SESSION 1993

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SENATE BILL 1411*

Short Title: Amend N.C. Lien Law.

(Public)

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Sponsors: Senators Hartsell; and Blackmon.

Referred to: Judiciary II.

May 25, 1994

A BI	LL [ГО	BE	EN	ΓITΙ	LED

2	AN ACT TO AMEND THE GENERAL STATUTES REGARDING LIENS ON REAL
3	PROPERTY AND TO AMEND AND MAKE PERMANENT THE LAW
4	REGARDING ATTORNEYS' FEES IN ACTIONS RELATING TO LIENS ON
5	REAL PROPERTY AND PAYMENT AND PERFORMANCE BONDS, AS
6	RECOMMENDED BY THE GENERAL STATUTES COMMISSION.
7	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
8	Section 1. Article 2 of Chapter 44A of the General Statutes reads as
9	rewritten:
10	"ARTICLE 2.
11	" STATUTORY LIENS ON REAL PROPERTY <u>AND ON FUNDS</u> .
12	"PART 1. <u>GENERAL PROVISIONS: LIE</u> NS OF MECHANICS, LABORERS
13	AND MATERIALMEN DEALING WITH OWNER. <u>PERSONS</u>
14	FURNISHING LABOR, SERVICES, OR MATERIALS.
15	"§ 44A-7. Definitions.
16	Unless the context otherwise requires in this Article:
17	(1) 'Improve' means to build, effect, alter, repair, or demolish any
18	improvement upon, connected with, or on or beneath the surface of
19	any real property, or to excavate, clear, grade, fill or landscape any real
20	property, or to construct driveways and private roadways, or to furnish
21	materials, including trees and shrubbery, for any of such purposes, or
22	to perform any labor upon such improvements, and shall also mean
23	and include any design or other professional or skilled services
24	furnished by architects, engineers, land surveyors and landscape

1		architects registered under Chapter 83A, 89A or 89C of the General
2		Statutes.
3	(2)	'Improvement' means all or any part of any building, structure,
4		erection, alteration, demolition, excavation, clearing, grading, filling,
5		or landscaping, including trees and shrubbery, driveways, and private
6		roadways, on real property.
7	(3)	An 'owner' is a person who has an interest in the real property
8		improved and for whom an improvement is made and who ordered the
9		improvement to be made. "Owner" includes successors in interest of
10		the owner and agents of the owner acting within their authority.
11	(4)	'Real property' means the real estate that is improved, including lands,
12		leaseholds, tenements and hereditaments, and improvements placed
13		thereon.
14	In this Artic	<u>le:</u>
15	<u>(1)</u>	'Contractor' means a person who contracts with an owner to improve
16		real property.
17	<u>(2)</u>	'First tier subcontractor' means a person who contracts with a
18		contractor to improve real property.
19	<u>(3)</u>	'Improve' means to build, effect, alter, repair, or demolish any
20		improvement upon, connected with, or on or beneath the surface of
21		any real property, or to excavate, clear, grade, fill or landscape any real
22		property, or to construct driveways and private roadways, or to furnish
23		materials, including trees and shrubbery, for any of such purposes, or
24		to perform any labor upon such improvements, and shall also mean
25		and include any design or other professional or skilled services
26		furnished by architects, engineers, land surveyors, and landscape
27		architects registered under Chapter 83A, 89A or 89C of the General
28		Statutes, and rental of equipment directly utilized on the real property
29		in making the improvement.
30	<u>(4)</u>	'Improvement' means all or any part of any building, structure,
31		erection, alteration, demolition, excavation, clearing, grading, filling,
32		or landscaping, including trees and shrubbery, driveways, and private
33		roadways, on real property.
34	<u>(5)</u>	'Lien' means any lien on funds or on real property or claim of a lien on
35		funds or on real property under this Article and includes any document
36		filed under G.S. 44A-12 or served under G.S. 44A-19.
37	<u>(6)</u>	'Lien on funds' means any lien or claim of a lien with respect to funds
38		under this Article and includes any document served under G.S. 44A-
39	/ _ \	<u>19.</u>
40	<u>(7)</u>	'Lien on real property' means any lien or claim of a lien with respect to
41		real property under this Article and includes any document filed under
42		<u>G.S. 44A-12.</u>
43	<u>(8)</u>	<u>'Lienor' means a person who has either a lien on real property or a lien</u>
44		on funds or both under this Article.

	1993	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
1	<u>(9)</u>	'Obligor' means an owner, contractor, or subcontractor in any tier who
2	<u>(</u>	owes money to another as a result of the other's partial or total
3		performance of a contract to improve real property.
ŀ	<u>(10)</u>	<u>'Owner' means a person who has an interest in the real property and for</u>
	<u>()</u>	whom an improvement is made and who ordered the improvement to
)		be made. 'Owner' includes successors in interest of the owner and
,		agents of the owner acting within their authority.
}	(11)	'Protected party' means an individual who purchases and takes record
)	<u>,</u>	title to a single family dwelling unit, all or a part of which the
)		individual or an individual to whom the individual is related occupies
		or intends to occupy as a residence. An individual is 'related' to an
		individual if that individual is (i) the spouse of the individual; (ii) a
		brother, brother-in-law, sister, or sister-in-law of the individual; (iii) an
		ancestor or descendant of the individual or of the individual's spouse;
		or (iv) any other relative by blood, marriage, or adoption of the
		individual or the individual's spouse if the relative shares the same
,		residence with the individual.
	<u>(12)</u>	'Real property' means the real estate that is improved, including lands,
)		leaseholds, tenements and hereditaments, and improvements placed
		thereon.
	<u>(13)</u>	'Second tier subcontractor' means a person who contracts with a first
		tier subcontractor to improve real property.
	<u>(14)</u>	'Third tier subcontractor' means a person who contracts with a second
		tier subcontractor to improve real property.
		aiver, release, or subordination of any lien on real property.
)		section applies to any waiver, release, or subordination of any lien on
	real property.	in a faction for the second mean of any
})		iver of a lien on real property in consideration for the awarding of any
		making of an improvement on real property under this Article is against
)	* * *	d is unenforceable. This section does not prohibit any waiver or release r the contract by the lienor is made. This section does not prohibit any
	subordination at	•
}		iver, release, or subordination of a lien on real property requires no
, 	consideration.	iver, release, or subordination of a new on rear property requires no
r)		ct to G.S. 44A-18(8), a waiver, release, or subordination of a lien on
, -)	<u> </u>	rves to waive, release, or subordinate the rights of all parties claiming
, 7		ving, releasing, or subordinating party.
}		Vaiver, release, or subordination of any lien on funds ineffective;
)		romise or settlement.
1		lease, or subordination of a lien on funds prior to receipt of full payment
		g, releasing, or subordinating party is against public policy and is
	by the waiving	
1 2 3	unenforceable.	This section shall not prevent parties from resolving by compromise or mount of the claim giving rise to a lien on funds.

1	Nothing in this Article shall extend a lien on real property to the real property of the
2	State of North Carolina or of any agencies, municipalities, counties, or other political
2	subdivisions of the State of North Carolina.
3 4	
4 5	" <u>§ 44A-7.4. Applicability of lien on funds to public contracts.</u>
	A lien on funds shall apply to public contracts for the improvement of real property
6	only as to funds received by a contractor from the public owner. No lien on funds or liability with respect to a lien on funds may be enforced against the State of North
7	liability with respect to a lien on funds may be enforced against the State of North
8 9	<u>Carolina or any agencies, municipalities, counties, or other political subdivisions of the</u> State of North Carolina.
9 10	"§ 44A-7.5. Agency.
11	Any lien or notice that may be filed, recorded, or given pursuant to this Article may
12	be executed, filed, recorded, or given by the lienor's agent or attorney.
12	"§ 44A-7.6. Acknowledgment not required.
14	Any document that may be served, recorded, or filed under this Article need not be
15	acknowledged.
16	"PART 1A. LIENS OF PERSONS FURNISHING LABOR, SERVICES, OR
17	MATERIALS DEALING WITH AN OWNER.
18	"§ 44A-8. Mechanics', laborers' and materialmen's lien; persons Persons entitled
19	to lien. <u>lien on real property.</u>
20	Any person who performs or furnishes labor or professional design or surveying services
21	or furnishes materials-improves real property pursuant to a contract, either express or
22	implied, with the <u>an</u> owner of real property for the making of an improvement thereon to
23	real property shall, upon complying with the provisions of this Article, Part, have a lien
24	on such the real property to secure payment of all debts owing for labor done or
25	professional design or surveying services or material furnished pursuant to such the contract.
26	"§ 44A-9. Extent of lien. lien on real property.
27	Liens authorized under the provisions of this Article-A lien on real property shall extend
28	to the improvement and to the lot or tract on which the improvement is situated, to the
29	extent of the interest of the owner. When the lot or tract on which a building is erected an
30	improvement is made is not surrounded at the time of making the contract with the
31	owner by an enclosure separating it from adjoining land of the same owner, the lot or
32	tract to which any lien on real property extends shall be such area as is reasonably
33	necessary for the convenient use and occupation of such building, improvement, but in
34	no case shall the area include a building, structure, or improvement not normally used or
35	occupied or intended to be used or occupied with the building-improvement with respect
36	to which the lien <u>on real property</u> is claimed.
37	"§ 44Ai Liens granted by this Article shall relate to and take effect from the time of
38	the first furnishing of labor or materials at the site of the improvement
39	by the person claiming the lien.
40	"§ 44A-10.1. Priority of contractor's lien on real property.
41	(a) <u>General Priority. – Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the</u>
42	following rules apply to determining the priority of a contractor's lien on real property:
43	(1) If a contractor's lien on real property is filed while a notice of
44	commencement is effective as to the improvement in connection with

