the
19	board; Provided, that the board of education of a local school administrative unit, with the
20	approval of the board of county commissioners, may board.
21	Notwithstanding G.S. 115C-40 and subject to the approval of the board of county
22	commissioners, local boards of education may:
23	(1) Enter into contracts for the repair or renovation of school buildings not
24	owned in fee simple by the board; and
25	(2) appropriate <u>Appropriate</u> funds to aid in the establishment of a school
26	facility and the operation thereof in an adjoining local school
27	administrative unit when a written agreement between the boards of
28	education of the administrative units involved has been reached and the
29	same recorded in the minutes of the boards, whereby children from the
30	administrative unit making the appropriations shall be entitled to attend
31	the school so established. ♦
32	In all cases where title to property has been vested in the trustees of a special charter
33	district which has been abolished and has not been reorganized, title to the property shall
34	be vested in the local board of education of the county embracing the former special
35	charter district."
36	Sec. 16. G.S. 153A-158.1(d) reads as rewritten:
37	"(d) Board of Education May Contract for Construction. – Notwithstanding the
38 39	provisions of G.S. 115C-40 and G.S. 115C-521, a local board of education may enter into contracts for the erection or repair of school buildings upon sites owned in fee simple by
39 40	contracts for the erection or repair-of school buildings upon sites owned in fee simple by one or more counties in which the local school administrative unit is located."
40 41	Sec. 17. G.S. 115C-326 reads as rewritten:
42	"§ 115C-326. Performance standards and criteria for professional employees; law
43	suits arising out of this section.
15	suns and surver and becaute

1	(a) The State Board of Education, in consultation with local boards of education,
2	shall develop uniform performance standards and criteria to be used in evaluating
3	professional public school employees. It shall develop rules and regulations to recommend
4	the use of these standards and criteria in the employee evaluation process. The
5	performance standards and criteria shall be adopted by the Board by July 1, 1982, and may be
6	modified in the discretion of the Board.
7	Local boards of education shall adopt rules and regulations by July 1, 1982-to provide
8	for the annual-evaluation of all professional employees defined as teachers by G.S. 115C-
9	<u>325(a)(6). in G.S. 115C-325(a)(6)</u> . All teachers shall be evaluated annually unless a local
10	board adopts rules that allow specified categories of teachers with career status to be
11	evaluated less frequently. Local boards may also adopt rules and regulations-requiring the
12	annual evaluation of other school employees not specifically covered in this section.
13	Local boards may develop and use alternative evaluation approaches for teachers
14	provided the evaluations are properly validated. Local boards that do not develop
15	alternative evaluations Rules and regulations adopted by local boards shall utilize the
16	performance standards and criteria adopted by the State Board of Education, but are not
17	limited to those standards and criteria. Education pursuant to the first paragraph of this
18	section; however, the standards and criteria used by local boards are not to be limited by those
19	adopted by the State Board of Education.
20	(b) If any claim is made or any legal action is instituted against an employee of a
21	local school administrative unit on account of an act done or an omission made in the
22	course of the employee's duties in evaluating employees pursuant to this section, the local
23	board of education, if the employee is held not liable, shall reimburse the employee for
24	reasonable attorney's fees.
25	(c) The State Board of Education shall recommend to the General Assembly by
26	December 1, 1986, a program to remedy deficiencies and difficulties revealed through the
27	evaluation process required by this section and to develop new skills on the part of
28	classroom teachers."
29	Sec. 18. G.S. 115C-47 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:
30	"(33a) <u>To Approve and Use Textbooks Not Adopted by State Board of</u>
31	Education. – Local boards of education shall have the authority to
32	select, procure, and use textbooks not adopted by the State Board
33	of Education as provided in G.S. 115C-98(b1)."
34	Sec. 19. G.S. 115C-85 reads as rewritten:
35	"§ 115C-85. Textbook needs are determined by course of study.
36	When the State Board of Education has adopted, upon the recommendation of the
37	Superintendent of Public Instruction, a standard course of study at each instructional level
38	in the elementary school and the secondary school, setting forth what subjects shall be
39 40	taught at each level, it shall proceed to select and adopt textbooks.
40	As used in this part, 'textbook' means systematically organized material
41	comprehensive enough to cover the primary objectives outlined in the standard course of study for a grade or source. Formats for taythooks may be print or population
42	study for a grade or course. Formats for textbooks may be print or nonprint, including

