

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
SESSION 1991

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SENATE BILL 155*
Judiciary I Committee Substitute Adopted 4/25/91
Third Edition Engrossed 5/8/91
Fourth Edition Engrossed 5/9/91
House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/17/91

Short Title: Improve APA Rule-Making Process.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

February 21, 1991

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2 AN ACT TO IMPROVE THE ADMINISTRATIVE RULE-MAKING PROCESS.

3 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

4 Section 1. Chapter 150B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
5 Article to read:

“ARTICLE 2A.

“RULES.

“PART 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

9 **“§ 150B-18. Scope and effect.**

10 This Article applies to an agency's exercise of its authority to adopt a rule. A rule is
11 not valid unless it is adopted in substantial compliance with this Article.

12 **“§ 150B-19. Restrictions on what can be adopted as a rule.**

13 An agency may not adopt a rule that does one or more of the following:

- 14 (1) Implements or interprets a law unless that law or another law
15 specifically authorizes the agency to do so.
16 (2) Enlarges the scope of a profession, occupation, or field of endeavor for
17 which an occupational license is required.
18 (3) Imposes criminal liability or a civil penalty for an act or omission,
19 including the violation of a rule, unless a law specifically authorizes

1 the agency to do so or a law declares that violation of the rule is a
2 criminal offense or is grounds for a civil penalty.

3 (4) Repeats the content of a law, a rule, or a federal regulation.

4 (5) Establishes a reasonable fee or other reasonable charge for providing a
5 service in fulfillment of a duty unless a law specifically authorizes the
6 agency to do so or the fee or other charge is for one of the following:

7 a. A service to a State, federal, or local governmental unit.

8 b. A copy of part or all of a State publication or other document,
9 the cost of mailing a document, or both.

10 c. A transcript of a public hearing.

11 d. A conference, workshop, or course.

12 e. Data processing services.

13 (6) Allows the agency to waive or modify a requirement set in a rule
14 unless a rule establishes specific guidelines the agency must follow in
15 determining whether to waive or modify the requirement.

16 **"§ 150B-20. Petitioning an agency to adopt a rule.**

17 (a) Petition. – A person may petition an agency to adopt a rule by submitting to
18 the agency a written rule-making petition requesting the adoption. A person may
19 submit written comments with a rule-making petition. If a rule-making petition requests
20 the agency to create or amend a rule, the person must submit the proposed text of the
21 requested rule change and a statement of the effect of the requested rule change. Each
22 agency must establish by rule the procedure for submitting a rule-making petition to it
23 and the procedure the agency follows in considering a rule-making petition.

24 (b) Time. – An agency must grant or deny a rule-making petition submitted to it
25 within 30 days after the date the rule-making petition is submitted, unless the agency is
26 a board or commission. If the agency is a board or commission, it must grant or deny a
27 rule-making petition within 120 days after the date the rule-making petition is
28 submitted.

29 (c) Action. – If an agency denies a rule-making petition, it must send the person
30 who submitted the petition a written statement of the reasons for denying the petition. If
31 an agency grants a rule-making petition, it must inform the person who submitted the
32 rule-making petition of its decision and must initiate rule-making proceedings. When
33 an agency grants a rule-making petition requesting the creation or amendment of a rule,
34 the notice of rule making it publishes in the North Carolina Register may state that the
35 agency is initiating rule-making proceedings as the result of a rule-making petition, state
36 the name of the person who submitted the rule-making petition, set out the text of the
37 requested rule change submitted with the rule-making petition, and state whether the
38 agency endorses the proposed rule change.

39 (d) Review. – Denial of a rule-making petition is a final agency decision and is
40 subject to judicial review under Article 4 of this Chapter. Failure of an agency to grant
41 or deny a rule-making petition within the time limits set in subsection (b) is a denial of
42 the rule-making petition.

43 **"§ 150B-21. Agency must designate rule-making coordinator.**

1 Each agency must designate one or more rule-making coordinators to oversee the
2 agency's rule-making functions. The coordinator must prepare notices of public
3 hearings, coordinate access to the agency's rules, and serve as the liaison between the
4 agency, other agencies, and the public in the rule-making process.

5 **"PART 2. ADOPTION OF RULES.**

6 **"§ 150B-21.1. Procedure for adopting a temporary rule.**

7 (a) Adoption. – An agency may adopt a temporary rule without prior notice or
8 hearing or upon any abbreviated notice or hearing the agency finds practical when it
9 finds that adherence to the notice and hearing requirements of this Part would be
10 contrary to the public interest and that the immediate adoption of the rule is required by
11 one or more of the following:

- 12 (1) A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety, or welfare.
- 13 (2) The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or the
14 United States Congress.
- 15 (3) A recent change in federal or State budgetary policy.
- 16 (4) A federal regulation.
- 17 (5) A court order.

18 An agency must prepare a written statement of its findings of need for a temporary
19 rule. The statement must be signed by the head of the agency adopting the rule.

20 An agency must begin rule-making proceedings for a permanent rule by the day it
21 adopts a temporary rule. An agency begins rule-making proceedings for a permanent
22 rule by submitting to the codifier written notice of its intent to adopt a permanent rule.

23 (b) Review. – When an agency adopts a temporary rule it must submit the rule,
24 the agency's written statement of its findings of need for the rule, and the notice of
25 intent to adopt a permanent rule to the Codifier of Rules. Within one business day after
26 an agency submits a temporary rule, the Codifier of Rules must review the agency's
27 written statement of findings of need for the rule to determine whether the statement of
28 need meets the criteria listed in subsection (a). In reviewing the statement, the Codifier
29 of Rules may consider any information submitted by the agency or another person. If
30 the Codifier of Rules finds that the statement meets the criteria, the Codifier of Rules
31 must notify the head of the agency and enter the rule in the North Carolina
32 Administrative Code.

33 If the Codifier of Rules finds that the statement does not meet the criteria, the
34 Codifier of Rules must immediately notify the head of the agency. The agency may
35 supplement its statement of need with additional findings or submit a new statement. If
36 the agency provides additional findings or submits a new statement, the Codifier of
37 Rules must review the additional findings or new statement within one business day
38 after the agency submits the additional findings or new statement. If the Codifier of
39 Rules again finds that the statement does not meet the criteria listed in subsection (a),
40 the Codifier of Rules must immediately notify the head of the agency.

41 If an agency decides not to provide additional findings or submit a new statement
42 when notified by the Codifier of Rules that the agency's findings of need for a rule do
43 not meet the required criteria, the agency must notify the Codifier of Rules of its
44 decision. The Codifier of Rules must then enter the rule in the North Carolina

1 Administrative Code on the sixth business day after receiving notice of the agency's
2 decision.

3 (c) Standing. – A person aggrieved by a temporary rule adopted by an agency
4 may file an action for declaratory judgment in Wake County Superior Court pursuant to
5 Article 26 of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes. In the action, the court shall determine
6 whether the agency's written statement of findings of need for the rule meets the criteria
7 listed in subsection (a) and whether the rule meets the standards in G.S. 150B-21.9 that
8 apply to review of a permanent rule. The court may not grant an **ex parte** temporary
9 restraining order.

10 Filing a petition for rule making or a request for a declaratory ruling with the agency
11 that adopted the rule is not a prerequisite to filing an action under this subsection. A
12 person who files an action for declaratory judgment under this subsection must serve a
13 copy of the complaint on the agency that adopted the rule being contested, the Codifier
14 of Rules, and the Commission.

15 (d) Effective Date and Expiration. – A temporary rule becomes effective on the
16 date specified in G.S. 150B-21.3. A temporary rule expires on the date specified in the
17 rule or 180 days from the date the rule becomes effective, whichever comes first.

18 **"§ 150B-21.2. Procedure for adopting a permanent rule.**

19 (a) Notice. – Before an agency adopts a permanent rule, it must publish notice of
20 its intent to adopt a permanent rule in the North Carolina Register and as required by
21 any other law. The notice published in the North Carolina Register must include all of
22 the following:

- 23 (1) Either the text of the proposed rule or a statement of the subject matter
24 of the proposed rule making.
- 25 (2) A short explanation of the reason for the proposed action.
- 26 (3) A citation to the law that gives the agency the authority to adopt the
27 proposed rule, if the notice includes the text of the proposed rule, or a
28 citation to the law that gives the agency the authority to adopt a rule on
29 the subject matter of the proposed rule making, if the notice includes
30 only a statement of the subject matter of the proposed rule making.
- 31 (4) The proposed effective date of the proposed rule, if the notice includes
32 the text of the proposed rule, or the proposed effective date of a rule
33 adopted on the subject matter of the proposed rule making, if the
34 notice includes only a statement of the subject matter of the proposed
35 rule making.
- 36 (5) The date, time, and place of any public hearing scheduled on the
37 proposed rule or subject matter of the proposed rule making.
- 38 (6) Instructions on how a person may demand a public hearing on a
39 proposed rule if the notice does not schedule a public hearing on the
40 proposed rule and subsection (c) requires the agency to hold a public
41 hearing on the proposed rule when requested to do so.
- 42 (7) The period of time during which and the person to whom written
43 comments may be submitted on the proposed rule or subject matter of
44 the proposed rule making.

1 (8) If a fiscal note has been prepared for the proposed rule or will be
2 prepared when a rule is proposed on the subject matter of the proposed
3 rule making, a statement that a copy of the fiscal note can be obtained
4 from the agency.