	1993	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
1		which the contractor's lien on real property arises, the priority of the
2		contractor's lien on real property is determined as of the time the notice
3		of commencement is recorded.
4	(2)	If a contractor's lien on real property is filed while there is no effective
5	<u>(</u> _/	notice of commencement as to the improvement in connection with
6		which the contractor's lien on real property arises, the priority of the
7		contractor's lien on real property is determined as of the time the
8		contractor's lien on real property is filed.
9	(b) Prior	ity Against a Subsequent Purchaser That Is a Protected Party. – Whether
10	. ,	of commencement has been recorded, in order for a contractor's lien on
11	real property to	o have priority over the interest of a subsequent purchaser that is a
12		or a successor in interest to the subsequent purchaser, the contractor's
13	lien on real pro	perty shall be filed before the document conveying an interest in the real
14	property to the	protected party is recorded.
15		lotice of commencement; recording.
16		pt as provided in subsection (b) of this section, a notice of
17		shall be signed by the owner, shall be denominated 'notice of
18		', and shall state:
19	<u>(1)</u>	A description sufficient to identify the real property being or intended
20		to be improved;
21	<u>(2)</u>	The name, address, and interest in the real property of the owner;
22	<u>(3)</u>	The name and address of the record owner (if different from the owner
23		named pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection);
24	$\frac{(4)}{(5)}$	The name and address of the contractor or contractors; and
25 26	(5)	<u>The duration of the notice of commencement.</u> ng form shall be sufficient:
26 27	<u>The following</u>	ng torm shan be sumcient.
27	'NO	TICE OF COMMENCEMENT, OWNER RECORDING
28 29		AKE NOTICE that this notice of commencement is recorded pursuant to
30	G.S. 44A-10.2(*
31	<u>1.</u>	<u>Description of the real property upon which the improvements are</u>
32	<u></u>	being or intended to be made (Street address, tax lot and block
33		number, reference to recorded instrument, or any other description of
34		the real property is sufficient, whether or not it is specific, if it
35		reasonably identifies what is described.):
36		
37		<u></u>
38		<u></u>
39	<u>2.</u>	The name, address, and interest in the real property of the owner:
40		<u></u>
41		
42		
43	<u>3.</u>	The name and address of the record owner (if different from the owner
44		<u>named above):</u>

1		
2		
3		
4	4.	The name and address of the contractor or contractors:
5	—	
6		
7		
8	5.	Duration of this notice of commencement (not less than six months or
9	<u> </u>	more than three years; if none stated, duration is one year):
10		<i>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </i>
11		
12		
13		
14		(Insert name of owner)
15		Owner
16		
17		By:(signature)
18		<u> </u>
19	(b) If th	ere is no effective notice of commencement applicable to an
20		lienor who is entitled to file a lien on real property may sign and record
21	<u> </u>	nmencement denominated 'notice of commencement, lienor recording',
22	stating:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
23	(1)	A description sufficient to identify the real property being or intended
24	~~/	to be improved;
25	(2)	The name and address of the record owner, against whom the notice of
26	~~/	commencement is effective;
27	(3)	The name and address of the lienor recording the notice of
28	<u>+</u> /	commencement;
29	(4)	The name and address of the owner or other person with whom the
30	<u>+</u> /	lienor contracted with respect to the improvement;
31	<u>(5)</u>	The name and address of each contractor and subcontractor (if not the
32	<u>+</u> /	lienor) through which the lienor asserts its lien on real property;
33	<u>(6)</u>	A brief description of the labor, services, or materials furnished or to
34	_/	be furnished by the lienor for the improvement; and
35	(7)	The duration of the notice of commencement, which shall be one year.
36	<u> </u>	ng form shall be sufficient:
37		<u>.</u>
38	'NO	TICE OF COMMENCEMENT, LIENOR RECORDING
39		AKE NOTICE that the lienor is entitled to a lien on real property and
40		ice of commencement pursuant to G.S. 44A-10.2(b) and (g).
41	1.	Description of the real property upon which the improvements are
42	<u></u>	being or intended to be made (Street address, tax lot and block
43		number, reference to recorded instrument, or other description of the

	1993	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
1 2 3		real property is sufficient, whether or not it is specific, if it reasonably identifies what is described.):
4		
5		
6	<u>2.</u>	The name and address of the record owner against whom the notice of
7	—	commencement is effective:
8		<u></u>
9		
10		
11	<u>3.</u>	The name and address of the lienor recording this notice of
12		<u>commencement:</u>
13 14		
14 15		
16	4.	The name and address of the owner or other person with whom the
17	<u> </u>	lienor contracted with respect to the improvement:
18		
19		
20		<u></u>
21	<u>5.</u>	The name and address of each contractor and subcontractor (if not the
22		lienor) through which the lienor asserts its lien on real property:
23		
24		
25	6	
26 27	<u>6.</u>	<u>A brief description of the labor, services, or materials furnished or to</u> <u>be furnished by the lienor for the improvement:</u>
27		be runnished by the henor for the improvement.
20 29		
30		
31	<u>7.</u>	Duration of this notice of commencement: One year.
32	_	
33		(Insert name of lienor)
34		Lienor
35		
36		By:(signature)
37	(c) A 1'	an an anomalian a motion of a survey survey shall be a straight of the straigh
38		enor recording a notice of commencement shall send a copy of the notice
39 40		owner no later than the date it is recorded by depositing it in the United est class postage prepaid, addressed to the owner at the address shown on
40 41		of the county in which the property is located, or by any other method of
41		actual delivery. The failure of the lienor to send the notice of
43		at to the record owner shall not impair the effectiveness of the notice.
		*

1	(d) A notice of	commencement recorded by an owner may state a duration of any
2	<u> </u>	f three years after it is recorded, but if the duration stated is less
2	-	duration of the notice is six months after it is recorded. If no
4	-	luration of the notice is one year after it is recorded. The duration
5		incement recorded by a lienor is one year after it is recorded, and
6		stated in the notice is not effective.
7	-	or the lienor who recorded a notice of commencement may extend
8	<u> </u>	and recording, before the notice lapses, a continuation statement
9		cation in the record and date of recording of the notice of
10		ates the date to which duration of the notice is extended, which
11		than one year from the date of the recording of that continuation
12		ed notice of commencement shall be effective as of the time of the
13		al notice. Continuation statements for successive terms may be
14	recorded pursuant to th	•
15	(f) The notice of	of commencement is effective only as to the contractor named in
16	the notice and those p	ersons claiming through that contractor. In the case of multiple
17	contracts with an own	er for the same improvement, the notice shall be effective only as
18	to the contractors name	ed in the notice and those persons claiming through them.
19	(g) The notice c	f commencement shall be recorded in the office of the register of
20	deeds in each county w	where the improvement or any part of the improvement is located.
21	The register of deeds	shall index the notice of commencement in the real property
22	records under the name	e of the record owner of the real property at the time the notice is
23	recorded, as grantor, a	nd under the names of the contractor or contractors named in the
24	notice, as grantee.	
25		commencement shall be recorded prior to the issuance of a permit
26		<u>3A-357(c) and G.S. 160A-417(c).</u>
27		ation of notice of commencement; request for notice.
28		or the lienor who recorded a notice of commencement may
29		to all or any identified portion of the real property subject to the
30	notice of commenceme	
31		rding, in the office where the notice of commencement was
32		ded, a notice of termination denominated 'termination of notice of
33		nencement' and containing:
34	<u>a.</u>	The information required by G.S. 44A-10.2(a) or (b) for a
35	1.	notice of commencement;
36	<u>b.</u>	A reference to the recorded notice of commencement by its
37		location in the record and a statement of its date of recording:
38	<u>c.</u>	A statement of the effective date of the notice of termination,
39 40		which may not be earlier than 30 days after the notice of termination is recorded; and
40 41	Ł	termination is recorded; and
41 42	<u>d.</u>	If the notice of termination is intended to apply only to a portion of the real property subject to the notice of
42 43		commencement, a statement of that fact and a description of the
J		commencement, a statement of that fact and a description of the