43 hardbound books, softbound books, activity-oriented programs, classroom kits, and

technology-based programs that require the use of electronic equipment in order to be 1 2 used in the learning process. 3 Textbooks adopted in accordance with the provisions of this Part shall be used by the 4 public schools of the State. State except as provided in G.S. 115C-98(b1)." 5 Sec. 20. G.S. 115C-98 reads as rewritten: 6 "§ 115C-98. Local boards of education to provide for local operation of the textbook 7 program and program, the selection and procurement of other 8 instructional materials.-materials, and the use of nonadopted textbooks. 9 (a) Local boards of education shall adopt rules and regulations not inconsistent with 10 the policies of the State Board of Education concerning the local operation of the textbook program. 11 12 (b)Local boards of education shall adopt written policies concerning the procedures to be followed in their local school administrative units for the selection and 13 14 procurement of supplementary textbooks, library books, periodicals, audio-visual 15 audiovisual materials, and other supplementary instructional materials needed for instructional purposes in the public schools of their units. 16 Local boards of education shall have sole authority to select and procure 17 18 supplementary instructional materials, whether or not the materials contain commercial advertising, to determine if the materials are related to and within the limits of the 19 20 prescribed curriculum, and to determine when the materials may be presented to students 21 during the school day. Supplementary materials and contracts for supplementary materials are not subject to approval by the State Board of Education. 22 23 Supplementary books and other instructional materials shall neither displace nor be 24 used to the exclusion of basic textbooks. Local boards of education may: 25 (b1) Select, procure, and use textbooks that have not been adopted by the 26 (1)27 State Board of Education for use throughout the local school administrative unit for selected grade levels and courses; and 28 Approve school improvement plans developed under G.S. 115C-105.22 29 (2)30 that include provisions for using textbooks that have not been adopted by the State Board of Education for selected grade levels and courses. 31 32 All textbook contracts made under this subsection shall include a clause granting to the local board of education the license to produce braille, large print, and audiocassette 33 tape copies of the textbooks for use in the local school administrative unit. 34 35 (c) Funds allocated by the State Board of Education or appropriated in the current expense or capital outlay budgets of the local school administrative units, may be used 36 for the above-stated purposes." 37 38 Sec. 21. G.S. 115C-112 is repealed. Sec. 22. G.S. 115C-391 is amended by adding a new subsection to read: 39 "(g) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the policies and procedures for 40 the discipline of students with disabilities shall be consistent with federal laws and 41 42 regulations." --- CONFORMING CHANGES 43

Sec. 23. G.S. 115C-105.3 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 115C-105.3. Purpose.

3 The purpose of the Commission is to develop high and clearly defined education standards for the public schools of North Carolina. These standards shall specify the 4 5 skills and the knowledge that high school graduates should possess in order to be 6 competitive in the modern economy. The purpose of the Commission is also to develop fair and valid assessments to assure that high school graduates in North Carolina meet 7 8 these standards. No later than the Spring semester of the year 2000 or as soon as the State 9 Board of Education adopts the standards and system of assessments, every graduating 10 high school senior shall be required to achieve these standards as a condition for receiving a diploma. 11

These high standards and assessments shall focus on the key skills needed by students as they strive to be successful after high school and shall reflect the high expectations for every student demanded by the State's education mission in G.S. 115C-81(a), 115C-238.1, and 115C-238.13(a). 115C-81(a) and G.S. 115C-105.20. Once these key skills are identified, parents, teachers, and the entire school community should be encouraged to help each student meet the student's fullest potential."

18

38

1 2

Sec. 24. G.S. 115C-238.23 reads as rewritten:

#### 19 "§ 115C-238.23. Implementation by local school boards.

If a school administrative unit decides to proceed with the project the following procedures shall be followed:

(a) The local board in a participating local school administrative unit shall select a
 school building that is under construction as its first school under the project.

24 The local board shall issue a request for proposals for leadership teams to bid (b) to operate the selected school. A team shall mean three or more individuals. To reflect the 25 diversity required to implement the purpose of the project defined in G.S. 115C-238.22, 26 27 the abilities and experience of team members may include: administrative and educational policy and planning skills; familiarity with technology for schools; 28 29 management and classroom experience; and familiarity with the needs of diverse and special populations. One member shall be designated as the principal or leader of the 30 team. At least twenty-five percent (25%) of the team members shall be certificated in 31 32 accordance with the regulations of the State Board of Education or G.S. 115C-238.6. 33 Education.

Team members awarded the contract shall, if not already, become employees of the local board and become subject to local personnel policies.

