SESSION 1989

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SENATE BILL 1586 Second Edition Engrossed 6/6/90 Third Edition Engrossed 6/11/90 House Committee Substitute Favorable 7/10/90

Short Title: Pay Taxes Faster.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

June 6, 1990

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO ACCELERATE THE PAYMENT OF SALES TAXES AND GROSS
3	RECEIPTS TAXES BY UTILITIES AND TO ACCELERATE THE PAYMENT
4	OF WITHHELD INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAXES BY EMPLOYERS.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Section 1. G.S. 105-164.16 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 105-164.16. Report and payment of taxes.
8	(a) Payment. – Taxes levied under this Article are due when a return is required
9	to be filed. Every taxpayer liable for the tax imposed by this Article shall, within the
10	specified time after the end of the appropriate reporting period, submit a return to the
11	Secretary, on a form prescribed by the Secretary, stating the taxpayer's gross sales for
12	the reporting period, the amount and type of sales made in the period that are exempt
13	from tax under G.S. 105-164.13 or are elsewhere excluded from tax, the amount of tax
14	due, and any other information required by the Secretary. Each return shall be
15	accompanied by a payment to the Secretary for the amount of taxes shown to be due on
16	the return and shall be signed by the taxpayer or his agent. Returns that do not contain
17	the required information shall not be accepted. When an unacceptable return is
18	submitted, the Secretary shall require a corrected return to be filed.
19	(b) General Reporting Periods. – Returns of taxpayers who are required by this
20	subsection to report on a monthly or quarterly basis are due within 15 days after the end

(Public)

1 of each monthly or quarterly period. Returns of taxpayers who are required to report on

a semimonthly basis are due within 10 days after the end of each semimonthly period.

3 A taxpayer who is consistently liable for less than twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) a 4 month in State and local sales and use taxes may, with the approval of the Secretary, file 5 a return on a quarterly basis. A taxpayer who is consistently liable for at least twenty 6 thousand dollars (\$20,000) a month in State and local sales and use taxes shall, when 7 directed to do so by the Secretary, file a return on a semimonthly basis. All other 8 taxpayers shall file a return on a monthly basis. Quarterly reporting periods end on the 9 last day of March, June, September, and December; monthly reporting periods end on 10 the last day of the month; and semimonthly reporting periods end on the 15th of each month and the last day of each month. 11

The Secretary shall monitor the amount of tax remitted by a taxpayer and shall direct a taxpayer who consistently remits at least twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000) each month to file a return on a semimonthly basis. In determining the amount of tax due from a taxpayer for a reporting period the Secretary shall consider the total amount due from all places of business owned or operated by the same person as the amount due from that person.

18 A taxpayer who is directed to remit sales and use taxes on a semimonthly basis but 19 who is unable to gather the information required to submit a complete return for either 20 the first reporting period or both the first and second semimonthly reporting periods 21 may, upon written authorization by the Secretary, file an estimated return for that first 22 reporting period or both periods on the basis prescribed by the Secretary. Once a taxpayer is authorized to file an estimated return for the first period or both periods, the 23 24 taxpayer may continue to file an estimated return for the first or both periods until the 25 Secretary, by written notification, revokes the taxpayer's authorization to do so. When filing a return for the second semimonthly reporting period, a taxpayer who files an 26 27 estimated return for the first period but not both periods shall remit the amount of tax due for both the first and second reporting periods, less the amount he remitted with his 28 29 estimated return.

30 A taxpayer who files an estimated return for both periods is considered to have been 31 granted an extension for both the first and second reporting periods. Notwithstanding G.S. 105-164.19, if a taxpayer who files an estimated return for both periods files a 32 reconciling return for those periods within ten days of the due date of the return for the 33 34 second period and any underpayment of estimated taxes remitted with the reconciling 35 return is less than ten percent (10%) of the amount of taxes due for both the first and second reporting periods, no interest shall be charged. Otherwise, a taxpayer who files 36 37 an estimated return for both periods shall be charged interest at the statutory rate from 38 the due date of the return for the first reporting period to the date the reconciling return 39 is filed.