1993

	1993	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
		portion of the real property to which the notice of termination
2		applies; and
	(2)	Sending, at least 21 days before the effective date of the notice of
		termination, a copy of the notice of termination, showing the date it
		was recorded, to all persons who have requested that the person
		recording the notice of commencement notify them of the recording of
		a notice of termination. The notice of termination shall be sent by
	<u>.</u>	depositing it in the United States mail, first class postage prepaid,
		addressed to the person to be notified, or by any other method
		effecting its actual delivery. Either (i) a certificate of service and a
		receipt from the United States Post Office showing the person and
		address to which the notice was sent and the date of mailing or (ii) a
		receipt signed by the requestor dated not less than 10 days before the
		effective date of termination shall be proof that the notice of
		termination was timely sent. Third parties shall be entitled to rely on
		such proof unless they have actual knowledge that the notice of
		termination was not sent.
		erson may request a copy of a notice of termination by recording a
	-	e of termination in the office of the register of deeds in each county
		of commencement is recorded. The request shall be indexed in the real under the name of the record owner as grantor and shall be described
		Book
	<u>as Req. 101 10/11</u>	Jook
		'REQUEST FOR NOTICE OF TERMINATION
		OF NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT
	'The undersig	ned requests a copy of any Notice of Termination recorded with
	-	lotice of Commencement recorded in Book at Page,
	C	ounty Registry. The copy of the Notice of Termination shall be sent to
	the undersigned a	t the address indicated.
		<u></u>
		NAME OF PARTY REQUESTING COPY
		<u></u>
	STE	REET ADDRESS OR POST OFFICE BOX NUMBER
		<u>CITY, STATE, AND ZIP CODE'</u>
	"8 44 A 11 Dame	acting light a light on real property
		ecting liens. a lien on real property.
		by this Article shall be Upon filing a lien on real property pursuant to lien on real property is perfected as of the time set forth in G.S. 44A-10
	<u>0.5. 44A-12, ule</u>	$\frac{11}{10} \frac{1}{10} $

1	44A-10.1 upon-	filing of claim of lien pursuant to G.S. 44A-12 and may be enforced
2	pursuant to G.S.	. 44A-13.
3	[*] § 44A-12. Filin	ng claim of lien. <u>a</u> lien on real property.
4		of FilingAll claims of A lien against any on real property must shall be
5		ce of the clerk of superior court in each county wherein where the real
6	property subject	t to the elaim of-lien on real property is located. The clerk of superior
7		the elaim of-lien on real property on the judgment docket and index the
8		name of the record owner of the real property at the time the claim of
9		perty is filed. An additional copy of the claim of lien may also be filed with
10		Feree in bankruptcy or assignee for benefit of creditors who obtains legal
11	authority over the	real property.
12	(b) Time	of Filing Claims of A lien on real property may be filed at any time
13	after the maturity	y of the obligation secured thereby-contract for the improvement has been
14	made but not l	later than 120 days after the last furnishing of labor-labor, services, or
15	materials at the	site of the improvement by or on behalf of the person claiming the lien.
16	lien on real prop	berty.
17	(c) Conte	ents of Claim of a Lien to Be Filed.on Real Property All claims of A lien
18	must-on real pro	perty shall be filed using a form substantially as follows:
19	_	
20		CLAIM OF LIEN <u>'LIEN ON REAL PROPERTY</u>
21	'PLEASE T	AKE NOTICE that the lienor, being a contractor as defined by G.S.
22	44A-7 or a sub	contractor asserting rights under G.S. 44A-18, claims a lien on the real
23	property describ	bed below:
24	(1)	Name and address of the person claiming the lien: lienor:
25		<u></u>
26		<u></u>
27		<u></u>
28	(2)	Name and address of the record owner of the real property claimed to
29		be subject to the lien on real property at the time the elaim of-lien on
30		<u>real property</u> is filed:
31		<u></u>
32		<u></u>
33		<u></u>
34	(3)	Description of the real property upon which the subject to the lien is
35		elaimed:-on real property (Street address, tax lot and block number,
36		reference to recorded instrument, or any other description of real
37		property is sufficient, whether or not it is specific, if it reasonably
38		identifies what is described):
39		<u></u>
40		<u></u>
41		<u></u>
42	(4)	Name and address of the person-party with whom the claimant-lienor
43		contracted for the furnishing of labor-labor, services, or materials:

1993	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
	<u></u>
	<u></u>
(5)	Date upon which labor or materials were first furnished upon said
<i>.</i> –	property by the claimant:
(5a	1
(6)	property by the claimant:
(6)	General description of the labor performed <u>or to be performed</u> , <u>services rendered or to be rendered</u> , or materials furnished <u>or to be</u>
	<u>furnished</u> , and the amount claimed therefor: or to be claimed for the
	labor, services, or materials, with principal and any interest stated
	separately:
	<u></u>
<u>(7)</u>	Is this lien on real property being filed by a subcontractor in order to
	perfect the contractor's lien on real property, if any, pursuant to the
	rights of the subcontractor as provided in G.S. 44A-18, or to perfect a
	lien on real property to the extent of the direct liability of the owner, if
	any, under G.S. 44A-20(d)? If so, check here [].
	(Insert name of lienor)
	Lien Claimant Lienor
	Elen Chumant <u>Elener</u>
	By:(signature)
Filed this	day of, 19
	CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT-COURT'
A 1	
-	description of the labor performed labor, services, or materials furnished is
	s not necessary for lien claimant a lienor to file an itemized list of materials atement of labor performed. labor, services, or materials.
	Amendment of Claim of Lien.Lien on Real Property; Multiple Filings. – A
. ,	n real property filed under this Article may not be amended. A claim of lien
	led by a claimant or his authorized agent or attorney and a new claim of lien
-	refor within the time herein provided for original filing. A lienor may file
subsequent lie	ens on real property with respect to the same improvement and the same
contract. An	subsequent lien on real property shall be treated as a separate filing for
	riority and computation of periods of filing and enforcement of a lien on
real property.	
	ice of Assignment of <u>Claim of Lien.Lien on Real Property.</u> – When a claim
ot-lien on rea	property has been filed, it may be assigned of record by the lien claimant

lienor in a writing filed with the clerk of superior court who shall note said-the

2 assignment in the margin of the judgment docket containing the elaim of lien. lien on real 3 property. Thereafter the assignee becomes the lien claimant lienor of record. In order for

the assignment to be effective against the owner, the owner shall receive actual notice of 4 5 the assignment.

6 (f) Waiver of Right to File or Claim Liens as Consideration for Contract Against 7 Public Policy. - An agreement to waive the right to file or claim a lien granted under 8 this Article, which agreement is in anticipation of and in consideration for the awarding 9 of any contract, either expressed or implied, for the making of an improvement upon 10 real property under this Article is against public policy and is unenforceable. This section does not prohibit subordination or release of a lien granted under this Article.

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12 "§ 44A-13. Action to enforce lien.-lien on real property.

Where and When Action Instituted Commenced. - An action to enforce the-a 13 (a) 14 lien created by this Article-on real property may be instituted-commenced in any county in 15 which the lien is filed.-where venue is otherwise proper. No such action may be commenced 16 later than 180 days after the last furnishing of labor or materials at the site of the improvement by the person claiming the lien. The action shall be commenced not later than 180 days 17 from the filing of the lien on real property. The time within which to commence an 18 19 action to enforce a lien on real property is not extended by virtue of a voluntary 20 dismissal without prejudice taken under G.S. 1A-1, Rule 41(a). If the title to the real property against which the lien on real property is asserted is by law vested in a receiver 21 22 or trustee in bankruptcy, is subject to the control of a bankruptcy court, the lien on real property shall be enforced in accordance with the orders of the court having jurisdiction 23 over said the real property: the filing of a proof of claim in bankruptcy or with 24 a receiver within the time required by this section satisfies the requirement for the 25 commencement of a civil action and the filing of a notice of lis pendens. 26

27 (b)28 property may be entered for the principal amount shown to be due, not exceeding the 29 principal amount stated in the claim of lien enforced thereby. due and shall bear interest as 30 provided in G.S. 24-5. The judgment shall direct a sale of the real property subject to the 31 lien thereby enforced. property, shall specify the lien on real property to which the judgment relates, and shall state the priority date of the lien on real property. To the 32 33 extent that a judgment is entered for an amount in excess of the amount stated in the lien 34 on real property plus interest, the excess shall not be enforced as a lien on real property but shall be a separate judgment enforceable under G.S. 1-233 and G.S. 1-234. 35

