SESSION 1989

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SENATE BILL 1363* Second Edition Engrossed 6/4/90 House Committee Substitute Favorable 7/11/90

Short Title: Property Tax Appeals/Technical Changes.

(Public)

Sponsors:

Referred to:

May 23, 1990

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MODIFY THE TIME ALLOWED FOR FILING CERTAIN PROPERTY
3	TAX APPEALS, TO MAKE THE PENALTY FOR SUBMITTING A BAD
4	CHECK IN PAYMENT OF PROPERTY TAXES THE SAME AS FOR
5	SUBMITTING A BAD CHECK IN PAYMENT OF OTHER TAXES, AND TO
6	MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS TO THE PROPERTY TAX STATUTES.
7	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
8	Section 1. G.S. 105-290(e) reads as rewritten:
9	"(e) Time Limits for Appeals. A notice of appeal from an order of a board of
10	equalization and review shall be filed with the Property Tax Commission within 30 days
11	after the board of equalization and review has mailed a notice of its decision to the
12	property owner. A notice of appeal from an order of a board of commissioners
13	concerning the listing, appraisal, or assessment of property shall be filed with the
14	Property Tax Commission within 30 days after the board of county commissioners
15	enters the order. A notice of appeal from an order of a board of county commissioners,
16	other than an order adopting a uniform schedule of values, or from a board of
17	equalization and review shall be filed with the Property Tax Commission within 30 days
18	after the date the board mailed a notice of its decision to the property owner. A notice
19	of appeal from an order adopting a schedule of values shall be filed within the time set
20	in subsection (c)."
21	Sec. 2. G.S. 105-290(g) reads as rewritten:

1	"(g) What Co	nstitutes Filing. A notice of appeal is considered to be filed with the				
2	Property Tax Commission when it is received in the office of the Commission. A notice					
3	of appeal submitted to the Property Tax Commission by a means other than United					
4	States mail is considered to be filed on the date it is received in the office of the					
5		tice of appeal submitted to the Property Tax Commission by United				
6		dered to be filed on the date shown on the postmark stamped by the				
7		al Service. If an appeal submitted by United States mail is not				
8		postmark does not show the date of mailing, the appeal is considered				
9	to be filed on the date it is received in the office of the Commission. A property owner					
10	who files an appeal with the Commission has the burden of proving that the appeal is					
11	<u>timely.</u> "					
12	Sec. 3. (G.S. 153A-149(c) reads as rewritten:				
13	"(c) Each cou	nty may levy property taxes for one or more of the purposes listed in				
14	this subsection up t	o an effective <u>a</u> combined rate of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) on				
15	the one hundred do	llars (\$100.00) appraised value of property subject to taxation before				
16	the application of an	y assessment ratio. taxation. To find the actual rate limit for a particular				
17	county, divide the e	effective rate limit of one dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) by the county				
18	assessment ratioAu	thorized purposes subject to the rate limitation are:				
19	(1)	To provide for the general administration of the county through the				
20		board of county commissioners, the office of the county manager,				
21		the office of the county budget officer, the office of the county				
22		finance officer, the office of the county assessor, the office of the				
23		county tax collector, the county purchasing agent, and the county				
24		attorney, and for all other general administrative costs not allocated				
25		to a particular board, commission, office, agency, or activity of the				
26		county.				
27	(2)	Agricultural Extension. – To provide for the county's share of the				
28		cost of maintaining and administering programs and services				
29		offered to agriculture by or through the Agricultural Extension				
30		Service or other agencies.				
31	(3)	Air Pollution. – To maintain and administer air pollution control				
32		programs.				
33	(4)	Airports To establish and maintain airports and related				
34		aeronautical facilities.				
35	(5)	Ambulance Service. – To provide ambulance services, rescue				
36		squads, and other emergency medical services.				
37	(6)	Animal Protection and Control. – To provide animal protection and				
38		control programs.				
39	(6a)	Arts Programs and Museums. – To provide for arts programs and				
40		museums as authorized in G.S. 160A-488.				
41	(6b)	Auditoriums, coliseums, and convention and civic centers To				
42		provide public auditoriums, coliseums, and convention and civic				
43		centers.				