(c) Sales Tax on Utility Services. <u>Taxes A return for taxes</u> levied under G.S.
105-164.4(4a) and G.S. 105-164.4(4c) are 105-164.4(a)(4a) and G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4c)
is due and payable quarterly on or before the 30th day following the end of the calendar
quarter in which the tax accrues. quarterly or monthly as specified in this subsection. A
utility that is allowed to pay tax under G.S. 105-120 on a quarterly basis shall file a

1	quarterly return. All other utilities shall file a monthly return. A quarterly return is due
2	by the last day of the month following the quarter covered by the return. A monthly
23	return is due by the last day of the month following the month in which the taxes accrue,
4	except the return for taxes that accrue in May. A return for taxes that accrue in May is
4 5	due by June 25.
5 6	A utility that is required to file a monthly return may file an estimated return for the
7	
8	first month, the second month, or both the first and second months in a quarter. A
o 9	<u>utility is not subject to interest on or penalties for an underpayment submitted with an</u> <u>estimated monthly return if the utility timely pays at least ninety-five percent (95%) of</u>
10	the amount due with a monthly return and includes the underpayment with the
11	company's return for the third month in the same guarter."
12	Sec. 2. G.S. 105-164.21A reads as rewritten:
13	"§ 105-164.21A. Deduction for municipalities that sell electric power.
14	A municipality that pays the retail sales tax imposed by this Article on electricity
15	may deduct from the amount of tax payable by the municipality an amount equal to
16	three percent (3%) of the difference between its gross receipts from sales of electricity
17	for the preceding quarter-reporting period and the amount paid by the municipality for
18	purchased power and related services during that quarter. reporting period."
19	Sec. 3. G.S. 105-116(b), as amended by Chapter 813 of the 1989 Session
20	Laws, reads as rewritten:
21	"(b) Payment <u>Report and Payment.</u> The tax imposed by this section is payable
22	when a report is required to be filed. A company taxed under this section shall file a report on
23	a quarterly basis. monthly or quarterly as specified in this subsection. A report is due
24	quarterly. An electric power company or a natural gas company shall pay tax monthly.
25	A monthly tax payment is due by the last day of the month that follows the month in
26	which the tax accrues, except the payment for tax that accrues in May. The payment for
27	tax that accrues in May is due by June 25. An electric power company or a natural gas
28	company is not subject to interest on or penalties for an underpayment of a monthly
29	amount due if the company timely pays at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the amount
30	due and includes the underpayment with the next report the company files. A water
31	company or a public sewerage company shall pay tax quarterly when filing a report.
32	A quarterly report covers a calendar quarter and is due within 30 days after the end of by
33	the last day of the month that follows the quarter covered by the report. A company
34	shall submit a report on a form provided by the Secretary. The report shall include the
35	company's gross receipts from all property it owned or operated during the reporting
36	period in connection with its business taxed under this section and shall contain the
37	following information:
38	(1) The company's gross receipts for the reporting period from business
39	inside and outside this State, stated separately.
40	(2) The company's gross receipts from commodities or services described
41	in subsection (a) that are sold to a vendee subject to the tax levied by
42	this section or to a joint agency established under G.S. Chapter 159B
43	or a municipality having an ownership share in a project established
44	under that Chapter.

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7		1000 Section
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19	9 interest on or penalties for an underpayment of a monthly amount due	if the company
20	0 timely pays at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the amount due an	d includes the
21	1 <u>underpayment with the next report the company files.</u>	
22	2 A quarterly report covers a calendar quarter and is due within 30 days	after the end of
23	<u>by the last day of the month that follows</u> the quarter covered by the repo	rt. A company
24	4 shall submit a report on a form provided by the Secretary. The report	shall state the
25		
26	6 telecommunications service and from providing local telecommunic	cations service
27	7 within each municipality served. A company shall report its gross	receipts on an
28	8 accrual basis."	
29	9 Sec. 5. G.S. 105-163.1 reads as rewritten:	
30	"§ 105-163.1. Definitions.	
31	As used in this Article, The following definitions apply in this Article:	
32	2 (1) <u>"Secretary</u> "means the Secretary of Revenue. <u>Code.</u>	- The Internal
33	<u>Revenue Code as enacted as of January 1, 1990,</u>	including any
34	4 provisions enacted as of that date which become effective	ve either before
35	5 <u>or after that date.</u>	
36	6 (2) "Corporation"includes an association or a joint stock co	mpany.
37	7 (3) <u>"Dependent</u> "means a dependent <u>Dependent. – An individu</u>	<u>al</u> with respect
38	8 to whom an income tax exemption is allowed under the	Code.
39	9 (4) The word "employee" means an Employee. – An individ	lual, whether <u>a</u>
40	resident or <u>a</u> nonresident <u>in of this</u> State, who perform	ns or performed
41	any service services in this State for wages or an individu	ual domiciled in
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44	4 used in this subdivision, is intended to include officers of a	corporations and