Notice of Action. - Unless the action enforcing the lien created by this Article 36 (c)37 is instituted in the county in which the lien is filed, in order for the sale under the 38 provisions of G.S. 44A-14(a) to pass all title and interest of the owner to the purchaser 39 good against all claims or interests recorded, filed or arising after the first furnishing of 40 labor or materials at the site of the improvement by the person claiming the lien, a A notice of lis pendens shall be filed in each county in which the real property subject to 41 the lien on real property is located located, except the county in which the action is 42 commenced. The notice of lis pendens shall be filed within the time provided in 43 subsection (a) of this section for the commencement of the action by the lienor. within 44

180 days after the last furnishing of labor or materials at the site of the improvement by 1 2 the person claiming the lien. It shall not be necessary to file a notice of lis pendens in 3 the county in which the action enforcing the lien is commenced in order for the judgment entered therein and the sale declared thereby to carry with it the priorities set 4 5 forth in G.S. 44A-14(a). If neither an action nor a notice of lis pendens is filed in each 6 county in which the real property subject to the lien is located within 180 days after the 7 last furnishing of labor or materials at the site of the improvement by the person 8 claiming the lien, as to real property claimed to be subject to the lien in such counties 9 where the action was neither commenced nor a notice of lis pendens filed, the judgment 10 entered in the action enforcing the lien shall not direct a sale of the real property subject to the lien enforced thereby nor be entitled to any priority under the provisions of G.S. 11 12 44A-14(a), but shall be entitled only to those priorities accorded by law to money 13 judgments.

- 14
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"§ 44A-14. Sale of property in satisfaction of judgment enforcing lien <u>on real</u> <u>property</u> or upon order prior to judgment; distribution of proceeds.

16 (a) Execution Sale; Effect of Sale. – Except as provided in subsection (b) of this 17 section, sales under this Article and distribution of proceeds thereof shall be made in 18 accordance with the execution sale provisions set out in G.S. 1-339.41 through 1-19 339.76. The sale of real property to satisfy a lien granted by this Article on real property 20 shall pass all title and interest of the owner to the purchaser, good against all claims or 21 interests recorded, filed or arising after the first furnishing of labor or materials at the site of 22 the improvement by the person claiming a lien. against which the lien on real property has 23 priority under G.S. 44A-10.1, 44A-18.1, or 44A-20.1.

24 Sale of Property upon Order Prior to Judgment. – A resident judge of superior (b)court in the district in which the action to enforce the lien on real property is pending, a 25 judge regularly holding the superior courts of the said that district, any judge holding a 26 27 session of superior court, either civil or criminal, in the said-that district, a special judge 28 of superior court residing in the said-that district, or the chief judge of the district court 29 in which the action to enforce the lien on real property is pending, may, upon notice to 30 all interested parties and after a hearing thereupon and upon a finding that a sale prior to 31 judgment is necessary to prevent substantial waste, destruction, depreciation or other damage to said the real property prior to the final determination of said the action, order 32 any real property against which a lien under this Article on real property is asserted, sold 33 34 in any manner determined by said-the judge to be commercially reasonable. The rights 35 of all parties shall be transferred to the proceeds of the sale. Application for such-the order and further proceedings thereon may be heard in or out of session. 36

37 "§ 44A-15. Attachment available to lien claimant. lienor.

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1	(a) <u>A lie</u>	n on real property is discharged by failure to enforce the lien on real
2		ordance with G.S. 44A-13 within the time limitations prescribed in this
3	Article.	*
4	<u>(b)</u> Any <u>Any</u>	<u>A</u> lien filed under this Article may be <u>on real property is</u> discharged by any
5		methods: in whole or, if so provided, in part, and the clerk of superior
6	-	cel the lien of record to the extent discharged upon the request of any
7	person, when:	
8	(1)	The lien claimant of record, his agent or attorney, in the presence of
9		the clerk of superior court may acknowledge the satisfaction of the lien
10		indebtedness, whereupon the clerk of superior court shall forthwith
11		make upon the record of such lien an entry of such acknowledgment of
12		satisfaction, which shall be signed by the lien claimant of record, his
13		agent or attorney, and witnessed by the clerk of superior court. An
14		instrument requesting that the lien on real property be discharged in
15		whole or in part, signed by the lienor or the lienor's agent or attorney,
16		and acknowledged before a person authorized to administer oaths, is
17		filed with the clerk of superior court;
18	(2)	The owner may exhibit an instrument of satisfaction signed and
19		acknowledged by the lien claimant of record which instrument states
20		that the lien indebtedness has been paid or satisfied, whereupon the
21		clerk of superior court shall cancel the lien by entry of satisfaction on
22		the record of such lien. An instrument stating that the indebtedness
23		secured by the lien on real property has been paid or discharged,
24		signed by the lienor or the lienor's agent or attorney, and
25		acknowledged before a person authorized to administer oaths, is filed
26	(2)	with the clerk of superior court;
27	$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$	By failure to enforce the lien within the time prescribed in this Article.
28	(4)	By filing in the office of the clerk of superior court the <u>The</u> original or <u>a</u>
29 20		certified copy of a <u>final</u> judgment or decree of a court of competent
30 31		jurisdiction showing that the <u>lienor's</u> action by the claimant to enforce
31 32		the lien <u>on real property</u> has been dismissed <u>with prejudice</u> or otherwise finally determined adversaly to the alaiment ligner is filed
33		<u>otherwise</u> finally determined adversely to the <u>elaimant</u> . <u>lienor</u> , is filed with the clerk of superior court;
33 34	(5)	Whenever a A sum equal to one and one-fourth times the principal
35	(3)	amount of stated in the lien <u>on real property</u> , which shall be applied to
36		the payment finally determined to be due, or liens claimed is deposited
37		with the clerk of <u>superior court</u> , to be applied to the payment finally
38		determined to be due, whereupon the clerk of superior court shall cancel the
39		lien or liens of record. court; or
40	(6)	Whenever a <u>A</u> corporate surety bond, in a sum equal to one and one-
41		fourth times the <u>principal</u> amount of the stated in the lien on real
42		property or liens claimed and conditioned upon the payment of the
43		amount finally determined to be due in satisfaction of said-the lien or
44		liens, on real property, is deposited with the clerk of court, whereupon

1993 **GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA** 1 the clerk of superior court shall cancel the lien or liens of record. superior 2 court. 3 "PART 2. LIENS OF MECHANICS, LABORERS AND 4 **MATERIALMEN PERSONS FURNISHING LABOR,** 5 SERVICES, OR MATERIALS DEALING WITH 6 **ONE A PERSON OTHER THAN AN OWNER.** 7 "§ 44A Unless the context otherwise requires in this Article: 8 'Contractor' means a person who contracts with an owner to improve (1)9 real property. 10 (2)'First tier subcontractor' means a person who contracts with a contractor to improve real property. 11 12 (3)'Obligor' means an owner, contractor or subcontractor in any tier who owes money to another as a result of the other's partial or total 13 14 performance of a contract to improve real property. 15 (4)'Second tier subcontractor' means a person who contracts with a first 16 tier subcontractor to improve real property. 17 (5)'Third tier subcontractor' means a person who contracts with a second 18 tier subcontractor to improve real property. 19 "§ 44A-18. Grant of lien; subrogation; perfection. Subcontractors' liens; perfection; 20 enforcement. Upon compliance with this Article: Subcontractors are entitled to liens provided by this 21 section, subject to other requirements in this Article: 22 23 First Tier Subcontractors. (1)24 A first tier subcontractor who furnished labor or materials at the a. site of the improvement shall be entitled to a lien upon on funds 25 which that are owed or become owed to the contractor with 26 whom the first tier subcontractor dealt and which arise out of-for 27 the improvement on which the first tier subcontractor worked or 28 29 furnished labor, services, or materials. 30 A first tier subcontractor, to the extent of that subcontractor's b. lien on funds provided in G.S. 44A-18(1)a., upon compliance 31 32 with subdivision (7) of this section, may perfect and enforce the 33 lien on real property of the contractor with whom the subcontractor dealt. The first tier subcontractor's lien on real 34 property under this sub-subdivision shall not exceed in amount 35 the lesser of the lien on funds provided to the first tier 36 subcontractor by G.S. 44A-18(1)a. or the amount of the 37 38 contractor's lien on real property provided by G.S. 44A-8. Second Tier Subcontractors. 39 (2)A second tier subcontractor who furnished labor or materials at the 40 a. 41 site of the improvement-shall be entitled to a lien upon-on funds 42 which that are owed or become owed to the first tier