5 (b) Mailing List. – An agency must maintain a mailing list of persons who have
6 requested notice of rule making. When an agency publishes a rule-making notice in the
7 North Carolina Register, it must mail a copy of the notice to each person on the mailing
8 list who has requested notice of rule-making proceedings on the rule or the subject
9 matter for rule making described in the notice. An agency may charge an annual fee to
10 each person on the agency's mailing list to cover copying and mailing costs.

11 (c) Hearing. – An agency must hold a public hearing on a rule it proposes to
12 adopt in two circumstances and may hold a public hearing in other circumstances.
13 When an agency is required to hold a public hearing on a proposed rule or decides to
14 hold a public hearing on a proposed rule when it is not required to do so, the agency
15 must publish in the North Carolina Register a notice of the date, time, and place of the
16 public hearing. The hearing date of a public hearing held after the agency publishes
17 notice of the hearing in the North Carolina Register must be at least 15 days after the
18 date the notice is published.

19 An agency must hold a public hearing on a rule it proposes to adopt in the following
20 two circumstances:

21 (1) The agency publishes a statement of the subject matter of the proposed
22 rule making in the notice in the North Carolina Register.

23 (2) The agency publishes the text of the proposed rule in the notice in the
24 North Carolina Register and all the following apply:

25 a. The notice does not schedule a public hearing on the proposed
26 rule.

27 b. Within 15 days after the notice is published, the agency receives
28 a written request for a public hearing on the proposed rule.

29 c. The proposed rule is not part of a rule-making proceeding the
30 agency initiated by publishing a statement of the subject matter
31 of proposed rule making.

32 d. The proposed text is not a changed version of proposed text the
33 agency previously published in the course of rule-making
34 proceedings but did not adopt.

35 (d) Text After Subject-Matter Notice. – When an agency publishes notice of the
36 subject matter of proposed rule making in the North Carolina Register, it must
37 subsequently publish in the North Carolina Register the text of the rule it proposes to
38 adopt as a result of the public hearing and of any comments received on the subject
39 matter. An agency may not publish the proposed text of a rule for which it published a
40 subject-matter notice before the public hearing on the subject matter.

41 (e) Comments. – An agency must accept comments on the text of a proposed rule
42 published in the North Carolina Register for at least 30 days after the text is published
43 or until the date of any public hearing held on the proposed rule, whichever is longer.
44 An agency must accept comments on a statement of the subject matter of proposed rule

1 making until the public hearing on the subject matter. An agency must consider fully all
2 written and oral comments received.

3 (f) Adoption. – An agency may not adopt a rule until the time for commenting
4 on the proposed text of the rule has elapsed and may not adopt a rule if more than 12
5 months have elapsed since the end of the time for commenting on the proposed text of
6 the rule. An agency may not adopt a rule that differs substantially from the text of a
7 proposed rule published in the North Carolina Register unless the agency publishes the
8 text of the proposed different rule in the North Carolina Register and accepts comments
9 on the proposed different rule for the time set in subsection (e).

10 An adopted rule differs substantially from a proposed rule if it does one or more of
11 the following:

- 12 (1) Affects the interests of persons who, based on the notice published in
13 the North Carolina Register or the proposed text of the rule, could not
14 reasonably have determined that the rule would affect their interests.
- 15 (2) Addresses a subject matter or an issue that is not addressed in the
16 proposed text of the rule.
- 17 (3) Produces an effect that could not reasonably have been expected based
18 on the proposed text of the rule.

19 When an agency adopts a rule, it may not take subsequent action on the rule without
20 following the procedures in this Part.

21 (g) Explanation. – An agency must issue a concise written statement explaining
22 why the agency adopted a rule if, within 30 days after the agency adopts the rule, a
23 person asks the agency to do so. The explanation must state the principal reasons for
24 and against adopting the rule and must discuss why the agency rejected any arguments
25 made or considerations urged against the adoption of the rule.

26 (h) Record. – An agency must keep a record of a rule-making proceeding. The
27 record must include all written comments received, a transcript or recording of any
28 public hearing held on the rule, and any written explanation made by the agency for
29 adopting the rule.

30 **"§ 150B-21.3. Effective date of rules.**

31 (a) Temporary Rule. – A temporary rule becomes effective on the date the
32 Codifier of Rules enters the rule in the North Carolina Administrative Code.

33 (b) Permanent Rule. – A permanent rule approved by the Commission becomes
34 effective five business days after the Commission delivers the rule to the Codifier of
35 Rules, unless the agency adopting the rule specifies a later effective date. If the agency
36 specifies a later effective date, the rule becomes effective on that date.

37 A permanent rule that is not approved by the Commission becomes effective five
38 business days after the agency adopting the rule delivers the rule to the Codifier of
39 Rules, unless the agency adopting the rule specifies a later effective date. If the agency
40 specifies a later effective date, the rule becomes effective on that date.

41 (c) OSHA Standard. – A permanent rule concerning an occupational safety and
42 health standard that is adopted by the Occupational Safety and Health Division of the
43 Department of Labor and is identical to a federal regulation promulgated by the
44 Secretary of the United States Department of Labor becomes effective on the date the

1 Division delivers the rule to the Codifier of Rules, unless the Division specifies a later
2 effective date. If the Division specifies a later effective date, the rule becomes effective
3 on that date.

4 **"§ 150B-21.4. Fiscal notes on rules.**

5 (a) State Funds. – Before an agency publishes in the North Carolina Register the
6 proposed text of a permanent rule change that would require the expenditure or
7 distribution of funds subject to the Executive Budget Act, Article 1 of Chapter 143, it
8 must submit the text of the proposed rule change and a fiscal note on the proposed rule
9 change to the Director of the Budget and obtain certification from the Director that the
10 funds that would be required by the proposed rule change are available. The fiscal note
11 must state the amount of funds that would be expended or distributed as a result of the
12 proposed rule change and explain how the amount was computed. The Director of the
13 Budget must certify a proposed rule change if funds are available to cover the
14 expenditure or distribution required by the proposed rule change.

15 (b) Local Funds. – Before an agency publishes in the North Carolina Register the
16 proposed text of a permanent rule change that would affect the expenditures or revenues
17 of a unit of local government, it must submit the text of the proposed rule change and a
18 fiscal note on the proposed rule change to the Fiscal Research Division of the General
19 Assembly, the Office of State Budget and Management, the North Carolina Association
20 of County Commissioners, and the North Carolina League of Municipalities. The fiscal
21 note must state the amount by which the proposed rule change would increase or
22 decrease expenditures or revenues of a unit of local government and must explain how
23 the amount was computed.

24 (c) Errors. – An erroneous fiscal note prepared in good faith does not affect the
25 validity of a rule.

26 **"§ 150B-21.5. Circumstances when notice and rule-making hearing not required.**

27 (a) Amendment. – An agency is not required to publish a notice of rule making
28 in the North Carolina Register or hold a public hearing when it proposes to amend a
29 rule, without changing the substance of the rule, to do one of the following:

- 30 (1) Reletter or renumber the rule or subparts of the rule.
- 31 (2) Substitute one name for another when an organization or position is
32 renamed.
- 33 (3) Correct a citation in the rule to another rule or law when the citation
34 has become inaccurate since the rule was adopted because of the repeal
35 or renumbering of the cited rule or law.
- 36 (4) Change information that is readily available to the public, such as an
37 address or a telephone number.
- 38 (5) Correct a typographical error made in entering the rule in the North
39 Carolina Administrative Code.
- 40 (6) Change a rule in response to a request or an objection by the
41 Commission.

42 (b) Repeal. – An agency is not required to publish a notice of rule making in the
43 North Carolina Register or hold a public hearing when it proposes to repeal a rule as a
44 result of any of the following:

1 (1) The law under which the rule was adopted is repealed.

2 (2) The law under which the rule was adopted or the rule itself is declared
3 unconstitutional.

4 (3) The rule is declared to be in excess of the agency's statutory authority.

5 (c) OSHA Standard. – The Occupational Safety and Health Division of the
6 Department of Labor is not required to publish a notice of rule making in the North
7 Carolina Register or hold a public hearing when it proposes to adopt a rule that concerns
8 an occupational safety and health standard and is identical to a federal regulation
9 promulgated by the Secretary of the United States Department of Labor. The
10 Occupational Safety and Health Division is not required to submit to the Commission
11 for review a rule for which notice and hearing is not required under this subsection.

12 **"§ 150B-21.6. Incorporating material in a rule by reference.**

13 An agency may incorporate the following material by reference in a rule without
14 repeating the text of the referenced material:

15 (1) Another rule or part of a rule adopted by the agency.

16 (2) All or part of a code, standard, or regulation adopted by another
17 agency, the federal government, or a generally recognized organization
18 or association.

19 (3) Material adopted to meet a requirement of the federal government.

20 In incorporating material by reference, the agency must designate in the rule whether
21 or not the incorporation includes subsequent amendments and editions of the referenced
22 material. The agency can change this designation only by a subsequent rule-making
23 proceeding. The agency must have copies of the incorporated material available for
24 inspection and must specify in the rule both where copies of the material can be
25 obtained and the cost on the date the rule is adopted of a copy of the material.

26 A statement in a rule that a rule incorporates material by reference in accordance
27 with former G.S. 150B-14(b) is a statement that the rule does not include
28 subsequent amendments and editions of the referenced material. A statement in a rule
29 that a rule incorporates material by reference in accordance with former G.S. 150B-
30 14(c) is a statement that the rule includes subsequent amendments and editions of the
31 referenced material.

