SESSION 1991

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HOUSE BILL 1000 Committee Substitute Favorable 5/7/91

Short Title: Life Plan Trust Act.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

April 19, 1991

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY TRUST FOR
3	PERSONS WITH SEVERE CHRONIC DISABILITIES.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. Chapter 36A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new
6	Article to read:
7	" <u>ARTICLE 4B.</u>
8	"NORTH CAROLINA COMMUNITY TRUST ACT.
9	"§ 36A-59.10. North Carolina Community Trust for Persons with Severe Chronic
10	Disabilities; findings.
11	(a) This act shall be known and may be cited as the 'North Carolina Community
12	Trust for Persons with Severe Chronic Disabilities Act'.
13	(b) The General Assembly finds that it is in the public interest to encourage
14	activities by voluntary associations and private citizens which will supplement and
15	augment those services provided by local, State, and federal government agencies in
16	discharge of their responsibilities toward individuals with severe chronic disabilities.
17	The General Assembly further finds that, as a result of changing social, economic, and
18	demographic trends, families of persons with severe chronic disabilities are increasingly
19	aware of the need for a vehicle by which they can assure ongoing individualized
20	personal concern for a severely disabled family member who may survive his parents or
21	other family members, and provide for the efficient management of small legacies or
22	trust funds to be used for the benefit of such a disabled person. In a number of other
23	states voluntary associations have established foundations or trusts intended to be

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1	responsive to	these concerns. Therefore, the General Assembly finds that North
2	-	enefit by the enactment of enabling legislation expressly authorizing the
3		ommunity trusts in accordance with criteria set forth by statute and
4		the Secretary of State, pursuant to Chapter 55A of the General Statutes.
5	•	ity trusts permit the pooling of resources contributed by families or
6		nilanthropic intent, along with the reservation of portions of these funds
7		benefit of designated beneficiaries.
8		act shall be liberally construed and applied to promote its underlying
9		blicies, which are, among others, to:
10	(1)	Encourage the orderly establishment of community trusts for the
11	~~/	benefit of persons with severe chronic disabilities;
12	<u>(2)</u>	Ensure that community trusts are administered properly and that the
13	~~~	managing boards of the trusts are free from conflicts of interest;
14	<u>(3)</u>	Facilitate sound administration of trust funds for persons with severe
15		chronic disabilities by allowing family members and others to pool
16		resources in order to make professional management investment more
17		efficient;
18	<u>(4)</u>	Provide parents of persons with severe chronic disabilities peace of
19		mind in knowing that a means exists to ensure that the interests of their
20		children who have severe chronic disabilities are properly looked after
21		and managed after the parents die or become incapacitated;
22	<u>(5)</u>	Help make guardians available for persons with severe chronic
23		disabilities who are incompetent, when no other family member is
24		available for this purpose;
25	<u>(6)</u>	Encourage the availability of private resources to purchase for persons
26		with severe chronic disabilities goods and services that are not
27		available through any governmental or charitable program and to
28		conserve these resources by limiting purchases to those which are not
29		available from other sources;
30	<u>(7)</u>	Encourage the inclusion, as beneficiaries of community trusts, of
31		persons who lack resources and whose families are indigent, in a way
32		that does not diminish the resources available to other beneficiaries
33		whose families have contributed to the trust; and
34	<u>(8)</u>	Remove the disincentives that discourage parents and others from
35		setting aside funds for the future protection of persons with severe
36		chronic disabilities by ensuring that the interest of beneficiaries in
37		community trusts are not considered assets or income that would
38		disqualify them from any governmental or charitable entitlement
39		program with an economic means test.
40	" <u>§ 36A-59.11.</u>	
41		his Article, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
42	<u>(1)</u>	'Beneficiary' means any person with a severe chronic disability who
43		has qualified as a member of the community trust program and who
44		has the right to receive those services and benefits vested with the