1989		GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA
1 2	(7)	Beach Erosion and Natural Disasters. – To provide for shoreline protection, beach erosion control, and flood and hurricane
3		protection.
4	(8)	Cemeteries. – To provide for cemeteries.
5	(9)	Civil Preparedness. – To provide for civil preparedness programs.
6 7	(10)	Debts and Judgments. – To pay and discharge any valid debt of the county or any judgment lodged against it, other than debts and judgments avideneed by or based on bands and notes.
8 9	(10a)	judgments evidenced by or based on bonds and notes. Defense of Employees and Officers. – To provide for the defense
10	(10a)	of, and payment of civil judgments against, employees and officers
11		or former employees and officers, as authorized by this Chapter.
12	(10b)	Economic Development. – To provide for economic development
13	(100)	as authorized by G.S. 158-12.
14	(11)	Fire Protection. – To provide fire protection services and fire
15		prevention programs.
16	(12)	Forest Protection. – To provide forest management and protection
17		programs.
18	(13)	Health. – To provide for the county's share of maintaining and
19		administering services offered by or through the county or district
20		health department.
21	(14)	Historic Preservation. – To undertake historic preservation
22		programs and projects.
23	(15)	Hospitals. – To establish, support and maintain public hospitals and
24		clinics, and other related health programs and facility, facilities, or
25		to aid any private, nonprofit hospital, clinic, related facilities,
26		facility, or other health program or facility.
27	(15a)	Housing Rehabilitation. – To provide for personnel costs related to
28		planning and administration of housing rehabilitation programs
29		authorized by G.S. 153A-376. This subdivision only applies to
30		counties with a population of 400,000 or more, according to the
31 32	(16)	most recent decennial federal census. Human Relations. – To undertake human relations programs.
33	(16) (16a)	Industrial Development. – To provide for industrial development as
34	(10a)	authorized by G.S. 158-7.1.
35	(17)	Joint Undertakings. – To cooperate with any other county, city, or
36	(17)	political subdivision in providing any of the functions, services, or
37		activities listed in this subsection.
38	(18)	Law Enforcement. – To provide for the operation of the office of
39	(10)	the sheriff of the county and for any other county law-enforcement
40		agency not under the sheriff's jurisdiction.
41	(19)	Libraries. – To establish and maintain public libraries.
42	(20)	Mapping. – To provide for mapping the lands of the county.
43	(21)	Medical Examiner. – To provide for the county medical examiner
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1	(22)	Mental Health To provide for the county's share of the cost of
2	. ,	maintaining and administering services offered by or through the
3		area mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse
4		authority.
5	(23)	Open Space To acquire open space land and easements in
6		accordance with Article 19, Part 4, Chapter 160A of the General
7		Statutes.
8	(24)	Parking. – To provide off-street lots and garages for the parking
9		and storage of motor vehicles.
10	(25)	Parks and Recreation. – To establish, support and maintain public
11		parks and programs of supervised recreation.
12	(26)	Planning. – To provide for a program of planning and regulation of
13		development in accordance with Article 18 of this Chapter and
14		Article 19, Parts 3A and 6, of Chapter 160A of the General
15		Statutes.
16	(27)	Ports and Harbors. – To participate in programs with the North
17		Carolina Ports Authority and provide for harbor masters.
18	(27a)	Railway Corridor Preservation. – To acquire property for railroad
19	(_ /)	corridor preservation as authorized by G.S. 160A-498.
20	(28)	Register of Deeds. – To provide for the operation of the office of
21	(=0)	the register of deeds of the county.
22	(29)	Sewage. – To provide sewage collection and treatment services as
23	(=>)	defined in G.S. 153A-274(2).
24	(30)	Social Services. – To provide for the public welfare through the
25	(50)	maintenance and administration of public assistance programs not
26		required by Chapters 108A and 111 of the General Statutes, and by
27		establishing and maintaining a county home.
28	(31)	Solid Waste. – To provide solid waste collection and disposal
29	(31)	services, and to acquire and operate landfills.
30	(31a)	Stormwater. – To provide structural and natural stormwater and
31	(314)	drainage systems of all types.
32	(32)	Surveyor. – To provide for a county surveyor.
33	(32)	Veterans' Service Officer. – To provide for the county's share of the
34	(33)	cost of services offered by or through the county veterans' service
35		officer.
36	(34)	Water. – To provide water supply and distribution systems.
37	(34)	Watershed Improvement. – To undertake watershed improvement
38	(33)	*
39	(36)	projects. Water Resources. – To participate in federal water resources
	(30)	
40	(27)	development projects.
41	(37)	Armories. – To supplement available State or federal funds to be used for the construction (including the acquisition of land)
42		used for the construction (including the acquisition of land),
43		enlargement or repair of armory facilities for the North Carolina
44		national guard.