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	elected public officials. The term does not include an ordained or licensed
	clergyman who elects to be considered self-employed under G.S. 105-
	163.1Aterm includes an ordained or licensed clergyman who elects to
	be considered an employee under G.S. 105-163.1A, an officer of a
	corporation, and an elected public official.
(5) The word "employer"means this State, or any political subdivision
	thereof, the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of any one
	or more of the foregoing, or a person, Employer. – A person for whom
	an individual performs or performed any service as an employee;
	except that:
	a. If the person, governmental unit, or agency thereof, for whom
	the individual performs or performed the service does not have
	control of the payment of the wages for such services, the term
	"employer"(except for the purposes of subdivision (6) of this
	section) means the person having control of the payment of
	such wages, and
	b. In the case of a person paying wages on behalf of a nonresident
	person not engaged in trade or business within this State or on
	behalf of any governmental unit or agency thereof not located
	within this State, the term "employer"(except for purposes of
	subdivision (6) of this section) means such person.
	services for wages. In applying the requirements to withhold income
	taxes from wages and pay the withheld taxes, the term includes a
	person who:
	<u>a.</u> <u>Controls the payment of wages to an individual for services</u>
	performed for another.
	b. Pays wages on behalf of a person who is not engaged in trade or
	business in this State.
	<u>c.</u> <u>Pays wages on behalf of a unit of government that is not located</u>
	in this State.
	<u>d.</u> <u>Pays wages for any other reason.</u>
(€	
	public official) for service performed by an employee for his
	employer, including the cash value of all remuneration paid in any
	medium other than cash; except that such term shall not include
	remuneration paid:
	a. For agricultural labor where such remuneration is paid to
	workers employed on the farm for services rendered on the
	farm in the production, harvesting, and transportation of
	agricultural products to market for the farmer-employer; or
	b. For domestic service in a private home, local college club, or
	local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority; or
	c. For service not in the course of the employer's trade or business performed in any calendar quarter by an employee, unless the

1			cash r	emuneration paid for such service is fifty dollars (\$50.00)
2				ore and such service is performed by an individual who is
3				arly employed by such employer to perform such service.
4				urposes of this paragraph, an individual shall be deemed to
5				sularly employed by an employer during a calendar quarter
6			only i	
7			1.	On each of some 24 days during such quarter such
8				individual performs for such employer for some portion
9				of the day service not in the course of the employer's
10				trade or business; or
11			2.	Such individual was regularly employed (as determined
12			2.	under subparagraph 1 above) by such employer in the
12				performance of such service during the preceding
14				calendar quarter; or
15		d.	For s	services not in the course of the employer's trade or
15		u.		ess, to the extent paid in any medium other than cash; or
10 17		0		on behalf of, an employee or his beneficiary –
17		e.		From or to a trust described in § 401(a) of the Code
18			1.	which is exempt from tax under § 501(a) of the Code at
19 20				
				the time of such payment unless such payment is made
21				to an employee of the trust as remuneration for services
22				rendered as such employee and not as a beneficiary of
23			2	the trust; or
24			2.	Under or to an annuity plan which, at the time of such (2) (4) (5)
25				payment, meets the requirements of 401(a) (3), (4), (5),
26		T 1 (and (6) of the Code.
27	(7)-	the to	erm "1	transient employer"means an "employer"who is not a
28				this State and who temporarily engages in any activity
29				tate for the production of income. Without intending to
30				ers who may come within the foregoing definition, any
31				"employer"engaging in any such activity within the State
32				any date, cannot be reasonably expected to continue for a
33		-		B consecutive months shall be deemed to be temporarily
34				uch activity.
35	(8)			neans a Fiduciary. – A g uardian, <u>a trustee</u> , <u>an executor</u> , <u>an</u>
36				r, <u>a</u> receiver, <u>a</u> conservator, or any - <u>other</u> person acting in
37				ry capacity for any person, estate or trust. another.
38	(9)			"means an accounting period of 12 months ending on the
39			•	ny month other than December. Fiscal year Defined in
40		section	<u>1 441(e</u>	e) of the Code.
41	(10)			neans a <u>Individual. – A</u> natural person.
42	(11)			ns the Internal Revenue Code as enacted as of January 1,
43				ncludes any provisions enacted as of that date which
44		becom	e effe	ctive either before or after that date. Miscellaneous payroll

