## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

## **SESSION 1989**

H 1

## **HOUSE BILL 2245\***

Short Title: State Prison Bond Act. (Public
Sponsors: Representatives Sizemore, S. Hunt, Craven; Barbee, Bowie, Bowman, Brubaker, Creech, Culp, Dockham, Esposito, Foster, Gibson, Gray, Grimmer, Hege, Holmes, Hurley, Justus, Kimsey, Lail, Loflin, Pope, Privette, Rhyne, Stam, Warner, Weatherly, and P. Wilson.
Referred to: Rules.
June 1, 1990
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED  AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ISSUANCE OF FOUR HUNDRED EIGHTY MILLION ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS OF THE STATE, SUBJECT TO A VOTE OF THE QUALIFIED VOTERS OF THE STATE, TO PROVIDE FUNDS, WITH ANY OTHER AVAILABLE FUNDS, FOR STATE PRISON AND YOUTH SERVICES FACILITIES, AND MAKING CERTAIN APPROPRIATIONS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTION FOR EXPANSION OF ALTERNATIVE PUNISHMENT PROGRAMS.  The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:  Section 1. Short title. Sections 1 to 9, inclusive, of this act shall be known and may be cited as the "State Prison and Youth Services Facilities Bond Act."  Sec. 2. Findings and determinations. It is hereby found and determined, as follows:
(1) The problem of inadequate and insufficient prison and youth services facilities in North Carolina has grown over the past decade and in

recent years has become a matter of vital concern to the citizens of

North Carolina and the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Branches of

In 1985, in response to legal action and with the support and

encouragement of the Executive Branch, the General Assembly began

government;

(2)

- funding a program of prison construction. Subsequently, a commitment developed to build a constitutionally defensible prison system for the then existing prison population of 18,000 inmates;
  - (3) In order to stabilize the prison population while improved facilities were being constructed for the prison system, legislation was enacted in 1987 to cap the prison population at 18,000. In extra session on March 6, 1990, the prison cap was raised progressively to a temporary increased capacity of 18,760 in accordance with the terms of the consent decree in <a href="Small v. Martin">Small v. Martin</a>, No. 85-987-CRT and Thorne v. <a href="Martin">Martin</a>, No. 87-446-CRT (EDNC). However, with the completion of currently authorized construction, the constitutionally defensible capacity of the prison system will be only 17,301 inmates. Additional prison construction is necessary to meet constitutional standards, to replace outmoded facilities and to add additional prison capacity;
  - (4) Notwithstanding significant new prison construction over the past four years, there has been no increase in prison capacity. From 1986 through 1989 reported crime in North Carolina has increased by twenty-eight percent (28%), a rate three times that in the nation as a whole. Over the same period, dispositions of criminal cases in Superior Court and general admissions to prison increased by the same twenty-eight percent 28% while felony cases filed increased forty percent (40%) and both felony case dispositions and felon admissions increased thirty-five percent (35%);
  - (5) Since prison capacity remains static while crime and prison admissions are on the increase, the average percent of sentence served per inmate is decreasing. From 1985 to 1989 the average percent of sentence served for assaultive felons, drug felons and repetitive property felons dropped from forty percent (40%) to thirty-three percent (33%). For less serious felons and misdemeanants, the average percentage of sentence served dropped from forty-one percent (41%) to twenty-five percent (25%);
  - (6) Additional prison capacity is required for the State to assure its citizens of their safety and its ability to carry out appropriately the sentences of those found guilty of crime. Without such assurances the citizens may lose confidence in the capability of the criminal justice system and convicts may gain confidence that crime may be worth the short stay in prison required of them;
  - (7) Adding to the pressure on prison capacity are the one-third of youth who are released from training school and recidivate to prison;
  - (8) Renovation and expansion of existing youth services facilities and construction of new, safe and secure facilities where at-risk and delinquent youth can learn and practice life skills which are essential to responsible citizenship will help stem the tide of recidivism to our State prison system; and