32 **"§ 150B-21.7. Effect of transfer of duties or termination of agency on rules.**

33 When a law that authorizes an agency to adopt a rule is repealed and another law
34 gives the same or another agency substantially the same authority to adopt a rule, the
35 rule remains in effect until the agency amends or repeals the rule. When a law that
36 authorizes an agency to adopt a rule is repealed and another law does not give the same
37 or another agency substantially the same authority to adopt a rule, a rule adopted under
38 the repealed law is repealed as of the date the law is repealed.

39 When an executive order abolishes part or all of an agency and transfers a function
40 of that agency to another agency, a rule concerning the transferred function remains in
41 effect until the agency to which the function is transferred amends or repeals the rule.
42 When an executive order abolishes part or all of an agency and does not transfer a
43 function of that agency to another agency, a rule concerning a function abolished by the
44 executive order is repealed as of the effective date of the executive order.

1 The Director of Fiscal Research of the General Assembly must notify the Codifier of
2 Rules when a rule is repealed under this section. When notified of a rule repealed under
3 this section, the Codifier of Rules must enter the repeal of the rule in the North Carolina
4 Administrative Code.

5 **"PART 3. REVIEW BY COMMISSION.**

6 **"§ 150B-21.8. Review of rule by Commission.**

7 (a) Temporary Rule. – The Commission does not review a temporary rule.

8 (b) Permanent Rule. – An agency must submit a permanent rule adopted by it to
9 the Commission before the rule can be included in the North Carolina Administrative
10 Code. The Commission reviews a permanent rule in accordance with the standards in
11 G.S. 150B-21.9 and follows the procedure in this Part in its review of a permanent rule.

12 (c) Scope. – When the Commission reviews an amendment to a rule, it may
13 review the entire rule that is being amended. The procedure in G.S. 150B-21.12 applies
14 when the Commission objects to a part of a rule that is within its scope of review but is
15 not changed by a rule amendment.

16 **"§ 150B-21.9. Standards and timetable for review by Commission.**

17 (a) Standards. – The Commission must determine whether a rule meets all of the
18 following criteria:

19 (1) It is within the authority delegated to the agency by the General
20 Assembly.

21 (2) It is clear and unambiguous.

22 (3) It is reasonably necessary to fulfill a duty delegated to the agency by
23 the General Assembly.

24 The Commission may determine if a rule submitted to it was adopted in accordance
25 with Part 2 of this Article. The Commission must notify the agency that adopted the
26 rule if it determines that a rule was not adopted in accordance with Part 2 of this Article
27 and must return the rule to the agency. Entry of a rule in the North Carolina
28 Administrative Code after review by the Commission is conclusive evidence that the
29 rule was adopted in accordance with Part 2 of this Article.

30 (b) Timetable. – The Commission must review a rule submitted to it on or before
31 the twentieth of a month by the last day of the next month. The Commission must
32 review a rule submitted to it after the twentieth of a month by the last day of the second
33 subsequent month.

34 **"§ 150B-21.10. Commission action on permanent rule.**

35 At the first meeting at which a permanent rule is before the Commission for review,
36 the Commission must take one of the following actions:

37 (1) Approve the rule, if the Commission determines that the rule meets the
38 standards for review.

39 (2) Object to the rule, if the Commission determines that the rule does not
40 meet the standards for review.

41 (3) Extend the period for reviewing the rule, if the Commission
42 determines it needs additional information on the rule to be able to
43 decide whether the rule meets the standards for review.

1 In reviewing a new rule or an amendment to an existing rule, the Commission may
2 request an agency to make technical changes to the rule and may condition its approval
3 of the rule on the agency's making the requested technical changes.

4 **"§ 150B-21.11. Procedure when Commission approves permanent rule.**

5 When the Commission approves a permanent rule, it must notify the agency that
6 adopted the rule of the Commission's approval and must deliver the approved rule to the
7 Codifier of Rules. The Commission must deliver an approved rule by the end of the
8 month in which the Commission approved the rule, unless the agency asks the
9 Commission to delay the delivery of the rule.

10 **"§ 150B-21.12. Procedure when Commission objects to a permanent rule.**

11 (a) Action. – When the Commission objects to a permanent rule, it must send the
12 agency that adopted the rule a written statement of the objection and the reason for the
13 objection. The agency that adopted the rule must take one of the following actions:

14 (1) Change the rule to satisfy the Commission's objection and submit the
15 revised rule to the Commission.

16 (2) Submit a written response to the Commission indicating that the
17 agency has decided not to change the rule.

18 An agency that is not a board or commission must take one of these actions within
19 30 days after receiving the Commission's statement of objection. A board or
20 commission must take one of these actions within 30 days after receiving the
21 Commission's statement of objection or within 10 days after the board or commission's
22 next regularly scheduled meeting, whichever comes later.

23 When an agency changes a rule in response to an objection by the Commission, the
24 Commission must determine whether the change satisfies the Commission's objection.
25 If it does, the Commission must approve the rule. If it does not, the Commission must
26 send the agency a written statement of the Commission's continued objection and the
27 reason for the continued objection.

28 A rule to which the Commission has objected remains under review by the
29 Commission until the agency that adopted the rule decides not to satisfy the
30 Commission's objection and makes a written request to the Commission to return the
31 rule to the agency. When the Commission returns a rule to which it has objected, it may
32 send to the President of the Senate and each member of the General Assembly a report
33 of its objection to the rule.

34 (b) Entry In Code. – When the Commission returns a rule to which it has
35 objected to the agency that adopted the rule, the Commission must notify the Codifier of
36 Rules of its action and of the basis of the Commission's objection. An agency whose
37 rule is returned may file the rule with the Codifier of Rules. When the Codifier of Rules
38 enters in the North Carolina Administrative Code a rule to which the Commission
39 objected, the entry must reflect the Commission's objection and must state the standard
40 on which the Commission based its objection.

41 **"§ 150B-21.13. Procedure when Commission extends period for review of**
42 **permanent rule.**

43 When the Commission extends the period for review of a permanent rule, it must
44 notify the agency that adopted the rule of the extension and the reason for the extension.

1 After the Commission extends the period for review of a rule, it may call a public
2 hearing on the rule. Within 70 days after extending the period for review of a rule, the
3 Commission must decide whether to approve the rule, object to the rule, or call a public
4 hearing on the rule.

5 **"§ 150B-21.14. Public hearing on a rule.**

6 The Commission may call a public hearing on a rule when it extends the period for
7 review of the rule. At the request of an agency, the Commission may call a public
8 hearing on a rule that is not before it for review. Calling a public hearing on a rule not
9 already before the Commission for review places the rule before the Commission for
10 review. When the Commission decides to call a public hearing on a rule, it must
11 publish notice of the public hearing in the North Carolina Register.

12 After a public hearing on a rule, the Commission must approve the rule or object to
13 the rule in accordance with the standards and procedures in this Part. The Commission
14 must make its decision of whether to approve or object to the rule within 70 days after
15 the public hearing.

16 **"§ 150B-21.15. Declaratory judgment action authorized when Commission objects**
17 **to a permanent rule.**

18 (a) Standing. – A person aggrieved by a permanent rule entered in the North
19 Carolina Administrative Code with an objection by the Commission based on a lack of
20 statutory authority may file an action for declaratory judgment in Wake County
21 Superior Court pursuant to Article 26 of Chapter 1 of the General Statutes. In the
22 action, the court shall determine whether the agency exceeded its authority in adopting
23 the rule.

24 A declaratory judgment action under this section must be filed within 90 days after
25 the rule that is the subject of the action is entered in the Code. Filing a petition for rule
26 making or a request for a declaratory ruling with the agency that adopted the rule is not
27 a prerequisite to filing an action under this section. A person who files an action for
28 declaratory judgment under this section must serve a copy of the complaint on the
29 agency that adopted the rule being contested, the Codifier of Rules, and the
30 Commission.

31 (b) Record. – Within 10 days after a declaratory judgment action is filed under
32 this section, the agency that adopted the rule that is the subject of the action must send
33 to the court the original or a certified copy of the record in the Commission's review of
34 the rule. The record consists of the rule, the Commission's letter of objection to the rule,
35 the agency's written response to the Commission's letter, and any other relevant
36 documents before the Commission when it decided to object to the rule.

37 (c) Effect. – A rule remains in effect during the pendency of an action for
38 declaratory judgment under this section unless the court suspends the rule after finding
39 that the agency that adopted the rule has no substantial likelihood of prevailing in the
40 action.

41 (d) Changes. – While a rule is the subject of a declaratory judgment action under
42 this section, the agency that adopted the rule may submit to the Commission changes in
43 the rule to satisfy the Commission's objection. If the Commission determines that
44 changes submitted to it satisfy its objection, the Commission must accept the changes

1 and file the revised rule with the Codifier of Rules. The Codifier must then enter the
2 rule in the North Carolina Administrative Code. When the Commission determines that
3 changes submitted to it satisfy its objection, the agency that submitted the changes must
4 notify the court of the changes and of the Commission's action.