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1 2		management of the business and affairs of a corporation, formed for the purpose of managing a community trust, irrespective of the name
3 4	<u>(2)</u>	by which the group is designated. 'Community trust' means a nonprofit organization that offers the
5		following services:
6		a. Administration of special trust funds for persons with severe
7 8		<u>chronic disabilities;</u> <u>b.</u> <u>Follow along services;</u>
9		c. Guardianship for persons with severe chronic disabilities who
10		are incompetent, when no other family member or immediate
11		friend is available for this purpose; and
12		d. Advice and counsel to persons who have been appointed as
13		individual guardians of the persons or estates of persons with
14		severe chronic disabilities.
15	<u>(3)</u>	'Follow along services' means those services offered by community
16		trusts that are designed to ensure that the needs of each beneficiary are
17		being met for as long as may be required and may include periodic
18		visits to the beneficiary and to the places where the beneficiary
19		receives services, participation in the development of individualized
20		plans being made by service providers for the beneficiary, and other
21		similar services consistent with the purposes of this act.
22	<u>(4)</u>	'Severe chronic disability' means a physical or mental impairment that
23		is expected to give rise to a long-term need for specialized health,
24 25		social, and other services, and which makes the person with such a
23 26		disability dependent upon others for assistance to secure these services.
20 27	<u>(5)</u>	Trustee' means any member of the board of a corporation, formed for
28	<u>(5)</u>	the purpose of managing a community trust, whether that member is
29		designated as a trustee, director, manager, governor, or by any other
30		title.
31	<u>(6)</u>	'Surplus trust funds' means funds accumulated in the trust from
32		contributions made on behalf of an individual beneficiary which, after
33		the death of the beneficiary, are determined by the board to be in
34		excess of the actual cost of providing services during the beneficiary's
35		lifetime, including the beneficiary's share of administrative costs.
36	" <u>§ 36A-59.12.</u>	
37		e shall apply to every community trust established in this State. In
38		eting the other requirements of this act, every board which administers a
39 40	-	st shall incorporate as a nonprofit corporation pursuant to Chapter 55A of
40 41		atutes. Except as otherwise provided herein, the provisions of Chapter eral Statutes shall apply to the community trusts
41 42		eral Statutes shall apply to the community trusts. Administration; powers and duties.
42 43		y community trust shall be administered by a board. The board shall be
43 44		to less than nine and no more than 21 members, at least one-third of
τŦ		to ress than time and no more than 21 members, at least one-time of

whom shall be parents or relatives of persons with severe chronic disabilities. No board 1 2 member shall be a provider of habilitative, health, social, or educational services to 3 persons with severe chronic disabilities or an employee of such a service provider. The board may, however, allow service providers to serve on the board in an advisory 4 5 capacity. Board members shall be selected, to the maximum extent possible, from 6 geographic areas throughout the area served by the trust. 7 The certificate of incorporation filed with the Secretary of State pursuant to Chapter 8 55A of the General Statutes shall, in addition to the requirements set forth in that title, 9 demonstrate that the requirements of this section have been met. 10 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no trustee may be compensated for services provided as a member of the board of a community trust. No 11 12 fees or commissions shall be paid to these trustees; however, a trustee may be paid for necessary expenses incurred by the trustee and may receive indemnification as 13 14 permitted under Chapter 55A of the General Statutes. 15 (b1) For every community trust incorporated under this Article, the corporation itself shall be considered the trustee of any funds administered by it. No individual 16 17 board member shall be considered to be trustee of any fund deposited on behalf of any 18 individual beneficiary with severe chronic disabilities. The board shall adopt bylaws that shall include a declaration delineating the 19 (c)20 primary geographic area serviced by the trust and the principal services to be provided 21 and shall file the bylaws with the Secretary of State. The board may retain paid staff as it considers necessary to provide follow 22 (d)23 along services to the extent required by each beneficiary. The community trust may 24 authorize the expenditure of funds for any goods or services which, in its sole discretion, it determines will promote the well-being of any beneficiary, including 25 recreational services. The community trust may pay for the burial of any beneficiary. 26 27 The community trust, however, may not expend funds for any goods or services of comparable quality to those available to any particular beneficiary through any 28 29 governmental or charitable program, insurance, or other sources. The community trust 30 may expend funds to meet the reasonable costs of administering the community trust. The community trust is not required to provide services to a beneficiary who 31 (e) is a competent adult and who has refused to accept the services. Further, the 32 33 community trust shall not provide services of a nature or in a manner that would be contrary to the public policy of this State at the time the services are to be provided. In 34 35 either case, the community trust may offer alternate services that are consistent with the purposes of this act and in keeping with the best interests of the beneficiary. 36 37 The community trust may accept appointment as guardian of the person, (f)38 guardian of the estate, or guardian of both on behalf of any beneficiary. If the 39 community trust accepts appointment as guardian of the person of an individual, it shall assign a staff member to carry out its responsibilities as the guardian. The community 40 trust may, on request, offer consultative and professional assistance to an individual, 41 42 private or public guardian of any of its beneficiaries.