- 36 (c) The request for proposals shall include the following minimum requirements: 37 (1) A statement of principles that the local board wants the bidding teams t
  - (1) A statement of principles that the local board wants the bidding teams to address;
- 39 (2) A specified amount of money available for the operation of the building,
  40 which amount shall be within the limits of funds available for the size of
  41 school being opened for bid;
- 42 (3) A framework for accountability plans by which the success of the 43 project site can be measured, which accountability plans shall include

1		the student performance indicators adopted by the State Board of
2		Education pursuant to G.S. 115C-238.1(3), the School Improvement and
3		Accountability Act of 1989, and shall include factors such as student,
4		parent, and employee satisfaction, parental involvement, community
5		service, and evidence of a focus on developing thinking and reasoning
6		skills;
7	(4)	The student population of a Genesis school shall be representative of its
8		local school administrative unit, shall be racially balanced, and students
9		shall be assigned on a geographic basis;
10	(5)	The mission of the school shall not establish religion nor prohibit the
11		free exercise thereof insofar as that is permitted in a public school by the
12		North Carolina and United States Constitutions; and
13	(6)	Bidding teams shall address how the criteria listed in G.S. 115C-81(b)
14		will be met or varied by the Genesis program.
15	The local bo	ard may include other requirements in the request for proposals.
	(1) TT1 1	

16 (d) The local board shall secure private funding for any additional non-State and 17 nonlocal funds required for the project before awarding a contract to a team to operate the 18 selected school.

(e) The local board shall appoint an advisory committee composed of educators,
 elected officials, parents of children enrolled in the local school administrative unit, and
 community leaders from within and without the local school administrative unit to screen
 proposals for the school building and to make recommendations to the local board of
 education on the proposals.

The local board shall consider the recommendations of the advisory committee and shall award the contract. All contract negotiations and the award of the contract shall be conducted in open session notwithstanding G.S. 143-318.11(a)(9). The contract shall be for a term not to exceed four years. It may be terminated by the local board at any time for any reason it deems sufficient; it may be terminated by the team for any reason it deems sufficient, but only at the end of a school year and only with 60 days' written notice to the local board of education.

31 The team that receives the contract shall interview and select all personnel for (f)the building. The team may select personnel from the current employees of the local 32 33 board. All teachers employed in a Genesis school shall hold or be qualified to hold a certificate in accordance with the regulations of the State Board of Education or G.S. 34 35 115C-238.6.-the School Improvement and Accountability Act of 1989. The local board shall hire those persons selected by the team so long as those positions are within State, 36 local, and other funds approved for this project by the local board. In no event shall a 37 38 local board dismiss or demote any employee pursuant to G.S. 115C-325(e)(1)l. as a result 39 of a Genesis project.

Hiring shall take place no later than July 1, prior to the opening of the new building.
The team shall begin conducting training and planning sessions as staff is hired.

The local board or the management team may employ noncertificated persons on a temporary basis or for special projects.

1 (g) The participating school building team shall initiate a comprehensive 2 accountability program immediately. The results shall be published annually and 3 compared to those of traditional schools.

(h) After the third and fourth years of the project, the local board shall review
student outcome achievement results of the existing project site. After the fourth year of
the project the local board may decide whether to continue the project in the first school
and whether an additional building within the school system shall be added to the project.
If the board decides to expand the project to a second school the procedures outlined in
this section shall be followed.

10 The second school chosen for the project shall be an existing school that is producing below average results in student achievement as compared to other schools in the unit. 11 12 Criteria which may be considered to evaluate student achievement may include: test scores, the success of graduating students, attendance, graduation and dropout rates, the 13 14 numbers of children enrolled in free lunch or Chapter 1 programs, the education level of 15 the parents of children enrolled in the school, the teaching experience of the school staff, and whether the building has been successful in meeting the goals of the systemwide plan 16 17 developed in accordance with G.S. 115C-238.1 through G.S. 115C-238.6. the School 18 Improvement and Accountability Act of 1989."

19

Sec. 25. G.S. 115C-238.31(a) reads as rewritten:

20 Local school administrative units are encouraged to implement extended "(a) 21 services programs that will expand students' opportunities for educational success through high-quality, integrated access to instructional programming during nonschool 22 23 Extended services programs may be incorporated into building-level school hours. 24 improvement plans developed in accordance with G.S. 115C-238.3. 115C-105.22. To 25 implement extended services programs, local school administrative units may request waivers of 26 State laws, regulations, and policies in accordance with Part 4 of this Article.- Calendar alternatives include, but are not limited to, after-school hours, before-school hours, 27 evening school, Saturday school, summer school, and year-round school. Instructional 28 29 programming may include, but is not limited to, tutoring, direct instruction, enrichment 30 activities, study skills, and reinforcement projects."

31

41

Sec. 26. G.S. 115C-276(q) reads as rewritten:

To Assign School Principals. - Subject to local board policy, the 32 "(q) superintendent shall have the authority to assign principals to school buildings. When 33 34 making an assignment, the superintendent shall consider (i) whether a principal has demonstrated the leadership ability to increase student achievement at a school where 35 conditions indicated a significant risk of low student performance; and (ii) how to 36 maintain stability at a school where, during the time the principal has been at a school, 37 there has been significant improvement on end-of-course or end-of-grade tests and other 38 39 accountability indicators measures developed by the State Board in accordance with G.S. 40 115C-238.1. of Education."