5 **"PART 4. PUBLICATION OF CODE AND REGISTER.**

6 **"§ 150B-21.17. North Carolina Register.**

7 (a) Content. – The Codifier of Rules must publish the North Carolina Register.
8 The North Carolina Register must be published at least two times a month and must
9 contain the following:

- 10 (1) Notices of proposed adoptions of rules.
- 11 (2) Notices of receipt of a petition for municipal incorporation, as required
12 by G.S. 120-165.
- 13 (3) Executive orders of the Governor.
- 14 (4) Final decision letters from the United States Attorney General
15 concerning changes in laws that affect voting in a jurisdiction subject
16 to § 5 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965, as required by G.S. 120-
17 30.9H.
- 18 (5) Orders of the Tax Review Board issued under G.S. 105-241.2.
- 19 (6) Other information the Codifier determines helpful to the public.

20 (b) Form. – When an agency publishes notice in the North Carolina Register of
21 the proposed text of a new rule, the Codifier of Rules must publish the complete text of
22 the proposed new rule. In publishing the text of a proposed new rule, the Codifier must
23 indicate the rule is new by underlining the proposed text of the rule.

24 When an agency publishes notice in the North Carolina Register of the proposed text
25 of an amendment to an existing rule, the Codifier must publish the complete text of the
26 rule that is being amended unless the Codifier determines that publication of the
27 complete text of the rule being amended is not necessary to enable the reader to
28 understand the proposed amendment. In publishing the text of a proposed amendment
29 to a rule, the Codifier must indicate deleted text with overstrikes and added text with
30 underlines.

31 When an agency publishes notice in the North Carolina Register of the proposed
32 repeal of an existing rule, the Codifier must publish the complete text of the rule the
33 agency proposes to repeal unless the Codifier determines that publication of the
34 complete text is impractical. In publishing the text of a rule the agency proposes to
35 repeal, the Codifier must indicate the rule is to be repealed.

36 **"§ 150B-21.18. North Carolina Administrative Code.**

37 The Codifier of Rules must compile all rules into a Code known as the North
38 Carolina Administrative Code. The format and indexing of the Code must conform as
39 nearly as practical to the format and indexing of the North Carolina General Statutes.
40 The Codifier must publish printed copies of the Code and may publish the Code in other
41 forms. The Codifier must keep the Code current by publishing the Code in a loose-leaf
42 format and periodically providing new pages to be substituted for outdated pages, by
43 publishing the Code in volumes and periodically publishing cumulative supplements, or
44 by another means. The Codifier must keep superseded rules.

1 **"§ 150B-21.19. Requirements for including rule in Code.**

2 To be acceptable for inclusion in the North Carolina Administrative Code, a rule
3 must:

- 4 (1) Cite the law under which the rule is adopted.
- 5 (2) Be signed by the head of the agency or the rule-making coordinator for
6 the agency that adopted the rule.
- 7 (3) Be in the physical form specified by the Codifier of Rules.
- 8 (4) Have been reviewed by the Commission, if the rule is a permanent
9 rule.

10 **"§ 150B-21.20. Codifier's authority to revise form of rules.**

11 (a) Authority. – After consulting with the agency that adopted the rule, the
12 Codifier of Rules may revise the form of a rule submitted for inclusion in the North
13 Carolina Administrative Code within 10 business days after the rule is submitted to do
14 one or more of the following:

- 15 (1) Rearrange the order of the rule in the Code or the order of the
16 subsections, subdivisions, or other subparts of the rule.
- 17 (2) Provide a catch line or heading for the rule or revise the catch line or
18 heading of the rule.
- 19 (3) Reletter or renumber the rule or the subparts of the rule in accordance
20 with a uniform system.
- 21 (4) Rearrange definitions and lists.
- 22 (5) Make other changes in arrangement or in form that do not change the
23 substance of the rule and are necessary or desirable for a clear and
24 orderly arrangement of the rule.

25 (b) Effect. – Revision of a rule by the Codifier of Rules under this section does
26 not affect the effective date of the rule or require the agency to readopt or resubmit the
27 rule. When the Codifier of Rules revises the form of a rule, the Codifier of Rules must
28 send the agency that adopted the rule a copy of the revised rule. The revised rule is the
29 official rule.

30 **"§ 150B-21.21. Publication of rules of North Carolina State Bar and exempt**
31 **agencies.**

32 (a) State Bar. – The North Carolina State Bar must submit a rule adopted or
33 approved by it and entered in the minutes of the North Carolina Supreme Court to the
34 Codifier of Rules for inclusion in the North Carolina Administrative Code. The State
35 Bar must submit a rule within 15 days after it is entered in the minutes of the Supreme
36 Court. The Codifier of Rules must compile, make available for public inspection, and
37 publish a rule included in the North Carolina Administrative Code under this subsection
38 in the same manner as other rules in the Code.

39 (b) Exempt Agencies. – Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-1, the North Carolina
40 Utilities Commission must submit to the Codifier of Rules those rules of the Utilities
41 Commission that are published from time to time in the publication titled 'North
42 Carolina Utilities Laws and Regulations.' The Utilities Commission must submit a rule
43 required to be included in the Code within 15 days after it is adopted. The Codifier of

1 Rules must publish the rules submitted by the Utilities Commission in the North
2 Carolina Administrative Code in the same format as they are submitted.

3 Notwithstanding G.S. 150B-1, an agency other than the Utilities Commission that is
4 exempted from this Article by that statute must submit a temporary or permanent rule
5 adopted by it to the Codifier of Rules for inclusion in the North Carolina Administrative
6 Code. One of these exempt agencies must submit a rule to the Codifier of Rules within
7 15 days after it adopts the rule. The Codifier of Rules must compile, make available for
8 public inspection, and publish a rule of one of these agencies in the North Carolina
9 Administrative Code in the same manner as other rules in the Code.

10 **"§ 150B-21.22. Effect of inclusion in Code.**

11 Official or judicial notice can be taken of a rule in the North Carolina Administrative
12 Code and shall be taken when appropriate. Codification of a rule in the North Carolina
13 Administrative Code is **prima facie** evidence of compliance with this Article.

14 **"§ 150B-21.23. Rule publication manual.**

15 The Codifier of Rules must publish a manual that sets out the form and method for
16 publishing a notice of rule making in the North Carolina Register and for filing a rule in
17 the North Carolina Administrative Code.

18 **"§ 150B-21.24. Free copies of Register and Code.**

19 (a) Register. – The Codifier of Rules must distribute copies of the North Carolina
20 Register as soon after publication as practical, without charge, to the following:

21 (1) A person who receives a free copy of the North Carolina
22 Administrative Code.

23 (2) Upon request, one copy to each member of the General Assembly.

24 (b) Code. – The Codifier of Rules must distribute copies of the North Carolina
25 Administrative Code as soon after publication as practical, without charge, to the
26 following:

27 (1) One copy to the board of commissioners of each county, to be placed
28 at the county clerk of court's office or at another place selected by the
29 board of commissioners.

30 (2) One copy to the Commission.

31 (3) One copy to the Clerk of the Supreme Court and to the Clerk of the
32 Court of Appeals of North Carolina.

33 (4) One copy to the Supreme Court Library and one copy to the library of
34 the Court of Appeals.

35 (5) One copy to the Administrative Office of the Courts.

36 (6) One copy to the Governor.

37 (7) Five copies to the Legislative Services Commission for the use of the
38 General Assembly.

39 (8) Upon request, one copy to each State official or department to whom
40 or to which copies of the appellate division reports are furnished under
41 G.S. 7A-343.1.

42 (9) Five copies to the Division of State Library of the Department of
43 Cultural Resources pursuant to G.S. 125-11.7.

44 **"§ 150B-21.25. Paid copies of Register and Code.**

1 A person who is not entitled to a free copy of the North Carolina Administrative
2 Code or North Carolina Register may obtain a copy by paying a fee set by the Codifier
3 of Rules. The Codifier must set separate fees for the North Carolina Register and the
4 North Carolina Administrative Code in amounts that cover publication, copying, and
5 mailing costs. All monies received under this section must be credited to the General
6 Fund."

7 Sec. 2. G.S. 150B-1 reads as rewritten:

8 **"§ 150B-1. Policy and scope.**

9 (a) Purpose. – ~~The policy of the State is that the three powers of government,~~
10 ~~legislative, executive, and judicial, are, and should remain, separate. The intent of this~~
11 ~~Chapter is to prevent the commingling of those powers in any administrative agency~~
12 ~~and to~~ This Chapter establishes a uniform system of administrative rule making and
13 adjudicatory procedures for agencies. The procedures ensure that the functions of rule
14 making, investigation, advocacy, and adjudication are not all performed by the same
15 person in the administrative process.

16 (b) Rights. – ~~The purpose of this Chapter is to establish as nearly as possible a~~
17 ~~uniform system of administrative rule making and adjudicatory procedures for State~~
18 ~~agencies. This Chapter confers procedural rights.~~

19 (c) Full Exemptions. – ~~This Chapter shall apply to every agency, as defined in~~
20 ~~G.S. 150B-2(1), except to the extent and in the particulars that any statute, including~~
21 ~~subsection (d) of this section, makes specific provisions to the contrary. applies to every~~
22 agency except:

23 (1) The North Carolina National Guard in exercising its court-martial
24 jurisdiction.

25 (2) The Department of Human Resources in exercising its authority over
26 the Camp Butner reservation granted in Article 6 of Chapter 122C of
27 the General Statutes.

28 (3) The Utilities Commission.

29 (4) The Industrial Commission.

30 (5) The Employment Security Commission.