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Railway Corridor Preservation. - To acquire property for railroad (38)1 2 corridor preservation as authorized by G.S. 160A-498." 3 Sec. 4. G.S. 153A-149(d) reads as rewritten: "(d) With an approving vote of the people, any county may levy property taxes for 4 5 any purpose for which the county is authorized by law to appropriate money. Any 6 property tax levy approved by a vote of the people shall not be counted for purposes of 7 the rate limitation imposed in subsection (c). 8 The county commissioners may call a referendum on approval of a property tax 9 levy. The referendum may be held at the same time as any other referendum or election, 10 but may not be otherwise held within the period of time beginning 30 days before and ending 10 days after any other referendum or election to be held in the county and 11 12 already validly called or scheduled by law at the time the tax referendum is called. The 13 referendum shall be conducted by the county board of elections. The clerk to the board 14 of commissioners shall publish a notice of the referendum at least twice. The first 15 publication shall be not less than 14 days and the second publication not less than seven 16 days before the last day on which voters may register for the referendum. The notice 17 shall state the date of the referendum, the purpose for which it is being held, and a 18 statement as to the last day for registration for the referendum under the election laws 19 then in effect. 20 The proposition submitted to the voters shall be substantially in one of the following 21 forms: 22 (1)Shall County be authorized to levy annually a property tax at an 23 effective a rate not in excess of cents on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00) value of 24 property subject to taxation for the purpose of? Shall County be authorized to levy annually a property tax at a rate 25 (2)not in excess of that which will produce \$..... for the purpose of? 26 27 Shall County be authorized to levy annually a property tax (3)28 without restriction as to rate or amount for the purpose of? 29 If a majority of those participating in the referendum approve the proposition, the 30 board of commissioners may proceed to levy annually a property tax within the 31 limitations (if any) described in the proposition. 32 The board of elections shall canvass the referendum and certify the results to the board of commissioners. The board of commissioners shall then certify and declare the 33 34 result of the referendum and shall publish a statement of the result once, with the 35 following statement appended: 'Any action or proceeding challenging the regularity or 36 validity of this tax referendum must be begun within 30 days after (date of publication).' 37 The statement of results shall be filed in the clerk's office and inserted in the minutes of 38 the board. 39 Any action or proceeding in any court challenging the regularity or validity of a tax 40 referendum must be begun within 30 days after the publication of the results of the referendum. After the expiration of this period of limitation, no right of action or 41 42 defense based upon the invalidity of or any irregularity in the referendum shall be

any ground whatever, except in an action or proceeding begun within the period of 1 2 limitation prescribed herein. 3 Except for supplemental school taxes and except for tax referendums on functions of this section, any referendum held before July 1, 4 not included in subsection (c) 1973, on the levy of property taxes is not valid for the purposes of this subsection. 5 6 Counties in which such referendums have been held may support programs formerly 7 supported by voted property taxes within the general rate limitation set out in subsection 8 (c) at any appropriate level and are not subject to the former voted rate limitation." 9 Sec. 5. G.S. 153A-149(e) reads as rewritten: 10 "(e) With an approving vote of the people, any county may increase the property tax rate limitation imposed in subsection (c) and may call a referendum for that purpose. 11 12 The referendum may be held at the same time as any other referendum or election, but 13 may not be otherwise held within the period of time beginning 30 days before and 14 ending 30 days after any other referendum or election. The referendum shall be 15 conducted by the county board of elections. 16 The proposition submitted to the voters shall be substantially in the following form: 17 'Shall the effective property tax rate limitation applicable to County be increased 18 from on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00) value of property subject to taxation to 19 on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00) value of property subject to taxation? 20 If a majority of those participating in the referendum approve the proposition, the 21 rate limitation imposed in subsection (c) shall be increased for the county." 22 Sec. 6. G.S. 160A-209(e) reads as rewritten: 23 With an approving vote of the people, any city may levy property taxes for "(e) 24 any purpose for which the city is authorized by its charter or general law to appropriate 25 money. Any property tax levy approved by a vote of the people shall not be counted for purposes of the rate limitation imposed in subsection (d). 26 27 The city council may call a referendum on approval of a property tax levy. The referendum may be held at the same time as any other city referendum or city election, 28 29 but may not be otherwise held (i) on the day of any federal, State, district, or county 30 election already validly called or scheduled by law at the time the tax referendum is 31 called, or (ii) within the period of time beginning 30 days before and ending 10 days 32 after the day of any other city referendum or city election already validly called or 33 scheduled by law at the time the tax referendum is called. The referendum shall be 34 conducted by the same board of elections that conducts regular city elections. A notice 35 of referendum shall be published in accordance with G.S. 163-287. The notice shall 36 state the date of the referendum, the purpose for which it is being held, and a statement 37 as to the last day for registration for the referendum under the election laws then in 38 effect.

The proposition submitted to the voters shall be substantially in one of the followingforms:

(1) Shall the City/Town of be authorized to levy annually a property
tax at an effective a rate not in excess of cents on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00)
value of property subject to taxation for the purpose of?

1 (2) Shall the City/Town of be authorized to levy annually a property 2 tax at a rate not in excess of that which will produce \$ for the purpose of 3?

4 (3) Shall the City/Town of be authorized to levy annually a property 5 tax without restriction as to rate or amount for the purpose of?