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1 2		period. – A payroll period other than a daily, weekly, biweekly, semimonthly, monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual payroll
3 4	(12)	<u>period.</u> <u>Payroll period</u> "means a Payroll period. – A period for which a
5	(12)	payment of wages is ordinarily made to the employee by his employer,
6 7		and the term "miscellaneous payroll period" means a payroll period other than a daily, weekly, biweekly, semimonthly, monthly, quarterly,
8		semiannual, or annual payroll period. an employer ordinarily pays
9 10	(12)	wages to an employee of the employer. The word "person" An individual a fiduciary of
10 11	(13)	The word "person" means an <u>Person. – An individual</u> , a fiduciary, a partnership, or a corporation and includes an officer or employee of a
12		corporation or a member or employee of a partnership or of an
13		individual proprietorship who as such officer, employee, or member is
14		under a duty to perform an act in meeting the requirements of this
15		Division. a corporation, or a unit of government. The term includes
16		an officer or employee of a corporation, a member or employee of a
17		partnership, and an employee of an individual proprietorship who, as
18		officer, employee, or member, is under a duty to perform an act in
19 20	(14)	<u>meeting the requirements of this Division.</u> <u>"Taxable year</u> "means the calendar year or fiscal year ending during
20 21	(14)	such calendar year, upon the basis of which net income is computed,
22		and in the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under the
23		provisions of this Chapter or under regulations prescribed by the
24		Secretary, "taxable year" means the period for which such return is
25		made. Taxable year. – Defined in section 441(b) of the Code.
26	(14a)	-
27	(15)	The term "net taxable income" means that part of the income of an
28		individual which, during the taxable year of the individual, is subject
29		to payment of an income tax thereon under the provisions of Article
30		4 of this Chapter. Wages. – The term has the same meaning as in
31		section 3401 of the Code except it does not include remuneration
32		paid by a farmer for services performed on the farmer's farm in
33 34		producing or harvesting agricultural products or in transporting the agricultural products to market. "
34 35	Sec. 6	5. G.S. 105-163.1A reads as rewritten:
36		Ordained or licensed clergyman may elect to be considered-self. An
37	-	ned or licensed clergyman who performs services for a church of
38		eligious denomination may file an election with the Secretary and
39	-	nurch he serves to be considered self-employed instead of an employee
40		e churchchurch instead of self-employed. Wages-Until a clergyman
41		<u>in election, amounts paid</u> by a church to a clergyman who elects to be
42		lered self-employed are not subject to withholding. A church shall
43		old taxes from a clergyman's wages until <u>after</u> the clergyman files
44	an ele	ection with it under this section."

1	Sec. 7. G.S. 105-163.2(a) reads as rewritten:
2	"(a) Every employer making payment of wages on or after January 1, 1960, shall
3	deduct and withhold with respect to the wages of each employee for each payroll period
4	an amount determined as follows:
5	An amount which, if an equal amount was collected for each similar payroll period
6	with respect to a similar amount of wages for each payroll period during an entire
7	calendar year, would aggregate or approximate the income tax liability of the employee
8	under Article 4 of this Chapter after making allowance for the personal exemptions to
9	which the employee would be entitled on the basis of his status during the payroll
10	period and after making allowance for withholding purposes for a deduction from wages
11	of the amount of the standard deduction allowed under the Code less the amount by
12	which the standard deduction has been increased under section $63(c)(4)$ of the Code and
12	without making allowance for any other deductions. An employer shall deduct and
14	withhold from the wages of each employee the State income taxes payable by the
15	employee on the wages. For each payroll period, the employer shall withhold from the
16	employee's wages an amount that would approximate the employee's income tax
17	liability under Article 4 of this Chapter if the employer withheld the same amount from
18	the employee's wages for each similar payroll period in a calendar year. In calculating
19	an employee's anticipated income tax liability, the employer shall allow for the
20	exemptions, deductions, and credits to which the employee is entitled under Article 4 of
21	this Chapter. The amount of State income taxes withheld by an employer is held in trust
22	for the Secretary."
23	Sec. 8. G.S. 105-163.3 reads as rewritten:
24	"§ 105-163.3. Withholding in accordance with regulations.
25	The manner of withholding and the amount to be deducted and withheld under G.S.
26	105-163.2 shall be determined in accordance with tables, rules, and regulations
27	promulgated-adopted by the Secretary. The withholding exemption allowed by these
28	tables, rules, and regulations shall, as nearly as possible, approximate the exemptions
29	exemptions, deductions, and credits to which an employee would be entitled under the
30	Code less the amount by which the exemptions would be increased under section 151(d)(3) of
31	the Code. Article 4 of this Chapter."
32	Sec. 9. G.S. 105-163.4 reads as rewritten:
33	"§ 105-163.4. Basis of determination of remuneration being wages. No withholding
34	<u>from reimbursement for expenses.</u>
35	If any of the remuneration paid by an employer to an employee during any payroll
36	period or during any miscellaneous period without reference to a payroll period
37	constitutes actual The amount an employer pays an employee as reimbursement of the
38	employee for ordinary and necessary expenses incurred by the employee on behalf of
39	the employer and in the furtherance of the business of the employer, then such amounts
40	as are paid to reimburse the employee for such expenses are not to be considered as
41	wages and no amounts shall be deducted and withheld therefrom. employer is not wages
42	and is not subject to withholding under this Article."
43	Sec. 10. G.S. 105-163.6 reads as rewritten:

43 Sec. 10. G.S. 105-163.6 reads as rewritten:

1	"§ 105-163.6. Payment of amounts withheld; personal liability for failure to
2	withhold; limitation of recovery. When employer must file returns and
3	pay withheld taxes.
4	(a) Every employer required to deduct and withhold from an employee's wages
5	under G.S. 105-163.2 shall, for the quarterly period beginning January 1, 1960, and for
6	each quarterly period thereafter, on or before the last day of the month following the
7	close of each quarterly period, make return and pay over to the Secretary the amounts
8	required to be withheld under G.S. 105-163.2. Such returns shall be in such form and
9	contain such information as the Secretary may prescribe. General A return is due
10	quarterly or monthly as specified in this section. A return shall be filed with the
11	Secretary on a form prepared by the Secretary, shall report any payments of withheld
12	taxes made during the period covered by the return, and shall contain any other
13	information required by the Secretary.
14	Withheld taxes are payable quarterly, monthly, or within three banking days, as
15	specified in this section. Withheld taxes shall be paid to the Secretary or to a financial
16	institution with which the Secretary has entered a contract to receive payment of
17	withheld taxes.
18	If the Secretary finds that collection of the amount of taxes this Article requires an
19	employer to withhold is in jeopardy, the Secretary may require the employer to file a
20	return or pay withheld taxes at a time other than that specified in this section.
21	(b) Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this section, all transient
22	employers shall make return and pay over to the Secretary on a monthly basis the
23	amounts required to be withheld under G.S. 105-163.2. Such returns and payments to
24	the Secretary by transient employers shall be made on or before the fifteenth day of the
25	month following the month for which such amounts were deducted and withheld from
26	the wages of his employees; except that the returns and payments for the month of
27	December shall be made on or before the 31st day of the following month. Quarterly. –
28	An employer who withholds an average of less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) of
29 20	State income taxes from wages each month shall file a return and pay the withheld taxes
30	on a quarterly basis. A quarterly return covers a calendar quarter and is due by the last
31 32	 <u>day of the month following the end of the quarter.</u> (c) Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this section, all employers
33	engaged in any business which is seasonal shall make return and pay over to the
33 34	Secretary on a monthly basis the amounts required to be withheld under G.S. 105-163.2.
35	Such returns and payments to the Secretary by employers engaged in such seasonal
36	business shall be made on or before the fifteenth day of the month following the month
37	for which such amounts were deducted and withheld from the wages of his employees;
38	except that the returns and payments for the month of December shall be made on or
39	before the 31st day of the following month. Monthly. – An employer who withholds
40	an average of at least five hundred dollars (\$500.00) but less than two thousand dollars
41	(\$2,000) from wages each month shall file a return and pay the withheld taxes on a
42	monthly basis. A return for the months of January through November is due by the 15th
43	day of the month following the end of the month covered by the return. A return for
44	the month of December is due the following January 31.

Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this section, every employer 1 (c1) 2 required to deduct and withhold under the provisions of G.S. 105-163.2 an average of 3 five hundred dollars (\$500.00) or more per month during the preceding calendar year 4 (or during so much of such year as he paid wages) and every employer who begins paying wages during a calendar year and whose liability to deduct and withhold under 5 6 G.S. 105-163.2 can reasonably be expected to average five hundred dollars (\$500.00) or 7 more per month in that calendar year, shall make returns and pay over to the Secretary 8 each month the amounts required to be withheld under G.S. 105-163.2. Returns and 9 payments to the Secretary by such employers shall be made on or before the fifteenth 10 day of the month following the month for which such amounts were required to be withheld from the wages of employees; except that the returns and payments for the 11 12 month of December shall be made on or before the 31st day of the following month. 13 When an employer has become subject to the requirements of this subsection, he 14 shall continue to make returns and payments to the Secretary on that basis. However, 15 an employer required under the provisions of this subsection to file monthly returns 16 who, in a later calendar year, is required to deduct and withhold under G.S. 105-163.2 17 an average of less than five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per month may make application 18 to the Secretary for authority to use the quarterly basis for filing and making payments. 19 Such authority, when granted, shall be in writing, shall commence on a date set by the 20 Secretary, and shall continue until the Secretary, in the exercise of his discretion, shall 21 revoke it in writing, effective on a date set by him. 22 If the Secretary, in any case, has reason to believe that the collection of (d) moneys, required by this Article to be withheld by the employer, is in jeopardy, he may 23 24 require the employer to make such return and pay to the Secretary such amounts 25 required to be withheld at any time said Secretary may designate therefor subsequent to the time when such amounts should have been deducted from wages and withheld. 26 27 Three Banking Days. - An employer who withholds an average of at least two thousand 28 dollars (\$2,000) of State income taxes from wages each month shall file a return by the 29 date set under the Code for filing a return for federal income taxes withheld from the 30 same wages and shall pay the withheld State taxes by the date set under the Code for depositing or paying federal income taxes withheld from the same wages. The date set 31 by the Code for depositing or paying federal income taxes withheld from wages shall be 32 33 determined without regard to § 6302(g) of the Code. An extension of time granted to file a return for federal income taxes withheld from 34 35 wages is an automatic extension of time for filing a return for State income taxes withheld from the same wages, and an extension of time granted to pay federal income 36 37 taxes withheld from wages is an automatic extension of time for paying State income 38 taxes withheld from the same wages. An employer who pays withheld State income 39 taxes under this subsection is not subject to interest on or penalties for an underpayment of an amount due if the employer timely pays at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the 40 amount due and includes the underpayment with the next return the employer files. 41