subcontractor with whom the second tier subcontractor dealt

and which arise out of-for the improvement on which the second

43 44

1			tier subcontractor worked or furnished labor, services, or
2			materials. A second tier subcontractor, to the extent of his lien
3			provided in this subdivision, shall also be entitled to be subrogated to
4			the lien of the first tier subcontractor with whom he dealt provided
5			for in subdivision (1) and shall be entitled to perfect it by notice to
6			the extent of his claim.
7		<u>b.</u>	A second tier subcontractor, to the extent of that subcontractor's
8		_	lien on funds provided in G.S. 44A-18(2)a., upon compliance
9			with subdivision (6) of this section, may perfect and enforce the
10			lien on funds under G.S. 44A-18(1)a. of the first tier
11			subcontractor with whom the second tier subcontractor dealt.
12			The second tier subcontractor's lien on funds under this sub-
13			subdivision upon funds that are owed or become owed to the
13			contractor by the owner shall not exceed in amount the lesser of
15			(i) the lien on funds provided to the second tier subcontractor by $C = 444$, $18(2) = 450$ (ii) the lien on funds provided to the first
16			<u>G.S. 44A-18(2)a.; or (ii) the lien on funds provided to the first</u> tion subcontractor has $C = 44A + 18(1)a$
17			tier subcontractor by G.S. 44A-18(1)a.
18		<u>C.</u>	A second tier subcontractor, to the extent of that subcontractor's $\frac{1}{100}$ and $\frac{1}{100}$ $\frac{1}{100}$
19			lien on funds provided in G.S. 44A-18(2)a., upon compliance
20			with subdivision (7) of this section, may perfect and enforce the
21			lien on real property that the first tier subcontractor with whom
22			the second tier subcontractor dealt may enforce under G.S.
23			44A-18(1)b. The second tier subcontractor's lien on real
24			property under this sub-subdivision shall not exceed in amount
25			the least of (i) the lien on funds provided to the second tier
26			subcontractor by G.S. 44A-18(2)a.; (ii) the lien on funds
27			provided to the first tier subcontractor by G.S. 44A-18(1)a.; or
28			(iii) the amount of the contractor's lien on real property
29			provided by G.S. 44A-8.
30	(3)	Third	Tier Subcontractors.
31		<u>a.</u>	A third tier subcontractor who furnished labor or materials at the
32			site of the shall be entitled to a lien upon on funds which that are
33			owed or become owed to the second tier subcontractor with
34			whom the third tier subcontractor dealt and which arise out of-for
35			the improvement on which the third tier subcontractor worked or
36			furnished labor, services, or materials. A third tier subcontractor,
37			to the extent of his lien provided in this subdivision, shall also be
38			entitled to be subrogated to the lien of the second tier subcontractor
39			with whom he dealt and to the lien of the first tier subcontractor with
40			whom the second tier subcontractor dealt to the extent that the
41			second tier subcontractor is entitled to be subrogated thereto, and in
42			either case shall be entitled to perfect the same by notice to the extent
43			of his claim.
44		<u>b.</u>	A third tier subcontractor, to the extent of that subcontractor's
45			lien on funds provided in G.S. 44A-18(3)a., upon compliance

	1993		GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
1 2 3			with subdivision (6) of this section, may perfect and enforce the lien on funds under G.S. 44A-18(2)a. of the second tier subcontractor with whom the third tier subcontractor dealt. The
4			third tier subcontractor's lien on funds under this sub-
5 6			subdivision upon funds that are owed or become owed to the first tier subcontractor by the contractor shall not exceed in
7 8			amount the lesser of (i) the lien on funds provided to the third tion subcontractor by $C = 44A + 18(2)a$; or (ii) the lien on funds
8 9			tier subcontractor by G.S. 44A-18(3)a.; or (ii) the lien on funds provided to the second tier subcontractor by G.S. 44A-18(2)a.
10			<u>c.</u> <u>A third tier subcontractor, to the extent of that subcontractor's</u>
11 12			<u>lien on funds provided in G.S. 44A-18(3)a., upon compliance</u> with subdivision (6) of this section, may perfect and enforce the
12			right of the second tier subcontractor under G.S. 44A-18(2)b. to
14			enforce the lien on funds under G.S. 44A-18(1)a. of the first tier
15			subcontractor with whom the second tier subcontractor dealt.
16 17			The third tier subcontractor's lien on funds under this sub- subdivision upon funds that are owed or become owed to the
18			contractor by the owner shall not exceed in amount the least of
19			(i) the lien on funds provided to the third tier subcontractor by
20			<u>G.S. 44A-18(3)a.; (ii) the lien on funds provided to the second</u> tion subcontractor has $C.S.$ 44A 18(2)a set (iii) the lien on funds
21 22			tier subcontractor by G.S. 44A-18(2)a.; or (iii) the lien on funds provided to the first tier subcontractor by G.S. 44A-18(1)a.
23			d. A third tier subcontractor, to the extent of that subcontractor's
24			lien on funds provided in G.S. 44A-18(3)a., upon compliance
25			with subdivision (7) of this section, may perfect and enforce the
26 27			lien on real property that the second tier subcontractor with whom the third tier subcontractor dealt may enforce under G.S.
28			<u>44A-18(2)c. The third tier subcontractor's lien on real property</u>
29			under this sub-subdivision shall not exceed in amount the least
30			of (i) the lien on funds provided to the third tier subcontractor
31 32			by G.S. 44A-18(3)a.; (ii) the lien on funds provided to the second tier subcontractor by G.S. 44A-18(2)a.; (iii) the lien on
33			funds provided to the first tier subcontractor by G.S. 44A-18(2)a., (iii) the hell off
34			18(1)a.; or (iv) the amount of the contractor's lien on real
35			property provided by G.S. 44A-8.
36		(4)	<u>Remote Tier Subcontractors. –</u> Subcontractors more remote than the
37 38			third tier who furnished labor or material at the site of the improvement improve real property shall be entitled to a lien upon on funds which
39			that are owed or become owed to the person with whom they the
40			remote tier subcontractors dealt and which arise out of for the
41			improvement on which they-the remote tier subcontractors furnished
42 43			labor-labor, services, or material, but such-the remote tier subcontractor subcontractors shall not be entitled to subcontraction to enforce the rights
43 44			<u>subcontractors</u> shall not be entitled to <u>subrogation</u> to <u>enforce</u> the <u>rights</u> <u>liens</u> of other persons.
			<u>rene</u> er outer persons.

1	(5)	<u>Amounts Secured by Lien on Funds.</u> <u>The liens A lien granted on funds</u>
2		under this section shall secure amounts earned by the lien claimant
3		lienor as a result of his-having furnished labor labor, services, or
4		materials at the site of the improvement under the contract to improve
5		real property, whether or not such amounts are due and whether or not
6		performance or delivery is complete. complete when notice is given to
7		the obligor.
8	(6)	<u>Perfection and Enforcement of Lien on Funds. – A lien upon-on funds</u>
9		granted under this section is and all rights to enforce another's lien on
10		funds are perfected upon the giving of notice in writing to the obligor
11		any obligor against whom the lien is asserted as provided in G.S. 44A-
12		19 and shall be effective upon the obligor's receipt of the notice. The
13		subrogation rights of a first, second, or third tier subcontractor to the lien of
14		the contractor created by Part 1 of Article 2 of this Chapter are perfected as
15		provided in G.S. 44A-23. A lien on funds is enforced by a civil action
16		and is subject to the statute of limitations in G.S. 1-52(2).
17	<u>(7)</u>	Perfection and Enforcement of a Lien on Real Property To perfect a
18		lien on real property, the subcontractor shall file in the office of the
19		clerk of superior court a lien on real property prepared in accordance
20		with G.S. 44A-12 with a copy of the subcontractor's lien on funds
21		prepared in accordance with G.S. 44A-19 and a certificate of service
22		substantially as required by G.S. 44A-19(d). Alternatively, the
23		subcontractor may combine the lien on real property with the lien on
24		funds in one form if the form contains the information required in G.S.
25		44A-12 and G.S. 44A-19 and includes a certificate of service
26		substantially as required by G.S. 44A-19(d). The lien on real property
27		under this subdivision may be filed at any time after the
28		subcontractor's contract for the improvement of real property is made
29		but not later than 120 days after the last furnishing of labor, services,
30		or materials at the site of the improvement pursuant to the contractor's
31		contract. The action to enforce a lien on real property under this
32		subdivision shall be commenced not later than 180 days from the date
33		of the filing of the lien on real property by the subcontractor under this
34		subdivision. If an action is commenced prior to the time of the
35		maturity of the owner's obligation to pay the contractor, the court,
36		upon motion and hearing, shall order that the action be stayed until the
37		maturity of the owner's obligation. The priority of the lien on real
38		property enforced by the subcontractor is governed by G.S. 44A-18.1.
39	<u>(8)</u>	No Prejudice to Subcontractor's Rights After Filing Upon the filing
40		of a lien on real property by a subcontractor, no waiver, release, or
41		subordination by an obligor nor any payment to an obligor shall be
42		effective to prejudice the filing subcontractor's lien on real property
43		without that subcontractor's written consent.