1 2 3 4 5 6	roguirogu	(9) Sec.	It is the intent and purpose of the General Assembly by this act to provide for the issuance of general obligation bonds of the State in order to facilitate the payment of the capital cost required in connection with providing additional and improving existing prison and youth services facilities.  3. <b>Definitions.</b> As used in this act, unless the context otherwise
7	requires:	(1)	"Danda"a.a.handa iaanad an dan dhia aad
8		(1)	"Bonds"means bonds issued under this act.
9		(2)	"Cost" means, without intending thereby to limit or restrict any proper
10			definition of such word in financing the cost of State prison and youth
11			services facilities as authorized by this act:
12 13			a. The cost of constructing, reconstructing, enlarging, acquiring
14			and improving facilities, and acquiring equipment and land therefore;
15			b. The cost of engineering, architectural and other consulting
16			services as may be required;
17			c. Administrative expenses and charges;
18			d. The cost of bond insurance, investment contracts, credit
19			enhancement and liquidity facilities, interest-rate agreements,
20			financial and legal consultants and related costs of bond and
21			note issuance, to the extent and as determined by the State
22			Treasurer; and
23			e. Any other costs and expenses necessary or incidental to the
24			purposes of this act.
25		(3)	" Credit facility"means an agreement entered into by the State
26		(0)	Treasurer on behalf of the State with a bank, savings and loan
27			association or other banking institution, an insurance company,
28			reinsurance company, surety company or other insurance institution, a
29			corporation, investment banking firm or other investment institution,
30			or any financial institution or other similar provider of a credit facility,
31			which provider may be located within or without the United States of
32			America, such agreement providing for prompt payment of all or any
33			part of the principal or purchase price (whether at maturity,
34			presentment or tender for purchase, redemption or acceleration),
35			redemption premium, if any, and interest on any bonds or notes
36			payable on demand or tender by the owner, in consideration of the
37			State agreeing to repay the provider of the credit facility in accordance
38			with the terms and provisions of such agreement.
39		(4)	"Notes"means notes issued under this act.
40		(5)	"Par formula"means any provision or formula adopted by the State to
41		•	provide for the adjustment, from time to time, of the interest rate or
42			rates borne by any bonds or notes, including:

- a. A provision providing for such adjustment so that the purchase price of such bonds or notes in the open market would be as close to par as possible;
  - b. A provision providing for such adjustment based upon a percentage or percentages of a prime rate or base rate, which percentage or percentages may vary or be applied for different periods of time; or
  - c. Such other provision as the State Treasurer may determine to be consistent with this act and will not materially and adversely affect the financial position of the State and the marketing of bonds or notes at a reasonable interest cost to the State.

Sec. 4. **Authorization of bonds and notes**. Subject to a favorable vote of a majority of the qualified voters of the State who vote on the question of issuing bonds in the election called and held as hereinafter provided, the State Treasurer is hereby authorized, by and with the consent of the Council of State, to issue and sell, at one time or from time to time, general obligation bonds of the State to be designated "State of North Carolina Prison and Youth Services Facilities Bonds", with such additional designations as may be determined to indicate the issuance of bonds from time to time, or notes of the State as herein provided, in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding four hundred eighty million one hundred sixty-five thousand dollars (\$480,165,000) for the purpose of providing funds, with any other available funds, for the uses authorized in this act.

Sec. 5. **Uses of bond and note proceeds.** The proceeds of bonds and notes shall be used for financing the cost of State prison and youth services facilities as herein provided, including, without limitation, the cost of constructing facilities, renovating or reconstructing existing facilities, acquiring equipment related thereto, purchasing land, paying costs of issuance of bonds and notes and paying contractual services necessary for the completion of the purposes of this act.

The proceeds of bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, except the proceeds of bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond anticipation notes or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be placed by the State Treasurer in a special fund to be designated the "State Prison and Youth Services Facilities Bond Fund" and shall be disbursed as herein provided.

Any additional moneys which may be received by means of a grant or grants from the United States of America or any agency or department thereof or from any other source to aid in financing the cost of any prison and youth services facilities authorized by this act may be placed by the State Treasurer in the State Prison and Youth Services Facilities Bond Fund or in a separate fund and, shall be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of such grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this act.