31 (d) Exemptions From Rule Making. – Article 2A of this Chapter does not apply
32 to the following:

33 (1) The Commission.

34 (2) The North Carolina Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management
35 Authority in administering the provisions of G.S. 104G-10 and G.S.
36 104G-11.

37 (3) The North Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Commission in
38 administering the provisions of G.S. 130B-13 and G.S. 130B-14.

39 (4) The Department of Revenue.

40 (5) The Department of Correction.

41 (6) The Department of Transportation.

42 (e) Exemptions From Contested Case Provisions. – The contested case
43 provisions of this Chapter apply to all agencies and all proceedings not expressly

1 exempted from the Chapter. The contested case provisions of this Chapter do not apply
2 to the following:

- 3 (1) The Department of Human Resources and the Department of
4 Environment, Health, and Natural Resources in complying with the
5 procedural safeguards mandated by Section 680 of Part H of Public
6 Law 99-457 as amended (Education of the Handicapped Act
7 Amendments of 1986).
- 8 (2) The Governor's Waste Management Board in administering the
9 provisions of G.S. 104E-6.2 and G.S. 130A-293.
- 10 (3) The North Carolina Low-Level Radioactive Waste Management
11 Authority in administering the provisions of G.S. 104G-9, 104G-10,
12 and 104G-11.
- 13 (4) The North Carolina Hazardous Waste Management Commission in
14 administering the provisions of G.S. 130B-11, 130B-13, and 130B-14.
- 15 (5) Hearings required pursuant to the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (Public
16 Law 93-122), as amended and federal regulations promulgated
17 thereunder. G.S. 150B-51(a) is considered a contested case hearing
18 provision that does not apply to these hearings.
- 19 (6) The Department of Revenue.
- 20 (7) The Department of Correction.
- 21 (8) The Department of Transportation, except as provided in G.S. 136-29.
- 22 (9) The Occupational Safety and Health Review Board in all actions that
23 do not involve agricultural employers.

24 (f) Exemption From All But Judicial Review. – No Article in this Chapter except
25 Article 4 applies to The University of North Carolina.

- 26 ~~(1) The following are specifically exempted from the provisions of this~~
27 ~~Chapter:~~
 - 28 a. ~~The Administrative Rules Review Commission;~~
 - 29 b. ~~The Employment Security Commission;~~
 - 30 e. ~~The Industrial Commission;~~
 - 31 d. ~~The Occupational Safety and Health Review Board in all~~
32 ~~actions that do not involve agricultural employers; and~~
 - 33 e. ~~The Utilities Commission.~~
- 34 ~~(2) The North Carolina National Guard is exempt from the provisions of~~
35 ~~this Chapter in exercising its court martial jurisdiction.~~
- 36 ~~(3) The Department of Human Resources is exempt from this Chapter in~~
37 ~~exercising its authority over the Camp Butner reservation granted in~~
38 ~~Article 6 of Chapter 122C of the General Statutes. The Department of~~
39 ~~Human Resources and the Department of Environmental, Health, and~~
40 ~~Natural Resources are exempt from Article 3 of this Chapter in~~
41 ~~complying with the procedural safeguards mandated by the Section~~
42 ~~680 of Part H of P.L. 99 457 as amended (Education of the~~
43 ~~Handicapped Act Amendments of 1986).~~

- 1 (4) The Department of Correction is exempt from the provisions of this
2 Chapter, except for Article 5 of this Chapter and G.S. 150B-13 which
3 shall apply.
- 4 (5) Articles 2 and 3 of this Chapter shall not apply to the Department of
5 Revenue.
- 6 (6) Except as provided in Chapter 136 of the General Statutes, Articles 2
7 and 3 of this Chapter do not apply to the Department of
8 Transportation.
- 9 (7) Article 4 of this Chapter, governing judicial review of final
10 administrative decisions, shall apply to The University of North
11 Carolina and its constituent or affiliated boards, agencies, and
12 institutions, but The University of North Carolina and its constituent or
13 affiliated boards, agencies, and institutions are specifically exempted
14 from the remaining provisions of this Chapter.
- 15 (8) Article 4 of this Chapter shall not apply to the State Banking
16 Commission, the Commissioner of Banks, the Savings Institutions
17 Division of the Department of Economic and Community
18 Development, and the Credit Union Division of the Department of
19 Economic and Community Development.
- 20 (9) Article 3 of this Chapter shall not apply to agencies governed by the
21 provisions of Article 3A of this Chapter, as set out in G.S. 150B-38(a).
- 22 (10) Articles 3 and 3A of this Chapter shall not apply to the Governor's
23 Waste Management Board in administering the provisions of G.S.
24 104E-6.2 and G.S. 130A-293.
- 25 (11) Article 2 of this Chapter shall not apply to the North Carolina Low-
26 Level Radioactive Waste Management Authority in administering the
27 provisions of G.S. 104G-10 and G.S. 104G-11. Articles 3 and 3A of
28 this Chapter shall not apply to the North Carolina Low Level
29 Radioactive Waste Management Authority in administering the
30 provisions of G.S. 104G-9, 104G-10, and 104G-11.
- 31 (12) Article 2 of this Chapter shall not apply to the North Carolina
32 Hazardous Waste Management Commission in administering the
33 provisions of G.S. 130B-13 and G.S. 130B-14. Articles 3 and 3A of
34 this Chapter shall not apply to the North Carolina Hazardous Waste
35 Management Commission in administering the provisions of G.S.
36 130B-11, 130B-13, and 130B-14.
- 37 (13) Article 3 of this Chapter and G.S. 150B-51(a) shall not apply to
38 hearings required pursuant to the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (Public
39 Law 93-122), as amended and federal regulations promulgated
40 thereunder."

41 Sec. 3. G.S. 150B-2 reads as rewritten:

42 "**§ 150B-2. Definitions.**

43 As used in this Chapter,

- 1 (01) 'Administrative law judge' means a person appointed under G.S. 7A-
2 752, 7A-753, or 7A-757.
- 3 (1) ~~'Agency' means any agency, institution, board, commission, bureau,
4 department, division, council, member of the Council of State, or
5 officer of the State government of the State of North Carolina but does
6 not include any agency in the legislative or judicial branch of the State
7 government; and does not include counties, cities, towns, villages,
8 other municipal corporations or political subdivisions of the State or
9 any agencies of such subdivisions, or local boards of education, other
10 local public districts, units or bodies of any kind, or private
11 corporations created by act of the General Assembly. an agency or an
12 officer in the executive branch of the government of this State and
13 includes the Council of State, the Governor's Office, a board, a
14 commission, a department, a division, a council, and any other unit of
15 government in the executive branch. A local unit of government is not
16 an agency.~~
- 17 (1a) 'Adopt' means to take final action to create, amend, or repeal a rule.
- 18 (1b) 'Codifier of Rules' means the Chief Administrative Law Judge of the
19 Office of Administrative Hearings or a designated representative of the
20 Chief Administrative Law Judge.
- 21 (1c) 'Commission' means the Rules Review Commission.
- 22 (2) 'Contested case' means an administrative proceeding pursuant to this
23 Chapter to resolve a dispute between an agency and another person
24 that involves the person's rights, duties, or privileges, including
25 licensing or the levy of a monetary penalty. 'Contested case' does not
26 include rule-making, declaratory rulings, or the award or denial of a
27 scholarship or grant.
- 28 (2a) ~~'Effective' means that a valid rule has been filed as required by G.S.
29 150B-59 and, if applicable, that the time specified in that section has
30 elapsed. A rule that is effective is enforceable to the extent permitted
31 by law.~~
- 32 (2b) 'Hearing officer' means a person or group of persons designated by an
33 agency that is subject to Article 3A of this Chapter to preside in a
34 contested case hearing conducted under that Article.
- 35 (3) 'License' means any certificate, permit or other evidence, by whatever
36 name called, of a right or privilege to engage in any activity, except
37 licenses issued under Chapter 20 and Subchapter I of Chapter 105 of
38 the General Statutes and occupational licenses.
- 39 (4) 'Licensing' means any administrative action issuing, failing to issue,
40 suspending, or revoking a license or occupational license. 'Licensing'
41 does not include controversies over whether an examination was fair
42 or whether the applicant passed the examination.
- 43 (4a) 'Occupational license' means any certificate, permit, or other evidence,
44 by whatever name called, of a right ~~of~~ or privilege to engage in a

1 profession, occupation, or field of endeavor that is issued by an
2 occupational licensing agency.

3 (4b) 'Occupational licensing agency' means any board, commission,
4 committee or other agency of the State of North Carolina which is
5 established for the primary purpose of regulating the entry of persons
6 into, and/or the conduct of persons within a particular profession,
7 occupation or field of endeavor, and which is authorized to issue and
8 revoke licenses. 'Occupational licensing agency' does not include State
9 agencies or departments which may as only a part of their regular
10 function issue permits or licenses.

11 (5) 'Party' means any person or agency named or admitted as a party or
12 properly seeking as of right to be admitted as a party and includes the
13 agency as appropriate. This subdivision does not permit an agency that
14 makes a final decision, or an officer or employee of the agency, to
15 petition for initial judicial review of that decision.

16 (6) 'Person aggrieved' means any person or group of persons of common
17 interest directly or indirectly affected substantially in his or its person,
18 property, or employment by an administrative decision.

19 (7) 'Person' means any natural person, partnership, corporation, body
20 politic and any unincorporated association, organization, or society
21 which may sue or be sued under a common name.