6 If a majority of those participating in the referendum approve the proposition, the 7 city council may proceed to levy annually a property tax within the limitations (if any) 8 described in the proposition. Unless otherwise provided in the proposition submitted to the 9 voters, a vote on a property tax levy not to exceed a specified rate per one hundred dollars 10 (\$100.00) value of property subject to taxation is a vote on an effective rate per one hundred 11 dollars (\$100.00) of appraised value of property before the application of any assessment ratio.

The board of elections shall canvass the referendum and certify the results to the city council. The council shall then certify and declare the result of the referendum and shall publish a statement of the result once, with the following statement appended: 'Any action or proceeding challenging the regularity or validity of this tax referendum must be begun within 30 days after (date of publication).' The statement of results shall be filed in the clerk's office and inserted in the minutes of the council.

Any action or proceeding in any court challenging the regularity or validity of a tax referendum must be begun within 30 days after the publication of the results of the referendum. After the expiration of this period of limitation, no right of action or defense based upon the invalidity of or any irregularity in the referendum shall be asserted, nor shall the validity of the referendum be open to question in any court upon any ground whatever, except in an action or proceeding begun within the period of limitation prescribed herein.

Except for tax referendums on functions not included in subsection (c) of this section, any referendum held before July 1, 1973, on the levy of property taxes is not valid for the purposes of this subsection. Cities in which such referendums have been held may support programs formerly supported by voted property taxes within the general rate limitations set out in subsection (d) at any appropriate level and are not subject to the former voted rate limitation."

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Sec. 7. G.S. 160A-209(f) reads as rewritten:

"(f) With an approving vote of the people, any city may increase the property tax rate limitation imposed in subsection (c) and may call a referendum for that purpose. The referendum may be held at the same time as any other city referendum or election, but may not be otherwise held (i) on the day of any federal, State, district, or county election, or (ii) within the period of time beginning 30 days before and ending 30 days after the day of any other city referendum or city election. The election shall be conducted by the same board of elections that conducts regular city elections.

The proposition submitted to the voters shall be substantially in the following form: 'Shall the effective property tax rate limitation applicable to the City/Town of

41 be increased from on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00) value of property subject

42 to taxation to on the one hundred dollars (\$100.00) value of property subject to 43 taxation?'

- If a majority of those participating in the referendum approve the proposition, the 1 2 rate limitation imposed in subsection (c) shall be increased for the city." 3
 - Sec. 8. G.S. 105-357(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
- Penalty. In addition to interest for nonpayment of taxes provided by 4 "(2) 5 G.S. 105-360 and in addition to any criminal penalties provided by law 6 for the giving of worthless checks, the penalty for giving in payment of 7 taxes a check that is returned because of insufficient funds or nonexistence of an account of the drawer shall be-is ten percent (10%) 8 9 of the amount of the check, check, subject to a minimum of one dollar 10 (\$1.00) and a maximum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). This penalty does not apply if the tax collector finds that, when the check 11 12 was presented for payment, the drawer of the check had sufficient funds in an account at a financial institution in this State to pay the 13 14 check and, by inadvertance, the drawer of the check failed to draw the 15 check on the account that had sufficient funds. This penalty shall be added to and collected in the same manner as the taxes for which the 16 17 check was given." 18

Sec. 9. G.S. 105-236(1) reads as rewritten:

- Penalty for Bad Checks. When the bank upon which any uncertified 19 "(1) 20 check tendered to the Department of Revenue in payment of any 21 obligation due to the Department, shall refuse payment upon such check on 22 account of insufficient funds of the drawer in such bank, and such check 23 shall be returned to the Department of Revenue, Department returns the check because of insufficient funds or the nonexistence of an account 24 25 of the drawer, an additional tax shall be imposed, which additional tax 26 shall be-equal to ten percent (10%) of the obligation for the payment of 27 wheih such check was tendered: Provided, however, that in no case shall the 28 additional tax so imposed be less than one dollar (\$1.00) nor more than two 29 hundred dollars (\$200.00). Provided, further, no additional tax shall be 30 imposed if the Secretary of Revenue shall find that the drawer of such check, 31 at the time it was presented to the drawee, had funds deposited to his credit in any bank of this State sufficient to pay such check, and, by inadvertence, 32 33 failed to draw the check upon the bank in which he had such funds on 34 deposit. check shall be imposed, subject to a minimum of one dollar (\$1.00) and a maximum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). This 35 penalty does not apply if the Secretary of Revenue finds that, when the 36 check was presented for payment, the drawer of the check had 37 sufficient funds in an account at a financial institution in this State to 38 39 pay the check and, by inadvertance, the drawer of the check failed to draw the check on the account that had sufficient funds. The 40 additional tax hereby-imposed shall-may not be waived or diminished 41 42 by the Secretary of Revenue. This section shall apply subsection 43 applies to all taxes levied or assessed by the State." 44
 - Sec. 10. This act is effective upon ratification.