42 (e) Every employer who fails to withhold or pay to the Secretary any sums
43 required by this Article to be withheld and paid shall be personally and individually
44 liable therefor to the Secretary; and any sum or sums withheld in accordance with the

provisions of G.S. 105-163.2 shall be deemed to be held in trust for the Secretary. 1 2 Category. – The Secretary shall monitor the amount of taxes withheld by an employer 3 or estimate the amount of taxes to be withheld by a new employer and shall direct each employer to pay withheld taxes in accordance with the appropriate schedule. An 4 5 employer shall file a return and pay withheld taxes in accordance with the Secretary's 6 direction until notified in writing to file and pay under a different schedule. 7 Any person required to collect, truthfully account for, and pay over any (f)8 amounts required to be deducted and withheld under G.S. 105-163.2, who fails to 9 collect and pay over such amount shall, in addition to other penalties provided by law, 10 be personally liable to a penalty equal to the total amount not collected or not accounted for and paid over. No penalty shall be imposed under G.S. 105-163.17 for any offense 11 12 to which this subsection is applicable." 13 Sec. 11. G.S. 105-163.7(b) reads as rewritten: 14 "(b) The written statement above referred to shall be furnished at such other times, 15 shall contain such other information, and shall be in such form as the Secretary may by 16 regulations prescribe. Secretary may require an employer to include information not 17 listed in subsection (a) on the employer's written statement to an employee and to file 18 the statement at a time not required by subsection (a). Every employer shall file an annual report with the Secretary that contains the information given on each of the 19 20 employer's written statements to an employee and other information required by the 21 Secretary. The annual report is due on the same date the employer's federal information return of federal income taxes withheld from wages is due under the Code. returns or 22 23 reports setting forth such information as the Secretary may require, and the Secretary 24 may require the filing of such additional copies of all written statements described above as he may deem necessary. On and after January 1, 1961, the annual returns or 25 reports required to be made to the Secretary under the provisions of this section shall be 26 27 in lieu of such returns required under G.S. 105-154 as would furnish identical 28 information. The report required by this subsection is in lieu of the report required by 29 G.S. 105-154." 30 Sec. 12. G.S. 105-163.8 reads as rewritten: 31 "§ 105-163.8. Liability of employer. employer and others. 32 An employer shall be liable for the payment to the Secretary of the amounts required to be deducted and withheld under G.S. 105-163.2, and an employer who has withheld 33 34 and paid such amounts to the Secretary shall not otherwise be liable to any person for 35 the amounts of any such payments. Upon failure of an employer to pay over any 36 amounts withheld or required to be withheld by said employer under this Article, the Secretary may make assessments, issue warrants for the collection of such amounts, 37 38 issue certificates of tax liability, collect by attachment or garnishment proceedings, or 39 bring actions for the collection of such amounts and for penalties due under the 40 provisions of G.S. 105-241.1, G.S. 105-242 and G.S. 105-243. Employer. An employer who withholds the proper amount of income taxes 41 (a) 42 under G.S. 105-163.2 and pays the withheld amount to the Secretary is not liable to any person for the amount paid. An employer who fails to withhold the proper amount of 43 44 income taxes or pay the amount withheld to the Secretary is liable for the amount not