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1	(g) The community trust may accept contributions, bequests, and designations
2	under life insurance policies to the community trust on behalf of individuals with severe
3	chronic disabilities for the purpose of qualifying them as beneficiaries.
4	(h) At the time a contribution, bequest, or assignment of insurance proceeds is
5	made, the trustor shall receive a written statement of the services to be provided to the
6	beneficiary. The statement shall include a starting date for the delivery of services or
7	the condition precedent, such as the death of the trustor, which shall determine the
8	starting date. The statement shall describe the frequency with which services shall be
9	provided and their duration, and the criteria or procedures for modifying the program of
10	services from time to time in the best interests of the beneficiary.
11	" <u>§ 36A-59.14. Accountability.</u>
12	Along with the annual report filed with the Secretary of State pursuant to Chapter
13	55A of the General Statutes, the community trust shall file an itemized statement which
14	shows the funds collected for the year, income earned, salaries, other expenses incurred,
15	and the opening and final trust balances. A copy of this statement shall be made
16	available, upon request, to any beneficiary, trustor, or designee of the trustor. In
17	addition, once annually, each trustor or the trustor's designee shall receive a detailed
18	individual statement of the services provided to the trustor's beneficiary during the
19	previous 12 months and the services to be provided during the following 12 months.
20	The community trust shall make a copy of the individual statement available to any
21	beneficiary, upon request.
22	" <u>§ 36A-59.15. Gifts, surplus trust funds.</u>
23	The community trust may accept gifts and use surplus trust funds for the purpose of
24	qualifying as beneficiaries any indigent person whose family members lack the
25	resources to make a full contribution on that person's behalf. The extent and character
26	of the services and selection of beneficiaries are at the discretion of the community
27	trust. The community trust may not use surplus trust funds to make any charitable
28	contribution on behalf of any beneficiary or any group or class of beneficiaries. The
29	community trust may accept gifts to meet start-up costs, reduce the charges to the trust
30	for the cost of administration, and for any other purpose that is consistent with this act.
31	Gifts made to the trust for an unspecified purpose shall be used by the community trust
32	either to qualify indigent persons whose families lack the means to qualify them as
33	beneficiaries of the trust or to meet any start-up costs that the trust incurs.
34	" <u>§ 36A-59.16. Special requests on behalf of beneficiary.</u>
35 36	The community trust may agree to fulfill any special requests made on behalf of a bandficiary as long as the requests are consistent with this Article and provided an
30 37	beneficiary as long as the requests are consistent with this Article and provided an adequate contribution has been made for this purpose on behalf of a beneficiary. The
38	community trust may agree to serve as trustee for any individual trust created on behalf
38 39	of a beneficiary, regardless of whether the trust is revocable or irrevocable, has one or
40	more remaindermen or contingent beneficiaries, or any other condition, so long as the
40 41	individual trust is consistent with the purposes of this Article.
41 42	"§ 36A-59.17. Irrevocability; impossibility of fulfillment.
43	A community trust for persons with severe chronic disabilities is irrevocable, but the
Ъ	recommunity must for persons with severe enforme disabilities is interocable, but the

44 trustees in their sole discretion may provide compensation for any contribution to the

1	trust to any trustor who, upon good cause, withdraws a beneficiary designated by the
2	trustor from the trust, or if it becomes impossible to fulfill the conditions of the trust
3	with regard to an individual beneficiary for reasons other than the death of the
4	beneficiary.
5	" <u>§ 36A-59.18. Beneficiary's interest in trust not asset for income eligibility</u>
6	determination.
7	Notwithstanding any provisions of Chapter 108A of the General Statutes, the
8	beneficiary's interest in any community trust shall not be deemed to be an asset for the
9	purpose of determining income eligibility for any publicly operated program, nor shall
10	that interest be reached in satisfaction of a claim for support and maintenance of the
11	beneficiary. No agency shall reduce the benefits of services available to any individual
12	because that person is the beneficiary of a community trust.
13	" <u>§ 36A-59.19. Trust not subject to law against perpetuities, restraints on</u>
14	alienation.
15	A community trust shall not be subject to or held to be in violation of any principle
16	of law against perpetuities or restraints on alienation or perpetual accumulations of
17	<u>trusts.</u>
18	" <u>§ 36A-59.20. Settlement; trustee limitations.</u>
19	The community trust shall settle a community trust by filing a final accounting in the
20	superior court. In addition, at any time prior to the settlement of the final account, the
21	community trust, the Secretary of State, or the Attorney General may bring an action for
22	the dissolution of a nonprofit corporation in the superior court for the purpose of
23	terminating the trust or merging it with another charitable trust.
24	No trustee or any private individual shall be entitled to share in the distribution of
25	any of the trust assets upon dissolution, merger, or settlement of the community trust.
26	Upon dissolution, merger, or settlement, the superior court shall distribute all of the
27	remaining net assets of the community trust in a manner that is consistent with the
28	purposes of this Article.
29	"§ 36A-59.21. Funding.
30	No State funds shall be utilized to implement this act."
31	Sec. 2. This act is effective upon ratification.