22 (8) 'Residence' means domicile or principal place of business.

23 (8a) 'Rule' means any agency regulation, ~~standard~~ standard, or statement of
24 general applicability that implements or interprets ~~laws enacted by an~~
25 enactment of the General Assembly or Congress or ~~regulations~~
26 ~~promulgated a regulation adopted by a federal agency or that describes~~
27 ~~the procedure or practice requirements of an agency. any agency not~~
28 ~~inconsistent with laws enacted by the General Assembly.~~ The term
29 includes the establishment of a fee and the amendment or repeal of a
30 prior rule. The term does not include the following:

31 a. Statements concerning only the internal management of an
32 agency or group of agencies within the same principal office or
33 department enumerated in G.S. 143-11 or 143B-6, including
34 policies and procedures manuals, if ~~such a~~ the statement does
35 not directly or substantially affect the procedural or substantive
36 rights or duties of a person ~~persons~~ not employed by the agency
37 or group of agencies.

38 b. Budgets and budget policies and procedures issued by the
39 Director of the Budget, by the head of a department, as defined
40 by G.S. 143A-2 or G.S. 143B-3, by an occupational licensing
41 board, as defined by G.S. 93B-1, or by the State Board of
42 Elections.

43 c. Nonbinding interpretative statements within the delegated
44 authority of ~~the~~ an agency that merely define, ~~interpret~~ interpret,

- 1 or explain the meaning of a statute or rule. ~~other provision of law~~
 2 ~~or precedent.~~
- 3 d. A form, the contents or substantive requirements of which are
 4 prescribed by rule or statute. ~~statute or the instructions for the~~
 5 ~~execution or use of the form.~~
- 6 e. Statements of agency policy made in the context of another
 7 proceeding, including:
 8 1. Declaratory rulings under ~~G.S. 150B-17~~; G.S. 150B-4.
 9 2. Orders establishing or fixing rates or tariffs.
- 10 f. ~~Statements of agency policy, provided that the agency policy is not~~
 11 ~~inconsistent with any law enacted by the General Assembly,~~
 12 Instructions, communicated to the public by the use of signs or
 13 symbols, concerning the use of public roads, bridges, or
 14 facilities. concerning:
 15 ~~1. The use or creation of public roads or bridges;~~
 16 ~~2. The boundaries of public facilities and times when~~
 17 ~~public facilities are open to the public; or~~
 18 ~~3. Safety in use of public facilities.~~
- 19 g. Statements that set forth criteria or guidelines to be used by the
 20 staff of an agency in performing audits, investigations, or
 21 inspections; in settling financial disputes or negotiating
 22 financial arrangements; or in the defense, prosecution, or
 23 settlement of ~~eases~~; cases.
- 24 h. Scientific, architectural, or engineering standards, forms, or
 25 procedures.
- 26 i. Job classification standards, job qualifications, and salaries
 27 established for positions under the jurisdiction of the State
 28 Personnel Commission.
- 29 (8b) 'Substantial evidence' means relevant evidence a reasonable mind
 30 might accept as adequate to support a conclusion.
- 31 (9) ~~'Valid' means that the rule has been adopted pursuant to the procedure~~
 32 ~~required by law. A valid rule is unenforceable until it becomes~~
 33 ~~effective."~~
- 34 Sec. 4. G.S. 150B-17 is recodified as G.S. 150B-4 in Article 1 of Chapter
 35 150B of the General Statutes.
- 36 Sec. 5. Article 2 of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, as amended by this
 37 act, Article 5 of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, G.S. 143B-30, and G.S. 143B-
 38 30.3 are repealed.
- 39 Sec. 6. G.S. 12-3.1(c) reads as rewritten:
 40 "(c) This section does not apply to any of the following:
 41 (1) ~~rules~~ Rules establishing fees or charges to State, federal or local
 42 governmental ~~units~~, units.
 43 (2) A ~~nor to any~~ reasonable fee or charge for copying, transcripts of public
 44 hearings, State publications, or mailing a document or other item.

- 1 (3) Reasonable registration fees covering the cost of a conference or
2 ~~workshop, workshop.~~
3 (4) Reasonable ~~or~~-user fees covering the cost of providing data processing
4 services."

5 Sec. 7. G.S. 84-21 reads as rewritten:

6 **"§ 84-21. Organization of council; publication of rules, regulations and bylaws.**

7 Upon receiving notification of the election of a councilor for each judicial district,
8 or, if such notification shall not have been received from all said districts, within 120
9 days after this Article shall have gone into effect, the clerk of the Supreme Court of
10 North Carolina shall call a meeting of the councilors of whose election he shall have
11 been notified, to be held in the City of Raleigh not less than 20 days nor more than 30
12 days after the date of said call; and at the meeting so held the councilors attending the
13 same shall proceed to organize the council by electing officers, taking appropriate steps
14 toward the adoption of rules and regulations, electing councilors for judicial districts
15 which have failed to elect them, and taking such other action as they may deem to be in
16 furtherance of this Article. The regular term of all officers shall be one year, but those
17 first elected shall serve until January 1, 1935. The council shall be the judge of the
18 election and qualifications of its own members. When the council shall have been fully
19 organized and shall have adopted such rules, regulations and bylaws, not inconsistent
20 with this Article, as it shall deem necessary or expedient for the discharge of its duties,
21 the secretary-treasurer shall file with the clerk of the Supreme Court of North Carolina a
22 certificate, to be called the 'certificate of organization,' showing the officers and
23 members of the council, with the judicial districts which the members respectively
24 represent, and their post-office addresses, and the rules, regulations and bylaws adopted
25 by it; and thereupon the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, or any
26 judge thereof, if the court be then in vacation, shall examine the said certificate and, if
27 of opinion that the requirements of this Article have been complied with, shall cause the
28 said certificate to be spread upon the minutes of the court; but if of opinion that the
29 requirements of this Article have not been complied with, shall return the said certificate
30 to the secretary-treasurer with a statement showing in what respects the provisions of
31 this Article have not been complied with; and the said certificate shall not be again
32 presented to the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court or any judge thereof, until any such
33 defects in the organization of the council shall have been corrected, at which time a new
34 certificate of organization shall be presented and the same course taken as hereinabove
35 provided, and so on until a correct certificate showing the proper organization of the
36 council shall have been presented, and the organization of the council accordingly
37 completed. Upon (a) the entry of an order upon the minutes of the court that the
38 requirements of this Article have been complied with, or (b) if for any reason the Chief
39 Justice or judge should not act thereon within 30 days, then, after the lapse of 30 days
40 from the presentation to the Chief Justice or judge, as the case may be, of any certificate
41 of organization hereinbefore required to be presented by the secretary-treasurer, without
42 either the entry of an order or the return of said certificate with a statement showing the
43 respects in which this Article has not been complied with, the organization of the
44 council shall be deemed to be complete, and it shall be vested with the powers herein set

1 forth; and the certificate of organization shall thereupon forthwith be spread upon the
2 minutes of the court. A copy of the certificate of organization, as spread upon the
3 minutes of the court, shall be published in the next ensuing volume of the North
4 Carolina ~~Reports~~. Reports and in the North Carolina Administrative Code. The rules and
5 regulations set forth in the certificate of organization, and all other rules and regulations
6 which may be adopted by the council under this Article, may be amended by the council
7 from time to time in any manner not inconsistent with this Article. Copies of all such
8 rules and regulations adopted subsequently to the filing of the certificate of
9 organization, and of all amendments so made by the council, shall be certified to the
10 Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, entered by it upon its minutes,
11 and published in the next ensuing number of the North Carolina ~~Reports~~: Reports and in
12 the North Carolina Administrative Code: Provided, that the court may decline to have so
13 entered upon its minutes any of such rules, regulations and amendments which in the
14 opinion of the Chief Justice are inconsistent with this Article."

15 Sec. 8. G.S. 95-131 reads as rewritten:

16 "**§ 95-131. Development and promulgation of standards; adoption of federal**
17 **standards and regulations.**

18 (a) All occupational safety and health standards promulgated under the federal
19 act by the Secretary, and any modifications, revision, amendments or revocations in
20 accordance with the authority conferred by the federal act or any other federal act or
21 agency relating to safety and health and adopted by the Secretary, shall be adopted as
22 the rules of the Commissioner of this State unless the Commissioner shall promulgate
23 decides to adopt an alternative State rule or standard as effective as the federal
24 requirement and providing safe and healthful employment in places of employment as
25 required by the federal act and standards and regulations heretofore referred to and as
26 provided by the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. ~~All standards and rules~~
27 ~~promulgated under the federal act by the Secretary, and any modifications, revisions, or~~
28 ~~revocations in accordance with the authority conferred by the federal act, or any other federal~~
29 ~~act or agency relating to safety and health and adopted by the Secretary, shall become effective~~
30 ~~upon the date the same are filed by the Commissioner in the Office of Administrative Hearings~~
31 ~~in accordance with G.S. 150B-59. Chapter 150B of the General Statutes governs the~~
32 adoption of rules by the Commissioner.