withheld or not paid. An employer who fails to withhold the amount of income taxes 1 2 required by this Article or who fails to pay withheld taxes by the due date for paying the 3 taxes is subject to a penalty equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of taxes not withheld or not timely paid to the Secretary. 4 5 (b)Others. A person who has a duty to deduct, account for, or pay taxes required 6 to be withheld under G.S. 105-163.2 and who fails to do so is liable for the amount not 7 deducted, not accounted for, or not paid." 8 Sec. 13. G.S. 105-163.9 reads as rewritten: 9 "§ 105-163.9. Refund to employer; application. of overpayment to employer. 10 Where there has been an overpayment to the Secretary by the employer or (a) withholding agent under the provisions of this Article, refund shall be made to the 11 12 employer or withholding agent, as the case may be, only to the extent that the amount of 13 such overpayment was not deducted and withheld by the employer or withholding agent 14 from the employee's wages, and such refund shall be paid together with interest thereon 15 at the rate established in G.S. 105-241.1(i) for assessments; provided, that interest on 16 any such refund shall be computed from a date 90 days after the date the overpayment 17 was originally made by the employer or withholding agent. An employer who pays the 18 Secretary more under this Article than the Article requires the employer to pay may 19 obtain a refund of the overpayment by filing an application for a refund with the 20 Secretary. No refund is allowed, however, if the employer withheld the amount of the overpayment from the wages of the employer's employees. An employer must file an 21 22 application for a refund within the time period set in G.S. 105-266. Interest accrues on 23 a refund as provided in G.S. 105-266. 24 Unless written application for refund is received by the Secretary from the (b) 25 employer within two years from the date the overpayment was made, no refund shall be allowed." 26 27 Sec. 14. G.S. 105-163.17 reads as rewritten: "§ 105-163.17. Enforcement. Administration. 28 29 Except as otherwise provided in this Article, all provisions of Articles 4 and The provisions of Article 9 of this Chapter relating to assessments, interest on delinquent 30 31 payments, liens and collections with respect to taxes shall apply to all taxes and to the 32 withholding of proper amounts from employees' wages for which an employer is 33 responsible pursuant to this Article, and the procedure with respect thereto shall be the 34 same as provided in said Articles 4 and 9 with respect to assessment and collection of 35 taxes. Any employer required under the provisions of this Article to deduct and withhold 36 37 from wages and make returns and payment of amounts withheld to the Secretary, who 38 fails to withhold such amounts, or to make such returns, or who fails to remit amounts 39 collected to the Secretary, or otherwise fails to remit to the Secretary as required by this 40 Article, shall be subject to a penalty equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount 41 that should have been properly withheld and paid over to the Secretary for each such 42 failure. Such penalty shall be assessed and collected by the Secretary in the same 43 manner as is provided with respect to penalties on delinquent income tax payments 44 under the provisions of Articles 4 and 9 of this Chapter.

The withholding of the proper amounts of an employee's wages pursuant to this 1 2 Article and the payment of proper amounts to the Secretary as herein required, whether 3 withheld in fact or not, shall be subject to all the provisions of Articles 4 and 9 of this Chapter relating to payment of income taxes, not inconsistent with this Article, apply to 4 5 the amount of State income taxes this Article requires an employer to withhold and pay 6 to the Secretary." 7 Sec. 15. G.S. 105-259 reads as rewritten: 8 "§ 105-259. Secrecy required of officials; penalty for violation. With respect to any one of the following persons: (i) 9 the Secretary of Revenue 10 and all other officers or employees, and former officers and employees, of the Department of Revenue; (ii) local tax officials, as defined in G.S. 105-273, and former 11 12 local tax officials; (iii) members and former members of the Property Tax Commission; 13 (iv) any other person authorized in this section to receive information concerning any 14 item contained in any report or return, or authorized to inspect any report or return; and 15 (v) the Commissioner of Insurance and all other officers or employees and former 16 officers and employees of the Department of Insurance with respect to State and federal 17 income tax returns filed with the Commissioner of Insurance by domestic insurance 18 companies; and except in accordance with proper judicial order or as otherwise 19 provided by law, it shall be unlawful for any of these persons to divulge or make known 20 in any manner the amount of income, income tax or other taxes of any taxpayer, or 21 information relating thereto or from which the amount of income, income tax or other taxes or any part thereof might be determined, deduced or estimated, whether it is set 22 23 forth or disclosed in or by means of any report or return required to be filed or furnished 24 under this Subchapter, or in or by means of any audit, assessment, application, 25 correspondence, schedule or other document relating to the taxpayer, notwithstanding the provisions of Chapter 132 of the General Statutes or of any other law or laws 26 27 relating to public records. It shall likewise be unlawful to reveal whether or not any 28 taxpayer has filed a return, and to abstract, compile or furnish to any person, firm or 29 corporation not otherwise entitled to information relating to the amount of income, 30 income tax or other taxes of a taxpayer, any list of names, addresses, social security numbers or other personal information concerning the taxpayer, whether or not the list 31 32 discloses a taxpayer's income, income tax or other taxes, or any part thereof, except that when an election is made by a husband and wife under G.S. 105-152.1 to file a joint 33 34 return, any information given to one spouse concerning the income or income tax of the 35 other spouse reported or reportable on the joint return shall not be a violation of the 36 provisions of this section. 37 Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the publication of statistics, so

Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the publication of statistics, so classified as to prevent the identification of particular reports or returns, and the items thereof; the inspection of these reports or returns by the Governor, Attorney General, or their duly authorized representative; or the inspection by a legal representative of the State of the report or return of any taxpayer who shall bring an action to set aside or review the tax based thereon, or against whom an action or proceeding has been instituted to recover any tax or penalty imposed by this Subchapter; nor shall the provisions of this section prohibit the Department of Revenue furnishing information to

other governmental agencies of persons and firms properly licensed under Schedule B,
G.S. 105-33 to 105-113. The Department of Revenue may exchange information with
the officers of organized associations of taxpayers under Schedule B, G.S. 105-33 to
105-113, with respect to parties liable for these taxes and as to parties who have paid
these license taxes.

6 When any record of the Department of Revenue has been photographed, 7 photocopied, or microphotocopied pursuant to the authority contained in G.S. 8-45.3, 8 the original of that record may thereafter be destroyed at any time upon the order of the 9 Secretary of Revenue, notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 121-5, G.S. 132-2, or any 10 other law relating to the preservation of public records. Any record that has not been so 11 photographed, photocopied, or microphotocopied shall be preserved for three years, and 12 thereafter until the Secretary of Revenue orders it destroyed.

Any person, officer, agent, clerk, employee, or local tax official or any former officer, employee, or local tax official who violates the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and fined not less than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) and/or imprisoned, in the discretion of the court; and if the person committing the violation is a public officer or employee, that person shall be dismissed from such office or employment, and may not hold any public office or employment in this State for a period of five years thereafter.

20 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the Secretary of Revenue may permit 21 the Commissioner of Internal Revenue of the United States, or the revenue officer of 22 any other state imposing any of the taxes imposed in this Subchapter, or the duly 23 authorized representative of either, to inspect the report or return of any taxpayer; or 24 may furnish that person an abstract of the report or return of any taxpayer; or supply that 25 person with information concerning any item contained in any report or return, or disclosed by the report of any investigation of any report or return of any taxpayer. The 26 27 permission, however, may be granted or the information furnished to the officer or agent only if the statutes of the United States or of the other state grant substantially 28 29 similar privilege to the Secretary of Revenue of this State or the Secretary's duly 30 authorized representative. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may also furnish names, addresses, and account and identification numbers of (i) 31 32

taxpayers who may be entitled to property held in the Escheat Fund to the Department of State Treasurer when that Department requests the information for the 33 purpose of administering Chapter 116B of the General Statutes, and (ii) taxpayers to the 34 35 Employment Security Commission when that Commission requests the information for the purpose of administering Article 2 of Chapter 96 of the General Statutes. Neither 36 this section nor any other law prevents the exchange of information between the 37 38 Department of Revenue and the Department of Transportation's Division of Motor 39 Vehicles when the information is needed by either to administer the laws with which 40 they are charged. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, State officers and employees who perform computerized data processing functions pursuant to G.S. 143-41 42 341(9) for the Department of Revenue are authorized to receive and process for the Department of Revenue information in reports and returns and are subject to the 43 criminal provisions of this section. 44

Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the Secretary of Revenue may 1 2 contract with any person, firm or corporation to receive and address, sort, bag, or deliver to the United States Postal Service any bulk mailing originated by the Department of 3 4 Revenue, and may deliver the mail to the contractor pursuant to the contract. To ensure 5 performance of the contract, the contractor shall furnish a bond in a form and amount 6 acceptable to the Secretary. 7 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the Secretary of Revenue may 8 contract with a financial institution for the receipt of withheld income tax payments 9 under G.S. 105-163.6." 10 Sec. 16. The revenue generated by Sections 1 through 15 of this act is nonrecurring revenue and shall therefore be used to fund only nonrecurring expenses. 11 12 Sec. 17. Sections 10 and 11 of Chapter 814 of the 1989 Session Laws are 13 repealed. 14 Sec. 18. Sections 1 through 4 of this act shall become effective October 1, 15 1990, and shall apply to gross receipts earned from services and commodities provided 16 on or after that date and to sales of electricity, piped natural gas, or telecommunications 17 service made on or after that date. Sections 5 through 15 of this act shall become 18 effective January 1, 1991. The remaining sections of this act are effective upon

19 ratification.