GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1991

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HOUSE BILL 1318

Short Title: Well/Pump Contractors License Act. (Public)	
Sponsors: Representatives Fussell; Brown, Flaherty, Gottovi, Greenwood, and Jordan.	
Referred to: Economic Expansion.	
May 26, 1992	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT TO REQUIRE THAT WELL CONTRACTORS AND PUMP	
CONTRACTORS BE LICENSED AND TO ESTABLISH A WELL AND PUMP	
CONTRACTORS EXAMINERS BOARD.	
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
Section 1. Chapter 87 of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new	
Article to read:	
" <u>ARTICLE 9.</u>	
"WELL AND PUMP CONTRACTORS.	
" <u>§ 87-120. Short title.</u>	
(a) This Article may be cited as the 'Well and Pump Contractors Licensing Act.'	
(b) Purpose and Policy. – The General Assembly has determined that	
underground water is a precious resource belonging to all the people of the State. The	
use of underground water is a proper subject for statutory control for the protection of	
present and future generations of the population. The State's environment, its	
commercial and industrial development, and the health and welfare of its citizens are	
directly related to and dependent upon the quality and quantity of its aquifers. The protection of underground waters from pollution and abuse requires that all persons	
engaged in the business of drilling and pump contracting so as to afford access to	
underground water supplies be required to exhibit special experience and expertise as	
evidenced by a uniform statewide license.	
"§ 87-121. Definitions.	

The following definitions apply in this Article:

- 1 (1) Board. The Board of Well and Pump Contractors created by this Article.
 - (2) <u>Department. The Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources.</u>
 - (3) Drill. All acts necessary to the construction of a well with power equipment.
 - (4) Groundwater. The water of underground streams, channels, artesian basins, reservoirs, lakes, and other water under the surface of the ground, whether percolating or otherwise.
 - (5) Person. Any natural person, partnership, association, trust, and public or private corporation.
 - (6) Pump. Any powered device for extracting water, oil, gas, or reclamation fluids from any well.
 - (7) Pump Contractor. Any person who contracts or engages in the business of installation, replacement, or repair of any pump or well seal which results in breaking or opening the well seal of a water supply well excluding environmental monitoring wells and recovery wells, or any pump related activity that has the potential to contaminate the water source.
 - (8) Well. A hole in the ground used for any of the following: (i) to explore for, obtain, or monitor groundwater, (ii) to inject or withdraw water into or from any underground formation from which water may be produced, or (iii) to transfer heat to or from the ground or groundwater. The term also includes a remedial well.
 - (9) Well contractor. Any person who contracts to machine drill, alter, or repair any well.
 - (10) Well drilling rig or equipment. The power machinery used in drilling a well. This includes any equipment that has the potential to contaminate groundwater and is used to obtain groundwater.
 - (11) Well seal. An approved arrangement or device used to cap a well or to establish and maintain a junction between the casing or curbing of a well and the piping or equipment installed therein, the purpose or function of which is to prevent pollutants from entering the well at the upper terminal.

"§ 87-122. Persons exempted from Article.

This Article shall not apply to a person who performs labor or services for a licensed well contractor in connection with the drilling of a well or who repairs or installs pumps at the direction and under the personal supervision of a licensed well or pump contractor.

"§ 87-123. Licensure required for well and pump contractors.

After January 1, 1993, no person shall engage in any of the following activities, unless that person has a valid license as provided by this Article: (i) drill a well, or (ii) install or service water-well pumps, water pumps, well-pumping units, pressure tanks, and systems open to underground water.

"§ 87-124. Board of Well Contractor Examiners; creation; composition; appointment and terms of members; vacancies.

- (a) There is created a State Board of Well and Pump Contractor Examiners. The Board shall consist of seven members appointed by the Governor as follows:
 - (1) Four registered well or pump contractors who drill in consolidated or unconsolidated formations, recommended by the North Carolina Groundwater Association to the Governor. One of these members shall be a pump contractor and one of these members shall drill monitoring wells.
 - Two members of the Department. One member shall represent the Groundwater Section of the Department and one member shall represent the Environmental Health Division of the Department.
 - (3) One representative of the public at large, who shall not be a well or pump contractor, or an employee of any State department.
- (b) After the establishment of the initial Board, those persons who are well or pump contractors appointed to the Board shall be licensed under the provisions of this Article.
- (c) Except as provided in subsection (d), each member shall be appointed to a four-year term to begin on February 1 and end on January 31. There shall be no successive terms. A former member of the Board shall wait for a period of four years before being eligible for reappointment to the Board.
- (d) Of the members initially appointed, one of the well or pump contractors shall serve a term of one year. The public member and the second well or pump contractor shall serve a term of two years. The representative from the Groundwater Section of the Department and the third well or pump contractor shall serve a term of three years. The representative from the Environmental Health Division of the Department and the fourth well or pump contractor shall serve a term of four years.
- (e) Any vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment. An appointee shall serve the remainder of the unexpired term and until his or her successor has been appointed and qualified.
 - (f) Each member of the Board shall be a resident of the State.
- "§ 87-125. Compensation and expenses of Board members; employment and compensation of personnel; expenses of administration not to exceed income; no liability of State.
- (a) A Board member shall receive compensation for the performance of duties required by this Article and reasonable travel expenses as provided by G.S. 93B-5.
- (b) The Board may employ necessary personnel for the performance of its functions, and may fix the compensation of that personnel within the limits of funds available to the Board.
- (c) The total expense of the administration of this Article shall not exceed the total income from fees collected pursuant to this Article. No salary, expense, or other obligations of the Board shall be charged against the General Fund of the State. Neither the Board nor any officer or employee of the Board shall have any power or authority to

make or incur any expense, debt, or other financial obligation binding upon the State of
North Carolina.