33 (b) ~~In the event the Commissioner shall develop his own standards and~~
34 ~~regulations relating to occupational safety and health which he shall consider to be as~~
35 ~~effective and efficient as any of the federal regulations or standards, then the~~
36 ~~Commissioner may by regulation promulgate, modify, or revoke any occupational~~
37 ~~safety or health standard developed by him in the following manner:~~

38 (1) ~~Whenever the need or desirability of promulgating a regulation or~~
39 ~~standard by the Commissioner which serves the objective of this~~
40 ~~Article is indicated by information submitted in writing to the~~
41 ~~Commissioner by any interested person, employer, employee, or~~
42 ~~representative of any organization of employers or employees or upon~~
43 ~~information derived from recognized standards producing~~
44 ~~organizations or upon the basis of information developed by the~~

1 Commissioner or otherwise available to him, he shall determine the
2 scope of issue to be covered by such standard or regulation and the
3 method to be followed in the development of such standard or
4 regulation. If the Commissioner finds it desirable he may request the
5 recommendation of the Advisory Council appointed under this Article
6 and shall provide such Advisory Council with any proposals of his
7 own, together with all pertinent factual information developed by
8 technical experts or otherwise available, including the result of
9 research, demonstrations, experiments, and experience.
10 Recommendations of the Advisory Council shall be submitted to the
11 Commissioner within 90 days from the date of the receipt of such
12 request or within such longer or shorter period as may be prescribed by
13 the Commissioner, but in no event for a period which is longer than
14 270 days.

15 (2) ~~When the Commissioner wishes to promulgate a regulation or standard
16 in this section, he shall consider any proposed revisions prior to
17 publication of proposed standards and regulations under subdivision
18 (3) of this subsection, and may make revisions appropriate to the
19 effectiveness of the proposed standards and regulations.~~

20 (3) ~~The Commissioner shall, following the review provided for in
21 subdivision (2) above, publish a notice that he intends to issue a
22 standard or regulation modifying or revoking an occupational safety or
23 health standard or regulation in one newspaper of general circulation
24 in Asheville, Charlotte, Durham, Greensboro, Raleigh, Wilmington
25 and Winston-Salem, and shall afford interested persons a period of 30
26 days after publication to submit written data or comments. The notice
27 shall describe the content of the proposed regulation and shall state
28 where copies of the proposed rule, regulation or standard may be
29 obtained.~~

30 (4) ~~On or before the last day of the period provided for the submission of
31 written data or comment under subdivision (3) above, any interested
32 person may file with the Commissioner written objections to the
33 proposed regulation, rule or standard, stating the grounds therefor and
34 requesting a public hearing on such objections. Within 30 days after
35 the last day for filing such objections, the Commissioner shall issue a
36 call for a public hearing on the proposed occupational safety or health
37 rule, regulation or standard to which such objections have been filed.
38 The notice of hearing shall be published in one newspaper of general
39 circulation in Asheville, Charlotte, Durham, Greensboro, Raleigh,
40 Wilmington and Winston-Salem, 30 days prior to the hearing. The
41 notice shall include the date, time, and place of the hearing and shall
42 indicate concisely and accurately the subject matter of the proposed
43 rule, regulation or standard to which objections have been filed. It shall~~

1 also state where copies of the full text of the proposed rule, regulation
2 or standard may be obtained.

3 (5) ~~The hearing shall be presided over by the Commissioner or any
4 authorized agent of the Department, or he may delegate such presiding
5 to the Director and shall provide reasonable opportunity for reception
6 of opinions, memoranda and advice concerning such proposed
7 regulation, rule or standard by interested persons and organizations.~~

8 (6) ~~Within 60 days after the expiration of the period provided for the
9 submission of written data or comments as provided by this section, or
10 within 60 days after the completion of any hearing held under the
11 provision of this section, the Commissioner shall issue a regulation
12 promulgating, modifying, or revoking such occupational safety or
13 health standard, rule or regulation so developed by him, or make a
14 determination that such rule, standard or regulation shall not be issued.
15 In addition, he shall issue a statement of reasons for any changes made
16 from the proposed regulation, rule or standard, or reasons why no
17 regulation, rule or standard was issued. Such regulation, rule or
18 standard may contain a provision delaying its effective date for such
19 period (not in excess of 90 days) as the Commissioner determines may
20 be necessary to insure that affected employers and employees will be
21 informed of the existence of the rule, regulation or standard and of its
22 terms and that employers affected are given an opportunity to
23 familiarize themselves and their employees with the existence of the
24 requirements of the rule, regulation or standard. Notice of such
25 promulgation, modification or revocation, shall be published in the
26 same manner as heretofore provided in this section and as related to
27 the publication of proposed rules, regulations and standards. Copies of
28 the Commissioner's ruling shall be made available without cost to
29 reasonably interested parties.~~

30 (7) ~~Upon adoption by the enactment of this Article of the occupational
31 safety or health standards, rules or regulations, promulgated under the
32 federal act by the Secretary, and modifications, revisions, or
33 revocations in accordance with the authority conferred by the federal
34 act or any other federal act or agency relating to safety and health
35 adopted by the Secretary, such rules, regulations and standards may be
36 issued and promulgated without meeting the requirements of
37 publication of proposed regulations, rules or standards and without
38 meeting the requirements of hearings as provided in this section.
39 Notice published in the federal register, with reference to proposed
40 change of standards, shall be deemed to be notice to employers and
41 employees with regard to that change. Hearings and the findings of the
42 Secretary of Labor with reference to the proposed change of standards,
43 shall be substituted for the hearing and findings of the Commissioner.~~

- 1 (e) (1) ~~The Commissioner shall provide, without regard to the~~
2 ~~forementioned subdivision in this section, for an emergency~~
3 ~~temporary standard to take immediate effect upon publication of~~
4 ~~such emergency temporary standard in one newspaper of general~~
5 ~~circulation in Asheville, Charlotte, Durham, Greensboro, Raleigh,~~
6 ~~Wilmington and Winston-Salem if he determines (i) that employees~~
7 ~~are exposed to grave danger from exposure to substances or agents~~
8 ~~determined to be toxic or physically harmful or from new hazards,~~
9 ~~and (ii) that such emergency standard is necessary to protect~~
10 ~~employees from such danger.~~
- 11 (2) ~~Emergency standards may cover issues not dealt with by statutes or~~
12 ~~regulations in existence and may displace standards heretofore~~
13 ~~promulgated.~~
- 14 (3) ~~Any such emergency temporary standard shall be effective until~~
15 ~~superseded by a standard promulgated in accordance with the~~
16 ~~procedures prescribed in subdivision (4) of this subsection.~~
- 17 (4) ~~Upon publication of such emergency temporary standard, the~~
18 ~~Commissioner shall commence a proceeding in accordance with G.S.~~
19 ~~95-131(e) of this Article, and the emergency standard as published~~
20 ~~shall also serve as a proposed regulation for the proceeding. He shall~~
21 ~~thereupon promulgate a standard under this subdivision no later than~~
22 ~~six months after publication of the emergency standard as provided in~~
23 ~~subdivision (1) of this subsection.~~
- 24 (d) (1) ~~Regulations issued under subsections (b) and (c) of Rules~~
25 ~~adopted under this section shall provide insofar as possible the~~
26 ~~highest degree of safety and health protection for employees; other~~
27 ~~considerations shall be the latest available scientific data in the field,~~
28 ~~the feasibility of the standard, and experience gained under this and~~
29 ~~other health and safety laws. Whenever practical the standards~~
30 ~~promulgated-established in a rule shall be expressed in terms of~~
31 ~~objective criteria and of the performance desired. In promulgating~~
32 ~~establishing standards dealing with toxic materials or harmful~~
33 ~~physical agents, the Commissioner, after consultation and~~
34 ~~recommendations of the Department of Human Resources, shall set~~
35 ~~a standard which most adequately assures, to the extent possible, on~~
36 ~~the basis of the most available evidence that no employee will suffer~~
37 ~~material impairment of health or functional capacity even if such~~
38 ~~employee has regular exposure to the hazard dealt with by such~~
39 ~~standard for the period of his working life.~~
- 40 (2) ~~Upon adoption of this Article, all rules and procedures set forth in~~
41 ~~section 6(b)(7) of the federal act will be hereinafter adopted and~~
42 ~~applied.~~
- 43 (e) The Commissioner ~~shall not develop or promulgate~~ may not adopt State
44 standards, for products distributed or used in interstate commerce, which are different

1 from federal standards for such products unless the ~~promulgation~~ adoption of such State
2 standard, or standards, ~~are~~ is required by compelling local conditions and ~~do~~ does not
3 unduly burden interstate commerce.

4 (f) ~~Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, in the event the~~
5 ~~Commissioner shall develop any rule, regulation, scope, or standard for agricultural~~
6 ~~employers which differs from the federal regulations or standards, he shall promulgate~~
7 ~~these rules, standards and regulations pursuant to Articles 2 and 5 of Chapter 150B and~~
8 ~~Part 3 of Article 1 of Chapter 143B.~~

9 (g) Any rule, regulation, scope, or standard for agricultural employers adopted or
10 promulgated prior to July 12, 1988, that differs from the federal rule, regulation, scope,
11 or standard is repealed effective September 1, 1989, unless readopted pursuant to
12 Chapter 150B of the General Statutes."