The proceeds of bonds and notes may be used with any other moneys made available by the General Assembly for the cost of State prison and youth services facilities, including the proceeds of any other State bond issues, whether heretofore made available or which may be made available at the session of the General Assembly

at which this act is ratified or any subsequent sessions. The proceeds of bonds and notes shall be expended and disbursed under the direction and supervision of the Director of the Budget. The funds provided by this act shall be disbursed for the purposes provided in this act upon warrants drawn on the State Treasurer by the State Comptroller, which warrants shall not be drawn until requisition has been approved by the Director of the Budget and which requisition shall be approved only after full compliance with the Executive Budget Act, Article 1 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, as it may be amended from time to time.

The Office of State Budget and Management in respect of prison facilities and the Department of Human Resources in respect of youth services facilities shall report quarterly to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations, the Chairpersons of the Senate and House Appropriation Committees, and the Fiscal Research Division on the expenditure of moneys from the State Prison and Youth Services Facilities Bond Fund. These reports shall continue until the completion of the projects provided for in the State Prison and Youth Services Facilities Bond Fund.

Sec. 6. Allocation of proceeds. (1) Descriptions, custodial levels, beds and projected costs. The proceeds of bonds and notes shall be allocated and expended for paying the cost of prison and youth services facilities, to the extent and as provided in this act and subject to change as herein provided, as follows:

a. Settlement Committee Facilities:

22	Project Description	Custodial Level	Beds Projected Cost
23	-		•
24	Divisional Male Felon	Medium	
25	D:	624 \$30,931,267	TT 1/1
26 27	Diagnostic Center and	Mental 128	Health
28	Transportation Terminal	120	
29	Transportation Terminal		
30	Caswell Correctional	Medium	
31		104 3,456,536	
32	Center		
33	D 1110 C 1	N ( 1'	
34 35	Randolph Correctional	Medium 208 6,239,363	
36	Center	200 0,237,303	
37			
38	Columbus Correctional	Medium	
39		104 3,087,200	
40	Center		
41	Dandan Camastianal	Modina	
42 43	Pender Correctional	Medium 208 4,610,628	
44	Center	200 7,010,020	

1	Montgomory Correctional	Madium			
2 3	Montgomery Correctional	Medium 104 4,227,592			
4	Center	104 4,227,372			
5					
6	Western Institution	Close			
7		480 28,724,300			
8					
9	Central Youth	Close			
10	To adda.di an	128 6,046,898			
11 12	Institution (Polk Replacement)				
13	(1 ok Replacement)				
14	Burke Youth Center	Minimum			
15	100 2,782,956				
16					
17	Total				
18	2,188 \$90,106,	739			
19					
20 21	b. Replacement Facilitie	es:			
22	Project Description	Custodial Level	Beds Projected Cost		
23	<u>Troject Bescription</u>	Custodiai Levei	<u>Beas Frojectea Cost</u>		
24	Central Prison	Close/Maximum			
25		144 \$ 6,381,453			
26	(Replacement K & O)				
27					
28	Capitol Correctional	Minimum			
29	Contan Phaga I	300 9,410,049			
30 31	Center, Phase I (Triangle Replacement)				
32	(Wake)				
33	(Wake)				
34	Central Youth	Medium			
35		592 28,105,328			
36	Institution (Polk				
37	Replacement) (Wake)				
38	NGG	N. 1.			
39	N.C. Correctional	Medium 200 2 720 110			
40 41	Institution for Women	208 3,720,110			
42	(A & B Dormitory				
43	Replacement)				
	. /				

# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

1 2 3 4	Total 1,244 \$47,616,9 c. Expansion Facilities:	940	
5 6 7 8	Project Description  Beds Projected Cost	Custodial	Level
9 10 11	North Central Institution	Close 480 \$ 29,714,300	
12 13 14 15	Lillington Correctional Institution	Medium 512 28,531,870	
16 17 18	Cabarrus Correctional	Close 768 40,628,166	
19 20 21	Institution  Nash Correctional	Medium/Minimum	
22 23 24	Institution	228 5,687,392	
25 26 27	Cherry Correctional Institution	Medium 752 23,961,993	
28 29 30 31	Pender Correctional Institution	Medium/Minimum 802 23,541,544	
32 33 34	Wayne Correctional	Medium 312 8,268,593	
35 36 37	Center  North Piedmont	Medium 728 20 858 390	
38 39 40	Institution	728 20,858,390	
41 42 43 44	Anson Correctional Institution	Medium 728 20,858,390	

1 2 3	Eastern Youth Institution	Medium 440 17,017,322
4 5 6 7	N.C. Correctional Institution for Women	Close/Medium 308 14,961,676
8 9 10 11	Divisional Male Felon  Diagnostic Center and	Medium 440 8,889,431
12 13 14	Transportation Terminal Capitol Correctional	Minimum
15 16 17	Center (Triangle Replacement) (Raleigh)	200 1,905,200
18 19 20	Goldsboro Correctional	Minimum 500 10,614,718
21 22	Center	
23 24	Washington Correctional	Minimum 100 2,013,466
25 26	Center	
27 28	Richmond Correctional	Minimum 300 6,326,800
29 30	Center	
31 32	Alamance Correctional	Minimum 200 4,183,861
33 34	Center	
35 36	Charlotte Correctional	Minimum 600 12,833,458
37 38	Institution	
39 40	Mecklenburg Correctional	Minimum 100 1,882,320
41 42	Center	
43 44	Rowan Correctional	Minimum 200 3,691,171

# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

1 2	Center					
3 4 5	Eastern Youth Center	Minimum 300 5,992,492				
6 7	Fountain Correctional	Minimum 100 889,350				
8 9	Center					
10	Raleigh Correctional	Minimum				
11	50 461,175					
12	Center for Women					
13						
14	Total					
15	9,148 \$293,713	,080				
16						
17	d. Youth Services Facilities:					
18	Project Description		Drainated Cost			
19 20	<u>Project Description</u>		Projected Cost			
21	7 secure/nonsecure group homes		\$			
22	1,400,000		Ψ			
23	1,100,000					
24	Pitt Detention	Center	Expansion			
25	200000	C 0.1.01	3			
26 27	70,000					
28	Reconstruction and renovation of					
29	unused dorms at Samarkand, Dobb	S,				
30	Dillon, Jackson, and Juvenile					
31	Evaluation Center units to meet An	nerican				
32	Correctional	Association	Standards			
33			2			
34	,570,226					
35						
36	Construction of secure unit, and					
37	counseling space at Dillon unit and		•.			
38	fencing at	5	units			
39	050 276		3			
40 41	,950,276					
42	Conversion of dorms to individual					

1	rooms	-	Dobbs,	Dillon	and	Samarkand	units
2							6
3	63,640						
4							
5	Increase the	e numbe	r of transition	al beds			
6	at all five in	nstitutio	ns				
7	165,548						
8							
9			Total				\$
10	9,119,690						
11							
12	e	. Conti	ngencies:	\$ 39,608,551			
13							
14			Combined				Total
15			\$480,165,00	00			

- (2) **Increases in projected costs.** Projected costs set forth above may be increased to reflect the availability of other funds, including, without limitation, contingency funds, income earned on the investment of bond and note proceeds and the proceeds of any grants.
- (3) Contingency funds. The amount allocated for contingencies set forth above shall be placed by the State Treasurer in a special account in the State Prison and Youth Services Facilities Bond Fund to be designated the "State Prison and Youth Services Facilities Contingency Account." The funds in the State Prison and Youth Services Facilities Contingency Account shall be disbursed in accordance with the procedures herein established for disbursements from the State Prison and Youth Services Facilities Bond Fund. The funds in the State Prison and Youth Services Facilities Contingency Account shall be expended for paying the cost of projects, including, without limitation, the costs of issuance of bonds and notes, increased project costs resulting from construction costs exceeding projected costs, inflationary factors and changes in projects and allocations.
- (4) **Administration.** The Office of State Budget and Management may contract for and supervise all aspects of administration, technical assistance, design, construction or demolition of prison facilities in order to implement the providing of prison facilities under the provisions of this act without being subject to the requirements of the following statutes and rules implementing those statutes: G.S. 143-135.26(1), 143-128, 143-129, 143-131, 143-132, 143-134, 143-135.26, 143-64.10 through 143-64.13, 113A-1 through 113A-10, 113A-50 through 113-66, 133-1.1(b), 133-1.1(g) and 143-408. All contracts for the design, construction, or demolition of prison facilities shall include a penalty for failure to complete the work by a specified date.