"§ 87-126. Organization and meetings of the Board; quorum; rules and regulations; seal; administration of oaths; membership by public employees.

- (a) The Board shall annually elect a chair from among its membership. The Board shall meet annually in the City of Raleigh, at a time set by the Board. The Board may hold additional meetings and conduct business at any place in the State.
- (b) Five members of the Board shall constitute a quorum to transact business. The Board may designate any member to conduct any proceeding, hearing, or investigation necessary to its purpose, but any final action shall require a quorum of the Board.
- (c) The Board may adopt rules to implement this Article, provided that no rule shall change, modify, or supersede any rules adopted under Article 7 of Chapter 87 of the General Statutes.
- (d) The Board shall have an official seal. Any member may administer an oath in the taking of testimony upon any matter pertaining to the functions of the Board. Membership on the Board by a public employee shall not constitute dual office holding.

"§ 87-127. Issuance of licenses; qualifications of applicants; examinations; failure to pass examination.

- (a) Any person who desires to be licensed as a well or pump contractor pursuant to this Chapter shall:
 - (1) Submit an application on a form approved by the Board.
 - (2) Be a resident of North Carolina.
 - (3) Be 21 years of age or older.
 - (4) Pass an examination given by the Board.
 - (b) The examination required by subsection (a) of this section shall be in the manner and form as the Board in the exercise of its discretion may determine, including examinations prepared and graded under contracts. Appropriately different examinations shall be given for well contractors and pump contractors. Examinations shall be written unless the Board determines that there are extraordinary circumstances that in the interest of fairness make an oral examination appropriate. The examination for applicants shall be offered at least twice annually at a time and place to be determined by the Board.
 - (c) When the Board has determined that an applicant has met all the qualifications for licensure, and has submitted the required fee, the Board shall issue a license to the applicant.

"§ 87-128. Licensing of contractor working on January 1, 1993.

Within three months after January 1, 1993, a resident of North Carolina who has actively and continuously performed the functions of a well or pump contractor for a five-year period prior to January 1, 1993, may submit an application under oath to the Board, with an application fee, requesting that they be licensed as a well or pump contractor without an examination. The purpose of this section is to permit 'grandfathering' only of those applicants who are residents of North Carolina and who

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41 42 have performed the functions and acquired the experience over a period of five full years prior to January 1, 1993, deemed satisfactory by the Board. The Board may request the documentation it deems necessary in evaluating such requests.

"§ 87-129. Expiration of licenses; renewal without examination.

A license issued under this Article shall be an annual license and shall expire on January 31. A license may be renewed for an ensuing license year without examination by submitting a renewal application to the Board and paying the prescribed fee at least 30 days prior to the expiration date of the current license. The renewal application shall extend the period of validity of the current license until a new license is issued or denied under the provisions of this Article.

"<u>§ 87-130. Fees.</u>

Fees shall be determined by the Board, but shall not exceed the amounts specified in this section. A fee shall be paid to the Board at the time an application is made:

For original license	\$125.00
For renewal license, annually	125.00
For examination under this Article	

Fees shall not be prorated for licenses issued after January 1 of any year. Licensees shall be penalized twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for renewals postmarked after December 31.

"§ 87-131. Display of license.

The licensee shall conspicuously display his or her license at the licensee's principal place of business.

"§ 87-132. Grounds for refusal, suspension, or revocation of license.

The Board may refuse to issue or renew, or may suspend or revoke, a license on any one or more of the following grounds:

- (1) Material misstatement in the application for license;
- (2) Willful disregard or violation of this Article or of any rule or regulation promulgated by the Board pursuant thereto; or of any law of the State of North Carolina relating to wells;
- (3) Conviction of any crime, an essential element of which is misstatement of fact, fraud or dishonesty, or conviction of any felony.

"§ 87-133. Procedure when Board refuses to examine applicant or revokes or suspends license.

The procedure to be followed by the Board when it contemplates refusing to allow an applicant to take an examination, or to revoke or suspend a license issued under the provisions of this Article, shall be in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes.

"§ 87-134. Violation a misdemeanor; injunction to prevent violation.

Any violation of this Article shall be a misdemeanor. The Board may apply to any judge of the superior court for an injunction to prevent any violation or threatened violation of the provisions of this Article."

Sec. 2. This act is effective upon ratification.