13 Sec. 9. G.S. 143B-14(b) reads as rewritten:

14 "(b) Except as otherwise provided ~~in the Executive Organization Act of 1973, in~~
15 ~~G.S. 120-30.28, or in G.S. 150B-11(3), by law, the powers, duties, and functions of a~~
16 ~~commission (including but not limited to rule making, regulation, licensing, and~~
17 ~~promulgation of rules, rates, regulations, and standards, and the rendering of findings,~~
18 ~~orders, and adjudications) shall not be~~ are not subject to the approval, review, or control
19 of the head of the department or of the Governor. ~~Provided, however, that the provisions~~
20 ~~of this subsection shall not apply to the review of rules by the Governor's~~
21 ~~Administrative Rules Review Commission."~~

22 Sec. 10. G.S. 143B-18 and G.S. 143B-20 are repealed.

23 Sec. 11. The catch line to G.S. 143B-30.1 and G.S. 143B-30.1(a) reads as
24 rewritten:

25 "**§ 143B-30.1. Administrative Rules Review Commission created.**

26 (a) The ~~Administrative~~ Rules Review Commission is created. The Commission
27 shall consist of eight members to be appointed by the General Assembly, four upon the
28 recommendation of the President of the Senate, and four upon the recommendation of
29 the Speaker of the House of Representatives. These appointments shall be made in
30 accordance with G.S. 120-121, and vacancies in these appointments shall be filled in
31 accordance with G.S. 120-122. Except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, all
32 appointees shall serve two-year terms."

33 Sec. 12. G.S. 143B-30.2 reads as rewritten:

34 "**§ 143B-30.2. Review of rules. Purpose of Commission.**

35 The Rules Review Commission reviews administrative rules in accordance with
36 Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.

37 (a) ~~Rules adopted by an agency on or after September 1, 1986, shall be submitted~~
38 ~~to the Administrative Rules Review Commission, which shall review the rule to~~
39 ~~determine whether it:~~

- 40 (1) ~~Is within the authority delegated to the agency by the General~~
41 ~~Assembly;~~
- 42 (2) ~~Is clear and unambiguous;~~
- 43 (3) ~~Is reasonably necessary to enable the administrative agency to perform~~
44 ~~a function assigned to it by statute or to enable or facilitate the~~

1 implementation of a program or policy in aid of which the rule was
2 adopted.

3 Any rule filed by the 20th of a month shall be reviewed by the Commission by the
4 last day of the next calendar month. Any rule filed after the 20th of a month shall be
5 reviewed by the Commission by the last day of the second subsequent calendar month.
6 The Commission may extend the time for review of a rule by a period of up to 70 days
7 to obtain additional information on the rule. The Commission shall file notice of the
8 extension of time for review of a rule with the agency and the Director of the Office of
9 Administrative Hearings. A rule may not be presented for filing with the Director of the
10 Office of Administrative Hearings under G.S. 150B-59 unless the rule has been
11 reviewed by the Commission as provided in this section.

12 (b) If the Commission reviews a rule and determines that it is within the authority
13 delegated to the agency, is clear and unambiguous, and is reasonably necessary, the
14 Commission shall note its approval, notify the agency, and file the rule with the Director
15 of the Office of Administrative Hearings under G.S. 150B-59, and the rule shall become
16 effective as provided in that section.

17 (c) If the Commission finds that an agency did not act within the authority
18 delegated to it in promulgating a rule or a part of a rule, or that a rule is not clear and
19 unambiguous, or that a rule is unnecessary, the Commission shall object and delay the
20 filing of the rule or part of the rule under G.S. 150B-59 for a period not to exceed 90
21 days. The Commission shall send to the agency, the Governor, the President of the
22 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Director of the Office of
23 Administrative Hearings, a written report of the objection and delay of the rule or its
24 part and the reasons for the delay. An agency may not present a rule or part of a rule that
25 has been delayed to the Director of the Office of Administrative Hearings for filing
26 under G.S. 150B-59, and a rule or its part that is delayed is not "effective," as defined in
27 G.S. 150B-2(2a).

28 (d) Within 30 days after receipt of the Commission's written report as authorized
29 by (c), the agency shall either (1) revise the rule to remove the cause of the objections of
30 the Commission and return the revised rule to the Commission or (2) return the rule to
31 the Commission without change with the Commission's objections attached; provided,
32 however, that in the case of a board, committee, council, or commission the response is
33 due within 30 days after receipt of the Commission's written report or within 10 days
34 following the next regularly scheduled meeting of the board, committee, council, or
35 commission, whichever time period is greater. The Commission shall determine
36 whether a revision removes its objections to the rule.

37 (e) If the Commission determines that a revision of a rule has removed the
38 Commission's objections, the Commission shall note its approval and return the rule to
39 the agency. The agency may then file the rule with the Director of the Office of
40 Administrative Hearings under G.S. 150B-59, and the rule shall become effective as
41 provided in that section.

42 (f) Regardless of whether the agency returns the rule to the Commission without
43 change instead of revising the rule to remove the Commission's objections or whether
44 the Commission determines that a revision of a rule has not removed its objections, the

1 Commission shall note its review of and objection to the rule once 90 days have passed
2 since the Commission objected and delayed the filing of the rule or part of the rule
3 pursuant to G.S. 143B-30.2(e) and shall return the rule to the agency. The agency may
4 then file the rule with the Director of the Office of Administrative Hearings under G.S.
5 150B-59, and the rule shall become effective as provided in that section. If the agency
6 did not remove the Commission's objections to the rule or part of the rule, the
7 Commission may send to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of
8 Representatives a written report of its objections to the rule. Thereafter, if the General
9 Assembly enacts legislation disapproving the rule, the rule shall no longer be effective.

10 The Legislative Services Officer shall send a copy of any law disapproving a rule to
11 the agency and the Director of the Office of Administrative Hearings as soon as a copy
12 is available.

13 (g) While the filing of a rule or its part is delayed, the agency that promulgated it
14 may not adopt another rule, including a temporary rule, that has substantially identical
15 provisions to those for which the Commission delayed the filing of the original rule or
16 part of a rule.

17 (h) The filing of an amendment to a rule places the entire rule before the
18 Commission for its review.

19 (i) Rules adopted in accordance with the procedure in G.S. 150B-13 shall be
20 reviewed by the Commission and are subject to objection as provided in (c).

21 The Commission shall review the reasons given for the adoption of a temporary rule
22 and may object to the rule due to the agency's failure to make the finding required by
23 G.S. 150B-13."

24 Sec. 13. G.S. 120-30.48 reads as rewritten:

25 "**§ 120-30.48. Fiscal impact of administrative actions, rules.**

26 (a) An agency subject to Article 2 of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes shall
27 file a fiscal note for a proposed new rule, or a proposed amendment or repeal of an
28 existing rule, that can affect the expenditures or revenues of a unit of local government.
29 The fiscal note shall be filed with the Fiscal Research Division, the Office of State
30 Budget and Management, the North Carolina Association of County Commissioners,
31 and the North Carolina League of Municipalities. The fiscal note shall be filed with the
32 entities listed no later than the date specified in G.S. 150B-11.

33 (b) This section shall not affect any emergency rule under G.S. 150B-13. is required to
34 prepare a fiscal note on a proposed administrative rule that affects the expenditures or
35 revenues of a unit of local government as provided in G.S. 150B-21.4."

36 Sec. 14. G.S. 147-16.1 reads as rewritten:

37 "**§ 147-16.1. Publication of executive orders.**

38 Executive orders of the Governor shall be filed and published as provided by Article 5 of
39 Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. The Governor must submit Executive Orders to the
40 Secretary of State, who must compile, index, and publish the Executive Orders. The
41 Governor's office shall also send a copy of each executive order to the President of the
42 Senate, to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to the Principal Clerk of the
43 House of Representatives and to the Principal Clerk of the Senate."

44 Sec. 15. G.S. 148-11 reads as rewritten:

1 **"§ 148-11. Authority to make regulations.**

2 The Secretary shall adopt rules for the government of the State prison system and
3 shall file and publish such rules in accordance with ~~the provisions of Article 5 of Chapter~~
4 150B. In the case of temporary rules, such rules shall become effective immediately
5 upon adoption by the Secretary and shall be filed ~~in accordance with G.S. 150B-13~~ with
6 the Codifier of Rules within two working days of adoption. The Secretary shall have
7 such portion of these rules and regulations as pertain to enforcing discipline read to
8 every prisoner when received in the State prison system and a printed copy of these
9 rules and regulations shall be made available to the prisoners."

10 Sec. 16. G.S. 150B-22 reads as rewritten:

11 **"§ 150B-22. Settlement; contested case.**

12 It is the policy of this State that any dispute between an agency and another person
13 that involves the person's rights, duties, or privileges, including licensing or the levy of
14 a monetary penalty, should be settled through informal procedures. In trying to reach a
15 settlement through informal procedures, the agency may not conduct a proceeding at
16 which sworn testimony is taken and witnesses may be cross-examined. ~~Notwithstanding~~
17 ~~any other provision of law, if~~ If the agency and the other person do not agree to a
18 resolution of the dispute through informal procedures, either the agency or the person
19 may commence an administrative proceeding to determine the person's rights, duties, or
20 privileges, at which time the dispute becomes a 'contested case.'"

21 Sec. 17. This act becomes effective October 1, 1991. The procedures in G.S.
22 150B, Article 2A, as set forth in this act, apply to all rules for which a notice of rule
23 making is published in the North Carolina Register on or after that date, and to all rules
24 that do not require publication of a notice of rule making and are adopted on or after
25 that date. The Utilities Commission shall submit to the Codifier of Rules the rules of
26 the Commission that are included in the publication "North Carolina Utilities Laws and
27 Regulations" within 15 days after the effective date of this act.