The Department of Human Resources may contract for and supervise all aspects of administration, technical assistance, design, construction or demolition of

 youth services facilities in order to implement the providing of youth services facilities under the provisions of this act.

- (5) **Changes.** The Director of the Budget is empowered, when the Director determines it is in the best interest of the State and the State prison and youth services system to do so, to change the projects and allocations therefor set forth herein including, without limitation, the power to change the type of project to be provided at a particular institution, to increase or decrease the amount allocated to a particular institution within the aggregate amount of funds available under this act including the proceeds of any investment earnings, to delete a project, to move a project from one institution to another institution and to add a replacement project. Prior to taking any action under this subsection, the Governor may consult with the Advisory Budget Commission.
- (6) **Quarterly reports.** The Office of State Budget and Management in respect of prison facilities and the Department of Human Resources in respect of youth services facilities shall provide quarterly reports to the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee and the Base Budget Committee in the Senate, the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee in the House, the Chairmen of the Senate and House Justice and Public Safety Appropriations Committees, the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations, and the fiscal Research Division as to any changes in projects and allocations made under this section.
- Sec. 7. **Election**. The question of the issuance of four hundred eighty million one hundred sixty-five thousand dollars (\$480,165,000) State of North Carolina Prison and Youth Services Facilities Bonds authorized by this act shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at an election to be held on Tuesday, November 6, 1990. Any other primary, election or referendum validly called or scheduled by law at the time the bond election provided for in this section is held may be held as called or scheduled. Notice of the bond election shall be given by publication twice in a newspaper or newspapers having general circulation in each county in the State, and the election and the registration of voters therefor shall be held under and in accordance with the general laws of the State. Absentee ballots shall be authorized in the election.

The State Board of Elections shall reimburse the counties of the State for all necessary expenses incurred in holding the election and registration therefor, the same to be paid out to the Contingency and Emergency Fund.

Voting machines may be used in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections may also cause to be printed and distributed, to the extent necessary, ballots for use in the election. The question to be used in the voting machines and ballots shall be in substantially the following form:

"For the issuance of four hundred eighty million one hundred sixty-five thousand dollars (\$480,165,000) State of North Carolina Prison and Youth Services Facilities Bonds constituting general obligation bonds of the State secured by a pledge of the faith and credit and taxing power of the State for the purpose of providing funds, with any other available funds, for paying the cost of State prison and youth services facilities."

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Against the issuance of four hundred eighty million one hundred sixtyfive thousand dollars (\$480,165,000) State of North Carolina Prison and Youth Services Facilities Bonds constituting general obligation bonds of the State secured by a pledge of the faith and credit and taxing power of the State for the purpose of providing funds, with any other available funds, for paying the cost of State prison and youth services facilities."

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If a majority of those voting thereon in the election shall vote in favor of the issuance of the bonds, the bonds may be issued as herein provided. If a majority of those voting thereon in the election shall vote against the issuance of the bonds, the bonds shall not be issued.

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The result of the election shall be canvassed and declared as provided by law for the holding of elections for State officers and the result thereof certified by the State Board of Elections to the Secretary of State, in the manner and at the time provided by the general election laws of the State.