	1993	GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
1 2 3 4	<u>(9)</u>	<u>No Prejudice to Subcontractor's Rights After Notice. – Upon receipt</u> by the obligor of notice of a subcontractor's lien on funds, no waiver, release, or subordination by an obligor, nor an payment to an obligor, shall be effective to prejudice the subcontractor's lien on funds.
5	" <u>§ 44A-18.1.</u>	Priority of a subcontractor's lien on real property by virtue of
6	asser	ting the contractor's lien on real property.
7		eral Priority Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the
8	-	s apply to determining the priority of a subcontractor's lien on real
9		unt to G.S. 44A-18:
10	<u>(1)</u>	If there is an effective notice of commencement at the time a
11		subcontractor files a lien on real property pursuant to G.S. 44A-18, the
12		lien on real property has priority as of the time of the recording of the
13		notice of commencement.
14	<u>(2)</u>	If there is no effective notice of commencement at the time a
15		subcontractor files a lien on real property pursuant to G.S. 44A-18, the
16		lien on real property has priority as of the earliest of the time of filing
17		of (i) a lien on real property by the contractor through whom the
18 19		subcontractor claims a lien on real property; (ii) a lien on real property
19 20		by another subcontractor who claims a lien on real property through the same contractor: or (iii) the lien on real property by the
20 21		the same contractor; or (iii) the lien on real property by the subcontractor.
21	(b) Prior	ity Against a Subsequent Purchaser That is a Protected Party. – Whether
22	. ,	be of commencement has been filed and whether or not any other
23		any other subcontractor's lien on real property has been filed under this
25		r for a subcontractor's lien on real property pursuant to G.S. 44A-18 to
26		ver the interest of a subsequent purchaser that is a protected party or a
27	· ·	nterest to the subsequent purchaser, the subcontractor's lien on real
28		be filed before the document conveying an interest in the real property to
29	the protected pa	
30	"§ 44A-19. No	tice to obligor.
31	. ,	ce of a claim of lien to obligors shall be given by serving a subcontractor's
32	lien on funds w	hich shall set forth:
33	(1)	The name and address of the person claiming the lien, lien on
34		funds(lienor);
35	(2)	A general description of the real property improved, improved;
36	(3)	The name and address of the person with whom the lien claimant-lienor
37		contracted to improve real property, property;
38	(4)	The name and address of the owner and each person contractor or
39 40		subcontractor against or through whom subrogation rights are claimed,
40	(5)	the lienor makes this claim;
41 42	(5)	A general description of the <u>lienor's</u> contract and the person against whose interest the lien is claimed, contract; and
42 43	(6)	The amount claimed by the lien claimant-lienor under his-the lienor's
43 44	(0)	contract.
77		

1	(b) All notices of claims of liens on	funds given to obligors by first, second or third
2	tier subcontractors must shall be given us	ing a form substantially as follows:
3	_	
4	NOTICE OF C	LAIM OF LIEN BY
5	FIRST, SECOND OR TH	RD TIER SUBCONTRACTOR
6	<u>'SUBCONTRACT</u>	<u>OR'S LIEN ON FUNDS</u>
7		lienor claims a lien on funds owed to the
8		nst or through whom this claim is made. Upon
9		ot make any further payments to any of these
10		nents an amount sufficient to satisfy this lien on
11	funds. Failure to withhold sums as require	ed may result in direct liability to the lienor.
12		
13	To:	
14	1.	, owner of property involved.
15	(Name and address)	
16	2.	, general contractor.
17	(Name and address)	
18	3.	, first tier subcontractor
19	(Name and address)	against or through
20		whom subrogation is claimed,
21 22	4	<u>lienor claims,</u> if any.
22 23	4. (Name and address)	, second tier subcontractor
23 24	(Ivallie and address)	against or through whom <u>subrogation is claimed</u> ,
24 25		<u>lienor claims, if any.</u>
23 26	General description of real property	
20	rendered, or material furnished:	where labor performed performed, services
28	<u>rendered</u> , of material furnished.	
29		
30		
31	General description of undersigned lien cla	timant's lienor's contract including the names of
32	the parties thereto:	
33	I	
34		
35		
36	The amount of lien on funds claimed	pursuant to the above
37		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
38	The undersigned lien claimant lienor g	ives this notice of claim of lien Subcontractor's
39	-	ina law and claims all rights of subrogation to
40	which he the lienor is entitled under Part 2-	of Article 2 of Chapter 44A of the General Statutes
41	of North Carolina. entitled.	
42	DatedDated:	
43		, Lien Claimant
44		(Insert name of lienor)

1	993 GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
	Lienor
	By:(Signature)
	(Address) (Address)'
r	(c) All notices of claims of liens-liens on funds given to obligors by subcontractors nore remote than the third tier shall must be given using a form substantially as follows:
	NOTICE OF CLAIM OF LIEN BY SUBCONTRACTOR MORE REMOTE THAN THE THIRD TIER
	<u>'LIEN ON FUNDS BY SUBCONTRACTOR</u> MORE REMOTE THAN THE THIRD TIER
	'PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the lienor claims a lien on funds owed to the
s	subcontractor with whom the lienor dealt. Upon receipt of this lien on funds you may
	not make any further payment to the named subcontractor unless you retain from those
	by make any further payment to the named subconfluctor alless you retain from those bayments an amount sufficient to satisfy this lien on funds. Failure to withhold sums as
	equired may result in your direct liability to the lienor.
±	equired may result in your uncer natinity to the nentri.
٦	Го:
	, person holding funds against which
	(Name and Address) lien <u>on funds</u> is claimed.
(General description of real property where labor performed performed, services
	endered, or material furnished:
1	endered, or material farmoned.
(General description of undersigned lien claimant's lienor's contract including the names of
	he parties thereto:
·	r
	The amount of lien on funds claimed pursuant to the above
	described contract: \$
	The undersigned lien claimant-lienor gives this notice of claim of lien-Subcontractor's
I	Lien on Funds pursuant to North Carolina law and claims all rights to which he-the
	ienor is entitled under Part 2 of Article 2 of Chapter 44A of the General Statutes of North
	Densities antitlad

- 39 <u>Carolina. entitled.</u>40 Dated:
- 41, Lien Claimant
- 42(Insert name of lienor).....
- 43 Lienor

1	
2	By:(Signature)
3	
4	
5	(Address) (Address)
6	
7	(d) <u>A subcontractor's lien on funds Notices</u> -under this section shall be served upon
8	the obligor in person by any person, or by certified mail-mail, or in any other manner
9	authorized by the North Carolina Rules of Civil Procedure. A copy of the notice
10	subcontractor's lien on funds and a certificate of service shall be attached to any claim of
11	lien on real property filed pursuant to G.S. 44A-18 or G.S. 44A-20(d). The certificate of
12	service shall be in a form substantially as follows:
13	<u>'STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA</u>
14	COUNTY OF
15	
16	'On this day of, 19, I,(name), being the (title or
17	capacity of signor), of, lienor, served a copy of the foregoing
18	Subcontractor's Lien on Funds, upon
19	(hand delivery, certified mail, or in any other manner authorized by the North Carolina
20	Rules of Civil Procedure).
21	
22	(signature)
23	
24	(e) A subcontractor's lien on funds is not required to be filed in the office of the clerk
25	of superior court to be effective against the funds.
26	"§ 44A-20. Duties and liability of obligor.
27	(a) Upon receipt of the notice-lien on funds as provided for in this Article Part,
28	the obligor shall be under a duty to retain any funds subject to the lien or liens under this
29	Article up to the total amount of such liens as to which notice has withhold from all
30	further payments a sum sufficient to satisfy the lien or liens on funds that have been
31	received.
32	(b) If, after the receipt of the notice to the obligor, the obligor shall make further
33	payments to a contractor or subcontractor against whose interest the lien or liens are
34	claimed, the lien shall continue upon the funds in the hands of the contractor or
35	subcontractor who received the payment, and in addition the obligor shall be personally
36	liable to the person or persons entitled to liens up to the amount of such wrongful
37	payments, not exceeding the total claims with respect to which the notice was received
38	prior to payment.
39	(b1) The obligor shall be directly liable to the person or persons entitled to liens on
40	funds under this Part up to the amount of funds that the obligor is required to but fails to
41	withhold under this section.
42	(b2) If, after receipt of the lien on funds, the obligor makes further payment to a
43	<u>contractor or subcontractor against whose interest the lien or liens on funds are claimed</u>
44	without complying with subsection (a) of this section, the lien on funds shall continue