Sec. 27. G.S. 115C-302(e) reads as rewritten:

42 "(e) It is the policy of the State of North Carolina to enhance the teaching43 profession by providing teachers with career opportunities that do not remove them from

the classroom; to encourage the development and implementation of a professional salary 1 2 schedule that complements the system of differentiation; to have salaries of professional 3 educators in elementary and secondary schools based upon performance, degree attained, 4 differentiation and the needs of the local school administrative unit; and to begin, in the 5 school year beginning in 1986, a differential salary system based upon performance, 6 differentiation, local availability of classroom teachers, geographical location of the employing local school administrative unit and such other factors as the local board of 7 8 education shall deem necessary.

9 Performance shall be measured by standardized evaluations which are routinely administered pursuant to G.S. 115C-326 by competent and trained administrators who 10 have themselves demonstrated meritorious performance in the classroom. G.S. 115C-326. 11 12 Differentiation shall be based upon superior performance over a period of time plus other responsibilities. Needs of the local school administrative unit over and above the standard 13 14 course of study shall be defined by the local board of education exclusively funded from 15 revenues provided at the discretion of the board of county commissioners or from other local funds under the control of the local board of education. 16

Each salary may include a local variable component, determined locally and based upon the needs and condition of the local school administrative unit. This local variable component shall be paid from local revenue."

Sec. 28. Notwithstanding G.S. 115C-105.21A(1), the State Board of Education shall authorize pilot projects in the Mecklenburg County School Administrative Unit and in the Burke County School Administrative Unit so that the boards of education in those units may use State funds from the allotment for teacher assistants for certificated teachers in order to reduce class size or the student-teacher ratio in kindergarten through third grade, in accordance with school improvement plans developed under G.S. 115C-105.22. No waivers from the State Board of Education are required for this use of funds.

#### 27 —-STREAMLINE APA FOR ABC PLAN

28 Sec. 29. (a) G.S. 150B-21.2(a)(1) shall not apply to proposed rules adopted by 29 the State Board of Education if the proposed rules are directly related to the 30 implementation of this act.

31 (b) Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-21.3(b), a permanent rule that is adopted by the State Board of Education, is approved by the Rules Review Commission, and is directly 32 33 related to the implementation of this act, shall become effective five business days after the Commission delivers the rule to the Codifier of Rules, unless the rule specifies a later 34 35 effective date. If the State Board of Education specifies a later effective date, the rule becomes effective upon that date. A permanent rule that is adopted by the State Board of 36 Education that is directly related to the implementation of this act, but is not approved by 37 38 the Rules Review Commission, shall not become effective.

39 (c) G.S. 150B-21.4(b1) shall not apply to permanent rules the State Board of
 40 Education proposes to adopt if those rules are directly related to the implementation of
 41 this act.

42 (d) The State Board of Education shall determine whether a proposed rule is 43 directly related to this act based upon a finding that there is a rational relationship

between the proposed rule and specific provisions of this act. A proposed rule may 1 2 create, amend, or repeal a rule. The State Board shall indicate in the notice of proposed text that the rule is directly related to the implementation of this act and that the Board is 3 4 proceeding under the authority granted by this act. 5 (e) The State Board of Education shall provide written notice to all boards of 6 county commissioners and all local boards of education of proposed rules that are directly 7 related to the implementation of this act and that would affect the expenditures or 8 revenues of a unit of local government under G.S. 150B-21.4(b). The notice shall state 9 that a copy of the fiscal note may be obtained from the State Board. 10 (f) This section shall not apply to Sections 10-16 of this act. 11 12 Sec. 30. There is appropriated from the General Fund to State Aid to Local School Administrative Units the sum of twenty-four million five hundred thirty-two 13 14 thousand five hundred fifty dollars (\$24,532,550) for the 1996-97 fiscal year. The State 15 Board of Education shall allocate these funds to local school administrative units for 16 personnel who are identified as eligible for performance recognition awards under G.S. 17 115C-105.29 as follows: 18 (1)\$21,000,000 to be distributed on a per capita basis of no less than \$500.00 and no more than \$1,000 for personnel other than teacher 19 20 assistants. 21 (2)\$3,532,550 to be distributed on a per capita basis to teacher assistants in the amount of one-half the amount under subdivision (1) of this section. 22 —-EFFECTIVE DATES 23 24 Sec. 31. (a) Section 14 of this act becomes effective July 1, 1996, and applies to State term contracts for which bids or offers are solicited on or after that date. 25 Section 30 of this act becomes effective July 1, 1996, and the remainder of the 26 (b)27 act is effective upon ratification. 28 (c)Part 3 of Article 8B of Chapter 115C of the General Statutes, as rewritten in

Section 3 of this act, applies to any school that has any grades of kindergarten through eighth grade beginning with the 1996-97 school year, and to the remaining schools beginning with the 1997-98 school year. The State Board shall establish appropriate deadlines for the development of school improvement plans after July 1, 1996.