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Sec. 8. **Issuance of bonds and notes**. (1) **Terms and conditions**. Bonds or notes may bear such date or dates, may be serial or term bonds or notes, or any combination thereof, may mature in such amounts and at such time or times, not exceeding 40 years from their date or dates, may be payable at such place or places, either within or without the United States of America, in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts, may bear interest at such rate or rates, which may vary from time to time, and may be made redeemable before maturity, at the option of the State or otherwise as may be provided by the State, at such price or prices, including a price less than the face amount of the bonds or notes, and under such terms and conditions, all as may be determined by the State Treasurer, by and with the consent of the Council of State.

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(2) Signature; form and denomination; registration.

Bonds or notes may be issued as certificated or uncertificated obligations. If issued as certificated obligations, bonds or notes shall be signed on behalf of the State by the Governor or shall bear his facsimile signature, shall be signed by the State Treasurer or shall bear his facsimile signature, and shall bear the Great Seal of the State or a facsimile thereof shall be impressed or imprinted thereon. If bonds or notes bear the facsimile signatures of the Governor and the State Treasurer, the bonds or notes shall also bear a manual signature which may be that of a bond registrar, trustee, paying agent or designated assistant of the State Treasurer. Should any officer whose signature or facsimile signature appears on bonds or notes cease to be such officer before the delivery of the bonds or notes, the signature or facsimile signature shall nevertheless have the same validity for all purposes as if the officer had remained in office until delivery and bonds or notes may bear the facsimile signatures of persons who at the actual time of the execution of the bonds or notes shall be the proper officers to sign any bond or note although at the date of the bond or note such persons may not have been such officers. The form and denomination of bonds or notes, including the provisions with respect to registration of the bonds or notes and any system for their registration,

1 2 shall be as the State Treasurer may determine in conformity with this act; provided,

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41 42 43 however, that nothing in this act shall prohibit the State Treasurer from proceeding, with respect to the issuance and form of the bonds or notes, under the provisions of Chapter 159E of the General Statutes, the Registered Public Obligations Act, as said Chapter may be amended from time to time, as well as under this act.

- (3) Manner of sale: expenses. Subject to determination by the Council of State as to the manner in which bonds or notes shall be offered for sale, whether at public or private sale, whether within or without the United States of America and whether by publishing notices in certain newspapers and financial journals, mailing notices, inviting bids by correspondence, negotiating contracts of purchase or otherwise, the State Treasurer is authorized to sell bonds or notes at one time or from time to time at such rate or rates of interest, which may vary from time to time, and at such price or prices, including a price less than the face amount of the bonds or notes, as the State Treasurer may determine. All expenses incurred in the preparation, sale and issuance of bonds or notes shall be paid by the State Treasurer from the proceeds of bonds or notes or other available moneys.
- (4) **Notes; repayment.** a. By and with the consent of the Council of State, the State Treasurer is hereby authorized to borrow money and to execute and issue notes of the State for the same, but only in the following circumstances and under the following conditions:
  - 1. For anticipating the sale of bonds to the issuance of which the Council of State shall have given consent, if the State Treasurer shall deem it advisable to postpone the issuance of the bonds;
  - 2. For the payment of interest on or any installment of principal of any bonds then outstanding, if there shall not be sufficient funds in the State Treasury with which to pay the interest or installment of principal as they respectively become due;
  - For the renewal of any loan evidenced by notes herein 3. authorized:
  - 4. For the providing of prison and youth services facilities as herein authorized; and
  - For refunding bonds or notes as herein authorized.
- b. Funds derived from the sale of bonds or notes may be used in the payment of any bond anticipation notes issued under this act. Funds provided by the General Assembly for the payment of interest on or principal of bonds shall be used in paying the interest on or principal of any notes and any renewals thereof, the proceeds of which shall have been used in paying interest on or principal of the bonds.
- (5) **Refunding bonds and notes**. By and with the consent of the Council of State, the State Treasurer is authorized to issue and sell refunding bonds and notes pursuant to the provisions of the State Refunding Bond Act, as it may be amended from time to time, for the purpose of refunding bonds or notes issued pursuant to this act. The refunding bonds and notes may be combined with any other issues of State bonds and notes similarly secured.

made on the sale thereof) shall be exempt from all State, county and municipal taxation or assessment, direct or indirect, general or special, whether imposed for the purpose of general revenue or otherwise, excluding inheritance and gift taxes. The interest on bonds and notes shall not be subject to taxation as to income, nor shall the bonds and notes be subject to taxation when constituting a part of the surplus of any bank, trust company or other corporation.