1993

1	upon the funds in the hands of the contractor or subcontractor who received the
2	payment.
3	(c) If an obligor shall make makes a payment after receipt of notice a lien on funds
4	and incur personal-incurs direct liability therefor, the obligor shall be-is entitled to
5	reimbursement and indemnification from the party receiving such the payment.
6	(d) If the obligor is an owner of the property being improved, the lien claimant
7	shall be lienor is entitled to a lien upon the interest on real property of the obligor in the
8 9	real property-to the extent of the owner's personal-direct liability under subsection (b), which lien shall be enforced only in the manner set forth in G.S. 44A-7 through 44A-16 and
9 10	which lien shall be entitled to the same priorities and subject to the same filing requirements
11	and periods of limitation applicable to the contractor. The lien is perfected as of the time set
12	forth in G.S. 44A-10 upon filing of claim of lien pursuant to G.S. 44A-12. (b1) of this section.
13	The lien on real property under this subsection may be filed at any time after the
14	subcontractor's contract for the improvement of real property is made but not later than
15	120 days after the last furnishing of labor, services, or materials at the site of the
16	improvement pursuant to the contractor's contract. The claim of lien on real property
17	shall be in the form set out in G.S. 44A-12(c) and shall contain, include, in addition, a
18	copy of the notice-subcontractor's lien on funds given pursuant to G.S. 44A-19 as an
19	exhibit-together with proof a certificate of service substantially in the form specified by
20	G.S. 44A-19(d) thereof by affidavit, and shall state the grounds the lien claimant has to
21	believe that the obligor is personally liable for the debt under subsection (b). and shall include
22	the information for subcontractors required by G.S. 44A-12(c)(7). The action to enforce
23	a lien on real property under this subsection shall be commenced not later than 180 days
24	from the date of the filing of the lien on real property by the subcontractor under this
25	subsection. The priority of a subcontractor's direct lien on real property pursuant to this
26	section is provided by G.S. 44A-20.1.
27	" <u>§ 44A-20.1. Priority of a subcontractor's direct liability lien on real property.</u>
28	The priority of a subcontractor's lien on real property arising pursuant to G.S. 44A-
29	20(d) shall be governed by G.S. 44A-10.1, and all references in G.S. 44A-10.1 to
30	<u>'contractor's lien on real property' shall be interpreted to mean 'subcontractor's lien on</u>
31	real property'.
32	"§ 44A-21. Pro rata payments.
33	In the event that the funds in the hands of the obligor and the obligor's personal direct
34	liability, if any, under the previous section <u>G.S. 44A-20</u> , are less than the principal
35	amount and interest of valid lien claims liens on funds that have been filed with received
36	by the obligor under this Article Part, the parties entitled to liens on funds shall share
37	the funds on a pro rata basis. The principal amount of valid liens shall be paid first,
38	without interest being considered on the proration. Any remaining funds shall be
39	prorated among the valid lienors on the basis of the remaining outstanding lien balance
40	<u>due each.</u>
41	"§ 44A-22. Priority of liens. liens on funds.
42	Liens <u>on funds</u> perfected under this <u>Article Part</u> have priority over all other interests
43	or claims theretofore or thereafter created or suffered in the funds by the person against

44 whose interest the lien <u>on funds is asserted, served, including</u>, but not limited to, liens

arising from garnishment, attachment, levy, judgment, assignments, security interests, 1 2 and any other type of transfer, whether voluntary or involuntary. Any security interest, 3 whether or not perfected, granted by the person against whose interest the lien on funds is served, any lien of a judgment creditor with levy of attachment or garnishment of the 4 5 interest of the person against whom the lien on funds is served, and the interest of any 6 purchaser for value, with or without notice, from the person against whom the lien on 7 funds is served shall be inferior to the lien on funds to the extent that funds exist in the 8 hands of the obligor at the time of service of the lien on funds. Any person who 9 receives payment from an obligor in bad faith with knowledge of a claim of lien on funds 10 shall take such payment subject to the claim of lien. lien on funds. "§ 44A-23. Contractor's lien; perfection of subrogation rights of subcontractor. 11 12 (a) First tier subcontractor. - A first tier subcontractor, who gives notice as 13 provided in this Article, may, to the extent of his claim, enforce the lien of the 14 contractor created by Part 1 of Article 2 of this Chapter. The manner of such 15 enforcement shall be as provided by G.S. 44A-7 through 44A-16. The lien is perfected as of the time set forth in G.S. 44A-10 upon filing of claim of lien pursuant to G.S. 44A-16 17 12. Upon the filing of the notice and claim of lien and the commencement of the action, 18 no action of the contractor shall be effective to prejudice the rights of the subcontractor 19 without his written consent. 20 Second or third subcontractor. -(b) 21 (1)A second or third tier subcontractor, who gives notice as provided in 22 this Article, may, to the extent of his claim, enforce the lien of the 23 contractor created by Part 1 of Article 2 of the Chapter except when: 24 The contractor, within 30 days following the date the building i. permit is issued for the improvement of the real property 25 involved, posts on the property in a visible location adjacent to 26 27 the posted building permit and files in the office of the Clerk of 28 Superior Court in each county wherein the real property to be 29 improved is located, a completed and signed Notice of Contract 30 form and the second or third tier subcontractor fails to serve 31 upon the contractor a completed and signed Notice of Subcontract form by the same means of service as described in 32 33 G.S. 44A-19(d); or 34 ii. After the posting and filing of a signed Notice of Contract and 35 the service of a signed Notice of Subcontract, the contractor 36 serves upon the second or third tier subcontractor, within five 37 days following each subsequent payment, by the same means of 38 service as described in G.S. 44A-19(d), the written notice of 39 payment setting forth the date of payment and the period for which payment is made as requested in the Notice of 40 41 Subcontract form set forth herein. 42 (2)The form of the Notice of Contract to be so utilized under this section 43 shall be substantially as follows and the fee for filing the same with the

1993		GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
		Clerk of Superior Court shall be the same as charged for filing a Claim of Lien:
		'NOTICE OF CONTRACT
'(1)	Name a	nd address of the Contractor:
' (2) Contract		nd address of the owner of the real property at the time this Notice of
Contract		cu.
' (3) map-lot a		description of the real property to be improved (street address, tax number, reference to recorded instrument, or any other description
		entifies the real property):
'(4)	Name a	and address of the person, firm or corporation filing this Notice of
Contract:		
'Datec	÷	
Filed this	the	<u>day of</u> , 19
Clerk of S	Superior	Court'
		The form of the Notice of Subcontract to be so utilized under this section shall be substantially as follows:
		'NOTICE OF SUBCONTRACT
'(1)	Name a	nd address of the subcontractor:
' (2) material		description of the real property where the labor was performed or the nished (street address, tax map lot and block number, reference to
		nt, or any description that reasonably identifies the real property):
'(3)		
		General description of the subcontractor's contract, including the names of the parties thereto:
		General description of the labor and material performed and furnished hereunder:

1	'(4) Requ	est is hereby made by the undersigned subcontractor that he be notified
2		the contractor of, and within five days following, each subsequent
3		contractor to the first tier subcontractor for labor performed or material
4		e improved real property within the above descriptions of such in
5		nd subparagraph (3)(ii), respectively, the date payment was made and the
6		h payment is made.
7	perio a for third	
8	'Dated:	
9	Duiva.	
10		
11		Subcontractor'
12	(4)	The manner of such enforcement shall be as provided by G.S. 44A-7
13	(\cdot)	through G.S. 44A-16. The lien is perfected as of the time set forth in
14		G.S. 44A-10 upon the filing of a Claim of Lien pursuant to G.S. 44A-
15		12. Upon the filing of the notice and claim of lien and the
16		commencement of the action, no action of the contractor shall be
17		effective to prejudice the rights of the second or third tier
18		subcontractor without his written consent.
19	"8 44A-23.1. A	Assignment of subcontractor's lien on funds.
20		ocontractor's lien on funds has been served, the lien on funds may be
21		lienor by a dated, notarized instrument which shall state the assignment.
22		shall be served upon the same parties as those required under G.S. 44A-
23	-	by the method required by this Article. Thereafter the assignee becomes
24	the lienor.	
25		ART 3. CRIMINAL SANCTIONS FOR FURNISHING
26		A FALSE STATEMENT IN CONNECTION WITH
27		IMPROVEMENT TO REAL PROPERTY.
28	"§ 44A-24. Fal	se statement a misdemeanor.
29	If any cont	ractor or other person receiving payment from an obligor for an
30	-	real property or from a purchaser for a conveyance of real property with
31	-	shall knowingly furnish to such the obligor, purchaser, or to a lender who
32	-	ity interest in said-the real property, or to a title insurance company
33		such the real property, a false written statement of the sums due or
34	claimed to be	due for labor-labor, services, or material furnished at the site of
35	improvements t	to such-the real property, then such-the contractor, subcontractor or other
36	person shall be	guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. Upon conviction and in the event the
37	court shall gran	nt any defendant a suspended sentence, the court may in its discretion
38	include as a c	ondition of such-the suspension a provision that the defendant shall
39	reimburse the p	party who suffered loss on such conditions as the court shall determine
40	are proper.	
41	The elemen	ts of the offense herein stated are the furnishing of the false written
42		knowledge that it is false and the subsequent or simultaneous receipt of
43	payment from a	an obligor or purchaser, and in any prosecution hereunder it shall not be

necessary for the State to prove that the obligor, purchaser, lender or title insurance 1 2 company relied upon the false statement or that any person was injured thereby." 3 Sec. 2. G.S. 153A-357 reads as rewritten: "§ 153A-357. Permits. 4 5 (a) No person may commence or proceed with: 6 (1)The construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, movement to 7 another site, removal, or demolition of any building; 8 (2)The installation, extension, or general repair of any plumbing system; 9 (3) The installation, extension, alteration, or general repair of any heating 10 or cooling equipment system; or (4) The installation, extension, alteration, or general repair of any 11 12 electrical wiring, devices, appliances, or equipment 13 without first securing from the inspection department with jurisdiction over the site of 14 the work each permit required by the State Building Code and any other State or local 15 law or local ordinance or regulation applicable to the work. A permit shall be in writing 16 and shall contain a provision that the work done shall comply with the State Building 17 Code and all other applicable State and local laws and local ordinances and regulations. 18 No permit may be issued unless the plans and specifications are identified by the name 19 and address of the author thereof; and if the General Statutes of North Carolina require 20 that plans for certain types of work be prepared only by a registered architect or 21 registered engineer, no permit may be issued unless the plans and specifications bear the North Carolina seal of a registered architect or of a registered engineer. If a provision 22 23 of the General Statutes of North Carolina or of any ordinance requires that work be 24 done by a licensed specialty contractor of any kind, no permit for the work may be issued unless the work is to be performed by such a duly licensed contractor. No permit 25 issued under Articles 9 or 9C of G.S. Chapter 143 shall be required for any construction, 26 27 installation, repair, replacement, or alteration costing five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less in any single-family residence or farm building unless the work involves: the 28 29 addition, repair or replacement of load bearing structures; the addition (excluding 30 replacement of same size and capacity) or change in the design of plumbing; the addition, replacement or change in the design of heating, air conditioning, or electrical 31 wiring, devices, appliances, or equipment; the use of materials not permitted by the 32 North Carolina Uniform Residential Building Code; or the addition (excluding 33 replacement of like grade of fire resistance) of roofing. Violation of this section 34 35 constitutes a Class 1 misdemeanor. 36 No permit shall be issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section for any (b)land-disturbing activity, as defined in G.S. 113A-52(6), for any activity covered by G.S. 37 38 113A-57, unless an erosion control plan has been approved by the Sedimentation

Pollution Control Commission pursuant to G.S. 113A-54(d)(4) or by a local government
pursuant to G.S. 113A-61 for the site of the activity or a tract of land including the site
of the activity.

42 (c) No permit shall be issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section unless a 43 copy of the notice of commencement with respect to the work pursuant to G.S. 44A-44 10.2, with evidence of its recording by the register of deeds in the county where the

1	permit is to be issued, is submitted with the application for the permit. A copy of the		
2	notice of commencement and evidence of its recording shall be retained in the file."		
3	Sec. 3. G.S. 160A-417 reads as rewritten:		
4	"§ 160A-417. Permits.		
5	(a) No person shall commence or proceed with:		
6	(1) The construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, movement to		
7	another site, removal, or demolition of any building or structure,		
8	(2) The installation, extension, or general repair of any plumbing system,		
9	(3) The installation, extension, alteration, or general repair of any heating		
10	or cooling equipment system, or		
11	(4) The installation, extension, alteration, or general repair of any		
12	electrical wiring, devices, appliances, or equipment,		
13	without first securing from the inspection department with jurisdiction over the site of		
14	the work any and all permits required by the State Building Code and any other State or		
15	local laws applicable to the work. A permit shall be in writing and shall contain a		
16	provision that the work done shall comply with the State Building Code and all other		
17	applicable State and local laws. No permits shall be issued unless the plans and		
18	specifications are identified by the name and address of the author thereof, and if the		
19	General Statutes of North Carolina require that plans for certain types of work be		
20	prepared only by a registered architect or registered engineer, no permit shall be issued		
21	unless the plans and specifications bear the North Carolina seal of a registered architect		
22	or of a registered engineer. When any provision of the General Statutes of North		
23	Carolina or of any ordinance requires that work be done by a licensed specialty		
24	contractor of any kind, no permit for the work shall be issued unless the work is to be		
25 26	performed by such a duly licensed contractor. No permit issued under Articles 9 or 9C		
26 27	of Chapter 143 shall be required for any construction, installation, repair, replacement, or alteration costing five thousand dollars (\$5,000) or less in any single family residence		
28	or farm building unless the work involves: the addition, repair or replacement of load		
29	bearing structures; the addition (excluding replacement of same size and capacity) or		
30	change in the design of plumbing; the addition, replacement or change in the design of		
31	heating, air conditioning, or electrical wiring, devices, appliances, or equipment; the use		
32	of materials not permitted by the North Carolina Uniform Residential Building Code; or		
33	the addition (excluding replacement of like grade of fire resistance) of roofing.		
34	Violation of this section shall constitute a Class 1 misdemeanor.		
35	(b) No permit shall be issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section for any		
36	land-disturbing activity, as defined in G.S. 113A-52(6), for any activity covered by G.S.		
37	113A-57, unless an erosion control plan has been approved by the Sedimentation		
38	Pollution Control Commission pursuant to G.S. 113A-54(d)(4) or by a local government		
39	pursuant to G.S. 113A-61 for the site of the activity or a tract of land including the site		

of the activity.
(c) No permit shall be issued pursuant to subsection (a) of this section unless a
copy of the notice of commencement with respect to the work pursuant to G.S. 44A10.2, with evidence of its recording by the register of deeds in the county where the

1993

1 permit is to be issued, is submitted with the application for the permit. A copy of the

2 notice of commencement and evidence of its recording shall be retained in the file."

3

Sec. 4. G.S. 44A-35 reads as rewritten:

4 "§ 44A-35. Attorneys' fees.

In any suit brought or defended under the provisions of Article 2 or Article 3 of this 5 6 Chapter, the presiding judge may allow a reasonable attorneys' fee to the attorney 7 representing the prevailing party. party only where there is privity of contract between 8 the prevailing party and the losing party. For purposes of this section, a claimant under 9 a payment bond shall be deemed to be in privity of contract with the surety. This The 10 attorneys' fee is to be taxed as part of the court costs and be payable by the losing party upon a finding that there was an unreasonable refusal by the losing party to fully resolve 11 12 the matter which constituted the basis of the suit or the basis of the defense. For 13 purposes of this section, 'prevailing party' is a party plaintiff or third party plaintiff who 14 obtains a judgment of at least fifty percent (50%) of the monetary amount sought in a 15 claim or is a party defendant or third party defendant against whom a claim is asserted 16 which results in a judgment of less than fifty percent (50%) of the amount sought in the 17 claim defended. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event an offer of judgment is 18 served in accordance with G.S. 1A-1, Rule 68, a 'prevailing party' is an offeree who 19 obtains judgment in an amount more favorable than the last offer or is an offeror against 20 whom judgment is rendered in an amount less favorable than the last offer."

21 Sec. 5. Section 4 of Chapter 1010 of the 1991 Session Laws reads as 22 rewritten:

"Sec. 4. Section 1 of this act is effective upon ratification and applies to actions
filed on or after the date of ratification. Section 2 of this act is effective upon
ratification. Section 3 of this act is effective upon ratification and applies to actions
filed on or after the date of ratification but before July 1, 1994. ratification."

27 Sec. 6. The Revisor of Statutes shall cause to be printed along with this act 28 all explanatory comments of the drafters of this act as the Revisor may deem 29 appropriate.

30 Sec. 7. Sections 1, 2, and 3 of this act become effective July 1, 1995, and 31 apply to liens on real property filed and liens on funds served on and after July 1, 1995. Claims of lien filed with the clerk of superior court under G.S. 44A-12 prior to July 1, 32 1995, shall be enforced in accordance with the law in effect at the time of filing. 33 34 Notices of claims of lien served under G.S. 44A-19 prior to July 1, 1995, shall be 35 enforced in accordance with the law in effect at the time of service, including the applicable provisions of G.S. 44A-23. Sections 4 and 5 of this act become effective 36 July 1, 1994. The remainder of this act is effective upon ratification. 37