(7) Investment eligibility. Bonds and notes are hereby made securities in which all public officers against and multiple afficers against and multiple afficers.

(6) **Tax exemption**. Bonds and notes and their transfer (including any profit

- (7) **Investment eligibility.** Bonds and notes are hereby made securities in which all public officers, agencies and public bodies of the State and its political subdivisions, all insurance companies, trust companies, investment companies, banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations, credit unions, pension or retirement funds, other financial institutions engaged in business in the State, executors, administrators, trustees and other fiduciaries may properly and legally invest funds, including capital in their control or belonging to them. Bonds and notes are hereby made securities which may properly and legally be deposited with and received by any officer or agency of the State or political subdivision of the State for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds, notes or obligations of the State or any political subdivision is now or may hereafter be authorized by law.
- (8) **Faith and credit.** The faith and credit and taxing power of the State are hereby pledged for the payment of the principal of and the interest on bonds and notes.
- Sec. 9. **Variable interest rates.** In fixing the details of bonds and notes, the State Treasurer may provide that any of the bonds or notes may:
  - (1) Be made payable from time to time on demand or tender for purchase by the owner thereof provided a credit facility supports the bonds or notes, unless the State Treasurer specifically determines that a credit facility if not required upon a finding and determination by the State Treasurer that the absence of a credit facility will not materially and adversely affect the financial position of the State and the marketing of the bonds or notes at a reasonable interest cost to the State;
  - (2) Be additionally supported by a credit facility;
  - (3) Be made subject to redemption or a mandatory tender for purchase prior to maturity;
  - (4) Bear interest at a rate or rates that may vary for such period or periods of time, all as may be provided in the proceedings providing for the issuance of the bonds or notes, including, without limitation, such variations as may be permitted pursuant to a par formula; and
  - (5) Be made the subject of a remarketing agreement whereby an attempt is made to remarket bonds or notes to new purchasers prior to their presentment for payment to the provider of the credit facility or to the State.

If the aggregate principal amount repayable by the State under a credit facility is in excess of the aggregate principal amount of bonds or notes secured by the credit facility, whether as a result of the inclusion in the credit facility of a provision for the payment of interest for a limited period of time or the payment of a redemption

premium or for any other reason, then the amount of authorized but unissued bonds or notes during the term of such credit facility shall not be less than the amount of such excess, unless the payment of such excess is otherwise provided for by agreement of the State executed by the State Treasurer.

Sec. 10. **Appropriations to Department of Correction for expansion of alternative punishment programs.** There is hereby appropriated to the Department of Correction from the General Fund for the 1990-91 fiscal year the following amounts for the following programs:

 (1) \$1,559,856 to add 48 probation officers and support personnel and expense in order to maintain the average probation caseload at 95 probationers per officer;

(2) \$1,046,886 to add 24 parole officers and support personnel and expense in order to maintain the average parole caseload at 56 parolees per officer;

(3) \$2,198,039 for 11 positions and necessary equipment to expand the Electronic House Arrest Program statewide to serve all 100 counties; and

(4) \$1,922,805 to provide positions and expense for 42 additional intensive officers to serve 42 counties currently without intensive officers.

Sec. 11. **Interpretation of act**. (1) **Additional method**. The foregoing sections of this act shall be deemed to provide an additional and alternative method for the doing of the things authorized thereby and shall be regarded as supplemental and additional to powers conferred by other laws, and shall not be regarded as in derogation of any powers now existing.

(2) **Liberal construction**. This act, being necessary for the health and welfare of the people of the State, shall be liberally construed to effect the purposes thereof.

(3) **Inconsistent provisions**. Insofar as the provisions of this act are inconsistent with the provisions of any general laws, or parts thereof, the provisions of this act shall be controlling.

(4) **Severability**. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are declared to be severable.

Sec. 12. This act is effective upon ratification.